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Leo M. Frank Says Politics Prompted Joseph M. Brown To Write Card to Chronicle

Brown Is the First Ex-Governor, Says Frank, Who Ever Used His Influence in an Effort to Destroy the Life of a Fellow Citizen.

PROMETHEUS BOUND IS CALLED TO MIND

Many of the Wisest and Best Men in the State, Asserts Frank, Feel That He Was Not Given a Fair and Impartial Trial.

In a stinging card, in which he goes quite fully into his case, Leo M. Frank has replied to the card of ex-Governor Joseph M. Brown which appeared in The Augusta Chronicle of December 27. In his card Mr. Brown took the position that the law should take its course and Frank be executed. Frank, in his reply, comments on the fact that no former governor of Georgia has ever written a similar card, and he intimates that the former governor had political ends to serve when he wrote the card.

Frank's reply follows:

Ex-Governor Joseph M. Brown:

I have read your remarkable attack upon me in The Augusta Chronicle. I use the word "remarkable" advisedly, for no ex-governor of Georgia ever before used his influence in an effort to destroy the life of one of his fellow citizens. Indeed it is difficult to see how any brave man could be induced to take the position you have.

I am helpless and in desperate straits. My wife and father and mother are in the depths of despair.

Why any man should wantonly and ruthlessly attack me, and, through me, them, must amaze the fair men and women of this state.

When I read that tirade—unfair, cruel and untruthful—I remembered that, when Promethus was bound to the rocks it was the vulture, and not the eagle, that struck its beak into his vitals.

No Defense Needed.

The execution of the confessed murderer excites sympathy. The sheriff does his duty because the law demands it, but he does it with sorrow; it is reserved to an ex-governor of Georgia to demand the execution of one who never harmed him, and who is pleading for further opportunity to show his innocence.

The excuse that you are defending the state cannot explain your letter. The state of Georgia needs no defense. Her people are as generous and just as those of other states.

Deplorable and regretable things can happen, and have happened, in Georgia, just as they can happen and have happened in other states. There was a serious riot in Atlanta some years ago. It was condemned everywhere without, as well as within, the state, yet nobody raised the cry that Georgia was being slandered.

No sane man can praise the conduct of my trial. During it, things happened that always will be condemned. The mob spirit was abroad. Passion and prejudice was daily manifested in the very presence of the court. Judge Roan was present and knew what took place, and himself certified, under his oath of office, to things that you, yourself, when you know them, will unhesitatingly condemn.

When prejudice and passion and the spirit of the mob preside over a trial, such a trial will not likely meet the approval of the country, and the wrong of such a trial is not met by the demagogic or sectional cry that the state is slandered.

Many of the wisest and best men of the country feel that my trial was not a fair one. Many of the truest and best Georgians feel the same. Is it possible that such men must keep quiet and, by their silence, approve such a trial for fear that they will be called slanderers of the state? Surely a protest against such a trial, within or without the state, cannot excuse your thirst for blood, nor explain your fall from the dignity of an ex-governor to the ranks of the head-hunter?

Your tirade against me is a greater slander against the state than any possible criticism against my trial. What a spectacle! An ex-governor joining, with unreserved approval, the mob who cry, crucify, crucify!

Did Not Attend Trial.

How can you know I am 'guilty'? You did not attend a moment of the trial. Your opportunity to know the truth was not greater than that of any man in the United States who read the papers, or the record. You certainly had no such opportunity as Judge Roan. He heard every word of the evidence and saw every witness. And, after thus seeing and hearing, he asserted that he was not convinced of my guilt. Yet you, who heard no evidence and saw no witness, assert my guilt and urge my execution with a recklessness that must shock the fair, right-thinking people of Georgia.

Few men would exhibit the self-confidence you show in your letter. Your dogmatism might be excused if the point at issue was the fate of a stray dog that was worrying the village, but how can any fair man excuse it when a human life is involved—when the heart strings of an innocent wife, father and mother are to be snapped?

You not only conclude beyond cavil the question of my guilt, but, from the same reckless certainty, fix my guilt from the evidence other than that of Conley. If you had any fair knowledge of the case you would know that some of the ablest lawyers of Georgia and elsewhere have studied the record in my case, and not one, after such study, has believed me guilty. I do not believe there is an able, fair lawyer in Georgia who would give it as his opinion that, apart from Conley,

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IMMIGRATION BILL PASSED BY SENATE; HAS LITERACY TEST

Only Seven Votes Are Cast Against Measure—Belgian Refugees Are Exempted From Literacy Test.

PREDICTED THAT BILL CAN PASS OVER VETO

Members of African Race Excluded and Provisions Against Polygamists Are Strengthened.

Washington, January 2.—The immigration bill, containing the restrictive literacy test for admission of aliens, passed the senate late today, 50 to 7. The overwhelming majority was recorded, despite indications that President Wilson would veto the measure, as did former President Taft, if it should come to him with the educational test included.

The vote indicated that the bill could be re-passed by more than the required two-thirds majority should the president reject the measure. Senators who voted against the bill were: Brandegee, McCumber, Martine, O'Gorman, Ransdell, Reed and Walsh.

The bill passed the house last February, 241 to 126.

Although the senate amended the house bill in several particulars, the literacy test was unaltered, save for an additional exemption to Belgian subjects, adopted today after prolonged debate. House leaders probably will ask for a conference on senate amendments Monday, but administration leaders were confident senate amendments would be accepted and the bill sent to the president by the middle of next week.

Negroes and Polygamists.

Among senate amendments which house leaders have said probably would be accepted is one to exclude from the United States all persons of the African race or of negro blood. Another strengthens the phraseology of the prohibition of polygamists.

Closing hours of the debate were devoted to an amendment by Senator Lodge to exempt Belgian farmers from the literacy test and from provisions which prohibit Americans from soliciting or inducing immigration. Already American organizations are endeavoring to induce Belgians to settle in this country. The amendment as finally adopted, 34 to 22, reads:

"That the provisions of this act relating to the illiteracy test or induced or assisted immigration shall not apply to agricultural immigrants from Belgium who come to the United States during the course of the present European war or within one year after its termination, owing to circumstances or conditions arising through the war, if it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner general of immigration that the said Belgian immigrants come with the intention of engaging in agriculture in the United States and to become American citizens."

The amendment precipitated long discussion. Many amendments were offered to include all subjects of belligerents whose homes had been invaded. Senator Poindexter declared other nations would protest under the favored nations clause of their treaties.

Root Supports Amendment.

Senator Root, who supported the Lodge amendment, declared it would not violate any treaty obligations. He pictured the Belgians as a people

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TURKS FORCED INTO WAR

Such Is the Claim in Russia's Orange Book.

Petrograd, January 2.—Sergius Sazonoff, Russian minister for foreign affairs, today had published an Orange Book, dealing with events preceding Turkish attacks on Russian seaports in the Black sea.

The Orange Book is intended to throw light on what is termed in a summary of the contents issued through the Petrograd Telegraph agency, "the clandestine and obstinate methods employed by Austro-German diplomacy in forcing the Turkish government reluctantly to war against the triple entente powers.

"The documents in the book," the official summary declares, "gave evidence that the independence of the Ottoman empire already was imperiled when the German military mission was established in Constantinople. It vanished definitely from the moment the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau took refuge in the Dardanelles.

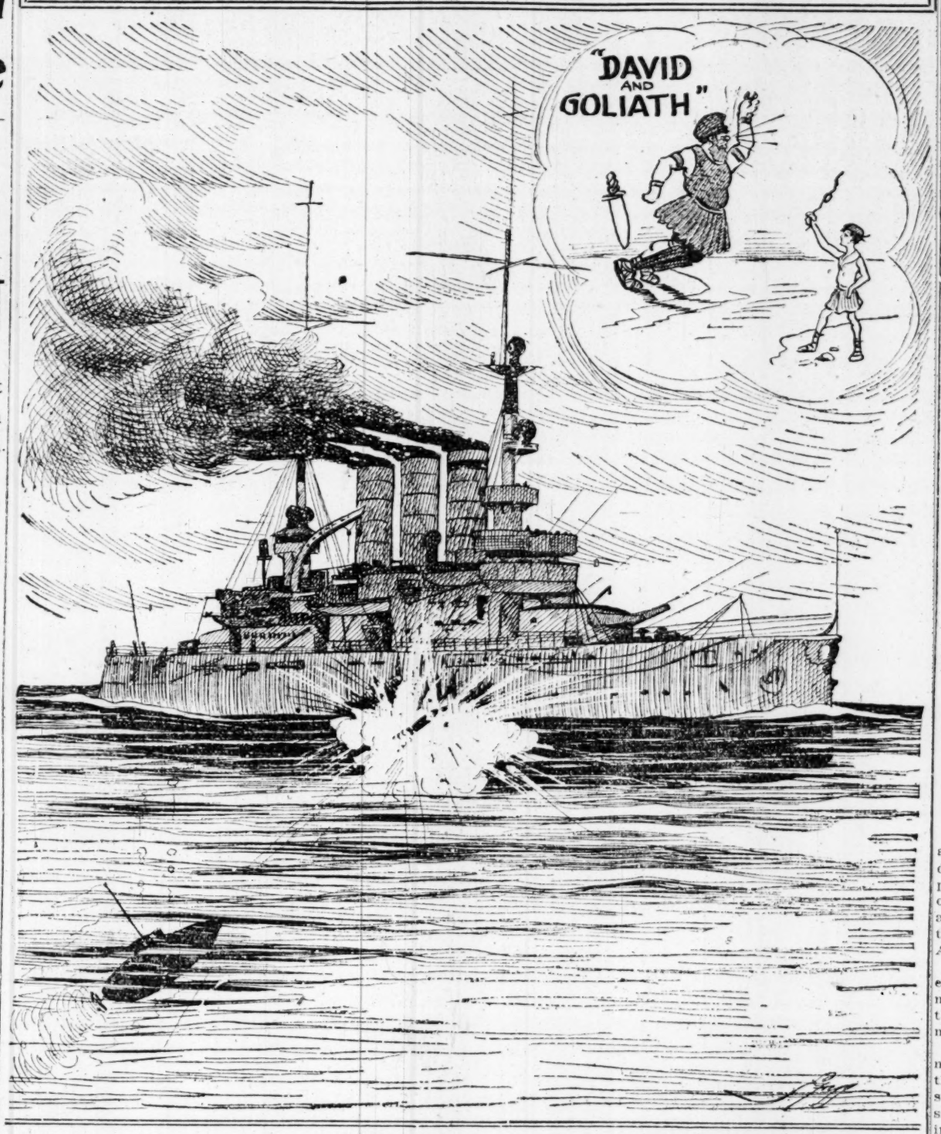
"The Young Turk cabinet, believing, perhaps, in good faith, to conduct the destiny of the country, displayed a cunningness thoroughly Oriental in endeavoring to escape from Teutonic influences.

"The diplomats of Great Britain, France and Russia, perceiving the little eagerness which the Turks were showing to permit themselves to be drawn into the war, tried to persuade the pacific element in the Ottoman cabinet.

"They succeeded, however, only in delaying the rupture.

"As soon as the Austro-German diplomats became convinced that the Turks were hesitating as to what course to take, German hands led German ships in a treacherous attack on the peaceful shores of an empire which was maintaining perfect neighborly relations with the Turks."

HISTORY REPEATS!



Specific Protest Sent To England for Change In Naval Stores Stand

United States Asks Great Britain to Reconcile Her Former Statement With Recent Listing of These Products as Contraband.

GOV. SLATON WIRED PROTEST IN BEHALF OF DIXIE TRADE

Governor John M. Slaton, upon being notified last week by the Florida senators of the action on the part of Great Britain upon the naval stores question, sent a vigorous protest to Secretary of State William J. Bryan, and asked him to exert his influence, as far as possible, to change the attitude of Great Britain favorably. The naval stores business is a very substantial business in eastern Georgia, and, next to cotton, is Georgia's largest item of export. The reply of Great Britain to the former protest of the United States will, therefore, be awaited with great interest in Georgia.

Washington, January 2.—While no word came from Ambassador Page today as to the character of the reply Great Britain will make to the American protest against interference with American trade, there were several developments in the general shipping situation.

The United States asked Great Britain for information as to how the British statement in November that naval stores would be regarded as non-contraband would be reconciled in actual practice with the British notification of a week ago that these products now are absolute contraband. Information is sought as to how cargoes now en route are to be affected.

The Italian ambassador informed the state department that while statistics would make it appear that extraordinary amounts of copper shipped from the United States to Italy might be for unneutral purposes, the fact was that as Germany needed her own copper, Italy could no longer import from countries immediately north of her, but must depend on the United States for the metal.

The case of the steamship Brindilla, originally detained at Halifax and rearrested on her return journey from Egypt and taken to a French port, is looked on as likely to produce complications.

Should the question of change of registry be raised, a precedent may be set, for while Great Britain has recognized transfers when of a bona fide nature, the attitude of France has never been declared.

First Specific Protest.

The communication which the state department sent today concerning naval stores is said to be the first protest on specific articles listed by Great Britain as absolute contraband. Governors and senators of several states were notified of the naval stores protest. Rosin and turpentine had been intended for ballast with cotton cargoes and the British government is

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ARE THESE SKULLS OF NELMS SISTERS?

Teeth in One of the Skulls Found at Devine, Texas, Correspond to Description of Teeth of Mrs. Dennis.

San Antonio, Texas, January 2.—Persons who were acquainted with Mrs. Elois Nelms Dennis and her sister, Miss Beatrice Nelms, of Atlanta, Ga., who disappeared here last June, will be asked to view two skulls unearthed today by hunters near Devine, Texas, 30 miles south of San Antonio. It is stated that the teeth in one of the skulls correspond in some respects to descriptions of the teeth of Mrs. Dennis. Mrs. Dennis and her sister were reported to have been seen near Devine shortly before their disappearance.

The skulls and several large bones were found in a sack in a dry creek bed and apparently had been buried several months.

Victor E. Innes and his wife, of Eugene, Ore., recently were acquitted here of charges of murder and conspiracy to murder in connection with the disappearance of the women.

Devine, Texas, is 30 miles from San Antonio, where Victor Innes and his wife were visiting a few days before the disappearance in San Antonio of the Nelms sisters. Victor Innes has a step-daughter, Mrs. Robert Wood, who lives with her husband in Devine. The Inneses spent perhaps a month in Devine visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wood. They also repeatedly visited them from San Antonio during the time they resided at 120 Wilkins avenue, the house of mystery, in which the Nelms girls were believed to have been murdered.

TIES PILED ON TRACK

In Attempt to Wreck Atlanta Accommodation Train.

Athens, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—An attempt to wreck the Seaboard accommodation train from Atlanta to Abbeville was made tonight shortly after dark at Cleveland, a flag stop between Bogart and Athens. A pile of eight or ten crossties was heaped on the track and though a long downgrade approached the spot, the engineer saw the obstacle and stopped his engine within a few feet of it. Search is being made for the would-be wreckers, but no clew nor excuse has been found.

DEPOSITORS MAY DRAW ON ACCOUNTS IN PARIS

Paris, January 2.—Most of the Paris banks have decided to waive from January 1 benefits of the moratorium applying to checking accounts. Depositors may draw their balance in full.

LUBETSKY SHOOTS NEGRO HIGHWAYMAN

Bold Attempt to Loot His Cash Drawer Meets With Prompt Pulling of Gun and Quick Retreat of Invaders.

If all folks who encounter the modern bandit were men of action like I. Lubetsky, there would be less banditism and less bandits. When two of that bad, bold clan came into his store at 119 Connally street last night, threw a pistol in his face and proceeded to take charge of the cash register, he unlimbered a young cannon and filled the vicinity with enough lead to tear a hole in the side of the house.

The smallest highwayman was shot in the side and left a trail that extended to the curbstone. Both fled without a parting shot. The rout was witnessed by Lubetsky's wife and young daughter, who were in the rear of the store at the time of the invasion.

Lubetsky was counting up the day's proceeds about 9 o'clock, and his wife was in the rear cooking his supper, when two well-dressed negroes, unmasked, entered the front door. Lubetsky, thinking they were customers, approached them from behind the counter.

He inadvertently left the cash register open. Taking note of this, he started to go back, when the smaller negro beat him to it. The robber nearest Lubetsky whipped out a black revolver and leveled it at the storekeeper.

"If you move, I'll fill you full," he said, with a flourish of his gun.

Lubetsky never ceased his stride toward the cash register.

Ordered to Stop.

"Stop, or I'll shoot," the highwayman cried.

Instead of stopping, Lubetsky seized a big 44-caliber army pistol from a shelf behind the counter, turned it in the direction not of the negro behind the gun, but his pal who was ravaging the cash register of the day's proceeds.

The neighborhood was shaken by a terrific cannonading as Lubetsky poured five bullets at the man at the register. At the second shot, there was a cry of pain and the sound of scattered silver as the negro released hold on the money and his wounded arm dropped to his side.

The robber who had made such dire threats with his pistol had fled at the first shot. His injured pal followed

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MODERN ARMOR DEADLY.

German General Warns Soldiers Against Buying It.

Paris, January 2.—The general commanding the Eighteenth German army corps has, according to The Paris Temps, issued this notice to his troops:

"Bullet-proof armor of which various models have been placed on sale and actively advertised does not give at all the protection promised. On the contrary, upon exposure to fire it is shown that the armor becomes itself the cause of grave wounds to those wearing it. Besides, the pieces of armor interfere with freedom of movement and make the soldiers' work more difficult. It is necessary to issue this caution against worthless purchases."

ENGLAND NOT TO GIVE UP SINGLE RIGHT OF ALLIES IN ANSWER TO U. S. NOTE

Has Not Remotest Idea of Taking Action That Would Work to the Advantage of Germany, Declares British Press Association.

UNDER GERMAN LEADER, TURK ARMIES INVADE RUSSIA AT THREE POINTS

No Material Changes in Poland and France—Germany Denies That French Forces Have Taken Whole Town of Steinbach.

London, January 3.—(2:15 a. m.)—The press association says the British reply to the American note has not yet been delivered or drawn up. It adds:

"The government will not be actuated by diplomatic considerations alone, but will be guided largely by naval and military expert opinion and there is not the remotest question of relinquishing the right which would militate against the interests of the allies to the advantage of the enemy."

The whole matter is receiving careful consideration by the government, and the reply will duly be made in considerable detail, the press association said.

On the Caucasian front, where Field Marshal von der Goltz is to take command, the Turks have assumed the offensive and crossed the Russian frontier at three points. Heavy fighting is reported.

The Turks have occupied Ardahan, penetrating fifty miles into the Russian Caucasus, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

Ardahan is a fortified town on the Kur, forty-five miles northwest of Kars, in Trans-Caucasia. Fighting between the Turks and Russians has been going on in the region of Ardahan for several days.

Fighting, which is sporadic in the west, but more continual in the east, has brought about no material change in the situation. Artillery is playing the biggest part along the western front, although at points there has been close-range fighting.

The Germans deny French reports that they have been driven out of part of the village of Steinbach, upper Alsace, which has been the scene of sanguinary fighting for a week past.

There have been engagements on the Rivers Bzura and Rawka, in Poland, but seemingly the Germans are no nearer Warsaw than they were a week ago. They have commenced offensive operations in the direction of Kielce, one of the larger towns of southern Poland, which doubtless has for its object the holding up of the Russian advance through Galicia on Cracow.

Another attempt on the part of the Germans to advance from Mlawa, to divert the Russian threat to outflank their center by crossing the lower Vistula, northwest of Warsaw, has been checked by the Russians.

RUSSIANS ORGANIZE MOVE ON HUNGARY.

According to Petrograd reports, the Russians continue to sweep the Austrians westward along the southern Galician railway toward Grybow and Neu Sandeo and out of the northern foothills of the Carpathians. The Muscovites also are credited with having organized a new campaign against Hungary, advancing in four columns across the mountains. This, it is said, will not be like previous raids, but will be a regular invasion.

Farther east, the Russians are marching across Bukowina, not far

GERMANS' ARREST BRINGS TO LIGHT PASSPORT FRAUD

Widespread Conspiracy to Furnish Fake Official Papers to Kaiser's Reservists Exposed by Department of Justice.

FOUR GERMAN SOLDIERS TAKEN FROM STEAMER

Maurice Deiches, Prominent New York Lawyer and Politician, Is Arrested in Philadelphia as Leader of Conspiracy.

New York, January 2.—A series of arrests in this city and one in Philadelphia brought to light what the department of justice alleges was a well-organized conspiracy to enable German army officers and reservists to return to Germany on fraudulently obtained American passports.

Most important of the arrests, government officials believe, is the one made in Philadelphia, the prisoner there being Maurice Deiches, a prominent New York lawyer and politician.

That still more important developments might follow was intimated by the government authorities, as it was said others in high position were associated with the New York attorney in his alleged activities in behalf of Germans anxious to return to their native land to join the army of the empire.

Four of the men made prisoners were Germans taken off the out-going steamer Bergensfjord, bound for Norway, and alleged to have had fraudulent passports in their possession. One was an army officer, Lieutenant Arthur Sachse. He was paroled. The other three were German reservists, who were held under bond. Others arrested here were Carl Ruroede, a former steamship agent, charged with the others with conspiring to defraud the government through the use of American passports.

Ruroede's 17-year-old son, John Aucher, alleged associate of Ruroede, and four men, were detained as material witnesses.

The disclosure came with the arrest of Carl Ruroede, a former agent of the North German-Lloyd Steamship line, and with the removal from the outward-bound steamer Bergensfjord of a German army officer and three German reservists. All were charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States government through the use of American passports.

The four soldiers were taken off the steamer just as she was passing quarantine and brought back to New York on a revenue cutter. All four bore photographic passports issued by the state department to Americans and alleged to have been furnished by Ruroede. Other arrests are expected.

Actuated by Patriotism.

Ruroede said tonight, according to department of justice agents, that whatever he had done had been on his own initiative, and was inspired by patriotic motives. He was held in $20,000 bail, which he was unable to furnish tonight. With him were arrested John Aucher, his alleged associate, who also was held in $20,000 bail, and

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201 TOTAL OF RESCUED.

Fifty More of Formidable's Crew Reach Land.

London, January 2.—Another cutter from the British battleship Formidable, sunk in the English channel yesterday, has reached Lyme-Regis, Dorsetshire, with fifty men, bringing the total of saved up to 201.

When the cutter left the Formidable she had sixty or more men aboard, but all but fifty succumbed to exposure, having been in an open boat for some twenty hours in a violent storm.

Albert Edward Cooper, master at arms, one of the survivors, landed at Lyme-Regis, said the explosion occurred between 1:30 and 2:30 o'clock in the morning. When he reached deck the ship had begun to settle on the starboard side. Boats were launched and remained near the ship to pick up survivors, but some of the boats, which stood out about twenty yards, were swamped by wreckage.

The men all were scantily clad and suffered terribly from the cold during the trip to shore. Some died during the day and were passed overboard. Upon the arrival of the cutter at Lyme-Regis, at 11 o'clock last night, six were found dead in the bottom of the boat.

A policeman on duty heard cries for help, and, going to the beach, found the cutter with the men, none of whom could land without assistance. Some were so exhausted that artificial respiration was necessary.

A terrific southeast gale was blowing all the time, and although the men took turns at the oars, it was impossible for them to keep warm.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Georgia—Fair Sunday and Monday.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	34
Highest temperature	51
Mean temperature	42
Normal temperature	42
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month, in.	.30
Deficiency since January 1, inches	8.68

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 hrs inches.
ATLANTA, clear	44	51	.00
Birmingham, cldy.	46	54	.00
Boston, cloudy	32	34	.01
Buffalo, snow	18	28	.38
Charleston, clear	48	58	.00
Denver, clear	38	56	.00
Des Moines, cldy.	14	20	.06
Duluth, cloudy	8	8	.00
Galveston, cloudy	54	58	.00
Hatteras, clear	44	50	.00
Jacksonville, clear	54	62	.00
Kan. City, clear	32	36	.00
Knoxville, clear	40	48	.00
Louisville, pt. cldy.	30	34	.00
Memphis, pt. cldy.	44	48	.00
Miami, pt. cldy.	68	70	.00
Mobile, clear	54	62	.00
Montgomery, clear	54	62	.00
Nashville, clear	38	44	.00
New Orleans, clear	54	60	.00
New York, snow	30	32	.01
Oklahoma, cldy.	46	52	.00
Pittsburg, snow	22	32	.08
Portland, Or., cldy.	48	50	.00
Raleigh, clear	42	52	.00
San Francisco, clear	48	56	.00
St. Louis, clear	30	32	.00
Salt Lake City, clr.	30	36	.00
Shreveport, pt. cldy.	54	62	.00
Spokane, cldy.	34	36	.00
Tampa, clear	54	62	.00
Toledo, clear	20	26	.00
Vicksburg, pt. cldy.	54	60	.00
Washington, pt. cld.	32	42	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

north of the Rumanian frontier, toward Transylvania. It is considered likely Rumanian action will be hastened by this step.

Another fifty men from the British battleship Formidable, lost in the English channel Friday, have reached safety, after riding out a fierce gale for upwards of twenty hours in an open cutter. This makes a total of 201 survivors out of a crew of 780.

The latest survivors landed at Lyme-Regis, on the Dorsetshire coast, late last night. All were in a state of exhaustion, after their terrible experience. They declare there is little hope of any further survivors, as the tremendous sea running would make it impossible for men to live long enough to be picked up by passing vessels, while many of those clinging to the wreckage undoubtedly were killed when the second explosion occurred.

The admiralty has not issued any statement in reference to the cause of the disaster or where it occurred.

RETREAT OF AUSTRIANS ADMITTED IN VIENNA.

Vienna, January 2.—(Via London, January 3, 2:24 a. m.)—An official statement issued by the war department today says:

"The general situation remains unchanged.

"After the severe fighting of the last few days south of Tarnow in the central Carpathians, calm prevails.

"Superior hostile forces have forced back a little our troops in the Uzsok Pass."

AUSTRIANS SUFFER ANOTHER DEFEAT.

The Russian war office announces another defeat has been inflicted upon the Austrian forces in Galicia, whose advance from the Carpathians recently was checked with serious consequences to them. It is asserted that fortified Austrian positions near Gorlice were destroyed and that 3,000 prisoners were captured. The Russian statement says, however, that this victory was won only after a hard battle and that fighting still continues, indicating that the Austrians are still capable of offering determined resistance.

In Poland the German attack apparently has shifted to the southward. The Russian statement mentioned fighting of particular intensity at Rawa, which is thirty miles south of Sochaczew, the recent center of German activity. German attacks there, as well as in East Prussia, and in the region of Mlawa, in Poland, near the East Prussian border, are said to have been repulsed.

Austrian warships have bombarded Belgrade, the Servian capital, from which the Austrians were driven shortly after they had occupied it. Some damage to property was caused by the bombardment, but so far as is known no lives were lost.

According to a report current in Paris, the lost British battleship Formidable was sunk off Portsmouth, England's chief naval base. The destruction of the Formidable is believed to have been the work of a German submarine.

ATTACK OF GERMANS NEAR VERDUN FAILS.

Paris, January 2.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"There are no notable occurrences to report other than a sustained cannonading against our trenches to the east of Vermelles and in the region to the north of Chaulnes last night, and a German attack to the west of Consenvoye wood (north of Verdun), which failed."

The French official statement on the progress of the war given out this afternoon recites a series of encounters along the battle line of comparatively minor importance. German attacks and counter-atacks have been repulsed; French gains have been retained; the artillery exchanges have been spirited, and in Steinbach, where street fighting has been going on for several days, the French say they have occupied three new lines of houses. The text of the communication follows:

"During the night of December 31-January 1, the enemy delivered at numerous points along the front a series of attacks, which were repulsed with ease.

"The region to the north of the Lys was, during the day of January 1, the scene of a very spirited artillery engagement, which took place on the dunes of Nieuport and at Zonnebeke.

"At St. Georges, the enemy did not continue his counter attacks, and all our gains have been retained.

"In the regions of Arras, of Albert and of Roye there have been artillery duels. The enemy blew up two of our caissons between Beaumetz and Achicourt. In revenge, we demolished the enemy's trenches at Parvillers and at La Boisselle and we stopped the operations of the mine thrower set up in front of Fricourt.

"Our artillery also obtained happy results in the region of the Aisne, where it silenced the artillery of the enemy and dispersed several concentrations of German troops. We have installed ourselves on the plateau of Nouvron, in certain excavations caused by the explosion of mines. The Germans were not able to either advance or drive us out; all the counter attacks were driven back.

"In the region of Rheims, there was a fairly violent bombardment by the enemy.

"In the region of Perthes we occupied and retained a forest two kilometers to the northeast of Mesnil-les-Hurlus, and the enemy did not deliver a counter attack.

"In the Argonne, in the forest of La Grurie, the local retirement reported yesterday has not had any effect. We have occupied a part of the ground lost, and we are holding our positions strongly.

"On the heights of the Meuse there has been an artillery engagement, but without great severity.

"In the Woevre we have retained the positions gained by us December 30 without experiencing a counter attack from the enemy, and in the forest of La Pretre we have made a slight advance.

"In the Vosges, we have driven back a German attack on our positions at Bremenil, three kilometers northeast of Badonviller, inflicting heavy losses on the Germans. The enemy has sustained also heavy losses at Steinbach, where our infantry yesterday occupied three new lines of houses."

ATTACKS AT NIEUPORT REPULSED BY GERMANS.

Berlin, January 2.—(By Wireless to London.)—French attacks in the vicinity of Nieuport, Belgium, were repulsed by the Germans yesterday, according to the official statement given out today by the German general headquarters staff.

German successes are claimed in the Argonne forest, in the Bois Brules and t othe southwest of Saarburg, while violent attacks directed by the French to the north of the Fortress of Verdun are said to have been repulsed. French reports of progress in the Alsatian village of Steinbach are denied by the Germans.

In the eastern zone of the fighting the situation in East Prussia and southern Poland is said to have undergone no change, but the Germans claim to have made progress on the Rawka and Bzura rivers, which flow through a region about 40 miles to the west of Warsaw. The text of the communication follows:

"In the western theater the enemy's attacks against our positions in and near the dunes at Nieuport were repulsed.

"In the Argonne region we made further progress all along the front.

French Attacks Repelled.

"Fierce French attacks to the north of Verdun, and also against the front on the line of Ailly-Apremont, north of Commercy, were repulsed with heavy losses to the French. Thirty-three officers and 100 men were taken prisoners by us. On this occasion we succeeded in taking the entire Bois Brules (burned forest), for which we have been fighting so stubbornly.

"Less important engagements southwest of Saarburg had the desired result.

"Lately the French have systematically bombarded the villages situated behind our front. They succeeded in killing fifty inmates of one of the shelters of one of our divisions.

"The French official reports state that the French are making progress step by step in the village of Steinbach (Alsace). Not a single house has been lost by us in Steinbach. All the French attacks on this village have been repelled.

"It is reported from the eastern theater that the situation on the East Prussian frontier is unchanged.

"East of the Bzura and the Rawka branches of the Vistula river our attacks have progressed under somewhat more favorable weather conditions.

"In Poland to the east of the Pilica river, there have been no changes in the situation."

GERMANS FORTIFYING LAND ON BZURA.

Petrograd, January 2.—(Via London.) The inactivity of the Germans in the neighborhood of Warsaw for some days past is explained, according to reports reaching here, by the claim that they have employed this time in fortifying the territory already taken up to the Bzura river and along the left bank of the lower and middle Vistula river.

According to reliable information reaching here Lodz, Lowicz, Skierniewice and Piotrkow are now as strongly fortified as Kalisz and Czenstochowa. The Germans have attempted to make this territory as difficult to invade as is German soil.

Residents of West Poland, who are now reaching Petrograd, state that hundreds of factories have been blown up by the Germans, and that all available building material, especially brick and metals, has been used in the construction of the new fortifications. Recent attacks between Skierniewice and Warsaw have their base at Lowicz and Piotrkow, which are said to be equipped with railroads, telegraph and all the necessary accessories of war.

RUSSIANS HOLDING GERMANS AT RIVER.

Petrograd, January 2.—An official communication given out by the general staff last night recounts the situation in the various fields of action along the Russian front. It says:

"In East Prussia and in the region of Mlawa (northern Russian Poland) we have defeated attempts by the Germans to deliver a partial offensive.

"On the Vistula, opposite Wyszogrod, our armed steamers cannonaded the infantry of the enemy with success.

"Between the Vistula and the lower Pilica the Germans have begun a series of attacks, supported by the fire of their heavy artillery. Our troops, in an action on the left bank of the Bzura river, near Vitkoritze, repulsed two night attacks. On the Rawka river we repulsed an attack directed against Doletzk.

"On December 31 the enemy manifested activity which was particularly intense in the region of the town of Rawa, where fighting still continues.

"South of the Pilica the action has spread out, and the positions cut off the routes from Vlostohero to Kielce.

"In Galicia we made energetic attacks on the enemy in the region of Gorlice (southwest of Jaslo), near Mschanka and Ropitza, where, despite the extremely fierce resistance which the enemy offered, we destroyed, after a hard fight, their fortifications established on the heights. In the village of Mschanka we captured about 3,000 prisoners, including sixty-eight officers, four cannon and six mitrailliouses. The fighting in this region still continues. Furious counter-attacks which which the enemy made, supported by armored automobiles, were repulsed by our artillery fire and bayonet charges.

"In Bukowina we occupied, after a battle, Storozhinetz and Radautz (just south of Czernovitz). We also took some prisoners."

TURK TROOPS CROSS RUSSIAN FRONTIER.

Petrograd, January 2.—(Via London.) Ottoman troops are showing renewed activity in the Caucasus. They have crossed the Russian frontier at three points.

On December 21 two Turkish columns were directed toward Ardagan, 100 miles east of the frontier. One went through Ardanuch and the other marched from Olti pass, 80 miles further south. A third column crossed the frontier at Zivin and took a village on the upper Sarikamsh. Their position there is under constant artillery fire, and both forces frequently resort to bayonet charges. The village is burning.

The Russians on December 27 stopped the Turkish advance at the river Laursin, 18 miles to the southward, where fighting continued for possession of the village of Merdernek.

At the latest time the battle was progressing close to and west of Ardagan between the Russian garrison and a Turkish column advancing from Ardanuch. On December 29 these Turks occupied the village of Bogdata, 8 miles southwest of Ardagan, and the battle was being continued the next day at a point between the village and the city itself.

SORTS PICTURE BRIDES.

Haworth Gives Proper Jap Lady to Husband.

San Francisco, January 2.—The scores of "picture brides" who will cross the Pacific from Japan during 1915 to embark on matrimonial seas with the husbands they have never seen, will, on reaching Angel island immigration station, place their affairs in the hands of Dr. B. C. Haworth, whose appointment to secretary of the Japanese Association of America, was announced today.

Before leaving Japan a register marriage is performed by the government. This consists of transferring the bride's name to the register containing that of the bridegroom. She then is supplied with a photograph of her husband, and, after a physical examination, is given a passport.

In the meantime the husband in America has received a photograph of his approaching bride, and is informed of the date of her arrival.

Dr. Haworth, in his new capacity, will see that the exchange of photographs is made correctly, and that each man gets his own wife. The bridegroom is obliged to show a certificate issued by the Japanese consulate that he financially is able to support a wife.

These formalities disposed of, an American ceremony is performed.

Dr. Haworth has been interpreter at Angel island since 1907.

ELEVEN SHOPS OPENED.

Southern Pacific Re-employs Over Five Thousand Men.

San Francisco, January 2.—After nearly a month of idleness Southern Pacific shops at San Francisco, Sacramento, Oakland, Dunsmuir, Bakersfield, Cal.; Sparks, Nev.; Portland, Ore.; Ogden, Utah, and Tucson opened today on a five-day, 8-hour basis. Full time is six days to the week of nine hours each. This resumption means re-employment of between five and six thousand men.

SAINT AND SINNER TO HEAR SERMONS

"Go-to-Church" Services at All of the Churches of Atlanta Today Expected to Draw Large Crowds.

Today is the day that sinner and saint alike—as well as the middleman—go to church. It is destined to be the biggest and most triumphant day for Atlanta's churches since the time, long before the war, when the First Presbyterian set up their modest little worshiping place in the log cabin right where Five Points now is.

"Go-to-Church" day is expected to draw record attendance to every church in town. Special programs have been arranged by all. In most churches communion services will be an added feature to the day's exercises. There will be special music, songs and sermons.

Wide enthusiasm has been aroused over the occasion. The Evangelical Ministers' association, which is responsible for the movement, has been generously aided by churchgoers, clergymen and every religious organization. It will be a mighty determined—and no less incorrigible—sinner who manages to avoid church either this morning or tonight.

The ambition of "Go-to-Church" Sunday is to put strangers on a companionable footing with church folk, and to reveal to the indifferent churchgoer—as well as the total abstainer—that church services are not only spiritually helpful, but are beautifully entertaining.

It will be made an annual event. January 3 is the date for this year. The first Sunday in January will also likely be the time for next year's observance.

Among the churches that will observe the day with added song and music services will be All Saints' Episcopal church, which will repeat its classic Christmas program. In the afternoon, an organ prelude will be given to the public. The Second and First Baptist churches and the Presbyterian churches, the Methodist and the Congregational will all render delightful programs. Rev. J. B. Atkinson, dean of St. Philip's cathedral, has prepared two special sermons, and a program of song and music.

PASSPORT FRAUD BROUGHT TO LIGHT

Continued From Page One.

Ruroede's 17-year-old son, who was released on his own recognizance.

The German officer, Lieutenant Arthur Wilhelm Beinrich Sasche, was paroled on his honor "as an officer and a gentleman" not to leave New York city during the pendency of the proceedings. The three reservists, Walter Muller, August Meyer and Herman Wegener, were held in $5,000 bail each.

These were detained under $500 bail each, four others as material witnesses, two with American and two with German names.

The arrests were the culmination, it was said tonight, of an investigation in progress since the arrest in England of Carl Lody, who subsequently was executed as a German spy. Lody had a passport issued to an American and the department of justice learned that other American passports also were in the hands of German citizens. This discovery was of great concern to the state department, as it was feared Americans holding passports would be open to suspicion and possible peril of their lives in countries belligerent to Germany.

To Investigate Passports.

District Attorney Marshall, in a statement tonight, said that in view of this danger, now emphasized by today's arrests, the state department has established a system by which, if any American passport is questioned, the nearest American diplomatic or consular office will cable the essential facts in the case and the state department will investigate, cabling prompt answer to the officer who inaugurated the inquiry.

Mr. Marshall added that investigation had disclosed that few United States passports had been obtained fraudulently.

Ruroede has been under surveillance for about six weeks. He left his employment with agents for the North German-Lloyd line and established an office in the downtown district. The detectives learned, it was said, that he was in communication with German reservists in all parts of the country, while he received many of them every day at his office. Ruroede furnished many with Swiss and Rumanian passports, it is alleged. To obtain American passports it is charged Ruroede employed naturalized Germans to apply for passports. Once certified, the passports were sent to Washington for signature by Secretary Bryan and the seal of the state department and on being returned were given to the reservists.

Had Bryan's Signature.

The passport found on the four Germans each bore the photograph of their bearer stamped with the state department's seal, but were made out respectively, Sasche's to Howard Paul Wright; Muller's to Herbert S. Wilson; Meyer's to Peter Hansen and Wagner's to Stanley F. Martin. It was said there was no doubt as to the authenticity of the seal of the state department on the photographs or as to Mr. Bryan's signature, but how the photographs had been placed on the documents without creating suspicion that they were not likenesses for the persons to whom the passports were issued, was not disclosed.

It was further alleged that Ruroede, to complete the deception, furnished reservists with engraved cards bearing names and occupations to correspond with the passports and even with fictitious typewritten correspondence addressed to them in their assumed name.

All the defendants waived examination. Their case will go to the grand jury. In arraigning Lieutenant Sasche and the three privates, District Attorney Constant said the government did not consider their alleged offense criminal in its nature.

"We realize," he said, "that these four defendants were inspired by the highest patriotic motives. This is the tail end of a conspiracy in which they are, unfortunately for them, involved, and in the interests of justice they must be detained within the jurisdiction of the court." District Attorney Marshall said tonight that he wished to emphasize that the state department had recently established new and stringent regulations in the issuance of passports, which, it is believed, cannot be evaded.

Maurice Deiches Arrested.

Philadelphia, January 2.—Local representatives of the department of justice tonight took into custody Maurice Deiches, said to be an attorney of New York, on a charge growing out of alleged issuing of false passports in New York.

New York, January 2.—Maurice Deiches, arrested in Philadelphia, is a prominent New York lawyer and an American citizen, although of German parentage. It was learned tonight that his apprehension was considered by the government of far greater importance than that of any other of the defendants in the passport case.

It was alleged that Deiches was active in advising reservists in connection with procuring the passports.

HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS WITH MEXICAN GENERALS

Scott Has Difficulty in Obtaining Agreement Intended to Stop Bullets From Crossing Border.

Washington, January 2.—Difficulties have arisen in General Scott's negotiations with the Mexican generals Maytorena and Hill of the Gutierrez and Carranza factions, respectively, for the designation of Naco, Sonora, as a neutral town to avoid firing into American territory.

Acting Secretary of State Lansing conferred today with President Wilson and Acting Secretary of War Breckinridge on the subject and later further suggestions were sent to General Scott. Enrique C. Llorente, Gutierrez's Washington representative, also talked at length with Mr. Breckinridge. Mr. Llorente and high officials said they were confident an adjustment would be reached without the necessity of decisive action by the batteries of artillery recently posted across the line from Naco.

The following statement was issued by Secretary Tumulty after a conference with the president:

"There is a hitch about the signing of the agreement between Maytorena and Hill and this government is attempting to adjust the differences. The government has not been informed exactly what the differences are but is trying to ascertain them."

Until today it was generally supposed that both Hill and Maytorena were ready to agree that the former would abandon Naco and move his forces to Agua Prieta while Maytorena was to transfer his men to Nogales.

While the negotiations still have for their object the neutralization of Naco, Mr. Llorente said tonight some other method of reaching the same result was being discussed.

Convention Adjourns.

The state department received word from its agents in Mexico City today that the national convention had adjourned until Monday after a brief session yesterday, when the question of how many delegates were to represent the Zapata army of the south was debated without decision. The dispatch added that as there were many absentees, a majority of the members of the original convention, held at Aguas Calientes, would be considered a quorum. General Robles, vice president of that convention, presided yesterday.

Washington officials are greatly interested in the deliberations of the convention called to select a provisional president for a period of several months until a general election can be held. It is understood Villa and his adherents favor the continuation in office of Eulalio Gutierrez. The Zapata element is opposed to this, and the names of General Felipe Angeles and General Jose Isabel Robles, minister of war in the Gutierrez cabinet, are being prominently mooted.

The state department also was advised that H. G. C. Atwater, an American, was stabbed to death at Tampico by a Mexican whose identity was unknown. The department has no clue to Atwater's home address or relatives.

Mexico City was reported quiet. No passenger train went north yesterday on account of scarcity of fuel.

SAVANNAH COTTON 'CHANGE PROTESTS LONDON MEDDLING

Savannah, Ga., January 2.—A meeting of the Savannah Cotton exchange has been called for Monday to frame a protest to be made to the state department in Washington concerning the hoding up in London of cablegrams from Savannah cotton and shipping concerns with persons in Sweden and Italy.

BRITONS FEAR INVASION.

Yorkshire Makes Preparations to Resist Germans.

London, January 2.—In the belief that Germany will probably attempt a landing some day on the east coast of England, Yorkshire is making special preparations to resist the invaders. A corps of civic guards and volunteers has been enrolled, with chief headquarters at Hull, and funds are being raised by subscription to provide uniforms and other equipment.

Baron Nunburnholme, the leading spirit in the project, said today the movement was making satisfactory progress. Instructions have been drawn up by the military authorities as to the course to be pursued by non-combatants and the new force in the event of an invasion.

COTTON FUND COMPLETE.

Loan Committee Now Ready for Applications.

New York, January 2.—The cotton loan committee announced today that subscriptions to the $135,0000,000 loan fund had been completed and that it was ready to receive applications for loans. The last of the class "A" subscriptions, bringing the total of that class to $100,000,000, were received today.

Notices of completion of the fund were telegraphed to the chairmen in charge in the various southern states.

LUBETSKY SHOOTS NEGRO HIGHWAYMAN

Continued From Page One.

his footsteps, leaving a crimson path that splattered upon the floor and cash register and was traceable even to the curbstone.

Mrs. Lubetsky, having heard the command of the negro with the pistol, was standing in the doorway that leads to the small living room in the rear, a witness to the entire incident.

"Don't shoot any more, Isaac," she called. "You'll tear down the house."

Four Big Holes.

Lubetsky's big pistol had rent four gaping holes in the wall as big as a healthy fist. The fleeing robbers, however, had dropped all their prospective loot, which Lubetsky recovered.

Reserve Policemen Milam and Evans investigated the case and notified Grady hospital to hold for the police any negro that turned up during the night or Sunday morning with a bullet wound.

Negro Captured.

Arnold Waltham, a negro, followed the wounded man, who went in the direction of police headquarters. When near the station, Waltham went in and notified Officers L. B. Milam and Charley Brannen, who returned with him to the trail of the highwayman.

The hold-up man ran down Brooker street when he saw the officers, and in the pursuit Waltham was first to reach him, the two negroes engaging in a battle royal with their hands. The police arrived on the scene and took the wounded man to the station. He gave his name as Scott Mitchell.

Dickerson Home Burns.

The home of John Dickerson, well-known contractor, Tumlin and Calhoun streets, burned down mysteriously early this morning while the family was visiting in Marietta, they having left the house at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The home was in full blaze when the firemen arrived and burned to the ground after an hour and a half.

Perhaps the first the Dickersons will know of their house being burned is when they read this article. Neither the neighbors nor the firemen could account for the house catching afire.

POPE BENEDICT'S PLAN INDORSED BY RULERS

Rome, January 2.—Pope Benedict continues his efforts to reduce sufferings caused by the war. It is asserted in vatican circles that he received cordial answers from both Emperor William and King George, promising assistance in carrying out the pontiff's proposal for an exchange of prisoners incapable of further fighting.

London, January 3.—(2:25 a. m.)—Pope Benedict telegraphed to Emperor William asking the emperor's sanction to an exchanged of war prisoners unfit for further service and the emperor accepted the proposal, says Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent. The correspondent quotes the telegrams exchanged, as issued at German headquarters. The pope's message follows:

"Confirming the feelings of Christian charity with which your majesty is inspired, we beg your majesty to terminates this disastrous year and begin the new year with imperial generosity by accepting our proposals that an exchange of war prisoners not fit for military service may take place between the belligerent states.

"POPE BENEDICT XV."

Emperor William replied:

"Thanks for your holiness' telegram. It is my heart's desire and I assure your holiness that the proposal to soften the lot of the war prisoners unfit for military service finds my full sympathy. The feelings of Christian charity which inspired this proposal corresponds thoroughly to my own conviction and desires."

SHIP CARRYING HORSES TO ALLIES SET AFLAME

New Orleans, January 2.—Combustibles were found in hay on board the British steamer Rembrandt which sailed from Baltimore recently and later caught fire, according to a statement made here today by A. Edlin, captain of the ship. The boat sailed from Baltimore loaded with horses for the allied armies in Europe, but was forced to put back into Newport News because of the fire.

Captain Edlin said he was not absolutely certain the fire started from combustibles surreptitiously placed aboard. He said that after the fire had been extinguished a thorough search of the ship was made and that powder and other combustibles had been found. The powder was not strongly encased and there was nothing to indicate an attempt had been made to blow up the ship, according to the statement. It was believed it might have been placed there to aid any fire that might have started.

Captain Edlin positively denied spies had been found on the ship or that any of the animals had been mutilated as had been reported. He said that 73 horses were suffocated immediately and that about 125 of them died later from effects of the fumes and heat.

The Rembrandt will take on 900 horses and mules here for Europe.

FUND IS AVAILABLE FOR LOANS ON COTTON

A telegram addressed to Robert F. Maddox, chairman of the Georgia state committee, Cotton Loan Fund, and received Saturday afternoon, announces that the cotton loan fund of $100,000,000 is now operative. Mr. Maddox expresses the hope that this fund will be of great service to this section.

The telegram states:

"One hundred million Class A subscriptions received, and cotton loan fund is hereby declared operative. Cotton loan committee ready to receive loan applications.—W. P. Holly, secretary cotton loan committee."

In speaking of the matter Mr. Maddox said:

"The Georgia state committee has already appointed sub-committees in all the leading cities in Georgia, who have full information in regard to the details to be followed in making the cotton loans proposed.

"It is impossible to state at this time whether or not there will be many applications forwarded from Georgia; but I am glad that the $100,000,000 is now available to be loaned on cotton in the south, and I hope it may be found to be of some service to this section."

BLEASE'S RECORD 1,614.

33 Murderers on New Clemency List of 71.

Columbia, S. C., January 2.—Governor Blease today brought the total number of his holiday pardons, paroles and commutations to 170 by acting favorably on the cases of 71 additional state prisoners. Within the past four years he has exercised the right of clemency in 1,614 cases.

Today's list included 33 prisoners serving life terms for murder. Two were granted full pardons, three were paroled and the sentences of 28 commuted to terms ranging from two to twenty years.

COURAGE IN WAR

What war teaches--as well as business life.

Courage in war or business is born of good pure blood. Pure blood is the greatest blessing mankind can have.

Millions of people need this powerful vegetable remedy that puts the stomach, liver and bowels in fine condition; that clears the skin of pimples, rash, blemishes and eczema; that dissolves boils and carbuncles; that makes nerves stronger and steadier and gives to pale, weak, rundown people the fullest measure of health and happiness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, free from alcohol or narcotics, does just what is stated above; simply because it banishes from the blood all poison and impure matter. It is the world's great Blood Purifier; so enters joints, dissolves the impure deposits and carries them out, as it does all impurities, through the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin.

If you have indigestion, sluggish liver, backache over the kidneys, nasal or other Catarrh, unsteady nerves or unsightly skin, get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to-day and start at once to replace your impure blood with the kind that puts energy and ambition into you and brings back youth and vigorous action.

A GREAT BOOK EVERY WOMAN SHOULD HAVE

If you will pay the mailing charges, Doctor Pierce will send you his cloth bound book of over 1,000 pages newly revised with color plates and illustrations.

Everyone should read and have it in case of accident or sickness in the home.

Treats of so many subjects in such an interesting manner that knowledge of the human body is quickly and easily attained by all who read the book.

Send 20 cents in stamps for mailing charges to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and enclose this notice.

MACHINISTS' ASSOCIATION

May Combine With Other Metal Trades Bodies.

Savannah, Ga., January 2.—The subject of amalgamation of the International Association of Machinists with kindred metal trades was discussed by the executive board today. President William H. Johnston submitted a report of his negotiations with that end in view.

"Realizing that the question is a matter of tremendous importance, the executive board has instructed me to continue my negotiations and request those who have shown a favorable attitude toward the plan to meet with us in conference and work out the details," said President Johnston, after the meeting.

A request was received from machinists in the Hawaiian islands that organizers be sent into their midst to organize lodges. No action was taken. The board instructed President Johnston to investigate conditions in the islands and ascertain if the number of machinists eligible to membership would warrant the expense of sending organizers. If he reports adversely the board will advise the machinists in the islands to organize themselves and affiliate with the national association.

IMMIGRATION BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Continued From Page One.

without a country and without a protecting government. Many senators from agricultural states protested against the limitation of the exemption to farmers.

The literacy test, as finally approved, is virtually as it passed the house. All amendments to enlarge the exemptions to admit persons fleeing from political or racial as well as religious persecution, were rejected. The section reads:

"That after four months from the approval of this act, in addition to the aliens who are by law now excluded from admission into the United States, the following persons shall also be excluded frfom admission thereto, to-wit:

"All aliens over 16 years of age, physically capable of reading, who cannot read the English language, or some other language, or dialect, including Hebrew or Yiddish:

"Provided, that any admissible alien or any alien heretofore or hereafter legally admitted, or any citizen of the United States may bring in or send for his father or grandfather over 50 years of age, his wife, his mother, his grandmother, or his unmarried or widowed daughter, if otherwise admissible, whether such relative can read or not; and such relative shall be permitted to enter. That for the purpose of ascertaining whether aliens can read, the immigrant inspectors shall be furnished with slips, of uniform size, prepared under the direction of the secretary of labor, each containing not less than thirty nor more than forty words in ordinary use, printed in plainly legible type in some one of the various languages and dialects of immigrants. Each alien may designate the particular language or dialect in which he desires the examination to be made, and shall be required to read the words printed on the slip in such language or dialect.

Those Who Are Exempt.

"That the following classes of persons shall be exempt from the operation of the illiteracy test, to-wit: All aliens who shall prove to the satisfaction of the proper immigration officer or to the secretary of labor that they emigrated from the country of which they were last permanent residents for the purpose of escaping from religious persecutions; all aliens who have been lawfully admitted to the United States and who have resided therein continuously for five years and who have in accordance with the law declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States and who return to the United States within six months from the date of their departure therefrom; all aliens who have been lawfully admitted to the United States and who later shall go in transit from one part of the United States to another through foreign contiguous territory."

Other features of the bill which change existing law are designed primarily to increase safeguards of health and morale and to protect labor. The head tax on immigrants is increased from $4 to $6.

To the general exclusion classes are added the following: Vagrants, persons afflicted with tuberculosis or with any disability rendering them incapable of earning a livelihood; persons who teach or advocate the unlawful destruction of property; those who previously have been deported; stowaways; children under 16 years of age, unaccompanied or not coming to parents and persons not eligible for citizenship.

Penalties Provided.

The bill provides as a pecuniary penalty a lien on vessels which violate the proposed regulations. Persons or corporations would be prohibited from importing contract labor or soliciting or inducing the importation of immigrants except "that skilled labor, if otherwise admissible, may be imported if labor of like kind unemployed cannot be found in this country." The question of the necessity for importing such labor is to be determined by the secretary of labor.

An amendment submitted by Senator Cummins and accepted provides that the department of labor and commerce closely observe industrial conditions and notify congress whenever, in their opinion, expected immigration would materially increase the number of unemployed in the country or reduce the wage standard.

The bill outlines a system of supervision of immigrant ships and also provides for interior immigrant stations to distribute aliens. A provision of the house bill directing that American medical inspectors should be placed on immigrant ships in foreign ports was stricken out after protests from foreign governments.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

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The people who read The Constitution are the kind of people who take an intelligent interest in the happenings of the day.

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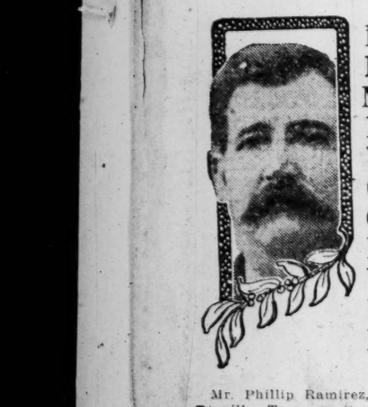
For Colds Peruna Is of Constant Service.

It Saved One of My Little Boys from Serious Sickness.

So Says Mr. Rossi.



Mr. Samuel Rossi, 612 Chestnut Ave., Vineland, N. J., writes: "I want to thank you for your advice and for what your medicine has done for me. I suffered with catarrh for seven years; catarrh of the head, nose and throat, and stomach. Peruna cured me. I followed your advice and I used three bottles of Peruna in three weeks, and now my trouble is all over. I will never be without Peruna in my house. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy. I am pleased to make public the good that Peruna has done me."



I thought No Medicine In the World Could Cure me. I am Well, by Using Peruna.

Mr. Phillip Ramirez, P. O. Box 175, Beeville, Texas, writes: "I have been a sufferer from chronic catarrh for three or four years. I thought no medicine in the world could cure me. One day while I was reading the news, I found Peruna recommended for catarrh. I bought a bottle of Peruna and commenced to take it, according to directions. Thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am a new man today. I am entirely well, and I thought to show you my gratitude by writing you this letter. Allow me to thank you again."

These who prefer, can now procure Peruna in Tablet form.

To Prevent a Cold.

"Peruna keeps me well and prevents my taking cold." So says Mr. Peter Heup, No. 320 Chute St., Menasha, Wis. "Exposure and a neglected cold caused me to contract catarrh of the lungs, and I was in a very precarious condition. Peruna had been used by some of the boys, and they suggested that I give it a trial. I have reason to be very grateful that I did so, as I soon found that my lungs were not nearly so sore, and had not been kept awake at night with coughing, as I had been for several months. I was soon able to be out, and in a short time was able to take up my work again. I continued its use for about three months, when my lungs were well, and I was as strong and robust as I had been before contracting the cold. We keep a bottle at the house now, and I take a dose every time I have been exposed to inclement weather. It keeps me well and prevents my taking cold."

To Cure a Cold.

"I give the children Peruna if they have a cold, and it always relieves them." So says Mrs. I. D. Hayes, of No. 1937 Druid Hill Ave., Baltimore, Md. "Peruna is one of the best remedies for grip, cold in the head, sore throat, nervous headaches and coughs, that has ever been discovered. After the use of one bottle in my family I don't feel safe without Peruna in my house."

A Neglected Cold.

"Peruna will cure a cold, of even long standing." So says Mrs. Mary O. Miller, 2034 Winter Ave., Indianapolis, Ind. "We have used it in the family for a number of years, and when any of us take a cold it is the first remedy we take, and a few doses will generally cure, if the cold has not been neglected. But the persistent use of Peruna will cure a cold of even long standing. Its action on the whole system is very mild but su..."

CONSULS' PAPERS NOT HELD BINDING

Germany Glad to Admit New Consuls to Conquered Territory—Has Made No Request for Recall.

Amsterdam, January 2.—(Via London.)—According to a statement in The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, a summary of which was given out today by the official press bureau in Berlin, Germany no longer considers binding the exequaturs of consuls in any territory which has been occupied by Germany during the war.

The statement of the official press bureau is as follows:

"The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, explaining the status of consuls in Belgium concerning whose exequaturs it intimates there has been considerable misunderstanding, says that Germany has notified not only America, but all neutrals as well as those countries allied with Germany, that she no longer considers binding, in any hostile territory occupied by Germany, exequaturs issued prior to the war. At the same time it is made plain that Germany is glad to meet wishes regarding the admission of consuls anywhere except where military operations are being carried out. Germany requests, however, that only persons of Germanophile or neutral leanings be appointed, but she has made no request for the recall of any particular consuls.

"It cannot be expected," the newspaper adds, "that Germany accept hostile Belgian subjects as consuls for other countries in occupied territory. The point is said to be especially important as 2000 Belgians heretofore have held posts as consuls for allied or neutral states."

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.)

G. C. Legg.

G. C. Legg, aged 55 years, died Saturday afternoon at a private hospital. He had been employed for the last twenty-five years with the Randall Coal company. Surviving him are one daughter, Mrs. Ester Brandmax; two brothers, A. B. and N. W. Legg; five sisters, Mrs. L. H. Dildea, Mrs. Sallie Bettes, Mrs. Lela Verner, Mrs. Minnie Patten and Miss Dora Legg. The body is at Greenberg & Bond's chapel pending funeral arrangements.

Mrs. Brittain, Thomasville.

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The funeral services of Mrs. J. W. Brittain were conducted here this morning from the residence of her son, W. Brittain. Mrs. Brittain died suddenly yesterday morning in Tallahassee, where she went on a visit a few days ago. She was a native of Tallahassee, but had been making her home in Thomasville of late. She was about sixty-seven years of age, and is survived by three sons, W. A. Brittain, of this city; Eugene Brittain, of Maine, and Edward Brittain, of Alabama.

Lucy Wynn, Jonesboro.

Jonesboro, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Lucy Wynn, 9 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs J. H. Wynn, died here this morning at 11 o'clock. The funeral will be held at the Jonesboro Baptist church Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, with interment in Mount Carmel cemetery, fourteen miles from Jonesboro, in Henry county.

Mrs. Margaret Pullar.

Mrs. Margaret Pullar, aged 59 years, died last night at 3 o'clock at a private hospital. She resided at 20 Ormond street. Surviving her are four children, Mrs. C. W. England, Miss Janie Pullar, Edward and John Pullar. The body is at Poole's chapel pending funeral arrangements.

Mrs. Martha L. Gilbert.

Mrs. Martha L. Gilbert, aged 82 years, died last night at 9:30 o'clock at a private hospital. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. H. Hughley, and six grandchildren. The body is at Poole's chapel pending funeral arrangements. She lived at 188 Lucile avenue.

FRANK SAYS POLITICS CAUSED BROWN'S CARD

Continued From Page One.

there was enough evidence to convict me.

It must be that when you so callously and brutally urged my immediate execution you were moved by other motives than that of state defender.

Part of the Politician.

Prejudice, passion and personal ambition have been known factors in my undoing. Your article is proof conclusive how great were these factors and to what extent you subscribe to them. Before this it has been strongly suspected that politics had played an important part. Since your remarkable letter there can be no longer any doubt of it.

It is wrong that you should seek, at the expense of my life, to pay back your political debts. It is a greater wrong, if that can be, that you should hope, by my destruction and through the disgrace of my loved ones, to gain back to your support that large class of voters that you have lately lost by violent abuse.

I have suffered much; some good men have condemned me, but they have done so in sorrow. It has been reserved to you to voluntarily, ignorantly, in passion and prejudice, kick me on toward the gallows that you may lessen your political debts and regain, if possible, some of the political ground you have lost.

LEO M. FRANK.

January 2, 1915.

Card of Joseph M. Brown.

Following is the card of ex-Governor Joseph M. Brown, which appeared in The Augusta Chronicle of December 27, and to which Leo M. Frank takes exception:

Editor Augusta Chronicle—Dear Sir: I cannot refrain from writing to express to you, as a Georgian, jealous of the good name of the state, my thanks for your editorial in The Chronicle of December 15, under the heading, "In Simple Defense of Georgia's Honor and Civilization."

The only material point in which I disagree with you is in the following words near the close of your editorial:

"Therefore, we would, willingly, sign a petition asking the state pardon board and the governor of Georgia to commute this man's sentence to life imprisonment, in the hope, but not in the expectation, that something, at some time, might arise to establish his innocence of the awful crime—or even to throw further doubt upon his guilt."

I disagree with you because I believe that the evidence sworn to before the jury fixed the crime upon Leo M. Frank. I see no room, under that evidence, to place it upon anyone else. I see no proper way for him to escape it. Therefore, I believe the jury acted intelligently and honestly in finding him guilty.

Calls for Hanging.

If ever a murder was so repulsively atrocious as to call for the hanging of the perpetrator of it, this murder of little Mary Phagan calls for the hanging of the man the jury found guilty of the awful deed.

Much has been said of the negro Conley; and those who plead for the defeat of the law would have us believe that Frank was convicted on his evidence; but, if any intelligent person will read the evidence he will see that Frank was proven guilty of this horrible crime independently of the negro's testimony.

Now, as to Conley's evidence. He admitted that he had made affidavits clearing Frank. He naively declared that he had done that to save Mr. Frank, his employer, who had been kind to him. But he added that when he found that Mr. Frank was trying to fix the crime on him (Conley) he determined to tell the truth about the matter.

We southern people, who understand the negro, can readily give the proper value to Conley's several affidavits and his testimony in court, and determine when he told the truth.

But why the extraordinary interest in this case, outside of the state of Georgia? Apparently there is no reason for it except that Leo Frank is a Jew, since the agitation in question is headed by newspapers owned or influenced by Jews.

Are we to understand that anybody except a Jew can be punished for crime? Are we to understand that Georgia can be left free to execute her laws until she convicts a Jew, and that then her process must be held up and defeated? If so, Georgia will soon become the exploiting ground of every Jew who is criminally inclined.

This certainly seems the logic of the contention of the newspapers and other parties outside of Georgia who are defaming the state and her courts and people.

And allow me to say that leading Jews of Atlanta have made themselves responsible for a heavy burden in this matter.

Leo Frank, before little Mary Phagan was murdered, was president of the Jewish benevolent society of the B'nai B'rith. After he had been convicted of this atrocious murder the members of this Jewish society re-elected him as their president!

Thus, they openly flung down their defiance of the state and her laws. Thus, they publicly made the issue that, no matter how infamous his crime, the Jews held a Jew above the law.

A day or so after their action, The Atlanta Constitution quoted a prominent Jew as expressing his amazement that his race had, by this act, placed itself in so extraordinary a position of contempt and defiance of the state and her authority. All honor to this conscientius, law-abiding and discerning Jew!

And, while on this phase of the subject, I note that Mr. Samuel H. Myers, one of your Augusta Jews, in arguing that Frank was convicted because of prejudice against him as a Jew, reminds you of the fact that people in Atlanta referred to him as "that damned Jew."

But, if Frank had been a Mexican, they would have designated him "that damned Mexican;" if he had been a Hindoo they would have called him "that damned Indian;" if he had been a Hollander they would have called him "that damned Dutchman."

As a matter of fact, the people were condemning Frank because the sworn testimony was proving him guilty of this most horrible double crime against the little innocent shop girl, not because he was a Jew.

Jews Law-Abiding.

As a rule, there are no people who live within the law more closely than do the Jews; and they deserve the highest esteem of all classes, and, I believe, they get it; but this fact does not operate to free anyone of that race from punishment for crime if he commits crime. It does not mean that Georgia every year hangs men of any other race, but that Jews are perpetually immune from hanging within her borders.

Now, as to the movement organized outside of the state of Georgia, to defeat the operation of her laws, let me call your attention to the fact that the trial court convicted Frank of this murder; the supreme court of Georgia held that there was evidence sufficient to justify the verdict; the supreme court of the United States refused to overrule or interfere with the action of the state courts. Furthermore, the case has been before the trial court (judge) three times and before the state's supreme court two times.

Therefore, we have the spectacle of parties outside of Georgia, who never heard and have not read the sworn evidence, assuming to dictate to the state and to say what she should do in her orderly process of law.

It is said that in New York a petition is being circulated, which will have 50,000 signatures, praying Governor Slaton to prevent the sentence of the law being executed on Leo Frank.

It is safe to say that not one of these 50,000 signers has read one line of the evidence sworn to in the trial in question. The same can be said of all other parties outside of Georgia who are trying to bring pressure upon the governor of Georgia in this case.

And I will add that every week I am receiving letters of similar import from parties in other states who are ignorant of the fact that I am no longer governor of the state. The tenor of these letters is one of reproach to me and to the state that we are about to commit a crime in letting the laws of Georgia be enforced against the man who has been convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan.

Could Get Long Petition.

I believe it is needless to assert that, if Governor Slaton desired it, there could be secured a petition signed by more than 250,000 white voters of Georgia, urging him to let his oath of office be his guide in the determination of this case, and to pay no attention to the attempts of parties outside of the state to coerce him in his course of duty.

But, in common with the masses of the responsible people of Georgia, I am sure that we can leave this case in Governor Slaton's hands, with no counter petition or suggestion. He will undoubtedly be governed by the sworn evidence and by his oath.

I have no selfish interest in the deplorable case under review, and, until this crusade was organized against the fair fame of our state and the integrity of her laws, I have scarcely spoken of the horrible occurrence which destroyed the life of the innocent little shop girl; but, as a citizen of Georgia, who has been twice honored by her people with the highest office in their gift, and who believes that in the impartial and inflexible enforcement of the laws is the surest protection of our civilization, I have now felt impelled to write, indorsing your defense of the state and her good name, and to join you in the asserted conviction that her laws, administered under the oaths of responsible officials, and not waved aside before the flat of uninformed people of other states, must fix the course she will pursue in safeguarding the security of her good people.

And I will repeat my positive belief that the trial jury and the successive courts have made no mistake in naming the real perpetrator of this awful crime. No people had such opportunities as they for determining the truth. No people were further than they from the desire or will to fasten the crime upon any but the man who was guilty.

Let us be candid enough and bold enough to uphold those who have conscientiously, firmly and intelligently vindicated our civilization. Our duty is to the law, to those who obey and enforce it, not to those who outrage it, nor to those who would bring it into contempt.

I would that the press throughout Georgia had the courage to defend the state and the correctness of her process as ably and fearlessly as you have done. Very truly yours,

JOSEPH M. BROWN.

Marietta, Ga., Dec. 19, 1914.

James S. Shaw Dead.

Boston, January 2.—Dr. James S. Shaw, well known in theatrical circles for many years, and a brother of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National Woman's Suffrage association, died yesterday. Dr. Shaw was examining physician for the Actors' Fund of America. He was born in Newcastle, England, seventy-six years ago.

PROTEST IS MADE BY INSURANCE MEN

Practice of Charging Fee for Making Out Death Certificates by Internes at Grady Is Severely Criticised.

A number of insurance men in Atlanta are protesting against charges made by internes in Grady hospital for making out sick and death certificates for inmates carrying industrial or small insurance.

The insurance men claim that, while this custom does not affect the insurance companies, it is an unjust burden upon such insurance claimants.

Dr. W. B. Summerall, superintendent of Grady hospital, upholds the system of making these charges on the ground that in making out such a certificate the interne, or physician, is called upon to participate in a business transaction between an insurance company and its client for the benefit of both, a matter which has nothing to do with the physical condition of the patient whom the interne is paid by the city to serve. Dr. Summerall is supported by the medical board and board of directors of Grady hospital, who have formulated and agreed upon the following scale of rates which the internes may charge for making out both sick and death certificates:

Policy.	Fee.
$25	$ .25
$26 to $50	.50
$51 to $75	.75
$76 to $100	1.00
$101 to $150	1.50
$151 to $200	2.00
$201 and up	2.50

"The practice of making charges in Grady hospital for death certificates for insurance claimants," says A. Ransom Wright, of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, "has been carried on to such an excessive extent that this company has felt compelled to waive the necessity of a physician's certificate of death when the insured dies in Grady hospital. However, many of our clients still have such certificates made out at Grady hospital before we can notify them that we will accept the death record at city hall instead. The same practice exists at Battle Hill sanitarium.

Protests Charges.

"This is a practice which should not exist in a city hospital, for the reason that the hospital is maintained and the internes paid by the city to take care of such people as are not able to take care of themselves. By the time the funeral expenses, loss of time from work and other expenses incident to sickness and death are paid, the insurance claimant has little enough left without being deprived of part of the insurance money that is coming to him by the internes at Grady hospital.

"Aside from the fact that the city should not allow such charges to be made of patients in the charity wards, the very fact that there is posted on the wall of the office at Grady hospital a scale of rates which shall be charged is of itself evidence that the charges are excessive. If an interne finds that he can afford to make out a death certificate for 25 cents on a $25 policy, how in the world does he justify a charge of $2.50 for filling out exactly the same form for a $201 policy?

"I wish to make it entirely clear, however, that I am not protesting for any benefit that my company might receive were these charges not made at Grady hospital, for it is not the company, but the claimant, who has to pay the fee to the interne. Therefore, I have in view only the interest of the claimant."

Complaint Substantiated.

John N. McEachern, of the Industrial Life and Health Insurance company, substantiates the complaint of Mr. Wright and states that it is his belief that no charge whatever should be made at a public charitable institution, and that if the city sanctions such a charge the fee should go to the city which maintains the institution and not to the interne or physician.

Robert L. Foreman, of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance company, whose company, he states, does not make a business of industrial or small policy insurance, also joins in the protest. It was first brought to his attention, he said, through his connection with the Associated Charities as president. He declares that charges made by physicians other than at Grady are so rare as to be negligible.

Dr. Summerall, superintendent of Grady hospital, said:

"This is not a new protest. It is a chronic matter that comes up in this hospital and every other municipal hospital the country over from time to time. It is purely a case of those getting everything for nothing wanting more.

"The board of directors and the medical board of Grady hospital have justly allowed a charge for making out these certificates and have made out a scale of rates which may be charged.

"Please observe that the matter of a patient in Grady hospital charity ward having insurance is not a matter to interest the city of Atlanta nor the hospital one way or another. It is strictly the duty of this hospital to attend to the physical welfare of charity patients and not to look after or aid in their financial welfare.

"The matter of a patient having an insurance policy is purely a private business transaction between the insured and the insurance company for their mutual benefit. If so happens that the work of a physician is a third essential to the consummation of this business deal. Should he be called upon to help them make money without himself having a share in the profits? The point of view that we take is the point of view of any business man, and for that reason we believe that a reasonable fee for making out these certificates is legitimate.

"Some of these certificates are long questionaires, including a list of fifty or sixty questions, which it takes time and investigation to answer properly, and the value of a policy made out here is sometimes as high as $5,000 and $6,000. For that reason we have fixed $2.50 as being a fair fee for this work. But because of the evident poor financial status of a man who cannot carry a policy for more than $200, we have seen fit to recognize this condition and have fixed a scale of rates above which an interne may not charge for a small policy.

"Physicians in general practice do not often make a charge for making out such certificates, for he knows that the insurance money will in all probability help pay the bill which he will present for having waited upon the insured. An interne at Grady hospital can present no such bill for his services, and, therefore, has no earthly interest in the insurance transaction. There are fourteen internes in Grady hospital and the city pays them $100 per month to be divided between these, which is a matter of some $7 per month per man. Yet it often happens when an interne finds a distressing case he will make no charge at all for making out an insurance certificate."

300 FLOATING MINES DRIFT TO DUTCH COAST

New York, January 2.—More than 300 floating mines have drifted ashore on the Dutch coast, according to the commander of the Swedish steamer Yara, Captain Willingren, which arrived today from Rotterdam and Portland, England. Captain Willingren said he had passed three mines adrift in the North sea.

Prisoner Who Leaped From Car Is Glad to Get Into Tower

The buzzer sounded somewhere in the depths of the head jailer's office Friday night, and Deputy J. R. Poindexter unlocked the big gates at the front entrance. A thickly bandaged head protruded through the opening. There were so many bandages that Deputy Poindexter required some time to discern whether or not it was a head.

"Is this the jail?" came from the interior of the swathing gauze.

"Yes," replied the deputy. "Something I can do for you?"

"Sure," was the answer. "I'm a prisoner. You can lock me up."

"But you don't need a jail—you want the hospital down the street."

At which a tall, lanky sheriff with wide-brimmed hat returned from paying the cab bill at the curb, and explained that the bandages adorned the head of Boykin Brooks, daredevil par excellence, who leaped, handcuffed and head-first, through the window of a speeding train into a rocky fill in lower Arizona.

Now Brooks is glad to recuperate in jail. He is wanted in Hancock county for murder, and has been a hunted man for seven years. He was captured recently in Sherman, Texas, when his mother-in-law, learning his secret, is said to have betrayed him. En route to Georgia in custody of Hancock county's sheriff, he stole away into the men's compartment of his Pullman, and, while the train sped at thirty-five miles an hour, dived headlong through the window, carrying a collar of window sill and glass around his throat.

His body plunged down a twenty-foot embankment, and he was so gashed and bruised that he was unable to arise. The train was stopped, and he was recaptured with but little effort.

CHANGE IS ASKED IN NAVAL STORES STAND

Continued From Page One.

on record as stating that cargoes so made up would not be regarded as contraband. The state department had no sooner sent notification to this effect to shippers than the British foreign office published the new edict.

Although this phase of the situation was not specifically mentioned in the recent American note, it was generally understood to have been a contributory reason for the dispatch of the document.

To prevent recurrence of charges that American shippers had been concealing copper and contraband articles in cotton and other non-contraband cargoes, the following formal notice, supplementary to President Wilson's warning of last week, was issued today by Secretary Redfield:

"The attention of shippers of goods to neutral countries is called to the importance of having manifests complete and accurate. It is essential also to avoid mixing contraband goods in cargoes otherwise not contraband. It is alleged that some American manifests have omitted certain contraband goods, also that efforts have been made to conceal contraband articles or to alter their appearance so that they will be allowed to pass.

"A single case of the kind is enough to embarrass all American commerce to neutral countries by throwing doubt on the correctness of our manifests and on the neutral nature of our cargoes, thus possibly involving delay through examining cargoes that otherwise would be avoided."

Used on Bombs.

The new order, it was explained by the state department, has been made by Great Britain because it discovered its opponents were coating their bombs with rosin to protect them from dampness. The turpentine was being added to some shells to cause a dense smoke at explosion.

Great Britain has not yet responded to the request of the department, which also asked for an explicit statement as to whether the last order applied only to crude rosin or to its manufactured products.

Senator Hardwick, of Georgia, introduced a resolution today proposing that the president be requested to forward to the senate all correspondence with foreign governments relating to exportation of naval stores and seizure of ships carrying such stores.

The state department has informed the Georgia senators that it has made general protests against seizures of naval stores and, in addition, will make specific protests.

Congressman Harrison, of Mississippi, today urged the state department to expedite action on its recent protest to Great Britain against placing naval stores on the contraband list.

NEUTRALS CAN FOLLOW AMERICA'S LEAD.

Rome, January 2.—The newspaper Vita, organ of the Italian radicals, today comments at considerable length on the American note to Great Britain on the subject of shipping.

This is the most important document which has appeared since the beginning of the war, the paper declares, because it is from the greatest power in the world not involved in the conflict. Neutrals nowadays must be in a position to enforce their rights. This the United States can do, for she has enormous interests through the world and a formidable fleet.

"Fortunately," the paper says, "American interests are identical with those of the smaller neutral powers. These states can follow in the footsteps of the United States. Should the neutral powers of Europe join hands, as have done the countries of Scandinavia, for the protection of their maritime interests, their voice would be more convincing. Experience shows that observance of the rights of neutrality is contingent upon the possession of material strength on the part of the neutral powers to enforce their point of view."

The Vita expresses the hope that the neutral states of Europe will take advantage of this opportunity to act together with America in insisting that the relations between neutrals and belligerents be now settled on the broad basis of all neutrals to all belligerents. Otherwise the United States individually will get all the satisfaction, while the other neutral powers will be worse off than they were before.

Washington, January 2.—Former President Taft, here today, praised the American note to Great Britain on treatment of American ships. He said he believed it was "just right."

SCANDINAVIA AND ITALY BACK AMERICAN STAND.

Rome, January 2.—The Tribuna, commenting on the American note to the British government regarding interference with her shipping at sea, says:

"America, the Scandinavian countries and Italy are united by an informal understanding which might become formal if the abuses continue. They only desire to see their commerce protected and demand that international rules, instead of arbitrary belligerents, reign over the seas.

"The American note, or similar views from other neutrals, must not be taken as an expression of irritation at the injury to their commerce by the inconsiderate application of international right."

A WORD OR SO ABOUT "30 MILES" INDOORS AND 300,000 OUT

Three tens is only an ordinary—often a treacherous—hand in the great indoor sport, but the Newport Hill Motor company, of Newport, Ind., has three tens that Manager H. T. Payne will bank on every time. They are all Buick models, and between them the cars have traveled 300,000 miles. These cars have been in the livery service in Newport since 1910 and not one of the three has been out of commission a single day. The biggest hill in Newport is the celebrated hill on which the big Indiana hill climbs are held, and these three Buicks have climbed this hill thousands of times. "These three cars are priceless," Mr. Payne says in his letter.

ITALY KEEPING WATCH UPON ALL FOREIGNERS

Rome, January 2.—The government has ordered the police to keep a close watch on foreigners and to make special investigations of their doings while in the country. Many have been invited to leave the country as soon as possible, and it is stated that some will be expelled if they do not take the hint. The government's action, it is stated, is due to reports of espionage.

If You Could Only Be a Stomach

You'd Go to Bed Rather Sore at the Work You'd Have to Do.

Fancy a master that works a horse so long, without rest, that the poor old beast at last has to go to a bone pile.

Fancy yourself doing the same thing with your stomach—the noblest of all our physical organs.

Just imagine yourself devoting hours of ceaseless work to the digestion of a meal which you cannot digest because of wrongful ingredients given to you by the blood.

Is not a man very foolish to imagine a faw sick stomach capable of good work when the juices it receives are so filled with alkali or acid that they actually eat the stomach membrane? Do you not know from a common sense point of view that to continue such a course means not only the impairment of your stomach but of all digestive organs as well?

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets go into your stomach just like food. They are so powerful in health giving qualities that almost instantly the work of digestion is improved. They ease up the stomach's work. They go into the blood and balance it perfectly. Thus, when the stomach calls for new juices at your next meal you are able to furnish them.

Your common sense will tell you that so great an aid to digestion as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets could not be in every drug store, unless demanded after trial by all classes of stomach sufferers.

No more are they a doubtful quality. They have passed a rigid examination by all manner of stomach and digestive tests, and they have been awarded the diploma of American patronage. Their's has been the practical test.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale at all druggists at 50c a box.

Send coupon below today and we will at once send you by mail a sample free.

Free Trial Coupon

F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., send me at once by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Name .....

Street .....

City..... State.....

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Broadway at 29th St.
New York

"An Hotel Where Guests are Made to Feel at Home"

Not too large, yet large enough to afford the maximum of value at minimum expense.

Exceptionally Accessible

500 Rooms—Moderate Restaurant Charges

RATES

Single Room with running water	$1.00 to $2.00
Single Room with tub or shower bath	$1.50 to $5.00
Double Room with running water	$2.00 to $4.00
Double Room with tub or shower bath	$3.00 to $6.00

EDWARD C. FOGG, *Managing Director*
ROY L. BROWN, *Resident Manager*

GOING TO ATLANTA?
Stop at HOTEL CUMBERLAND
Broad and Marietta
Rates 75c and $1.00

CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS GENTLY

Don't lose a day's work! If your liver is sluggish or bowels constipated take "Dodson's Liver Tone."

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.



Muse's Sale of Special Lot Women's Winter Boots

Formerly $4 & $5 **$1.45**

Broken sizes in several good lines make the reason for this January sale of mighty good shoes. Finding your size in one or more good pairs is certain. They are patent, dull and tan leathers, and brown and black suede. $4 and $5 Shoes, $1.45.

Special Lot Evening Slippers Black and Colors—Formerly $4 and $5 **$1.45**

This sale applies only to the Women's Shoe Department, Second Floor.

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

Stewart
25 WHITEHALL ST.
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY
FRED S. STEWART CO.



25 Whitehall St. 20 Marietta St. IT'S COMING!

WATCH!

For the Details of the Most Sensational

Shoe Sale

Ever Known in Atlanta

WAIT!

Store Closed Monday
Sale Opens Tuesday, 9 a. m., Jan. 5th

Self-Rule for Philippines Strongly Opposed by Taft

Ex-President Says Filipinos Will Not Be Ready to Govern Themselves for Thirty Years. Blames Democrats for Unrest.

Washington, January 2.—Former President Taft today told the senate committee working on the administration bill for enlarging Philippine independence that the Filipinos, in his opinion, would be unfitted for self-government for the next thirty years—probably for the half century. Democratic party promises of independence, he declared, had resulted in unrest, to which he contributed, in a measure, the recent revolutionary disturbances.

Neither President McKinley, President Roosevelt nor himself, he said, had contemplated turning the Philippine government over to the natives before they were educated for self-government. He quoted from President Wilson's writings that "self-government is not a mere form of institution, but a form of character."

"We cannot present the Filipino people with a character," said the former president. "It must be acquired. You cannot make over a people in one generation. The time that will be necessary to train the Filipino people for self-government is the time that will be necessary to make them an English-speaking people. If you give these people independence now or by 1920, either a Diaz would rise in the Philippines or they would get into a condition that caused the fall of Diaz in Mexico."

Raps Proposed Bill.

He opposed the administration bill to extend further governmental powers to the islanders, declaring "no measure could be framed better calculated to stir up trouble in the Philippines.

"The Filipino people do not understand republican self-government in the sense that we know it," said Mr. Taft.

"What would be the result if they were given self-government at once?" asked Chairman Hitchcock.

"A Filipino in whom I have great confidence," said Mr. Taft, "said to me, 'Your steamers would not be around Corregidor island before the throat-cutting would begin.' I verily believe that is true. We find the same condition in Mexico. The man who loses a political fight has his head for a forfeit. That's what developed when Aguinaldo was in power.

"I'm describing an actual condition that exists there. I'd be glad to have the United States get out of the Philippines. I have a great regard for the poor people out there. If you give these people independence, now or by 1920, you will have this terrible situation develop: Either a Diaz would arise in the Philippines or they would get into a condition that caused the fall of Diaz in Mexico."

Valuable as Naval Base.

The former president, while disavowing intention of posing as a military expert, said in answer to questions that American obligation to defend the Philippines might be a "source of weakness in time of war."

"But," he continued, "I do not believe that any of the nations now engaged in the European war would look on the possession of the Philippines as a naval base, as a source of weakness."

Mr. Taft declared that in his opinion Japan had no desire to take the Philippines away from this country.

"I twice visited Japan and conferred with the authorities on that very point," he continued, "and it's my opinion that their experiences in Formosa have been quite enough in that direction."

While the democratic platform promised self-governmfent to the island, Mr. Taft said, action at this time was not necessary.

"The fulfillment of platform pledges without regard to the good of country has not been the consistent course up to this time," he said.

Held Bear by Tail.

Mr. Taft gave a detailed statement of his conception of the duty of the United States toward the Philippines and of his work as governor-general of the island and later as secretary of war and president.

"When President McKinley sent me to the Philippines," said Mr. Taft, "I told him that I thought we ought not to be in the island. He said to me that we had the bear by the tail and that we had to stay. But the idea then was that we would get out just as soon as we could. Our first purpose in being there is to get out.

"This discussion," said he, "must depend a good deal on what you mean by self-government. I can do no better than quote from the president of the United States."

Then Mr. Taft read from Mr. Wilson's writings a lengthy definition of "self-government." It set forth that it was "not a mere form of institutions, but a form of character, growing of a people to political maturity."

"We cannot," said Mr. Taft, "give the Philippines self-government, because it cannot be given. We cannot present the Filipino people with a character. It must be acquired. One way to acquire it is through hard knocks, as the Anglo-Saxon race has acquired it. When we went to the Philippines we tried to give it to them, by maintaining a constitutional form of government as an object lesson and by educating the people in the language of free institutions. We tried to have the government participated in but not controlled by the natives.

Woeful Ignorance.

"You cannot make over a people in one generation. Particularly you can not when that is a generation of adults and a vast majority of that generation is woefully ignorant.

"I'm at last in a position where I can say just what I think. You have called me here, I did not ask to come, and I'm going to tell you just what I know about things.

"Now, what time do I think will be necessary to train the Filipinos for self-government? The time that shall give to these people an opportunity to learn English so that they shall be an English-speaking people, and that will take more than one generation and probably more than two, if you count thirty years as a generation. You can't educate all of the people—you haven't got the money.

"Democratic promises of Philippine independence," said Mr. Taft, "have been the great obstacle in our own work over there. Even now it is causing trouble. This man Ricarto, who is charged with fomenting the present disturbance, is a professional revolutionist come down from my time in the islands. He probably argued that democrats in the United States promised independence at a fixed time, that the time has now been postponed and that the promise has been broken."

PARTS OF HUMAN BODY FOUND AT CONEY ISLAND

New York, January 2.—Examination early today of the torso of the human body discovered last night imbedded in the ice in a marsh near Coney island led the police to believe it was that of a man. The torso was wrapped in two burlap bags and patrolmen and detectives searched all night in the Long Island meadow, where the two bundles were found, in the hope of locating the missing parts of the body. The police are especially anxious to find the head that the identity of the supposedly murdered man might be established.

The discovery of the dismembered body recalled to the detective bureau the finding of the mutilated body of Anna Aumuller, who was murdered by the Rev. Hans Schmidt, and the fragments thrown upon the Jersey shore of the Hudson river.

The discovery of the bags was made by a boy who was passing near the spot. The boy led a detective to the place, who ripped open the exposed top of one of the bags. It contained the mutilated upper part of a human body from which the arms had evidently been removed. Lower parts of the torso were in the second bag.

HUSBAND OF NORDICA SUMMONED TO COURT

New York, January 2.—George W. Young, who married the late Madame Nordica, was ordered today by Surrogate Fowler to appear on January 15 for examination as to what he may know concerning assets of her estate, alleged to be under his control. The order requires Mr. Young to surrender to the temporary administrator of the estate in New York all cash, stocks and bonds of the estate that may be in his possesion.

Mr. Young lives in New Jersey. The order, to be effective, must be served on him in New York.

Mr. Young is contesting the document on file for probate here as Madame Nordica's will, upon the grounds that his wife, at the time of the execution of the document, was not of sound mind and memory, and not capable of making a will; also that at the time his wife was a resident of New Jersey, and for that reason the New York courts are without jurisdiction.

HISTORICAL SPOTS WILL BE PROPERLY MARKED

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Columbus Historical society is being organized for the purpose of preserving the history of Columbus and vicinity in permanent and accurate form, and also for marking appropriately spots of historic interest in this city. Hon. L. H. Chappell, for ten years mayor of Columbus, is the leader in the movement to organize the society, and many charter members have already been enrolled. Among the first things to be done by the society will be to erect a permanent memorial in celebration of the last battle of the war between the states, which was fought at this point. The United States government will be urged to take part in the erection of this memorial.

HOT RECEPTION GIVEN TO ALLEGED THIEVES

Marksville, La., January 2.—After being informed that the store of L. B. Roy here was to be robbed early today, six officers secreted themselves in the place and shot two of the thieves when they appeared. Frank Bordelon, who escaped three years ago from the Louisiana penitentiary, where he was serving a life sentence, received a load of buckshot in the back, arms and shoulder, and was seriously hurt. Curtis Lafource was shot in the head, and physicians say he will die. Clement Drouillette was captured unhurt, and a fourth man escaped. The intruders did not return the fire. Officers refuse to say who told them of the robbery plan.

Fire Near Lyerly.

Lyerly, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Fire between 1 and 2 o'clock Thursday morning totally destroyed the storehouse and contents belonging to Bagley & Pollock, four miles west of Lyerly, entailing a loss of about $2,000, with insurance of $1,500. The origin of the fire remains a mystery, but it is the belief that it was the work of a firebug.

NEW HAVEN DIRECTORS NOT TO GET IMMUNITY

Pleas of Billard, Elton and Skinner Overruled by Court.

New York, January 2.—The federal district court overruled today the pleas of immunity interposed by John L. Billard, James S. Elton and William Skinner to indictments charging them with criminal violation of the Sherman law in connection with their acts as directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company.

Messrs. Elton, Skinner and Billard claimed that they were entitled to immunity because of testimony given by them before the interstate commerce commission prior to the return of the indictments. The court's decision means that they will now be called upon to plead to the indictments which include eighteen other well-known men, all directors or former directors of the road.

Arguments on other immunity pleas presented by Edward D. Robbins, a director and general counsel of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company, George F. Baker and T. Dewitt Cuyler remain to be heard.

TURNS DOWN PIG'S HEAD AS EMBLEM FOR CHICAGO

Chicago, January 2.—The head of a pig as emblematic of Chicago's industry will be presented by Chicagoans, according to a letter which the committee promoting the International Christian Endeavor convention to be held here next July, mailed today to a New England badge company.

This committee had advertised for designs and bids for the convention medallions, and the eastern concern's design had in the center of the bar on the badge the head of a pig as emblematic of Chicago's industry.

The badge was rejected and a letter sent to the company says:

"We take exception to the fact that you have placed in the center of the bar on this badge the head of a pig, merely because, as you say, Chicago leads the world in the meat packing industry. We suggest that you learn that Chicago stands for something besides pigs and packing."

MUST HAVE ON BOARD THEIR BILLS OF LADING

London, January 2.—The board of trade today notified the British merchant marine it was essential for captains of all British merchant ships always to have on board their bills of lading and a manifest of the cargo. Neglect to comply with those instructions, it was set forth, might result in merchant ships being stopped and delayed by warships of the allies.

It was anticipated the production of manifests would assist in the passage of neutral cargoes without detention to ships.

TRADE WITH ARGENTINA SHOWS BIG IMPROVEMENT

New York, January 2.—Business relations between the United States and Argentina have shown a marked improvement in the past two months as the result of the European war and the evident desire of American firms to stimulate trade, said Alberto M. D'Alkaine, secretary of the Argentine commission to the Panama-Pacific exposition, who arrived here today.

"The shock to business created by the war," said Mr. D'Alkaine, "is fast disappearing."

COXE NAMED PRESIDENT BY PHI DELTA THETAS

Birmingham, Ala., January 2.—Frederick J. Coxe, of Wadesboro, N. C., was elected president of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity at the concluding session of the convention here Friday night. To succeed Mr. Coxe as secretary, John D. Ellis, of Cincinnati, was elected. There were no other changes made in the general council. The next biennial convention will be held in Atlanta, according to a statement given out by the general council last night.

N. F. GIFFEN CHOSEN BY A. T. O. FRATERNITY

Nashville, Tenn., January 2.—Nathan F. Giffen, of New York city, was today re-elected worthy grand chief of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity by the congress in session here. Dr. H. M. Dubose, of Sewanee, Tenn., was elected worthy grand chaplain. Other officers were re-elected.

St. Louis, Mo., gets the next meeting.

MINISTER AND WOMAN PERISH IN FLAMES

Cleveland, Ohio, January 2.—Rev. Stephen Makara, pastor of St. John's Greek Catholic church, and his housekeeper, Mrs. Fedor, were burned to death today when fire practically destroyed the parish house. Police believe the fire was of incendiary origin.

HIS BILL WOULD REPEAL UNDERWOOD TARIFF LAW

Washington, January 2.—Senator Gallinger today introduced a resolution to repeal the Underwood-Simmons tariff act, and re-enact the Payne-Aldrich law, "because of the pending commercial depression." He introduced also a bill for creation of a tariff board.

COUNTESS DE BUISSERET DIES AFTER OPERATION

Washington, January 2.—Private dispatches here today told of the death in Brussels Wednesday of Countess de Buisseret, daughter of Major General Story, U. S. A. She was the wife of the Belgian minister to Petrograd, and recently had undergone an operation.

Funeral of Diplomat.

Litchfield, Conn., January 2.—Funeral service for William W. Rockhill, the diplomat who recently died at Honolulu while on his way to China, took place here today. Kai Fu Shah, Chinese minister, and Third Secretary Phillips, of the state department, represented their respective governments.

New York's Death Rate.

New York, January 2.—New York's death rate for last year—13.40 per 1,000 of popilation—was the lowest in the city's history, according to announcement today by the health department.

"77"
For Grip, Influenza, Coughs, Sore Throat
COLDS
Two sizes, 25c and $1.00, at all druggists or mailed.
Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 William street, New York.—Advertisement.

Report on Tuberculin Dairies

Dr. Claude Smith, city bacteriologist, has submitted the following report showing the amount of butter fats, bacterial counts and temperatures of milk inspected in December from tuberculin-tested dairies. The following are the requirements of the tests:

Butter Fats—The law requires that the milk contain as much as 3.6 per cent butter fats. Rich, clean milk will contain as high as 5 and 6 per cent.

Bacteria—Fresh, clean milk will contain less than 10,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter. The law allows as many as 100,000 per cubic centimeter. If it contains more than 100,000 there has been carelessness somewhere in handling the milk.

Temperature—Milk should be kept below a temperature of 50 degrees, or it may become dangerous. The consumer should test his milk with a thermometer. The law requires that all milk be delivered at a temperature below 55 degrees.

The following list gives the section of the city in which each dairyman delivers, and the consumers can easily tell which man is producing the best milk in their section of the city. Milk with a high bacterial count should be especially avoided. The report is as follows:

Name of Dairy.	Butter Fats.	Bacterial Count.	Temp.	Outline of Delivery Route.
Battle Hill Sanitarium, W. 991..	4.9	400	52	
G. W. Butler, Ivy 7844-J	4.8	1,500	48	Ansley Park, Piedmont, Myrtle, Peachtree, W. Peachtree and Ponce de Leon.
Beuchler's Dairy Farm—*C. H. Beuchler, Ivy 225	4.4	2,500		Piedmont Ave., Ansley Park to Ponce de Leon.
*R. O. Walters, Ivy 5814-J	5.2	5,000	49	Piedmont Ave., Ansley Park, W. Peachtree and Brookwood.
P. R. Cowan, Juniper 1105	4.8	5,000	40	
Gaymont Farm—*Captain E. S. Gay, Ivy 7986	5.0	6,000	45	Peachtree, W. Peachtree and Ponce de Leon.
Oakland Dairy—*R. E. Eubanks, Atlanta 6118	4.2	6,000	47	West End.
Rock Springs Dairy—G. M. Key, Ivy 2857	4.8	9,000	47	Ansley Park, Piedmont Avenue and Peachtree.
Glendale Dairy—C. E. Scott, Dec. 380..	5.0	12,500	39	DeKalb Ave., Courtland, W. Peachtree and Inman Park.
*W. A. Whiteside, Ivy 7252-J.	4.4	13,000	46	Ansley Park, Ponce de Leon, Spring, West Peachtree.
G. W. Hill, Atlanta 4475	4.4	13,500	48	Capitol Ave., S. Pryor and Washington.
J. E. Nelms, R. F. D. No. 2	4.6	18,500	60	
W. O. E. Wilson, Ivy 4742-J..	5.6	23,000	46	Ansley Park, Ponce de Leon, Spring, Peachtree and W. Peachtree.
J. E. J. Collier, R. F. D. No. 3	4.6	25,000	38	
J. W. Key, Ivy 7423-J	3.4	28,000	48	Ansley Park, Myrtle St., Piedmont, Juniper and Peachtree.
F. C. Snow, R. F. D. No. 8	6.2	30,000	39	Peachtree, W. Peachtree and Inman Park.
A. A. French, R. F. D. No. 3	5.2	30,000	49	Brookwood, Houston and Forrest Ave.
Johnson & Snow, Dec. 62—2 calls....	4.4	30,000	39	Inman Park, West Peachtree and Tenth St.
Stony Brook Farm—*D. R. Barfield, Dec. 67—3 calls	5.0	32,000	40	Inman Park, Washington, Capitol Ave., S. Pryor and Georgia Ave.
T. E. Harper, Juniper 8201	4.7	39,250	39	Washington, S. Pryor St., Capitol Ave., and Pulliam.
Mellwood Dairy Farm—C. G. Hewatt, Ivy 5113	4.4	42,000	42	Highland, Boulevard and Forrest Ave.
D. S. Simmons, East Atlanta	5.4	45,000	47	Grant Park Section.
J. H. McCoy, Main 4165-L..	4.7	46,700	49	Capitol Ave., Washington, Rawson, Pulliam and Atlanta Ave.
A. L. White, R. F. D. No. 3	5.6	59,000	45	Grant Park Section.
A. F. Cross, R. F. D. No. 7..	4.0	60,000	49	West End.
Green & Kelly	5.2	66,500	48	Washington, Ormond, Grant Park Section, Houston and Ivy.
Rose Hill Dairy—*Andy Cook, Main 3677-J	6.6	75,000	44	Grant Park Section.
W. T. Key, Ivy 7631-J	5.0	87,000	45	Peachtree, W. Peachtree, Ansley Park, Inman Park, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Sts.
Blossom Hill Dairy—G. C. & E. D. Haines, R. F. D. No. 3	5.2	93,000	44	Grant Park Section.
Silver Leaf Dairy—*Cox & Carroll, Ivy 5987..	4.8	100,000	45	Ponce de Leon, Peachtree, Ansley Park, Forrest Ave.
Piedmont Park Dairy—*W. C. Shepherd, Ivy 5248	4.9	115,000	45	Highland Ave., Ansley Park, W. Peachtree and Cain St.
D. Saul, South Atlanta	5.2	227,500	49	Capitol Ave., Washington, Central Ave., S. Pryor, Bass and Clark.
W. Y. Nelms, Atlanta 5640..	4.6	275,000	61	Central Ave., Whitehall and Terminal Station.
Jos. M. Huey, R. F. D. No. 3..	5.6	300,000	44	Cherokee, Capitol Ave., Peachtree and Inman Park.
Highland Park Dairy—*W. L. Tuggle, Ivy 1551	4.0	300,000	42	Highland Ave., Inman Park and Ponce de Leon.
H. Jacobs, South Atlanta	5.0	565,000	52	S. Pryor, Washington and Capitol Ave.
W. W. Anglin, Atlanta 5975-B	5.0	600,000	40	Grant Park Section.
C. C. Johnson..	5.8	1,000,000	42	Inman Park.
R. C. Turner, R. F. D. No. 2..	4.2	1,100,000	52	
Burnett & Arnall, R. F. D. No. 3.. ..	5.0	1,400,000	40	Grant Park Section.
East Lake Dairy—*George Nix, Dec. 483	4.6	3,500,000	46	Highland Ave. and Inman Park.

JUDGE J. T. LACKLAND

Dies at Selma and Is Buried at Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The funeral of Judge J. Thomas Lackland, of Grove Hill, Ala., judge of the eighth judicial circuit of Alabama, whose death occurred at Selma, Ala., took place from St. Luke Methodist church in Columbus today. Interment was at Linwood cemetery in this city.

CORDELE POLICE CHIEF ENTERTAINS FRIENDS

Cordele, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Gathering last night, the mayor and aldermen, heads of all the various departments of the city government and several newspaper men were entertained at the courtesy of Chief of Police L. M. Sumner and his force at a sumptuous New Year "get-together" banquet at the dining rooms of the Parker Railway News company. Mayor J. Gordon Jones was toastmaster of the occasion, and speeches were delivered by himself, Aldermen J. N. King, C. L. McMillan, Mayor Pro Tem. W. D. Wilson, City Attorney Hugh Lasseter and Chief Sumner. The speeches were excellent, the menu an elaborate one, and the occasion was heartily enjoyed by all.

PROPOSED EXPORT BILL BRINGS MANY PROTESTS

Washington, January 2.—Protests from various business concerns against proposed legislation to restrict exports of war munitions and other goods to the European belligerents were filed today in the house.

Representative Curry, of California, introduced a resolution for an international convention to form an international court of justice and an international army and navy police and disarmament.

CARL LEADFORD KILLS SELF WHILE HUNTING

Franklin, N. C., January 2.—(Special.)—A young man by the name of Carl Leadford, of this place, while out hunting today, shot himself accidentally and died in a few hours, one load from the shotgun going through his body near the heart.

Decatur New Year Dance.

The dance at the Decatur Athletic club New Year's eve was a brilliant event, and was most thoroughly enjoyed by the large party present. Refreshments were served during the evening, and the dancing continued until 1:30 o'clock.

The new year was heartily welcomed by those assembled. New Year wishes and good cheer prevailed.

Those dancing were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ansley, Dr. and Mrs. Guy Ayer, Miss Marion Ponder of Columbus, Miss Walker of New York, Miss Mary Houston, Miss Nobie Clay, Miss Agnes Gibbs, Miss Mattie Belle Ripley, Miss Ellen Browder, Miss Katherine Ripley, Miss Lillian Browder, Miss Juliette Due, Miss Katie Camp, Miss Laura McClellan, Miss Willie Cummings, Miss Irma Heath, Miss Amelia Alexander, Miss Estelle Weaver, Miss Ermine Munford, Miss Marguerite Stevens, Miss Mariahne McClellan, Miss Sarah Terrell, Miss Annie Laurie Flake, Miss Marie Pearce, Miss Sarah Joyce King of Rome, and Miss Lois Pattillo, Messrs. Ernest Ramspeck, Ed Terrell, Will Ansley, Paul Green, Joe Elder, Hooper Alexander, Jr., Albert Kellogg, Hugh Burgess, Will Chase, Atticus Haygood, Joe Green, Joe Mack, Lytton Stanley, Hal Stanley, Guy Shearer, Millwood Martin, Ed Ripley, Tom Hardeman, Captain W. F. Clarke, Joe Wilburn, Clayton Scofield, Robert Ramspeck, Ben Stewart, Ed Barry, Gus Striblinc, John McClellan, Harold Bird, Everett Martin, Roy Hendee, Boyd Sutton, Ralph Stevens, S. D. Hammond, Marion Wilson, Ray Werner, B. F. Weaver, Curtis Thomson, Holman Gardner.

Others present were Mrs. William S. Ansley, Mrs. E. S. Hendee, Miss Eva Towers, Mr. E. H. Wilson and Mr. A. E. Hendee.

The club is planning other dances and entertainments for the early months of the new year.

BELGIAN RELIEF DAY SET FOR JANUARY 16

State-Wide Effort to Be Made to Aid War-Ridden Nation.

January 16 has been designated by the Belgian relief fund committee for the state of Georgia as Belgian Relief day throughout the state, and on that day special efforts will be made toward raising funds to be applied to the relief of the people in Belgium, in every city of considerable size throughout the state, according to Dr. F. E. May, executive secretary. Society women will be appointed who will sell on the streets tiny Belgian flags, receiving for them any amount whatever, and it is expected that the proceeds from these sales on Belgian Relief day will amount to a considerable sum.

In Atlanta committees of society women will be formed and will sell flags on the downtown streets.

The co-operation of Governor Slaton, Mayor Woodward and a number of other prominent citizens has been assured.

According to the plans of the relief committee, announced Thursday, the money raised in each city will be spent in purchasing supplies in that city to send to Charleston, and from there the Georgia-South Carolina ship will leave for Belgium.

Georgia's Response Disappointing.

The responses to the appeal for the Belgian relief fund, although in a number of individual cases, very gratifying, has fallen far short in Georgia of the mark set by other states.

"We realize that the situation in the south is not such that any great contributions may be expected," declared Dr. May, Thursday, "however, we do ask that everyone who feels able to contribute, even to a lesser extent, than they would have, had conditions been propitious; we would like to make it plain that every contribution, no matter how small, will be genuinely appreciated, and that it will do a great deal of real good.

"A donation of 25 cents might perhaps save the life of some little Belgian child, and in any case will be a great deal of help.

"Whatever one's sympathies may be as respects the virtue of the names of the other nations at war, there is no one, I believe, who fails to sympathize with the Belgians in their calamity."

Arrangements are being perfected for the relief day committee in Atlanta, who will take charge of the sale of the flags.

CENTRAL FORTS EMPTIED BY CALLS FOR TROOPS

Chicago, January 2.—Calls for United States soldiers on the Mexican border, in Colorado, Arkansas and elsewhere during the last two years have almost depopulated the twelve forts in the central department, according to a report today by Colonel D. A. Frederick, at departmental headquarters.

In January, 1913, the number of troops in the department was 19,529, with 1,107 officers. This year the total is 708 troops, with 49 officers. Of these officers, twelve are in Chicago. The forts average three officers and fifty troopers each.

PARK BOARD MEETING DEVELOPS LOVE FEAST

Board Will Ask Council to Give $7,000 to Improve Maddox Park.

The meeting of the park board yesterday afternoon developed into a love feast. Former General Manager Dan Carey appeared before the board to explain the details of the budget for the new year. He was in the best of spirits, and wished his successor, J. Oscar Cochran, a successful administration, and assured the board that he will always be found willing to assist the board with his knowledge of the affairs of the department.

Manager Cochran also made a short talk. He said that all he wanted was a square deal from the park board, council and the entire city government, and assured the members that he will show his ability to manage the affairs of the department.

The details of the budget have not been completed. The board gave much time Saturday considering the needs of Maddox park, in the fifth ward. County Commissioner Oscar Mills told the board that if the city council will give $7,000 for the improvement of Maddox park he has assurances that the county commissioners will supplement that appropriation with work.

The board finally decided to ask council for $7,000 to begin work.

A Real Foe
To Health is a Weak Stomach
From this source arises such ills as Poor Appetite, Nausea, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Constipation. You can conquer and fortify the system against such foes by the timely use of
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS
Be Sure you get the Genuine

BEST EXPERT DENTAL WORK AT LOWEST PRICES

Hours 8 to 6
Sunday 9 to 1
Dr. E. G. Griffin's
New Gate City Dental Rooms
Over Brown & Allen's New Store
ENTRANCE:
5 W. Alabama St.
Phone M. 1708--Lady Attendant

MOTHER! IT'S CRUEL TO FORCE OIL OR CALOMEL INTO A SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" Can't Harm Tender Stomach, Liver, Bowels.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "physic" that mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleaning give "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow. It should be the first remedy given as it always does good, never any harm.

Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. See that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.



When You Require a Prescription--

You really place your health, perhaps even your life, in the hands of the druggist who fills it!
A drop too much of a certain drug, the substitution of another—or careless compounding may retard you on the road to recovery.
RELIEVE YOUR MIND OF WORRY — THE NEXT TIME YOU GET A PRESCRIPTION FILLED, BRING IT HERE.
Thirty years of accuracy and reliability have built for us a Reputation as the FOREMOST PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS IN THE SOUTH!
The wide extent of our sales territory brings us a demand for rare Drugs for which the average druggist seldom receives a call. Our enormous buying power (11 stores) also makes it possible to secure any and every preparation, enabling us to fill any prescription correctly.
THE PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT OF EACH OF OUR ELEVEN STORES IS IN CHARGE OF A GRADUATE. Our Checking System is Perfection itself. SAFETY FIRST is strictly adhered to.
An inspection of the Prescription Department of any of our stores is invited.
ELEVEN STORES IN ATLANTA
Jacobs' Pharmacy
Main Store and Laboratory, 6 and 8 Marietta Street

22 Whitehall st. 102 Whitehall st. 70 W. Mitchell st. 542 Peachtree st. 245 Houston st. 216 Lee st., West End. 266 Peters st. 152 Decatur st. 424 Marietta st. Marietta and Forsyth sts., under Bijou Theater.

PROF. RUFUS SMITH DIES AT LAGRANGE

Sudden Death Overtakes One of State's Best-Known Educators—President LaGrange College 30 Years.

LaGrange, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) President Rufus W. Smith, of LaGrange college, died Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from an attack of acute indigestion and cerebral hemorrhage.

President Smith had been a teacher for more than fifty-five years, and the last thirty years had been president of LaGrange college. His parents were native Georgians; his paternal grandfather was a soldier in the revolution and took part in Greene's famous southern campaign. He graduated in 1856 with first honors of his class at Emory college.

"Uncle Rufus," as he was affectionately known all over the state, first taught in Atlanta, and from there he went to Barnesville, and during unsettled years after the war he taught and farmed near his old home in Greene county.

His Work in the War.

During the war he became first lieutenant of the Hancock Rifles, but was detailed shortly afterwards by Governor Brown to the Griffin Relief association, which work he kept up even after the war was over in providing for the returning soldiers, so that they could reach their homes more easily.

In the early seventies he became head of the preparatory school of Emory college and from there went as president of the Dalton Female college and then became president of LaGrange college in the summer of 1885, where he has been for the past thirty years.

His Work at LaGrange.

To this institution he had contributed more than $40,000, a record unparalelled in all Georgia educational work. The endangered college will stand as a monument to his unselfish devotion to the cause of education.

A busy man even in his old age, President Smith had always time and strength to go to church regularly, and had been the regular teacher of the same class in the First Methodist Sunday school for the past thirty years. He had always counted his church obligations first and in claim upon his time and money. His noble and unselfish example will ever stand as a model for the imitation for his fellow man.

He is survived by one daughter, Miss Maidee Smith, who is lady principal of LaGrange college, and six sons, Eula B. Smith, Gwyn M. Smith and Clifford L. Smith, of LaGrange; Cecil H. Smith, of Texas; Herbert M. Smith, New Mexico, and Leon P. Smith, Macon.

The funeral will be held at the LaGrange college Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The interment will be in LaGrange cemetery.

LaGrange college will begin its 1915 session Tuesday.

Well Known in Atlanta.

President Smith was widely known and much beloved in Atlanta.

William S. Witham, of the college board of trustees, will be among those of Atlanta who will act as pallbearers. Professor Smith had hundreds of friends all over the south who will be deeply saddened by news of his death.

Professor Smith was one of the most philosophical men of his time, being very Socratic and a notedly unique character. Many brilliant men were among those whom he prepared for college, including Judges Henry and Graham Lewis and others of that family.

INDUSTRIAL INDEX ENLARGES ITS SERVICE

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Industrial Index announces that beginning with its first issue this year it will add South Carolina and Mississippi to the states covered by its service. This well-known industrial publication, which now is in its ninth year, has been giving reports of industrial, construction and general business activities in the states of Georgia, Florida and Alabama. Recently the management decided that it was advisable to enlarge its territory, and its news service from now on will cover five states completely.

JAMES SANATORIUM
935 S. BELLEVUE BLVD.
MEMPHIS, TENN.

A Private Sanatorium for the Treatment of Drug Addictions, Alcoholism, Nervous Diseases, Tobacco and Cigarettes.

To reach Sanatorium take any car on Main Street, transferring east on Madison Avenue, thence south on Crosstown line and go to end of that line.

PATIENTS' TESTIMONIALS.

Having received their freedom from Morphine, Whiskey and Tobacco, they are loud in their praise of the James Treatment. Read their testimonials:

CURED OF DRUG HABIT

Yours of the 25th to hand and contents noted. I can truthfully say it is all true about my taking the treatment of the James Sanatorium for the morphine habit, and I am a cured man. I never suffered any, only from weakness. I was surprised when they told me I was not taking any morphine. It is true what you read in the Memphis papers about my cure, that I would rather die than lead the life I was living. I determined to go away from wife and family, and, if I returned it would be a cured man. Yours truly,
J. L. ABBOTT.

For further information and booklet containing testimonials in regard to sanatorium treatment, address Chas. B. James Sanatorium, 935 S. Bellevue Blvd., Memphis, Tenn. Correspondence confidential.

JAMES' HOME REMEDIES

Cost of treatment for drug addictions, alcoholism, tobacco and cigarette habits and neurasthenia is dependent upon age and physical condition, kind and quantity of drug used, etc. (City office, Home Remedy Co., 69 Monroe Ave., open Sunday from 9:30 to 12:30 a. m. Correspondence confidential.—(Adv.)

Constitution
WANT ADS
Will Open the Door of Opportunity for YOU
TELEPHONE
Main 5000--Atlanta 5001

GOV. SLATON BUYS MAP EXHIBITED BY 10-YEAR-OLD GIRL

Hanging upon the wall of Governor Slaton's office during the last few days has been a new and extraordinary map of Georgia. It is remarkable in that it shows the principal products of every county in the state, and was made by a little girl 10 years old.

Little Ava Wheeler, of Chattooga county, won first prize with this map at the recent Chattooga county fair, and Governor Slaton was so well pleased with her work that he bought the map.

"It would be a fine thing for this state if every child in it knew as much about its resources as this little girl shows in this map," said Governor Slaton.

GOOD CITIZENSHIP DAY PROGRAM ANNOUNCED

Many Atlanta Churches to Hear Distinguished Speakers Next Sunday.

The announcements for "Good Citizenship Day" in Atlanta on next Sunday have been completed as follows:

Ex-Governor R. B. Glenn, formerly of North Carolina, now of Washington, will speak: 11 a. m., Trinity Methodist church, Rev. C. O. Jones, D. D., pastor; 7:30 p. m., Central Presbyterian church, Rev. Dunbar Ogden, D. D., pastor.

Ex-Governor M. R. Patterson, of Tennessee, will speak: 11 a. m., First Methodist church, Rev. H. M. DuBose, D. D., pastor; 3 p. m., Auditorium.

Dr. Louis Albert Banks, New York city, will speak: 11 a. m., St. Paul's Methodist church, Rev. J. W. Quillian, D. D., pastor; 7:30 p. m., Central Baptist church, Rev. C. A. Ridley, D. D., pastor.

Rev. G. W. Young, D. D., Louisville, Ky., will speak: 11 a. m., Walker Street Methodist church, Rev. A. E. Sansburne, pastor; 7:30 p. m., Congregational Tabernacle, Dr. J. W. Blosser, pastor.

Governor Glenn will speak on "The Greatest Question Before the Church Today."

Governor Patterson will speak "Why I Changed Front."

Tour of the State.

Governor Glenn begins tomorrow in Macon, speaking twice. Dr. Eichelberger and Rev. J. B. Holley also speaking there. Governor Glenn speaks next week in the order named, at Moultrie, Waycross, Cordele, Griffin and Athens. On Sunday, the 10th, he joins the other speakers in Atlanta. Mr. Eichelberger says Governor Glenn is the strongest speaker on the American platform on "Good Citizenship," and that it will be a great day for Atlanta and other cities.

Governor Patterson, during the week following January 10, speaks in Macon, Savannah, Augusta, Albany and Columbus.

Dr. Louis Albert Banks, after speaking in Atlanta, will speak in Decatur, Marietta, LaGrange, Valdosta and Americus.

Dr. G. W. Young, after speaking in Atlanta, will speak in Canton, Rockmart and in two other towns.

MAYOR OF WAYCROSS AGAIN USES HIS VETO

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Mayor Scott T. Beaton today, for the second time in ten days, used his veto power, and, like his first veto, it was provoked by a council resolution giving aid to the churches of Waycross through exemption of city taxes. In his veto, which was filed with City Clerk A. C. Lowther today, Mayor Beaton said he believed in giving every assistance possible to the churches, but did not believe in rendering such assistance in violation of the laws he is sworn to uphold.

The church tax question has been an unusually lively one in Waycross for the past few weeks. The back taxes the present administration seeks to collect cover in some instances as long a period as six years. The fact that church property had not been returned was discovered by the board of tax assessors, of which W. W. Sharpe is chairman. Council, when first appealed to, voted to exempt all property, except that from which a revenue was derived. This action was vetoed by Mayor Beaton on the ground that it was illegal. When the next appeal was made, council decided to collect the taxes for the six-year period and then donate the money so collected to the churches making the payments for charity funds. It is this last-named action that Mayor Beaton today vetoed. Just what the next move will be is unknown. Members of council have shown their intention of sustaining the mayor's veto.

TALK THAT DINSMORE WILL RUN FOR RECORDER

Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—At a special meeting of city council last night, Colonel R. E. Dinsmore tendered his resignation as councilman, which was accepted, and T. E. Phillips elected as his successor.

There was some surprise over the resignation, as Councilman Dinsmore's term of office would have expired Monday, and Mr. Phillips, who was elected at the December election, would have taken office on that date. There is some talk on the streets that Dinsmore resigned that he might be elected recorder to succeed Recorder S. F. Mitchell, whose term expires Monday.

Georgia Military College.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The Georgia Military college will resume work after the holidays next Tuesday. The barracks will be crowded and the attendance of the school up to the limit. Prospects are good for a very prosperous session. The organization of the state championship baseball team will be in process within the next few days.

No More Piles

Simple Home Remedy Easily Applied Gives Quick Relief—and Costs Nothing to Try.



Before and After the First Trial.

Pyramid Pile Remedy gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all rectal troubles, in the privacy of your own home. 50c a box at all druggists. A single box often cures. Free sample for trial with booklet, mailed free, in plain wrapper, on request to Pyramid Drug Co., 516 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

REV. J. L. WHITE ARRIVES; WILL PREACH TODAY

"Man's Supreme Gift" Will Be Subject of the Morning Discourse.

The Rev. John L. White, formerly pastor of the Vineville Baptist church, of Macon, Ga., arrived Saturday afternoon to take charge of the pastorate at the Tabernacle. Officers of the Tabernacle met Dr. White and his family at the depot and welcomed them to the city. They immediately repaired to the Tabernacle dormitory, where they will stop for a few days.

Sunday there will be Sunday school at the usual morning hour, services at 11 o'clock, the installation services will be held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and preaching in the evening at 7:45 o'clock.

At the installation services, S. C. Callaway will preside. Dr. J. S. Purser will read the Scripture and the opening prayer will be made by Dr. John E. White. Short addresses will be made by Colonel H. A. Etheridge on behalf of the Tabnernacle; by Marion Jackson, on behalf of the laymen of the city; Dr. L. O. Bricker, on behalf of the Christian churches; Dr. Russell K. Smith, on behalf of the Episcopal churches; J. P. Jackson, secretary of the Young Men's Christian association, on behalf of the Young Men's Christian association; Dr. Dunbar Ogden, on behalf of the Presbyterian churches; Dr. H. M. DuBose, on behalf of the Methodist churches; Dr. A. H. Gordon, on behalf of the Baptist churches. Dr. John E. White and Will D. Upshaw, great friends of the pastor-elect, will made a few personal remarks. The response made by Dr. John L. White will be followed by the benediction, delivered by Dr. A. R. Holderby. There will be special music by the Tabernacle choir.

In his response Dr. White will explain as much as is now possible the policy he expects to pursue as pastor of the Tabernacle.

The Tabernacle folks and friends are optimistic over the institution's prospects under the charge of Dr. White, and they cordially invite the public to be present at his induction into the pastorate.

The topic of his morning service will be "Man's Supreme Gift." At night Dr. White will deliver a special discourse in regard to the effect that the European war is having upon this country religiously and financially, and the spirit in which we should take it.

He takes as his subject, "Have Prayers for Peace Failed?" Evidently Dr. White does not believe they have, as he declares that he is beginning the new year with all optimism.

SUICIDE IS FOILED.

Blackmon Cut From Rope's End by His Son.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—J. J. Blackmon, a well-known citizen of Girard, Ala., made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide at his home this morning. A rope had been fastened to the joists on the back veranda and when found by his son Mr. Blackmon was hanging from this rope in an unconscious condition. Restoratives were applied and he soon regained consciousness. Mr. Blackmon gave no reason for his rash act. Ill health is supposed to have been the cause.

NEW SHERIFF'S GRUB

Makes Laurens County Build Smokehouse.

Dublin, January 2.—(Special.)—Laurens county's new sheriff, W. N. Watson, has taken charge of his office here and moved his family to the jail from his plantation in the county. Along with his other belongings, Mr. Watson is bringing in 3,500 pounds of home-made meat, lard, corn syrup and other home-grown products, in such quantity that there was no room in the jail building proper to store it and the county had a brick smokehouse built for his use. This is probably the first jail in the state to need a smokehouse.

JUDGE CHAMBERS HOLDS FIRST COURT

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Hugh Chambers, elected judge of Macon's municipal court at the election last fall, sat on the bench of that court for the first time today, though he was formally ushered into office yesterday. Judge Chambers succeeds Judge Augustin Daly, who presided over the court during the first year of its existence, but who was defeated when he offered for re-election.

Judge Chambers takes an entirely new force of assistants into office with him. J. E. O'Quinn, former parcels post clerk at the Macon postoffice, is the new clerk of the court, and V. L. Powers is the sheriff.

Judge Daly has again entered the active practice of law, and on the very first day was appointed a receiver in a bankruptcy case by Judge Speer, in the United States district court. It is reported that he will shortly form an important alliance with a well-known law firm.

REYNOLDS ARRESTED AS CHECK FORGER

LaGrange, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Marshall Reynolds, who lives on the Story place, near LaFayette, has been arrested as the man who attempted to pass a forged check for $96.08 on M. J. Rutledge & Co. last week. The arrest was made by Deputy Hammond. Reynolds denies his guilt, but is identified as the man who attempted to pass the check by Mr. Rutledge and W. H. Campbell, both of whom were in the store at the time. Reynolds waived preliminary trial and is now in jail.

TIFT COUNTY OFFICERS TAKE UP THEIR DUTIES

Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Six new Tift county officers took up their new duties with the new year. Six of the old officers also received their commissions for another term. The new officers and the men they succeed are: J. S. Royal succeeds J. A. Merchant as treasurer; J. S. Ridgdill succeeds J. H. Price as solicitor for the city court; O. F. Sheppard succeeds G. W. Fletcher as tax receiver; T. E. Phillips, G. W. Ford and L. L. Simmons succeed M. Tucker, I. W. Bowen and M. L. Whitfield as county commissioners.

The old officers holding over are: R. Eve, judge city court; J. M. Shaw, sheriff; H. D. Webb, clerk; J. M. Hutchinson, tax collector; A. D. Ross, surveyor, and Charles F. Miller, coroner.

Ga. Normal Opens Tuesday.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The Georgia Normal and Industrial college will open its spring session Tuesday, January 5. The outlook for the coming session is bright.

Mrs. Stirling Describes Scenes In English Military Camp

Friends in Atlanta of Mrs. L. R. Stirling, who visited here two years ago as the guest of her brother-in-law, Dr. A. W. Stirling, will be interested in a recent article by Mrs. Stirling in The Edinborough Scotsman. It was written by Mrs. Stirling from Aldershot, England, where Lord Kitchener's newest army of British volunteers is being trained, and gives a splendid insight into war conditions in England.

Mrs. Stirling's article was in part as follows:

"And so you want a description of Aldershot? Well, where to begin, I wonder? I think the first thing that strikes one is the number of men. Men of all sorts and sizes and kinds. Men flying, cycling, motoring, riding, driving, learning to march and to stand, to form fours and march in line, to take cover, to double. Men playing leap-frog, or lying flat and raising themselves on one hand, or making windmills of themselves—as it seems—during the physical drill classes; men learning the use of the rifle, to load and sight, to estimate distances, to cook in camp oven and over long trenches, on which the black pots stew. Men bandaging each other, and carrying ambulance stretchers, making bridges of all sorts and kinds, but always and everywhere men in khaki being made as physically fit as is possible, that they may be the better killing machines—for that is what our life here is for—to construct a means of dealing death.

Till the Uniforms Are Ready.

"They are men of all ages, these new recruits, that are to form 'Kitchener's Army.' As varying as the dress in which one meets them are the expressions they have acquired. The demand for khaki is so great that it cannot as yet be met, and so the old red coats, kept in store for many years, and blue ones, too, are being dealt out. Caps are the shortest part of the uniform, though, and the effect of a man in khaki with a bowler hat is really rather ridiculous.

"But the rush of men has been so great that everything has run short. A friend of my own, who, failing to get into the cyclist corps, enlisted six weeks ago, has had a wonderful experience. A commission is being offered him, but he is hesitating to accept it, arguing that the men want stiffening, and as he enlisted because he wanted to be of use, real use, he is not sure that stopping in the ranks is not the way to be of the greatest service. However, for three days he and his fellow recruits had neither cups, plates, knives nor forks. They found stew the best of the viands, as one could "drink the gravy" from the pannikin! Now they are in comparative luxury. One hundred and fifty men are sleeping in a barrack room which should hold fifty, seven in two beds, put close to each other, with two blankets between three.

"I sat on the common, near the flying wonderful air carriages. There are so wonderful air carriages. There are so many sorts, from the great airships to tiny, little monoplanes, from biplanes with quick firers to 100-horse power single-seated 'air-scout' vehicles, that really 'aeroplanes' seems a word not comprehensive enough to describe them. Over the hills, which stretch away to the left, there are, as everywhere, tents and encampments. All arms of the service are represented. And the sailors are here, too, on training courses, particularly, learning to fly. Very smart they are, the men of the flying corps, with the plain double-breasted tunic buttoned across the chest, and the neat pointed cap, which is their uniform. Near me, as I sat, were the aeroplanes, ascending and alighting, as easily, it seemed, as the crowds which were hardly frightened by their movements.

Football.

"As drills occupy nine hours of the day, and even ten, one might have thought that even the British appetite for exercise would be satisfied, but in a few moments sides had been picked, goals of coats and caps formed, and a hotly contested game was in progress.

"Beyond lay the absolutely deserted golf links, and the club, the beautiful lawns of which are used on Sundays for open-air services and for signalling drill during the week. The ballroom is having partitions for cubicles fitted into it, and except for the fact that officers are living in it, there was absolutely no one to be seen in a place which is usually the center of the social life here.

"War is in the air, but is hardly ever mentioned. One talks to a man today; tomorrow he has left, with probably twelve hours' notice, possibly only three or four.

"The hospitals are filling, and convalescent homes preparing to take those for whom little can be done except help them to realize the difference the loss of an arm or hand or foot may make in their attitude to the world, and to prepare them to meet the changed conditions under which they re-enter a life they left but a few short weeks ago.

"Certainly Aldershot is wonderful. Officers never out of war kit, and one and all prepared for the order that may come at any moment. Huge motor lorries loaded with every conceivable thing, khaki-colored or dull gray, tear up and down to and from the stations, on which, in addition to the soldiers in khaki, are to be found the officers regulating and controlling the coming and going of troops, and of supplies. One loves to be here, and to feel so near the real thing, as this all is, and the very hum and life of the place are inspiring to a degree. Everything is in earnest, and really at work for an end. —L. R. S."

Mrs. Sneed Discusses Plans For Savannah's New Library

Mrs. Percival Sneed, librarian of Atlanta's Carnegie library, and principal of the Atlanta Library school, has returned from Savannah, Ga., where, with the prominent citizens there who have been working in the interest of the Carnegie library of Savannah, she advised as to the plans of the building and its equipment.

Mrs. Sneed is a member of the executive council of the American Library association; a member of the Georgia library commission, and frequently acts as agent for the Carnegie corporation in their arrangements for the establishment of public libraries in this section. She is a graduate of the library department of Pratt institute, and a leading spirit in the national activities making for library development in the United States.

In reference to her visit to Savannah, Mrs. Sneed is enthusiastic in her praise of the Georgia Historical society, and the Telfair Art gallery, the new public library arising from the activity of the two institutions, the Georgia Historical society founded in 1839.

Mrs. Sneed Talks.

"Savannah is one of the most beautiful cities in the world," said Mrs. Sneed, when asked for the story of her visit there. "Her people reflect a spirit of intellect and culture which carries all the traditions of the old south firmly on, with all the progress of the new south of the more modern moment.

"Understand that because Savannah is planning a new public library does not mean that Savannah has not had for many years a library—and that one of the very best and most valuable.

"She wished a public library building and has received a promise of $75,000 from the Carnegie corporation, and it was at the request of the trustees of the present library, Mayor Devant, and the Carnegie corporation, that I had the conference you ask about, pertaining to the new public library building. It is not my place to give out the plan; the probable equipment, etc., but I unhesitatingly state that the plans favored, when carried out, will give Savannah one of the most beautiful and perfectly equipped library buildings in the country.

The Locality.

"The city has bought a desirable lot on Bull street, adjoining Bull Memorial church and opposite Thomas park," continued Mrs. Sneed.

"The present public library is maintained in the building of the Georgia Historical society, where the society's own library is maintained, and where the public library was opened ten years ago. Mr. William Harden has been the librarian of the Georgia Historical society for forty years, and has acted as librarian for the public library since its establishment.

"The public library so increased in size and usefulness that the original quarters were not adequate for its use. When the new building is complete, the public library will be moved, but the library of the Georgia Historical society will remain in its own home, holding still its historical collections and publications and standing as a model institution to which all Georgians interested in southern and state history should belong.

"Mr. A. R. Lawton, the president for seven years, recently resigned and was succeeded by W. W. Mackall. An allied institution is the Telfair Art gallery of Savannah, of which the Georgia Historical society is the trustee.

Savannah's Art.

"The pictures represent a collection of the best specimens of modern painting, there being particularly fine pieces by Childe Hassam, Henri Martin, Gaston LaTouche, Henry Care-Delvaille, and Purvis de Chavannes.

"Under the discriminating guidance of Mr. Lawton, the president, in recent years, this fine collection has been added to, delighting students and connoisseurs.

"It may be said that from the allied forces of the Georgia Historical society and the Telfair Art gallery, one the conserver of records of the past, the other the conserver of beauty, has sprung the vigorous public library.

"It must depart from necessity in its new home from many of the charming old ways, for it must be and will be a democratic institution, meeting as far as possible the tastes of all the people. It will stand firmly and finely among the other institutions which typify so beautifully Savannah's ideals."

Lecture of Mary Antin Here Will Prove a Notable Event

No event scheduled for the future is of more general interest to all elements of society than the coming of Mary Antin, that most unique of feminine figures in the group of women scholars of world note, and students of social problems.

She will lecture here under the auspices of the Council of Jewish Women, and all the women's organizations of the city will lend their interest and support to the occasion. Mary Antin is the wife of one of the faculty of Columbia university.

She wrote and published two years ago the book entitled "The Promised Land," and recorded in literature today as a remarkable production. It is the autobiography of a Russian emigrant, and carries with it a dramatic life story, setting forth the standards and traditions, political and otherwise, of Russia and the United States. In view of present conditions the story of the two countries as seen by the native of one and the resident now of the other, is significantly interesting.

A series of articles, entitled "Knocking at Our Gates," and published in The American Magazine, again attracted attention to Mary Antin, the writer.

She is the most sought-after speaker at the gatherings of men and women in Boston and New York, where international questions of import are discussed, and no woman is more widely quoted.

At the Lincoln dinner, given in New York last winter, she shared honors with Theodore Roosevelt, and the force and charm of her discourse brought to their feet, with eager desire to see her, the distinguished audience assembled on that occasion. She is dark and petite, and very like the picture of herself, taken just after she stepped off the emigrant ship in this country and went to Boston to live. The time and place of Mary Antin's lecture will be announced later.

BAD COLD, HEADACHY OR BILIOUS? REGULATE YOUR BOWELS! 10 CENTS

Break a bad cold? Yes! Surest way in the world is to take two Cascarets to-night and you will wake up with a clear head and the cold gone. Try this! If headachy, stuffed up and sore all over from a cold or grippe give your liver and bowels a thorough cleansing with Cascarets and you will wonder in the morning what became of your misery-making cold.

Cascarets is the surest cold breaker known—a 10-cent box will prove it.

Mothers should cure children's colds this way—no harm—no dangerous drugs.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
10 CENT BOXES—ANY DRUG STORE
ALSO 25 & 50 CENT BOXES
WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

PLAYGROUND DIRECTOR

Takes Charge of His New Work in Macon.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Erwin Garmhauser, of Columbus, Ohio, who was recently elected director of the Macon playground system, will reach Macon tomorrow, and will at once take charge of the work here. Mr. Garmhauser succeeds E. G. Kingsbury, who recently went to Yonkers, N. Y., to take charge of a $100,000 playground plant in that city. Mr. Garmhauser is a member of the National Playground Directors' association. His wife is also experienced in playground work, and will be a valuable assistant to him, just as Mrs. Kingsbury was to her husband.

A meeting will be held Tuesday, which will be attended by the members of the Macon Playground association and Mr. and Mrs. Garmhauser, at which time plans for the reopening of the work in Macon will be discussed. Macon has four different public playgrounds, and each is equipped with modern apparatus.

MACON MAKES GOOD BUILDING RECORD

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The report of the city building inspector for 1914 shows that close to $75,000 was spent in building improvements in Macon during the year, despite the financial depression caused during the last quarter by the war. The total sum is only $13,000 less than in 1913, one of the city's record years. Among the buildings erected during 1914 were four apartment houses at a cost of between $50,000 and $75,000. Macon is fast becoming a city of apartment houses and the owners of these already erected say they have no trouble keeping them filled with tenants.

In addition to his other duties, Building Inspector F. Joe Bishop has caused to be placed a total of seventy-five fire escapes during the year. He required that one be placed on every building three stories or over in height. A total of sixty-nine buildings were condemned and ordered torn down during the year.

LOUISVILLE CITY FATHERS RE-ELECTED

Louisville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The city of Louisville today re-elected the old ticket for mayor and council in full without any opposition whatever, as follows:

R. L. Bethea, mayor; Captain J. H. Polhill, W. A. Stone, C. C. Burkehalter, L. W. Wills and W. M. Wigham, jr., council. Under their past administration during the last twelve months the town has voted sewerage bonds and will begin construction at once. This is regarded as a step forward and the indorsement of the voters was freely given to the old officers. However, only a light vote was cast, forty-one being polled.

LaFayette Masons.

LaGrange, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) At the regular communication of the Western lodge of Lafayette, No. 91, F. & A. M., held Saturday night, the following officers were named: O. W. Bledsoe, worshipful master; E. P. Hall, S. W.; B. Suggs, J. W.; J. W. Massey, jr., secretary; J. E. Patton, treasurer; A. R. Steele, S. D.; Roy Thurmond, J. D.; Marry Holland and Luke Sims, stewards; E. P. Hall, chaplain; W. D. Loughridge, tyler.

"TIZ" FOR ACHING, SORE, TIRED FEET

"TIZ" for Tender, Puffed-Up, Burning, Calloused Feet and Corns.



People who are forced to stand on their feet all day know what sore, tender, sweaty, burning feet mean. They use "TIZ," and "TIZ" cures their feet right up. It keeps feet in perfect condition. "TIZ" is the only remedy in the world that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet and cause tender, sore, tired, aching feet. It instantly stops the pain in corns, callouses and bunions. It's simply glorious. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel after using "TIZ." You'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't tighten and hurt your feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "TIZ" now from any druggist, department or general store. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents.

STOKES CASE POSTPONED.

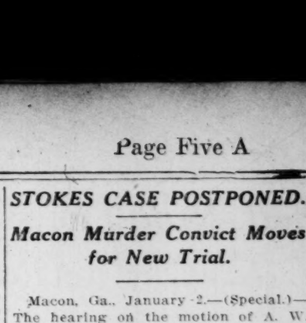
Macon Murder Convict Moves for New Trial.

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The hearing on the motion of A. W. Stokes, the Macon lawyer convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of V. C. Thomason, for a new trial, was again postponed today because of the fact that there were too many other cases on the calendar. The motion is based principally on the ground that Judge Mathews did not charge the jury on manslaughter. Mrs. Stokes and her little son were in court this morning. Stokes' plea at his trial was that Thomason had wrecked his home.

Get Rid of Pimples--Quick

By Using Stuart's Calcium Wafers—Natural Little Blood Purifiers That Work Like a Charm.

Don't despair if your face is covered with pimples, blotches, liver spots, or your body is covered in spots with tetter, rash, boils, etc. Just use Stuart's Calcium Wafers for a short time and see how quickly you will clear up your skin.



He—"How swell you look." She—"It was only removing the pimples, and Stuart's Calcium Wafers did that."

Pimples and eruptions of all kinds come from the inside. The blood casts out the impurities it contains and thus pimples, boils, etc., appear. Cleanse the blood, stop the poison from developing in the blood tissues and pimples will vanish as if by magic.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers contain in a natural manner the greatest blood purifier—Calcium Sulphide.

Calcium Sulphide and the other ingredients of these remarkable little wafers are just what impure blood needs. You must know that the blood is rushing through our veins very fast. It takes less than a minute for our blood to cover the entire body.

You can thus readily see that Stuart's Calcium Wafers, when they enter the body, have an almost instant effect upon all impurities, no matter where located, whether it be the tip of the nose or the ends of the toes.

By the use of Stuart's Calcium Wafers your complexion will take on a fresher hue and a more natural series of tints than ever before.

Impure blood is blue or black. Purify it and it becomes ruby red. This color showing beneath the skin is the secret of all beautiful complexions.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are sold by all druggists everywhere. Price 50 cents a box. A small sample package mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., 175 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.



CUT YOUR TELEPHONE EXPENSES

We can save you 50 per cent on trunk line service. Leading department stores, wholesale houses and railroads use our lines for efficiency and economy. Why not you?

Atlanta Telephone & Telegraph Co.

FATHER Reads the Financial News
MOTHER Reads the Society News
SISTER Reads the Dramatic News
BROTHER Reads the Sporting News
UNCLE JACK Reads the War News

BUT—

They All Read the Want Ads IN The Atlanta Constitution

TELEPHONE Main 5000 Atlanta 5001

COCHRAN NOW IN CHARGE OF PARKS

Prospect of Contest of Election of New Manager Thought to Be Dwindling. Employees Retained.

J. Oscar Cochran, who was elected general manager of parks over Dan Carey on Friday, assumed charge of the park department bright and early Saturday morning.

General Manager Cochran's first official act was to attach his signature to a check for $368 to pay off the laborers of the department. The check was carried to Mayor Woodward to be countersigned, and the fact that the mayor attached his signature without protest is taken as an indication that he will not carry out his threat to contest Cochran's election in the courts.

Manager Cochran took occasion to inform the members of the park department while they were receiving their pay envelopes that they will all remain in their positions. He declared that he contemplates making no changes, either in the office force or in the park forces. One announcement which the new general manager made and which was gladly received around the hall was that he would retain Miss Helena Douglas as bookkeeper and secretary.

Buchanan to Succeed Cochran.

From the city attorney's office it was announced that W. T. Buchanan, chief marshal of the municipal court, will be appointed to succeed Cochran as investigator in the office of Assistant City Attorney W. D. Ellis. As marshal of the municipal court, Buchanan receives $1,800 a year, while as investigator he will receive only $1,500. It is understood that Marshal Buchanan has been dissatisfied with his court job and has been seeking to exchange places with Cochran for several weeks.

O. H. Puckett will be appointed to succeed Buchanan as marshal, and J. M. George will be made deputy marshal.

It developed Saturday that one of the dark horses in the race was Alderman Jesse W. Armistead, of the Seventh ward. Friends of Alderman Armistead declare that he had enough votes pledged to elect him on the second ballot, but no second ballot was taken. They say Mayor Woodward wanted to vote for Alderman Armistead, and his failure to be present when the first ballot was cast is explained by this development.

Mayor Still Wrought Up.

Mayor Woodward was still wrought up Saturday morning over the action of the park board in electing Cochran to the place of general manager. He declared that his feeling was not due to any personal dislike for Cochran, but was the result of the methods which were employed to defeat Carey. The mayor says that he still favors recalling the six men who voted against Carey.

That ex-Manager Carey is reconciled to the adverses he received Friday was evident when he turned over the keys and records of the park department to his successor. Carey appeared at the office to secure his belongings and private papers, and engaged in a friendly conversation with the new manager. Manager Cochran suggested that Mr. Carey present the park department with a picture to hang on the wall.

"I would like to have a big picture of you, the first park manager, to hang on the wall," Manager Cochran suggested.

"Only the pictures of the presidents are there," replied Mr. Carey.

"Well, the managers ought to be there," replied Manager Cochran.

"I'll think it over," Mr. Carey said in parting.

Cochran Defends Election.

General Manager Cochran declared Saturday that as far as he was personally concerned he did nothing during his campaign to injure Carey. He said that when the charges against Mr. Carey were suggested to him he flatly refused to allow the information to be used, and he explained that had it not been for one of the commissioners nothing would have ever been said to embarrass Mr. Carey or his friends.

"I made the race fairly and squarely and I can look any man in the eye," Manager Cochran said. "I knew that Mr. Carey was going to have opposition, and I knew that I had a good chance of being elected over any opposition, so I took my chance.

"I have made no pledges, and if there is a man on the board or off the board who believes that I am going to degrade the office by playing favorites to the detriment of the city, they are mistaken. I have made no debts, and I have no debts to pay. If there are any apointments to be made I will make them on merit and efficiency alone.

"While I am in office I propose to let my acts as an officer of the city speak for themselves."

CITY WARDEN EVANS DID SPLENDID WORK

Wants of 8,476 Distressed Persons Were Attended To in 1914.

Splendid work on the part of City Warden Thomas Evans is shown in the annual report which he has prepared for the mayor and general council. The report shows that during the year the wants of 8,476 distressed and wretched people of Atlanta were looked after in a practical manner. These people were given orders for coal and groceries amounting to $1,572.07.

In addition to helping the living, Warden Evans buried 158 negroes and 52 white persons at a cost of $1,822. Railroad transportation amounting to $1,896.93 was issued to those who were too poor to pay passage from Atlanta to some city where they could get work. Only 159 persons were sent to the alms house.

During the last days of December the warden looked after 1,895 calls.

Warden Evans urges that council set aside a relief fund of $30,000, explaining that in many cases he has been forced to cut down aid to white families to $1.50, whereas they needed $4 and $5.

In addition to the money appropriated by council, the warden was aided in his work through contributions from Edward W. Alfriend and Ira R. Steiner.

The warden thanks City Clerk Walter Taylor, Councilman Claude Mason and others who gave aid in the matter of locating distressed families, also those who aided the work of the office with personal contributions.

GRICE WILL TEACH IN ATLANTA LAW SCHOOL

Warren Grice, attorney general of Georgia, will head the faculty department of real property at the Atlanta Law school, according to an announcement by the dean, Colonel Hamilton Douglas, last night. Colonel Grice is one of the ablest and best-known lawyers in Georgia, and a member of the very well-known law firm of Judge W. L. and Warren Grice, of Hawkinsville, Ga. The senior member of this firm is the father of the present attorney general, and one of south Georgia's foremost jurists.

Colonel Grice will personally conduct classes in real property every Tuesday afternoon at the Atlanta Law school, the first session under his instruction being next Tuesday afternoon. Sessions of the Atlanta Law school for the year 1915 will begin next Monday afternoon, January 4, according to the dean's bulletin.

COLORED CHURCH WILL OBSERVE "GO TO CHURCH"

Go-to-church day will be observed at the First Congregational church, colored, corner Courtland avenue and Houston street, today. At 11 o'clock the communion will be administered and new members received. At 7:45 p. m., the anniversary of the Christian Endeavor Society will be observed with addresses by Sol W. Luckie and St. Elmo Reynolds. Rev. H. H. Proctor will preach on "Forward Steps in the Life of the New Year." Secretary Trent will sing.

FIRES OF YEAR 1914 COST CITY $671,128

January Was Very Prolific of Fires, Total for That Month Being $212,253. Chief Asks for Motors.

Atlanta lost through fires in 1914 exactly $671,128, according to the annual report of Fire Chief W. B. Cummings. The month of January, 1914, shows the heaviest loss for a single month during the year, the total being $212,253. The month of December occupies second place, with a total fire loss of $129,240.

The value of the buildings lost or damaged by fire during the year is $8,131,645, on which was carried $5,757,845 in insurance.

The insurance loss on buildings and contents amounted to $639,631.

Sparks from chimneys caused 439 fires, the greatest number from one cause. There were 168 fires of unknown causes and 101 false alarms.

There were only 1,470 fires from all causes during the year.

The most peculiar fire was caused by the explosion of sewer gas. Fireworks caused four fires, and the careless cigarette smoker caused fourteen fires.

In his report Chief Cummings calls the attention of council to the necessity of equipping the department with motor-drawn vehicles.

"The efficiency of the department could be increased 100 per cent if it were possible at this time to supplant every horse-drawn piece of apparatus with modern motor-drawn equipment," says the chief.

Two fire stations were completed during the year. One is located in the eighth ward and one in the fifth ward. The fifth ward house has not been equipped. The eighth ward house is equipped and in operation.

The total value of property and equipment of the department is $717,348.58, showing that the department has progressed with the growth of the city.

Chief Cummings comments favorably on the new fire alarm system and the addition of a number of boxes during the year.

Chief Cummings thanks the men of the department for the co-operation given him during the year, and also extends thanks to the police department and to the water department.

The chief goes into the details of the administration of the department, and the report shows that the fire department of Atlanta ranks with the best in the country in the matter of efficiency.

STOCKBRIDGE HEADS THE CIVIC FORUM

Basil Stockbridge, the well-known attorney of the law firm of Foster & Stockbridge, was unanimously elected president of the Civic Forum at an enthusiastic meeting in the Chamber of Commerce assembly room last night, to succeed Wharton O. Wilson, who has headed the Civic Forum since it was organized.

All four of the officers chosen by the Civic Forum for the ensuing term are Atlanta lawyers: Leonard J. Grossman was elected vice president; George Northen, secretary, and Catchings Therell, treasurer.

Following the election of officers an indictment against Mr. Wilson, the retiring president, charging him with unusual efficiency, among other things, was read by Mr. Stevens, the retiring secretary. The president appointed an investigating committee consisting of Walter LeCraw, Leonard J. Grossman and Catchings Therell to pass upon the charges. Mr. Wilson was found guilty, not only of the charges specified, but also of arson, having wilfully kindled a flame of admiration in the hearts of all the members of the Civic Forum.

In announcing this verdict Mr. LeCraw delivered a stirring address on behalf of the Civic Forum, presenting Mr. Wilson with a handsome set of heavy jeweled cuff buttons and scarf pin, in appreciation of his services as president.

TEACHERS OF ENGLISH

Association Is Planned by Mrs. Lelia Jones Leitner.

A movement is now on foot to organize in Atlanta an association of teachers of English, which will affiliate with the National Council of Teachers of English. Among those interested in this movement in Atlanta is Mrs. Lelia Jones Leitner. Such an organization, it is believed, would be of material benefit to the teachers.

The National Council of Teachers of English is an organization having a membership covering every state in the union and several foreign countries. It serves as a clearing house for over forty state and city associations with a combined membership of over 10,000.

An extremely interesting annual session of the national council was held in Chicago last November, and a special meeting with the department of superintendence will be held in Cincinnati in February, when English as an administrative problem will be discussed.

SAVINGS DEPOSITORS GET $15,000 INTEREST

The 8,304 savings depositors of the Third National bank are over $15,000 better off than they were just one year ago. That is the sum now being paid out in interest on savings deposits by Assistant Cashier A. J. Hansell, of the Third National, who has one of the busiest weeks of the year ahead of him.

This is semi-annual interest which means total payments to the depositors of more than $30,000 during the year. The individual amounts are paid either by check or by entry in the pass book at the option of the depositor. The vast majority of them add their interest to their savings, thereby getting it compounded.

FOURTH NATIONAL PAID OUT $36,000 DIVIDENDS

It was erroneously stated in the story of the Atlanta bank dividends Saturday morning that the Fourth National bank, with a payment of 6 per cent dividends on a capital stock of $600,000, had paid only $20,000. The correct amount is $36,000.

Thompson May Recover.

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Reports from Bickley say that John Thompson, seriously wounded last week while trying to avoid trouble between two well-known white men, is getting some better and may recover. He was shot through the abdomen.

Cotton to Vera Cruz.

Galveston, Texas, January 2.—Shipments of cotton to Mexico held up for several weeks on notice from Vera Cruz that no freight for interior points would be accepted there, will be resumed next week, it was announced here today.

Trainmaster Teague.

Savannah, Ga., January 2.—Oscar R. Teague, of Tampa, Fla., trainmaster of the Florida division of the Seaboard Air Line railway, has been made superintendent of the Alabama division of the road, with headquarters in Savannah. He succeeds T. W. McGaw, who died this week.

Cutting Prices to Conditions, High Co. Opens Clearance Sale Which Is Due to Break Record

On the eve of launching one of the most staggering clearance sales in the history of this store, which has been an institution in Atlanta for thirty-four years, William H. Brittain, president and general manager of the J. M. High Co., declared last night that the cost of living was lower in Atlanta than any other city in the states.

"Groceries, furnishings, wearing material and all other necessities—excepting rent," he said, "are cheaper here than any other metropolis in America. It is possible in Atlanta to live well-fed, well-clothed, well-furnished and well-sheltered on a surprisingly low financial basis.

"Even if there were hard times in Atlanta, it would not cause near the depression that would be noted in any other city of its kind, because of the living conditions that exist and the co-operation the merchant and business man give their patrons."

The Human Element.

Adapting prices to human requirements is the unique policy the High firm has announced for the big January clearance sale that begins tomorrow morning. Prices have been smashed and chopped beyond recognition. Since the European conflict put American conditions into suspense, experts of the High company have been studying the situation at home, with the result that the store is prepared to inject the human element into their coming sale more forcibly and effectively than at any other time in its career.

Groceries, coats, suits, millinery, shoes, ready-to-wear, furniture, all department commodities will be put upon the reduction counters at astounding prices. According to the firm's announcement this morning, the stock is not being unearthed from the shelves, but is all new material and stylish.

Monday's sale will be devoted to ladies' suits and dresses and undermuslins for women and misses. There will even be girls' and children's muslin underpieces offered at a nickel. The undermuslin and suit sale will continue all month, but Monday will be turned over to it exclusively. Announcement will be made from day to day of the particular departments that will occupy the new day's sale.

A feature—date yet unannounced—will be the silk sale. Buyers of the High firm have been touring the silk centers of the north and east for months acquiring a stock of silk that will be turned over to the clearance counters for Atlanta's benefit.

LINEN STORE PUTS ON FIRST JANUARY SALE

J. B. Fallaize Originafor in This City of These Sales. Reduced Prices Now On.

Following a trade custom which the senior member of the firm inaugurated in Atlanta some sixteen years ago, the Linen Store is now conducting its first January sale.

To J. B. Fallaize belongs the credit for originating in this city the January sales on linen goods. This was when he was in charge of the linen department of one of the city's big department stores. Now the head of the Linen Store, established less than a year ago, at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, he has just had issued a very attractive catalogue listing a great number of reduced prices on linens and white goods and carrying the announcement that this is the first January linen sale his company has had the opportunity to put on for the housewives of Atlanta.

These January linen sales have grown to be a part of the commercial life of many cities. Following the holiday season, many housewives take advantage of the opportunity to replenish their linen wardrobes, and in keeping with the progressive policies of many linen houses over the country, Atlanta's Linen Store offers to the housewives this opportunity and makes of January really the best trading month in the year.

"We have a wonderful stock of linens," said Mr. Fallaize, "which we are offering in these reduced price sales. These goods were contracted for many months ago, some more than a year ago, so that we are in a position to name very low prices. The manufacturers whom we represent have favored us with many odd lots and sample lots at discounts of 25 to 33 1-3 per cent, so that our customers may feel that we have made great efforts to protect them and aid them in this, our first January linen sale."

SAYS SULPHUR DRIVES ECZEMA FROM THE SKIN

Use Like Cold Cream to Instantly Stop Itching and Clear the Skin.

Sulphur, says a renowned dermatologist, just common bold-sulphur made into a thick cream will soothe and heal the skin when irritated and broken out with Eczema or any form of eruption. The moment it is applied all itching ceases and after two or three applications the Eczema disappears, leaving the skin clear and smooth.

He tells Eczema sufferers to get from any good pharmacy an ounce of bold-sulphur and apply it to the irritated parts the same as you would any cold cream.

For many years common bold-sulphur has occupied a secure position in the practice of dermatology and cutaneous affections by reason of its parasite-destroying property. It is not only parasiticidal, but also antipruritic, antiseptic and remarkably healing in all irritable and inflammatory conditions of the skin. While not always effecting a permanent cure it never fails to instantly subdue the angry itching and irritation and heal the Eczema right up and it is often years later before any eruption again appears on the skin.

HEALTH OF ATLANTA IS GREATLY IMPROVED

Report of Dr. Claude Smith Is of the Most Gratifying Character.

Greatly improved hygienic conditions are shown in the annual report of Dr. Claude Smith, city bacteriologist. Out of a total of 1,223 cultures examined for diphtheria bacillus, only 158 showed the germ to be present. This is quite a decrease, as 267 cultures showed the germ last year.

During the year Dr. Smith made 3,848 bacterial tests of milk and 4,486 samples were put through chemical analysis. Only 257 microscopical examinations were made. The number of tests and examinations made in 1914 were three times greater than in 1913.

Dr. Smith calls the attention of the board to the need of a veterinarian to work in conjunction with the state department in carrying out the tuberculin test.

Tests and examinations of meat samples during the year show that very few head of cattle were slaughtered when infected.

Twenty-five bacterial examinations of water during the year failed to show any increase in bacterial counts or evidence of contamination.

The report states that the germs of meningitis have been wiped out completely, and that only a few specimens showed evidence of the hookworm disease.

The report shows also that the mosquito has almost been wiped out during the year, despite the fact that the past summer was favorable to the pest. The educational exhibits used in the fly campaign have helped the work to a great extent.

IDENTITY OF YEGGS IS STILL UNKNOWN

The identity of the cracksmen who blew up and robbed the safe of the East Point postoffice several days ago is as much a mystery as ever. Officers and inspectors working on the case, however, obtained Saturday a new clue to the whereabouts of the men when they discovered a package known to have been locked in the demolished safe. It contained money order blanks and five books of stamps and was found in a box car in the freight yards of Montgomery, Ala.

SOAP ON HAIR CAUSES DANDRUFF, SCALP GETS DRY, HAIR FALLS OUT

Girls! Get a 25 Cent Bottle and Try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse."

After washing your hair with soap always apply a little Danderine to the scalp to invigorate the hair and prevent dryness. Better still, use soap as sparingly as possible, and instead have a "Danderine Hair Cleanse." Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one strand at a time. This will remove dust, dirt and excessive oil. In a few moments you will be amazed, your hair will not only be clean, but it will be wavy, fluffy and abundant, and possess an incomparable softness and lustre.

Besides cleansing and beautifying the hair, one application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; stimulates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair. Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Men! Ladies! You can surely have lots of charming hair. Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

STATEMENT, DECEMBER 31ST., 1914

(SEMI-ANNUAL)

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	$5,275,259.00	Capital Stock	$ 600,000.00
Overdrafts	1,292.43	Surplus and Undivided Profits	975,757.61
U. S. Bonds and Premium	764,675.00	Circulation	900,000.00
Other Bonds to Secure U. S. Deposits	43,400.00	Deposits	6,788,840.13
Stocks and Bonds	108,863.62		
Fourth National Bank Building	625,000.00		
Cash—			
In Vault $ 984,037.98			
Due from Banks 1,382,064.21			
Due from U. S. Treasurer 64,000.00			
Investment in $100,000,000.00 Gold Fund 16,005.50	2,446,107.69		
	$9,264,597.74		$9,264,597.74

Dividend Number 37 for $36,000.00 Issued and Paid Dec. 24, 1914.

AN ACTIVE DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY OF THE UNITED STATES, STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON AND CITY OF ATLANTA.

OFFICERS

JAMES W. ENGLISH, President
JOHN K. OTTLEY, Vice President
CHARLES I. RYAN, Vice President and Cashier
WILLIAM T. PERKERSON, Asst. Cashier — FRANK M. BERRY, Asst. Cashier
STEWART M'GINTY, Asst. Cashier — HATTON B. ROGERS, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS

Edward C. Peters	James D. Robinson	Daniel B. Harris
Charles A. Wickersham	Albert Steiner	D. N. McCullough
W. T. Gentry	James W. English	J. R. Hopkins
David Woodward	John J. Woodside	George W. Parrott
John K. Ottley	Charles I. Ryan	Clyde L. King
	Harry L. English	

We invite accounts of individuals, firms and corporations. This bank is equipped to render the best possible service to its patrons by reason of its financial strength, its excellent facilities for the transaction of business, and its very convenient location.

Interest Paid on Accounts in Our Savings Department.
Start the New Year by Making a Deposit Here.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

Relief for Catarrh Sufferers Now FREE

You Can Now Treat This Trouble in Your Own Home and Get Relief at Once.



By the new method the nose and throat are treated by an effective local remedy applied directly to the afflicted membranes.

The Elixir, taken into the stomach, has a direct influence upon the mucous membranes of the body and cures the disease by removing the cause.

How the Remedy for Catarrh Was Discovered.

THIS terrible disease has raged unchecked for years simply because *symptoms* have been treated while the cause of the trouble has been left to circulate in the blood, and bring the disease back as fast as local treatments could relieve it.

C. E. Gauss, who experimented for years on a treatment for Catarrh, found that after perfecting a balm that relieved the nose and throat troubles quickly, he could not prevent the trouble beginning all over again.

On test cases, he could completely remove all signs of Catarrh from nose and throat, but in a few weeks they were back.

Careful experiments and investigations have shown that as the troubles were expelled from the nose and throat, the real cause of the disease was overlooked and in a short time the Catarrh would return stronger than ever. Mr. Gauss has gone way ahead of the ordinary methods of treatment and has provided a remedy that

Removes the Cause

and Immediately Gives Relief to the Nose and Throat

Reese Jones, of Scranton, Penn., says that after trying many other treatments, he used this new method and—"My nose is now entirely clear and free and I am not bothered by the disease any more. The New Combined Treatment is worth its weight in gold."

Temporary relief from catarrh may be obtained in other ways, but the New Combined Treatment must inevitably be accepted for *permanent* results.

Sarah J. Cape, Mount Pelia, Tenn., says, "I suffered the pains and distress of catarrh for thirteen years and needless to state, tried nearly every method. But by your new method I was *completely* cured and you cannot imagine the joy that has come over me."

Trial Treatment FREE

This new method is so important to the welfare of humanity, so vital to every person suffering from any form of catarrh, that the opportunity to actually *test* it and *prove* its results, will be gladly extended without one cent of cost.

A large trial treatment, with complete, minute directions, will be sent free to any catarrh-sufferer.

Send no money, take no risks, make no promises. Simply clip, sign and mail the coupon and the test package of the New Combined Treatment will be sent, fully prepaid, together with the valuable book on Catarrh.

Goes to the Root of

- Stopped-up noses
- Constant "frog-in-the-throat"
- Nasal discharges
- Hawking and spitting
- Snoring at night
- Bad breath
- Frequent colds
- Difficult breathing
- Smothering sensation in dreams
- Sudden fits of sneezing
- Dry mucus in nose

and any of the other symptoms that indicate approaching or present catarrh

Send the Test Treatment FREE

C. E. GAUSS,
6617 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

If your New Combined Treatment will relieve my Catarrh and bring me health and good spirits again, I am willing to be shown. So, without cost or obligation to me, send, fully prepaid, the Treatment and Book.

Name .....

Address .....

.....

THOS. H. PITTS BANQUETS EMPLOYEES



More than half a hundred of the employees of Thos. H. Pitts, the popular cigar and tobacco man, gathered at a jovial banquet at the Winecoff hotel Friday night. Many of the wives and sweethearts of the boys were present. Geo. W. Hanson acted as toastmaster. Many compliments were paid to Mr. Pitts, both by the toastmasters and other guests, on his signal success in the tobacco business in this city. Twenty-three years ago Mr. Pitts conducted his first small cigar store in what was then known as the Norcross corner, now the site of the Fourth National bank. He now owns four of the leading and largest cigar and tobacco stores in the city, as follows: Five Points, Candler building, Fourth National, Davison-Paxon-Stokes company. Much of the success which has come to Mr. Pitts can be accounted for by the reason of his courteous manner and square deal to the public, and that was the keynote in the brief talk made Friday night by many of those present. The banquet was tendered by Mr. Pitts to his employees, the idea being to bring about closer harmony and co-operation among them in their work of serving the public.—(adv.)



A Department Devoted to the Interests of Commercial Travelers, Wholesalers, Manufacturers, Etc.

THE CONSTITUTION'S FIRING LINE

PRESS HUDDLESTON, Editor.



"NOW YOU GET IT--- AND NOW YOU DON'T"

Atlantan Almost Had $30,000 Within His Grasp, But War Holds Up His Cash.

To have the sum of $30,000—$15,000 in bonds and $15,000 in cash—ready and waiting almost for you to reach out and pluck it—to call it your own—and then have it suddenly snatched away—to be told that you may get it some day, but no telling when—is an awful, exasperating experience to go through with these hard times.

But that has been—and is—the experience of Eugene Cintz, the clever salesman for the Atlanta Coffee Mills company. It will be remembered that Mr. Cintz paid a visit to the old country just before the war began. He went over there to get his share of an estate which had just been wound up, and from which he was to receive $30,000. He found everything settled up nicely, and, in fact, was given a bank book with credits of deposits for that amount by the relatives who closed up the estate. Before he could "cash in," as it were, the war broke out, and Mr. Cintz had all kinds of trouble getting back to the United States. He was arrested several times as a spy, and once or twice was within a few hours of being shot. He finally arrived home several weeks ago, but on account of the moratorium declared in Europe and other conditions, Mr. Cintz has never been able to collect his money.

"I sometimes wish I never had got it—or got so near it," he said. "Of course, I feel like I'm going to get it some day, but, then, I don't know, and it keeps me worried. I fear from the banks occasionally, but, of course, they are paying nothing, and I may never be able to collect it. Before this I was knocking along, satisfied with my condition—just poor, you know, and felt poor and satisfied. But now that I got a snug little fortune tied up over there it gives me lots of worry. Maybe I'll get it some day."

T. K. JOHNSON GOES INTO THE HARDWARE BUSINESS

After a connection extending over a period of several years with the John Deere Plow company, T. K. Johnson has resigned to enter the hardware business at Valdosta. Mr. Johnson has acquired an interest in the W. H. Briggs Hardware company, of the south Georgia town, and will assume the management of it. It is an old, well established firm, and one of the largest and most up-to-date houses in that section. The business experience and the hustling qualities of Mr. Johnson will give further impetus to the big business of this concern.

Mr. Johnson traveled for three years out of St. Louis for the Deere company, coming to Atlanta in 1906, and when the Atlanta branch was established about four years ago he was made sales manager. He has made an enviable record with the big plow company and its management and employees give him up with regret. They remembered him upon his departure with a handsome traveling bag.

Mr. Grocer!

Everybody who tastes

UNCLE SAM BREAD

says it's the BEST bread—and what EVERYBODY says—MUST be true!

Out-of-town dealers are requested to write us for prices.

Schlesinger-Meyer Baking Co.
Atlanta.

You can judge the service we render our Customers by the calls you have for the Cigars we sell

Capital City Tobacco Co.

Atlanta, Ga.

Finest Quality Maine Grown

SEED IRISH POTATOES

We have the price. Save your orders for our salesmen.

DISTRIBUTORS:

E. L. ADAMS CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Have You Tried Our

California Pink Beans (Dixie Brand)?

A new product we are just putting out. Choice—elegant. Try an order.

Dixie Pickle and Preserving Co., 364-378 Marietta St.

ATLANTA COFFEE MILLS COMPANY

Only House in Atlanta Handling Coffee Exclusively.

Packers of Famous Brand

EUREKA

Every Department in Charge of Experts.

Handle All Grades of Coffee Obtainable.

FRESH ROASTED DAILY.

Wholesale Only.

The S. P. Richards Co.

WHOLESALE

Stationery and Druggists' Sundries.

90-92-94 Central Ave. Atlanta, Georgia.

Established 1848

Decatur Board of Trade to Help In Agricultural Development for DeKalb

If the plans of the Decatur Board of Trade are materialized during the coming twelve months agricultural development will be given a decided boost in DeKalb county.

W. J. Dabney, the head of the Dabney Implement company, on Forsyth street, has just been renominated again head of the organization. He has already served two terms, and wished to retire with the past year, but his co-workers insisted that he serve them another year, which he finally consented to do. The election will take place in a few days, but as he has received the unanimous vote of the nomination committee his election is assured.

In speaking of plans for next year, Mr. Dabney states that the work of the organization will be devoted largely during the coming year to development along agricultural lines for DeKalb county.

"We want to build up the Girls' Canning clubs and the Boys' Corn clubs and pig clubs," he said. "We have held our organization together finely through the depression, and everybody is very much in earnest about boosting our town and county. We are going out after a 500 membership this year, and with our new, active secretary, Raymund Daniel, I believe we can get it. We are going especially after development along agricultural lines. We realize now that we are not near the independent people we thought we were. The war has woke us up. We must pay more attention to raising the things we eat and wear at home. We can do it—and we ought to do it. And there's no better thing that boards of trade in towns and cities can do than to help and encourage the agricultural interests of their respective counties."



W. J. DABNEY,
Who is planning work along agricultural development lines for Decatur board of trade.

C. C. Phillips, who represents the Capital City Tobacco company, with headquarters in Albany, was in the city Saturday, getting his new line ready and attending the regular monthly sales conference of the company.

FIRING LINE NOTES

E. S. (Sunshine) Harrison, the live firing liner for the S. P. Richards company, paid his usual New Year's visit to his usual town Friday, and brought back an order book pretty well written up. For eight years Harrison visits this same town every New Year's day, and always gets a fine order. In fact, it's gotten to be a great habit with him.

J. H. Huff, of S. P. Richards company, has already started the new year off right by sending in a nice bunch of orders.

J. R. Thornton, who travels Florida, among other states, for S. P. Richards company, was preparing Saturday to hit the road again Monday, having spent several days in the city during the holidays. He has recently booked a number of fine mail order contracts from customers.

All of the travelers of Lamar & Rankin Drug company spent the holidays at home—Walker Bradford was in Cedartown, J. M. Frix visited his home at Adairsville, John Finger went to Gainesville, P. G. Stanley visited relatives at Gainesville, H. E. Jessup remained in the city. The city men, J. D. Lee, H. G. Hollingshead and Kirk Keeman, remained at home, where all enjoyed the holidays, but Monday morning will find them early on their jobs.

L. Burrus, north Alabama man for the John Deere Plow company, spent several days in the city last week, and regaled the boys at the home office with some of his big fish stories.

K. D. Brobston, east Georgia salesman, and William Shoemaker, south Georgia man for the John Deere Plow company, were in the city the last of the week. They will be back in their territory again Monday.

E. B. Gamble starts out in new territory Monday for the John Deere Plow company. He will hereafter make North and South Carolina.

Sidney Johnson, one of the house force for John Silvey & Co., is temporarily knocked out with rheumatism. He hopes to be back at work in a few days.

With the aid of the city men, Olin Stamps says he has had a very busy week. It has been stock-taking time with them.

W. T. Culpepper, who has been among the office force of Fain & Stamps for six years, has been assigned to road work, and will cover Atlanta and West Point railroad territory.

J. C. Owens has resigned from the road force of Fain & Stamps to take up other work. The territory he has been covering will be looked after next week by W. O. Stamps.

Among the visitors during the past week at Lamar & Rankin Drug company were Dr. J. Z. Henry, Ellenwood, Ga.; Dr. Johnson, Carrollton, Ga.; Dr. T. C. Clodfelter, Martin, Ga.; Dr. T. F. Burbank, Cedartown, Ga.; Dr. J. W. Munday, Doraville, Ga.; Dr. Griffin, Carrollton, Ga.

R. O. Ross, the popular editor of The Winder News, was a caller on business at the S. P. Richards company Saturday. Mr. Ross came over primarily to call on the attorney general and get some instructions regarding the manner of holding the election for officers for the new county of Barrow, of of which Winder is the county seat.

"The boys have all got their trunks in good shape, and will get out Monday with a fine line," said Sales Manager Kopplin, of the S. P. Richards company, Saturday.

John Alexius, representing M. Stachelberg & Co., is here for a stay of a few weeks working the trade for Stachelberger smokers. He was a caller at the Capital City Tobacco company Saturday.

R. M. Taillichet, of the Porto Rican Tobacco company, was a caller last week at the Capital City Tobacco company.

W. E. Colton, representing the Havana-American Cigar company, was in the city last week.

John L. Yates, of Ridley-Williamson-Wyatt company, spent his Christmas with his family at Ringgold, Ga.

P. J. McGuire, manager of the Atlanta Showcase company, reports that business is starting off nicely in the new year for his company. "We have already had several nice orders," he said, "and it looks like things are going to round out all right for business this year. We are keeping our force pretty busy, and are getting ready for the good business we believe is bound to come."

R. D. Latta, North Carolina salesman for the Liquid Carbonic company, in a letter to his company, says that prospects for business in his territory look very encouraging. He reports three new large bottling plants about ready to install their equipment, and says that fully a dozen of the big bottlers in his territory will be in attendance at the Coca-Cola bottlers' convention to be held here this month—on the 20th and 21st.

P. H. Jeter, the popular Georgia road man for John Silvey & Co., together with Mrs. Jeter, spent the Christmas days visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Oliver, at Plains, Ga. Mrs. Jeter is still there, but Mr. Jeter came back through the city and made a flying trip to Greensboro, N. C., where he spent New Year's day with some friends. He will be back on his territory next week.

A large number of bottlers will be in attendance upon the convention of Coca-Cola bottlers, which meets here January 20 and 21. Among some of the visitors will be the leading officers of the Liquid Carbonic company, with headquarters at Chicago. The local company will also make an exhibit at the convention, under the direction of the local branch manager, A. E. McLean.

Hugh Burton, of John Silvey & Co., accompanied by his wife, spent the Christmas holidays with his wife's relatives at Social Circle.

D. D. Batchellor, formerly covering north Alabama territory for the Liquid Carbonic company, took charge of Florida territory last Monday. He was right on the job, and already has sent in several nice orders for complete bottling plants.

W. F. Burman succeeds D. D. Batchellor as traveler in north Alabama territory for the Liquid Carbonic company. He has already sent in a list of several prospective buyers for bottling outfits.

H. D. Carter, secretary-treasurer of the Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, is spending a few days among the trade in north Georgia.

A. S. Wilkins, of Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, spent Christmas day with his brother at Comer, Ga.

J. A. Woodliff has been out during the past few days stirring up a little of the coin of the realm for his house. He reports a successful trip.

J. R. Little, of Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, joined his family, who are spending a few weeks in Heflin, Ala., and spent a day or so during Christmas with them.

H. A. McDonald, of the McCord-Stewart company, spent several days during the holidays in Sumter county. He will be back on the job again Monday.

J. O. Castleberry, of Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, pulled out on New Year's day for his territory along the Central road. While spending the Christmas holidays at home, Mr. Castleberry had the privilege of entertaining several of his traveling friends at a few dinner parties.

J. M. McKibben grabbed his new line of samples from the stock of Dougherty-Little-Redwine company and jumped into his territory on New Year's day.

Vase McWhorter, the house man for Ridley-Williamson-Wyatt company, accompanied by his family, spent Christmas at Woodville with his father and mother. "I had the best eatings and the best time of my life," said Vase.

J. P. Armstrong, of the Ridley-Williamson-Wyatt company, accompanied by his wife, spent the holidays at Mansfield with his wife's relatives. He will be back again Monday with his trade.

J. S. Cheek, of the Ridley-Williamson-Wyatt company, enjoyed his Christmas at his home in Gainesville.

Dave Lassetter, a firing liner for Ridley-Williamson-Wyatt company, visited his homefolks at Luthersville during the Christmas holidays. His friends along the West Point road will find him on the job again Monday.

P. H. Correy, with John Silvey & Co., who recently married one of Tifton's fairest young ladies, spent the Christmas holidays in the city. They left Thursday for their home in Tifton, and Mr. Correy will take up his work in that territory Monday for the Atlanta house.

"Tell 'em not to worry," said D. M. Braswell, of John Silvey & Co., "I will be back on the job bright and early Monday morning, and I'm going to have a nice, new, bright line of goods that will interest them." Merchants, take notice.

Herman C. Teitlebaum, who has been a city man for the Hirschberg company for the past ten years, starts out this week in new territory. He is going to succeed Sam Saltzman in North Carolina. Mr. Teitlebaum is one of the best posted men in the stationery line, and long connection with the Hirschberg company fits him admirably for his new territory, and that he will make many friends and customers in the Old North State goes without saying. With this exception all of the salesmen for the Hirschberg company will take the territory heretofore worked by them, and will start out Monday prepared for business.

J. C. Macks, joined by Will Hirschberg, the latter of the Hirschberg company, are having a great time spending the holidays in Florida. The last heard from them they were headed for St. Petersburg, where Mr. Macks expects to indulge in his favorite pastime—fishing.

L. A. Barrow, one of the hustling firing liners who look after the interests of the A. M. Robinson company in South Carolina, has been in the city for a few days getting his new spring line of samples together. He will be back on his job beginning Monday morning.

Gray Singleton, one of the Florida travelers for A. M. Robinson company, did not come in for the holidays, but spent his Christmas at Fort Meade, Fla., where he has written some of the boys he had the Christmas of his life.

C. G. Parker, of Brown, Perryman & Greene, took advantage of the holidays to spend a few days with his family at Meridian, Miss. He will be back in his territory the coming week.

H. M. Walker, Jr., laid aside his line of Brown, Perryman & Greene hats during the holidays and Christmased at his home in Orangeburg, S. C.

W. A. Haley, J. A. Bates and C. D. Dickinson, three of the leading roadsters for Brown, Perryman & Greene, have been spending the past week with their families in the city. Next week will find them again among their customers showing a new line of spring goods.

J. W. Kea, of A. M. Robinson company, having received his new line of spring samples a few days ago, evidently got busy right away, judging from the nice orders fired in by him last week.

"Things have begun to look up already," said Al Greene, of Brown, Perryman & Greene. "Two of our boys each had the past week a fine opening order. J. O. Chambers and J. A. Bates turned the trick. Practically all our men have been off for a week or so, but Monday will find them back on the job with a line which we know southern merchants are going to have."

Among the travelers for A. M. Robinson company who spent the week in the city with their families were L. B. Robinson, C. A. Smith, K. L. Smith and C. P. Irby. They all have their trunks full of the new spring line and will get out again Monday.

Among the shoe men who represent the Gramling-Spalding company who spent the holidays in the city with their families were W. G. Baskin, Charles Babb, J. P. Womble, Frank Baker, W. M. Nichols. Monday morning will find them again on the job.

T. I. Landers, of the Gramling-Spalding company, spent his Christmas visiting his wife's relatives in Anniston, Ala. He was accompanied by Mrs. Landers.

Russ Bates and W. A. Hill, of the J. K. Orr company, were among the travelers who spent their Christmas in Atlanta. They will be out among the trade again next week.

G. S. Oakes, one the live Orr men, didn't wait for the end of the holidays to get out among his trade. With his new styles in "Red Seals" he hit the road Thursday, and by the time some of the other boys are getting back on the job he will be sending in the orders.

Charles Berry, acting sales manager at the J. K. Orr Shoe company, put over a big opening order during Christmas week. He modestly disclaims any good fortune in connection therewith, but says that the south Georgia merchant who purchased the "Red Seal" line is the man who is lucky.

S. R. Dufford, the "Red Seal" traveler who makes Mobile his headquarters, presented the company with a fine Christmas present in the shape of an order for twenty-five dozen men's welt shoes, sold to a Mobile merchant on Christmas eve.

J. A. Trammell, who formerly covered southern Georgia for the well-known notions and furnishing goods house of John A. Horner & Co., Baltimore, will in the future travel the whole state of Georgia, making Atlanta his headquarters.

The Kirshberg Co.

Wholesale Distributors of

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES

GLENDALE LINE OF STATIONERY AND

desire to thank their friends for their patronage in the past, and ask a continuance of the same in 1915.

Their reprerentatives will call to see you in a few days

A FREE TRIP

to Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.

Write to

H. T. MOORE,

Secretary

Rhodes Bldg., Atlanta

J. K. ORR SHOE CO. SHOWING NEW STYLES

The travelers who are starting out Monday after the holidays for the J. K. Orr Shoe company will carry with them some very nobby and attractive new styles in women's shoes. These new styles are expected to prove very popular with the fair sex, and the company is expecting a splendid sale on them. Chief among the most attractive are styles in gray cloth quarter colonial, patent leather shoes. These are very nobby in appearance, and with the stylish gray tops, coming up in the low-cut shape, they can be purchased even for less than other styles, the cost of the cloth being less than leather. Some of the other styles are shown with military buttons on the front, which are claimed to be very stylish for the coming season. In men's shoes some new styles have also been added, and the Orr travelers will all start out Monday morning well heeled with a line of attractive Atlanta-made goods.

REINHEIMER TO MAKE HOME IN NASHVILLE

Ike Reinheimer, one of the most popular cigar salesmen in this section, representing the American Cigar company, will in the future make Nashville, Tenn., his headquarters and home.

Mr. Reinheimer has been in Atlanta for three years, and has made many friends here who will regret to see him leave the city. He has just returned from a visit to New York and the east, and brings back with him the announcement of his change of base. "Atlanta is a mighty fine town, boys, and I hate to leave it," said Ike Saturday, "but you know Nashville is right there with the goods, too, and I hope to do a fine business there."

What Some Leading Dry Goods Men Say About Goods and Shades for Coming Season

In speaking of the new styles and some good sellers for the coming season, J. F. Davis, of John Silvey & Co., said Saturday:

"I believe sheer goods will be the leaders this season; voiles, crepes and lace effects will be the big sellers. I think voiles will head the list, both in plain shades and especially in embroidery effects and printed.

"We are showing some very attractive numbers in the embroidery crepes, which I think should make good sellers. Lace effects are also being shown quite extensively, although this cloth is not as staple as the other numbers.

"In the heavy goods we will have another good poplin season; also think linens will be much better than last season.

"In the wool goods, I think the lightweight French serges will be the best sellers.

"In the silks, it looks like it will be a "toss-up" between the poplins and crepe de chines.

"I do not think this will be a season of high colors. I think the light, delicate shades, such as tans, light blues, lavenders, yellows, Gauls, etc., will be the best shades. Take it all the way through the line, I think it will be the biggest black-and-white season we have ever had.

"It looks as though the staple goods have reached the bottom and turned back the other way, as a good many of the best-known branded goods have advanced or been placed at value. This in itself will create a better feeling, as business is always better on a rising market than on a declining market."

D. P. McDaniel, in charge of the notion department, who returned a week ago from New York markets, says that his company has bought in safety, but at the same time has secured a fine and large line of new goods for his department.

"Laces and embroideries—especially shadow laces—are going to go good this season. Silk hosiery will also be a fine seller, and white is going to be the prevailing and popular color. We expect to do a large business in the hosiery, lace and embroidery lines, as well as in all of the staples. Our men all get out Monday with new goods. People are going to forget the war, quit talking hard times and get down to business, and I believe we are going to see soon a big improvement in conditions."

BIG DEMAND FOR UNCLE SAM BREAD

"Baking bread with the best materials and by the best bread-making methods and then to not forget to tell the public about the high quality through display advertising in the newspapers—that has been the wise policy of the Schlesinger-Meyer Baking company, who make Uncle Sam bread," said a member of the firm the other day.

That this is the correct procedure is proven absolutely by the fact that in face of the general business depression in many lines, the sale of Uncle Sam bread has not been affected. The Schlesinger-Meyer Baking company is kept busy as ever supplying the retail grocers in Atlanta and other nearby cities in Georgia and neighboring states with Uncle Sam bread.

The Schlesinger-Meyer Baking company are running their plant on full time, with their full force of employees and not a salary has been cut at this big bakery.

HARRIS WILL TAKE BACK BIG OVERALLS

Percy Harris, the South Carolina live wire for the A. M. Robinson Co., spent a few days in the city last week. He was here to say "howdy" to the boys, to get up his new spring samples, and to take back the big pair of overalls, mention of which was made in the Firing Line a week or so ago. These big breeches were made especially for a customer at Spartanburg who weighs more than 400 pounds. They measure 80 inches in the waist and 35 inches in length. Mr. Harris is going to see that they fit the customer for whom they were made, and will get a snapshot of the big fellow when he slips them on.

DIXIE PICKLE CO. HAS ANOTHER NEW PRODUCT

The Dixie Pickle and Preserving company has just put on the market an elegant and new product—California pink beans. They are put up in cans to retail for 5 cents, and in taste they are most delightful. The California bean is much on the order of the kidney bean, carries much nutrition, and, it is believed, will prove a popular seller among the leading grocerymen.

CHILDS WILL LEAD GIDEON MEETING

Cliff G. Childs, one of the livest Christian workers that travels Georgia and Alabama, will have charge of the Gideon service at the Ansley hotel Sunday afternoon. Mrs. L. C. Satterfield will sing several solos, and there will be other interesting features. The meetings are held at 3 p. m. in parlors D, E and F, second floor, and all traveling men are especially invited. Ladies always welcome.

STOVALL SHOWCASE CO. MOVES UP-TOWN OFFICE

The customers of the Stovall Showcase and Manufacturing company will find them in their new location for their uptown office and display rooms. In order to get more convenient and commodious quarters the company has moved from 67 to 37 S. Forsyth street, where Mr. Stovall will be glad to see his customers and friends.

"UNCLE JEFF" SAYS TIMES ARE IMPROVING

Veteran Traveler Talks Interestingly on Prospects for Future Business.

"Uncle Jeff" was drying his feet by the heater in the big wholesale house of Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, where he makes his headquarters when in the city.

For almost a generation C. G. Jefferson, familiarly known to thousands as "Uncle Jeff," has been traveling over the south, and no man is a keener observer of conditions than he. He had just gotten ready his new line of samples with which he will start out Monday morning in his "hack," and he was telling some of the boys about what had been his experience in years gone by when depressions and hard times had hit the country.

For many years "Uncle Jeff" has abandoned railroad travel. With a team he calls on his trade through all of north Georgia and much of South Carolina. "This war has learned people to practice economy," he said, "and after all, that's a good lesson that has to be forced sometimes on people. We were living too fast and too extravagantly."

Speaking of the prospects for cotton reduction, "Uncle Jeff" said that through the sections which he traveled he noticed a decided appearance of reduction in cotton acreage. "They are planting more grain and raising more stock," he said, "and also more general home supplies, and that means a reduction of cotton. I travel Anderson county, South Carolina. You know that is said to be the largest cotton producing county in the world. Well, I can notice there a tendency to cut down the crop considerably. The large farmer is still holding his cotton, but the smaller fellow and the tenant have sold in many instances. A little later, when it begins to move better, which I think it will, then things are going to pick up. Right now the merchants are still a little cautious, buying close to shore, so to speak, but I look for a real revival of business in fall buying, if not before. I've seen hard times before. I've seen cotton sell for less than it has been sold for this season, but we always come out all right, after all. So just let everybody be happy, be a little patient, forget the war, get down to business and everything will be 'right side up with care' in a very short time."

Our Salesmen Will Have Next Week

SPECIAL PRICES

On Goods We Are Overstocked With

Take Advantage of These Prices

FAIN & STAMPS

IN PLANNING FOR THE NEW YEAR IT WILL PAY YOU

to trade with a near-by factory in 1915 for these reasons:

1st. The important saving in time and freight charges.

2d. The convenience that enables you to fill in your stock oftener and thus do business on a smaller stock. This is the best insurance against an accumulation of dead styles at the end of the season.

3d. The advantage of handling a line whose large advertising campaign is concentrated entirely in the South.

4th. The benefit of thirty years of prestige that stands behind every pair of RED SEAL Shoes and insures a growing business for you and constant satisfaction for your customers.

5th. You build up home industries and keep Southern money in the South. What is sent away rarely comes back.

J. K. ORR SHOE CO.

RED SEAL FACTORY

ATLANTA

FRANK SENTENCE STILL IN EFFECT?

Lawyers Disagree as to Who Should Annul Order of Execution — Sheriff Is "Hands Off."

Who will supersede the execution sentence of Leo M. Frank, sentenced to hang on the 22d of this month?

Sheriff C. Wheeler Mangum has an order from Judge Ben Hill, of superior court, to hang the condemned man on the last Friday of January, 1915.

Up to date this order has not been annulled. Neither has there been a suspension of it. Officials of superior court say that the case passed out of the jurisdiction of Judge Hill when it went into the federal channels.

Judge Hill now has nothing to do with the case. It has passed out of his hands. He can neither revoke nor suspend the order of execution. Yet it remains a command from the superior court to the sheriff to carry out an official duty.

No Word From Supreme Court.

No word has been received from the supreme court. Some law students say that the promotion of the case into the supreme court, and its pendency therein, indefinitely suspends the execution date. The supreme court, however, it is said, does not issue instructions to the sheriff in such cases as this.

Others say it is up to Governor Slaton to take cognizance of the situation and to assume dictatorship in the matter of suspending the execution. One way or the other, the situation is causing widespread research into the law bearing on the subject.

Sheriff Mangum faces two fires, so to speak. He has, on the one hand, an official order from Judge Hill which Judge Hill is powerless to revoke—even to command one way or another. On the other, he is confronted by prosecution for contempt to the United States supreme court if he carries out Judge Hill's order.

Sheriff "Hands Off."

Sheriff Mangum, however, stated yesterday that he was "hands off," and that he would await action from either the governor or supreme court. He will not hang Frank according to the official command of Judge Hill.

Solicitor Dorsey has received no order, neither has the governor, nor Judge Ben Hill. It is a matter of much speculation whether or not the matter lies up to Judge Hill, Federal Judge Newman, the supreme court in Washington or Governor Slaton.

That a strong fight will be made by the prosecution to have the Frank case advanced on the docket of the United States court was made known positively yesterday. Solicitor Dorsey will confer with Attorney General Warren A. Grice during the early part of this week, and probably a trip to Washington will be made within the next few days.

Dorsey had a conference with Clerk O. C. Fuller, of Judge Newman's court, Saturday morning, and was told that no certificate had been sent by the federal clerk to Washington; that it was not necessary, in fact. Mr. Dorsey and Mr. Grice will not prepare their motion for advancement until the official notification comes from Washington that the case has been duly placed upon the supreme court docket. This notification is expected this week.

Nina Harper, Wreck of a Girl, Will Be Sent to Her Home By Associated Charities

After being dragged to the four points of the country and back, with a few weeks' stay at every city on the road, little Nina Harper, a country girl from near Fitzgerald, Ga., who sought the bright lights of Atlanta four years ago, only to begin her haphazard career, will be sent home today by the Associated Charities.

Considering her case a special one, and of deep interest, Secretary Joseph Logan, of the charities, took personal charge of its investigation, which he carried on for ten days with the minutest detail possible, writing to Birmingham, Memphis and other towns for records on the case.

It developed that a wilder life no rambling bard of old e'er knew than Nina Harper. The roses have left her cheek, there is a catch in her voice and a twitch at her mouth's corner, while now and then she glanced quickly, nervously, at the sick child on the bed.

But the many Atlantans who carried basket after basket to the bedside of the pale, wan little woman as she lay apparently in death's arms for the last three weeks at 46 Auburn avenue, will perhaps see no more of their tuberculosis patient, since she is returning to the farm, where she spent her girlhood days.

Always Objects of Charity.

Nina stated that she and her baby had always been treated thus, money and baskets of supplies being showered upon them in every city. Tuberculosis was only one of the several ailments that figured in her wonderful career, according to the records of the Associated Charities—for this is not their first visit to this city.

But that career is ended now, and Nina's husband, W. J. Patterson, alias Alexander, and other titles, as stated by numerous Atlantans, is a fugitive from the justice of the Atlanta courts under the charge of forgery. He was tried in recorder's court Thursday on the charge of vagrancy, but promised the judge that if he was let off he would return to his people and keep in the straight path in the future. Upon his release, however, the forgery charge was entered by one of the spectators in court, and Chief Lanford's men are now looking for him.

Patterson, according to his wife, spent his nights using the morphine needle, while during the day he carried prominent citizens to the small, bare room where the wife and baby lay like pale corpses in the gloom. The trick, it seems, never failed to appeal, and food and money were always forthcoming. But all the money, she said, went for dope.

Hardships had created the sickly look on the faces of baby and woman, and it was the worry that weighted down her eyes until they were the prominent part of her face.

"At night," moaned the girl, "he used the needle, and then would fall in a stupor on the fire hearth, and I would keep awake all night worrying for fear he would get burned up."

Ruined Her Life.

She says she left her mother's farm and came to Atlanta four years ago and worked for several months at Block's candy factory; that soon afterwards she met Patterson, who tricked her into marrying him. She received a telegram, she declared, stating her mother was dying, and when she reached home Patterson was there and had persuaded her mother into begging her to marry him to escape the life of a working girl. Her mother was not ill at all. They did not then know Patterson was a "dope," she said.

Mrs. Patterson testified that after that it was Tampa, Jacksonville, Atlanta and other cities, then back to Atlanta, her husband successfully working his "game" everywhere.

"I begged him again and again to get a job and settle down, but he wouldn't do it—he just kept us moving and moving. He's broken me down and ruined my life, and if you'll only give me a ticket home I'll go back to the farm and never go away with him again. I don't ask for anything else in the world—except would you send me a bottle of milk for the baby? The doctor says I'm well enough to travel, and I'll go right away if you'll let me."

Secretary Logan declared that Patterson was undoubtedly one of the cleverest vagrants that ever "made" Atlanta.

DECREASE OF WARRANTS IS SHOWN BY COURT

Judge E. D. Thomas Submits Report on Workings of the Municipal Court.

Interesting figures regarding the operations of the municipal court of Atlanta are submitted by Chief Judge E. D. Thomas, in his first annual report. Although the year's operations show a financial deficit, the decrease of criminal warrants and petty cases is most appreciable. Where there were from 5,000 to 6,000 warrants filed during the previous year, there are shown only 1,387 for 1914.

In order to discourage the collection of petty debts by prosecution, it was necessary to operate the criminal division at the heavy loss of $4,537.72.

The total number of cases filed through December 9, 1914, were 7,831. The number of dispossessory warrants issued were 2,887. The total number of criminal proceedings amounted to 1,387. The number of civil cases filed were 12,105, and the cases appealed to the appellate division were 205.

Judge Thomas' Comment.

The remarks of Judge Thomas follow:

"Receipts up to and including December 24, 1914, are $42,221.87. Disbursements up to and including December 2 were $52,515.63, leaving a deficit of $15,293.76. The deficit should be credited with solvent costs due, approximately $4,267.73, leaving a deficit of $11,026.03. It should be borne in mind that the county expended to the account of the justice of the peace system of the city, for rents and dockets, approximately $2,000 annually. It should also be borne in mind that of the 7,831 civil cases filed, 1,824 were for sums exceeding $100, which, heretofore, were filed either in the city or superior court.

"It will be borne in mind that, practically, for the first three months, this court was engaged largely in disposing of cases brought over from the justice of the peace courts for which the county received no remuneration.

"It was found necessary to establish a criminal division separate and apart from the civil divisions. This criminal division was operated at a minimum expense of $6,000, while the only costs received were $1,462.28, leaving a deficit of $4,537.72.

"The monthly statement of receipts shows that they have more than doubled since the beginning of the year. The business of the court, even for the past six months, has more than doubled."

With Dublin Churches.

Dublin, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Sunday will be a special day in two of the Dublin churches. At the First Methodist church, Sunday morning, "Go-to-Church day," will be observed by carrying out a special program appropriate to the occasion, under the direction of Rev. Whitley Langston, pastor. At the First Baptist church, Sunday evening, the Baptist Young People's union of the church will have charge of the service and put on a demonstration meeting, carrying out a regular program, and following this with a public installation of new officers for the coming year.

GEORGIANS RAISING MEAT FOR MARKET

Carload of Live Stock Shipped From Tifton to Atlanta. Some Hog-Killings.

Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—There isn't enough meat raised in this section to feed all of its inhabitants, but just the same there are some of our farmers who are engaged in the stock-raising industry on a big scale. This was illustrated yesterday when Gibbs Brothers shipped a carload of live stock to Atlanta. In the car were thirty-four steers and sixteen hogs, the hogs weighing a total of 5,000 pounds. Although this is a large shipment for them, the Gibbs Brothers make a specialty of raising and fattening live stock for the market.

Another instance was the killing of 115 hogs in one day on the farm of Judge J. B. Clements, of Irwin county, the aggregate weight of the hogs being 15,000 pounds. Judge Clements has 175 hogs yet to kill, which will make a total of about 40,000 pounds of meat.

Hog Killing Time in Sumter.

Americus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—N. A. Ray, 2 miles east of Americus, last week killed fifty fat porkers, weighing net from 275 to 400 pounds, or an average of probably 325 pounds, the aggregate weight exceeding 16,000 pounds. Mr. Ray has always waged a relentless and persistent "hog-and-hominy" campaign, to which fact, in large measure, is attributed his success as one of Sumter's most substantial and progressive planters. His model farm produces each year all that is needed for sustenance of man and beast, and with his smokehouse and barns well filled with meat and grain he is independent of conditions otherwise prevailing.

MAYOR SIMPSON CHOSEN AGAIN IN NORCROSS

Norcross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—An election was held here for mayor and two councilmen today, resulting in the re-election of Dr. O. O. Simpson as mayor and T. E. Johnson and J. E. Cruce councilmen, who, with J. R. Garner, Sylvester Cain and W. A. McGinnis, holdings over, constitute the full board of five members. The second brick school building was erected under Mayor Simpson's supervision, and the people insisted that he succeed himself, which he finally consented to, and was duly elected for another term of two years.

Lookout Lodge Elects.

LaGrange, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—At a recent meeting of Lookout Lodge No. 98, F. & A. M., the following officers were named to serve during the ensuing year: A. J. Howell, W. M.; W. J. Jennings, S. W.; J. E. Ashworth, J. W.; W. G. Mitchell, S. D.; W. M. Jennings, J. D.; A. C. Grover, S. S.; W. W. Sizemore, J. S.; R. L. McWhorter, treasurer; M. D. Cagle, secretary; G. W. Gilbreath, chaplain; Oscar Day, tyler.

COL. G. E. REDWINE DEAD.

Prominent Mason's Funeral at Gainesville Today.

Gainesville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Colonel G. E. Redwine, one of the best known men in the state, past deputy grand master of the grand lodge of Masons of Georgia, former editor of The Gainesville Eagle and father of Lyman Redwine, of Atlanta, died here this afternoon after an extended illnesss.

He was 93 years old, but up until his fatal illness had been in robust health. The funeral will be held in Gainesville today. Max Meyerhardt, of Rome; Thomas Jefferies, of Atlanta, and George Napier, of Decatur, will preside over the Masonic ceremonies that will be held at the funeral.

Colonel Redwine is survived by two daughters, Mrs. T. J. Campbell and Mrs. Sallie Frierson, of Gainesville, and two sons, John E. Redwine, of Gainesville, and Lyman Redwine.

BUSINESS FOR SALE

A lucrative manufacturing business or interest in same. No one in United States better prepared to produce products at minimum cost. We own 40 acres Tripoli of the best quality, from which we make polishes and cleansers. We are marketing complete line of bulk disinfectants, also have a good trade established in Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, Tennessee and Louisiana on family package goods. Sold through jobbing connections. Big profit, line easy to market, and requires small capital to handle; 25 per cent to 40 per cent profit with our facilities.

Will take $8,000 cash, balance can be arranged. Don't reply unless you have the cash and mean business. Address G-110, Constitution.—Advt.

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and calendar of pure bred poultry; 70 varieties illustrated and described, many in natural colors. Perfect guide to poultry raisers—full of facts. Low prices on stock and eggs for hatching. Incubators and brooders. 22 years in business. You need this noted book. Send 10c for it—today.

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You might save a good little sum if you will write for our catalog and prices on drays and delivery wagons before spending good money to repair old wagons that will soon fall down again. A complete stock to select from and superior facilities for building special wagons exactly as you want them.

Order direct or through your dealer, as you like.

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MACON, GA.

We are making a specialty of automobile springs on short notice. Just send the old one along. We do the rest.

THOMASVILLE IS HAPPY.

Citizens Optimistic as to New Year and Trade Improving.

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—With an optimistic outlook that was not apparent a few months ago, Thomasville has entered upon the New Year, and the cry of "hard times" is heard very little now. People have either learned to adapt themselves to conditions or the conditions have improved very much, as there is a better feeling all around, and the general depression which characterized south Georgia as well as other sections, seems to be lifting.

The reports made by the officials of the four banks of Thomasville show them all to be in the best of condition, and the stockholders have been made glad by receiving their usual good dividends. This has, of course, turned loose a good deal of money, and has helped in many ways. There are no stronger banks in the state than those of Thomasville, and they are managed by a set of officials who are cautious, far-seeing business men.

The Christmas trade in Thomasville was better than was expected, and the postoffice reports the largest business ever done here during the holiday season, showing that there was plenty of money in circulation.

During the year just past Thomasville has made many important strides towards improvement, and the $70,000 bond issue, which is being used in building a new school and improving the buildings already here, is an evidence of an onward step of great importance. The newly-nominated city officials are planning many things in the way of improvements in the town which, if carried out, will mark a banner year.

Business men say that the farmers are asking for very little credit now, but are facing the situation and finding things better than they thought some time ago.

CARRIED SNAKE IN GRIP.

Thrilling Experience of Officer on First Night's Duty.

Dalton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—A man claiming to be an itinerant doctor, who registered here with a woman whom he claimed to be his wife, was arrested at a station a few miles south of here, as the couple was attempting to elude the local officers, who had been notified to take them in custody.

When the man attempted to board the train he was detained by one of the officers and in attempting to take a small grip carried by the man, the officer was warned that it contained a snake, but the representative of the law, deciding that it was a ruse of the man for whom he had a warrant, proceeded to take the baggage in charge and when he cautiously opened the case he was horrified to see the head of an immense rattler protrude from the satchel. At first the officer thought that surely his eyes were deceiving him, but, drawing the American pocket equivalent to the European 42-centimeter gun, mentally concluded that if it wasn't a snake that he was in a bad fix, and if it was a snake that the snake was in a dangerous fix. However, before he could execute his hurriedly arranged plans, the owner interceded, with the result that the woman, man and snake were returned here and spent the remainder of the night as guests of Jailer Walter Cleckley, who was serving his first night in that capacity. The jailer states that he knows of no provision for the entertainment of snakes, and that henceforth the officer making the arrest will be requested to keep the "critter."

Years ago the serpent is accused of having disrupted the happiness of Eden, but in this instance it was in the role of peacemaker, for the husband came, and after a general reconciliation and "all costs paid," the parties left the city, including the snake.

THOMAS CO. NEGROES HAVE LARGE PARADE

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—From all parts of Thomas county the members of the colored race gathered in Thomasville yesterday to see the grand industrial parade in celebration of Emancipation day and attend the colored fair, which had been held here for two days. The fair was a most creditable one in every respect and the displays along all lines were very good. The promoters of it were actuated principally by the desire to encourage the negro farmers of the county and induce them to devote more of their time and attention to agricultural matters, but prizes were also given for the best exhibits along all industrial lines. The negroes entered into it with much zest and it will no doubt be an established custom each year.

The parade, which was very nearly a mile in length, took the principal streets of the city and excited much favorable comment from all spectators.

WAYCROSS COUNCIL TO NAME OFFICIALS

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—That there will be few if any changes in the city officials for 1915 is the general opinion prevailing in Waycross. This is due to the fact that members of council have become satisfied that the city in 1914 secured an unusually efficient set of officers, and except where offices may be consolidated to reduce expenses, no changes for 1915 are anticipated. Nevertheless, the city employees will occupy what is known as the "anxious bench" until after next Tuesday, when the annual election of officials is scheduled to be held.

The offices filled by council are city clerk and tax collector, superintendent of streets, city attorney, health officer, marshal and chief of police, superintendent of waterworks, chief of fire department, street overseer, sanitary inspectors, members of the police department, assistant engineer at the waterworks, plumbing inspector and a few others.

Talbotton Masons.

Talbotton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—At a regular communication of Olive Lodge No. 10, F. & A. M., the following officers were installed for the ensuing year: Robert W. Trussell, W. M.; Tinsley Ragland, S. W.; E. R. Matthews, J. W.; R. C. Battle, S. D.; Thomas H. Persons, Jr., J. D.; Thomas A. McDowell, S. S.; H. P. Weston, J. S.; W. C. Jamerson, secretary; G. S. Maxwell, treasurer; Benson Maxwell, tyler. The members are very proud of the fact that their lodge is in a very flourishing condition, also that it is one of the oldest in the state, having been established in 1833.

Jakin's Election.

Jakin, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The warmest municipal contest in the history of Jakin has just closed, the Law and Order ticket winning over the open-town crowd nearly four to one, with the following: For mayor, O. H. Mosely; for councilmen, J. P. Donelson, T. F. Minter, J. C. Haynes, P. A. Smith and J. A. Bivins.

BANQUET IS GIVEN TOM PITTS' EMPLOYEES

More than fifty-five soda dispensers and other attaches to the chain of Tom Pitts' stores throughout the city participated in a jovial banquet held in the Winecoff hotel New Year's night. The feast was given by Mr. Pitts in their honor, and was a long-to-be-remembered affair from more standpoints than one.

A feature of the program was a short address delivered by George W. Hanson, toastmaster, who spoke on cooperation and efficiency and of the results invariably obtained by the employee working in harness with the employer. He paid a glowing tribute to the ability and character of the host, applying, in this respect, the noted slogan of the Rotarians: "He profits most who serves best."

GAS! GAS! INDIGESTION, SOURNESS, SICK STOMACH—PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

Here's Relief! In Five Minutes Your Upset Stomach Feels Fine.

If you feel bloated after eating and you believe it is the food which fills you; if what little you eat lies like a lump of lead on your stomach; if there is difficulty in breathing after eating, eructations of sour, undigested food and acid, heartburn, brash or a belching of gas, you need Pape's Diapepsin to stop food fermentation and indigestion.

It neutralizes excessive acid, stomach poison; absorbs that misery-making gas and stops fermentation which sours your entire meal and causes Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Griping, etc. Your real and only trouble is that which you eat does not digest, but quickly ferments and sours, producing almost any unhealthy condition.

A case of Pape's Diapepsin will cost fifty cents at any pharmacy here, and will convince any stomach sufferer in five minutes that Fermentation and Sour Stomach is causing the misery of Indigestion.

No matter if you call your trouble Catarrh of the Stomach, Nervousness or Gastritis, or by any other name—always remember that relief is waiting at any drug store the moment you decide to begin its use.

Pape's Diapepsin will regulate any out-of-order stomach within five minutes, and digest promptly, without any fuss or discomfort, all of any kind of food you eat.

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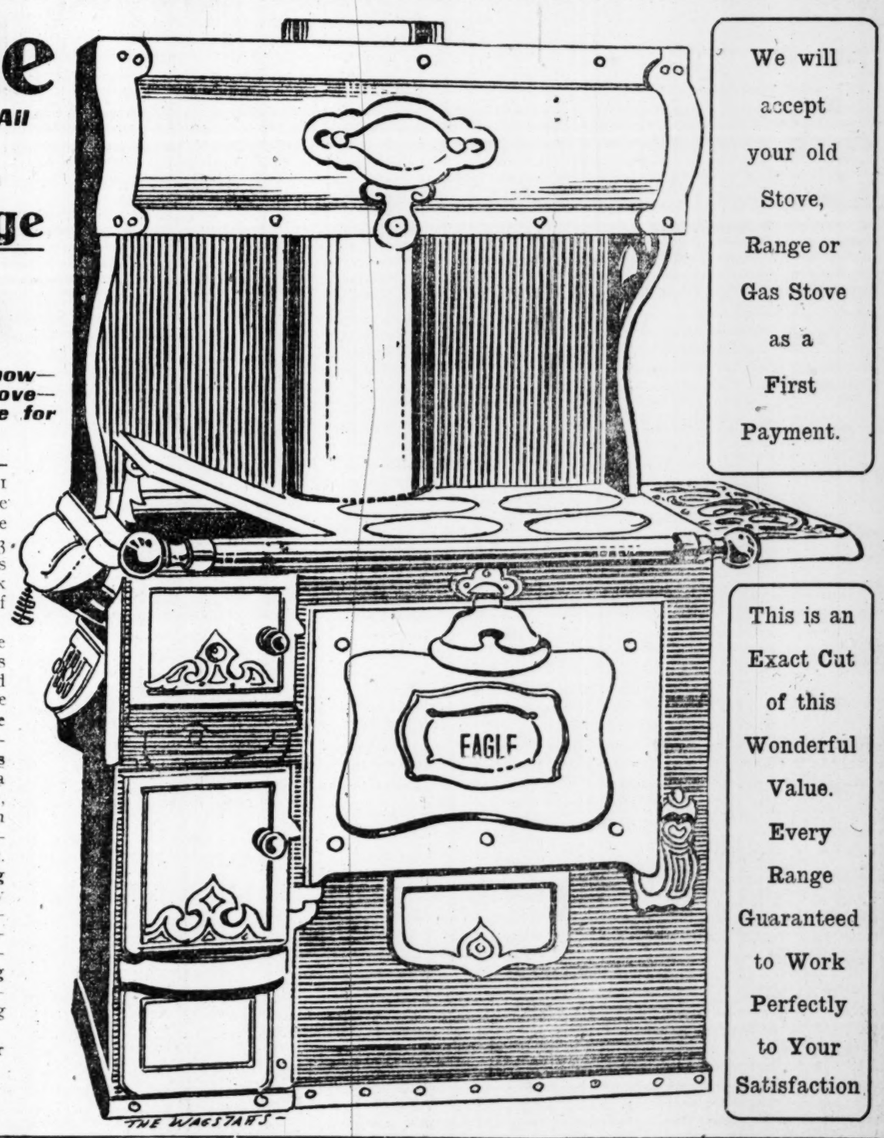
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SWAP YOUR OLD STOVE FOR AN "EAGLE" RANGE THAT WILL SAVE FUEL
Get This Wonderful Value Right Now While the Sale Is On

A Sale
That Will Break All RECORDS
An 18-Inch Oven
Steel Range
For Only
$40.00
and nothing to pay now—we take your old Stove—Range—or Gas Stove for first payment.

Size of the "EAGLE"—The "EAGLE" Range is 41 inches long, 29 inches wide and about 5 feet high; the Oven is 18 inches wide, 13 inches high and 20 inches deep; the Top shows six 8-inch holes, with plenty of space between.

Construction—The "EAGLE" Steel Range is made of cold rolled blued steel as to body, and the castings are made of pure pig iron. The walls are heavily reinforced with Asbestos Mill Board, which makes a perfect insulating system, keeping all the heat within the Range, making operation economical and efficient. The doors and warming closet front are beautifully nickeled, and the steel is finished in colonial black, making a tasty and durable combination. The warming closet has a roll front Russia iron door, and is snug and capacious.

A Regular $50 Range, for only
$40.00



We will accept your old Stove, Range or Gas Stove as a First Payment.

This is an Exact Cut of this Wonderful Value. Every Range Guaranteed to Work Perfectly to Your Satisfaction

Heaters
Are being closed out now. We still have a fair assortment. Some big fellows at $30 down to the small oil heaters at $2.50. Keep warm and keep well.

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TERMS
Are made to your convenience. You know us; we're just as accommodating as you desire. Besides, here you have the biggest stock in town to select from and the fairest prices.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. XLVII.—No. 202. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1915. Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands, 5 cents.

"BUILD NOW" MOVE BRINGING RESULTS

Reports of Committees Outline Advantages of Immediate Action by Property Owners.

The "Build Now" campaign of the Chamber of Commerce in the interests of both the prospective builder of Atlanta and the army of men now unemployed, has already produced concrete results. It is declared that the business depression is showing definite signs of immediate betterment.

The Chamber of Commerce committee having charge of the campaign has learned from architects and other expert sources that the prospective builder may now obtain more reasonable rates than possible in the past or likely to be secured in the near future.

One member of the committee, a prominent architect, reports that a client, when informed of the result of the committee's investigation, showing a saving of 15 to 20 per cent in the cost of building, gave instructions to prepare plans for $15,000 worth of work to begin at once. Another client has given orders to build four houses.

The same information has been placed in the hands of the other architects and may be seen at the Chamber of Commerce by anyone who is interested.

Another member of the committee, a prominent real estate man, announced that he is preparing plans for improvement to cost about $35,000.

It is believed that the information secured by the committee in regard to the reduced expense of building, when placed in the hands of property owners, will cause many of them to begin work which would otherwise have been delayed for some months.

The Committee's Statement.

The committee has embodied its recommendations in the following address to property owners:

"To the Property Owners of Atlanta: This committee, appointed by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, having made a careful investigation of the subject, asks your attention to the advantage of beginning without delay any building or improvement upon your property which you may have contemplated for the coming year for the following reasons:

"1. The cost of building is 15 to 20 per cent less than it was a year ago, or is likely to be a little later. This statement is based on the report of a committee of architects and supply men who made a careful investigation of market conditions.

"2. This work, done now, will give much needed employment to labor, thus putting money into circulation, and will, at the same time, stimulate the building supply trade, which is itself an important part of the business community, employing several thousand men.

"3. Building now is upon a conservative basis, and any loan secured for the improvement of property will necessarily be upon a moderate valuation. Therefore, both the cost and the fixed charges of improvements made at this time will be at a minimum, and investments so made will yield a proportionately higher return.

Worst Depression Now Over.

"4. It is the general opinion of business men that the country has passed the worst period of depression. Cotton, the south's great staple, has begun to move with rapidity and the weekly exports exceed those of a year ago. The surplus, which sixty days ago was estimated at five million bales, now seems likely to be reduced very greatly, possibly to half that number, and the market for cotton has been steadily improving for several weeks.

"Almost every day the newspapers carry the news of mills and factories resuming operation, and a continued improvement of business may be expected. With the improvement prices for building material are likely to advance.

"For these reasons those who make, without delay, any contemplated improvements, will do so with great advantage to themselves, as well as to the working classes and to the entire community.

"Our recommendation does not contemplate speculative building. The investment we refer to is that in buildings for business purposes, or dwellings to be occupied by home-owners or bona fide tenants.

"V. H. Kriegshaber, chairman; S. B. Turman, W. J. Davis, Walker Dunson, Cliff C. Hatcher, Hal Hentz, R. M. Walker, Paul Randall, C. E. Sciple, Harris G. White, Charles P. Glover, S. W. Carson, Thomas Morgan, E. C. Wachendorf, P. G. Hanahan, J. A. Fischer, W. B. Willingham, J. R. Smith, M. L. Thrower, C. H. Black, P. Thornton Marye, A. Ten Eyck Brown, Charles W. Bernhardt, E. C. Callaway."

Cost of Building.

A special committee on cost of building composed of P. Thornton Marye, R. M. Walker, W. B. Willingham, Charles E. Sciple, E. C. Wachendorf, and P. G. Hanahan has compiled data showing the relative cost of building now and one year ago.

This data, including not only a statement on some fifteen or twenty lines of trade, but the original letters from supply men on which the statement is based has been multigraphed and placed in the hands of the architects.

A copy of this data is on file at the chamber of commerce, where any one interested in the subject may see it.

"Repair Now" Campaign.

The "repair now" committee of the chamber of commerce has also issued an address to property owners showing the very great advantage to them of doing the work now.

One of the committee tells how he filled up two apartment houses which had been vacant before repairs were made. Before the work was done he was busy investigating applications. In rent he has already realized a large sum as the immediate result of the work done on property which had been vacant.

The committee's address follows:

"Property owners are advised to make now any repairs needed or contemplated for the next six or twelve months for the following reasons:

"1. The expense is 15 to 20 per cent less than it has been or is likely to be a little later.

"2. Tenants are less likely to vacate.

"3. There will be less reason or inclination to ask a reduction in rent.

"4. Your property will rent or sell a great deal better.

"5. Money thus put in circulation by giving employment will enable tenants to pay more promptly.

"6. The employment your work gives will be a blessing to those who want a chance to make an honest living.

"It is a case where wise business policy and philanthropy go together without loss to any one, but with good advantage to all concerned.

"S. B. Turman, chairman; Harris G. White, T. J. Day, R. O. Otis, Montefiore Selig, W. A. Foster, Fitzhugh Knox."

In talking of the results of repair now campaign, Fitzhugh Knox said Saturday:

"On the first of December I had a building on Carnegie place, of twenty apartments to become vacant, which had been used for a hotel and rooming house. By papering and painting and putting this property in thorough repair, I have rented 65 per cent of the building before the repairs were fully completed, and applications for more apartments are now being investigated.

"Another house on Ivy street was vacant for six months and with similar repairs on this property, and before the paint was dry I had secured a first-class tenant. This was also true of a house on West Cain street, near Spring street."

CASTLETON TO SPEAK.

Installation of Officers at Educational Alliance.

S. M. Castleton, an Atlanta attorney, will deliver an address on "The National Aspiration of the Jew" before the Atlanta Zionist society at their meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Educational alliance, 90 Capitol avenue.

Louis J. Levittas, a Zionist leader of this city, recently of Tipperary, Ireland, will introduce the speaker.

Installation of the newly elected officers will take place. The public is cordially invited.

DUNAWAY WILL CONDUCT TWO WEEKS' REVIVAL

Charles Dunaway, the former Atlanta dancing master, who developed into one of the most famous evangelists in the country, will arrive in Atlanta next Sunday to conduct services at the old Baptist Tabernacle for two weeks. Dr. P. E. Coleman, of Atlanta, will have charge of the singing.

A. F. Todd, former president of the state Gideons, will talk at the church tonight on what the Lord can do for a traveling man.

CONVENTION OF T. P. A.'S WILL BE HELD HERE

The Travelers' Protective association will hold their 1915 convention in Atlanta, according to a telegram received Saturday by Fred Houser, secretary of the Atlanta Convention bureau, from Secretary Albert, of the Georgia division of the association.

Atlanta was chosen as the convention city Saturday at the meeting of the state trustees at Savannah, this city being ably represented by E. D. McDonald, of the board. The dates decided upon were April 8 and 9.

SLATON PAYS TRIBUTE TO MEMORY OF REESE

Statehouse officials are greatly grieved at the death of John C. Reese, Atlanta correspondent for The Macon Telegraph and other papers, who was much liked and admired by all of them.

"Since I have been the state's executive, and when I was in the house," said Governor Slaton, "I have kuown Mr. Reese both personally and as a newspaper man. He was always cordial and cheerful in his work, accurate and never misrepresented things in any particular. He was an honor to his profession, and a man whom I greatly loved and admired. His death is a source of deep regret to me."

VERY LIGHT VOTE CAST IN WAYCROSS ELECTION

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Voters of Waycross today participated in the regular city election. Andrew R. Estes was elected city recorder; J. A. Lott, alderman from the first ward; Charles L. Morgan, from the third, and Lloyd C. Warren, from the fifth. John W. Bennett, V. L. Stanton and Dr. J. L. Walker were elected members of the city board of education. A very light vote was cast. Today's election is the only one scheduled for Waycross this year until in the fall, when a municipal primary will have the stage.

GILLIN IS APPOINTED SOLICITOR GENERAL

Governor John M. Slaton has appointed T. A. Gillin, of Watkinsville, as solicitor general of the county court of Oconee, to succeed R. R. Burger, whose term has expired. Mr. Gillin was appointed upon Mr. Burger's recommendation.

SHIP WITH RICH CARGO WILL BE TOTAL LOSS

San Francisco, January 2.—Messages late today to marine underwriters here said the Danish motorship Malakka, ashore on Cedros island, 300 miles south of San Diego, Cal., would be a total loss. The vessel carried a cargo valued at more than $1,000,000. The crew was taken off by the salvage steamer Laqua.

Corker Joins New York Firm.

S. A. Corker, of Corker & Butler, cotton seed brokers, has gone to New York city to become a director and secretary of the old Produce Exchange firm, the Williams Commission company. The Williams company takes charge of the Atlanta office, with William Butler as manager.

Dr. J. S. Wilson Buys Half Interest in New York Dental Parlors.

Dr. J. S. Wilson, a well-known Atlanta dentist, has purchased half interest in the famous New York Dental Offices, located at 28½ Peachtree street, over Elkin's drug store.



DR. J. S. WILSON.

Dr. Wilson is already well known in and around Atlanta, having graduated from the Southern Dental College of this city seven years ago, and has been actively engaged in the practice of dentistry with the Georgia Dental Parlors and the White Dental Rooms ever since, with the exception of about one year, when he managed one of the leading dental offices of Birmingham, Ala.

His many friends will be glad to hear of his connection with this splendid dental firm, where, with the best and most modern equipment, he is in position to serve them better than ever before.—Advertisement.

J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.



Monday Morning, Promptly at 8:30, We Begin Our Great Annual January Sale of Women's and Children's Undermuslins

We feature it every 12 months on our 2nd floor and the savings made to the homes of Atlanta and vicinity are something wonderful. Last August we started getting ready for this January sale and never before in our 34 years of merchandising have we been so prepared. Remember every good factory has been at work on our undermuslins and you will find nothing but prime materials, best of sewing, no missed-stitching, no loose threads, and a guarantee that every piece was handled in a sanitary factory.



Big Girls' New Spring Dresses

Stripes, solid colors with white scallops to the collars and cuffs—some with white vests, latest cuts—easily laundered, buttons from neck to bottom of skirt—beautiful quality gingham, percale, galatea and crepes—6 to 14 years. $2.00 values, this sale at

$1.50

Women's Cambric Drawers, pr. 15c
3 PAIRS FOR 40c
DEEP RUFFLE, HEMSTITCHED, FULL WIDTH, not skimped in any way. (LIMIT 3 PAIRS.)

Women's Cambric Drawers, pr. 19c
DEEP RUFFLE, HEMSTITCHED, cluster of tucks in ruffle, cluster of TUCKS above the ruffle, full width, open or closed. (LIMIT 6 pairs.)

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS, with lace trimming, ribbon run, and draw string at waist so that cheapest fit like most expensive ones, 10 styles; 35c ones at **19c**
Ten styles daintiest and most exquisitely trimmed, 50c ones for 25c
Ten styles 65c ones at 49c
Ten styles, $1.00 ones. at 75c
Ten styles $1.25 ones at 98c

Twenty styles Gowns, trimmed with Medallions and every kind fine, dainty laces, and we pride in the workmanship of these. To be had in Crepe also; no crooked or unfinished seams; all at this sale; choice **98c**
Fifteen styles at $1.50 and dozen styles at .. ..

ATHLETIC CLUB DEFEATED BY COLUMBUS

CRACKERS SIGN NEW CATCHERS

Names Are Withheld by Local Headquarters, But It Is Reported They Are Experienced Men.

There is a rumor circulating around baseball headquarters that the Crackers have purchased two new catchers for their 1915 team. The names of these two men are not given out, but it is pretty definitely known that two backstops of good worth have been purchased for the Crackers.

The rumor is entirely probable, inasmuch as the Crackers will have to have two new receivers for their team. Joe Dunn will be a pilot next year, while Jeff Tyree, the other catcher on the 1914 Crackers, has been recalled by the Chicago Cubs and will not be returned this year. So it can be seen that the locals will have to have two new men, and the signing of these two is entirely probable.

Bill Arrives This Week.

Manager Bill will arrive in the city the latter part of this week, and will at once start to work to get his prospects in shape, and get his 1915 contracts in shape for mailing.

The locals will need two new catchers, a third-sacker, a second-sacker and an outfielder, to say nothing of several new hurlers. The locals' manager has already signed four new men on his trip, and it is expected that he will sign several more before returning. An outfielder, two third basemen and a pitcher are the new men he has signed so far. He is at present conducting negotiations with Clark Griffith of the Washington Americans, for the use of Wallie Smith, but so far has not reached an agreeable settlement. Several men will also be turned over to him by Branch Rickey, and it is expected that he will know in the near future just what men the Browns intend to turn back. Edson Hemingway is one that the locals are counting on getting, and it is almost practically assured that they will get him.

With first base cared for by Hack Eibel, short by Rivington Bisland, either Hemingway, Smith, Hopke or Pitts at third, Manager Smith will only have second base to worry about before he will have his innerworks complete. Amby McConnell, who cavorted around the keystone last season, is still on the Crackers' roster, but whether or not he will be back this year is not known. Amby suffered injuries last season that kept him out of the game a good deal, and whether or not he will be able to play this year is doubtful.

However, at the present outlook the Crackers look good, and it is a safe bet that they will have an infield that will be a credit to the league next season. The names of the two new Crackers that the rumor reports signed will, in all probability, be given out in the near future, it being thought advisable to keep them quiet for the time being.

SEAVIEW GOLF CLUB TO HOLD MID-WINTER TOURNEY JANUARY 11

What promises to be the most remarkable golf tournament ever played in this country is scheduled for January 11, 12, 13 and 14 at the Seaview Golf club, near Atlantic City, N. J. This will be the first mid-winter tournament ever held north of the Mason and Dixon line, and golfers from all sections of the United States will participate.

The formal opening of the club will be held on Saturday, January 9, when Jerome D. Travers, Chick Evans, W. C. Fownes, Jr., and Oswald Kirby, four of the most prominent golfers in the country, will play in a four-ball match over the course. Travers has won the National Golf championship four times, and is rated as the best golfer in the United States. Evans is a former western amateur and open champion and finished within one stroke of Walter Hagen, who won the open championship last fall. He is the former French amateur champion and has been a national semi-finalist four times. Fownes is a former national champion and last year was the gold medalist in the national tournament. Kirby is the New Jersey champion and former metropolitan title holder. Evans and Fownes will be paired against Travers and Kirby in an eighteen-hole match.

Former President William H. Taft and other distinguished men are expected to be among the guests of the club on the opening day.

The tournament proper will begin on Monday, January 11, with a qualification round of eighteen holes and four sixteens will qualify, and the match play-rounds will be played on the three following days. The Seaview trophy will be presented to the winner of the first sixteen, and other trophies will be presented to the winners and runners-up of the other sixteens, and in addition the winners of the defeated eights will receive prizes.

Clarence H. Geist, the president of the club, has financed the proposition. The course is located two miles north of Absecon, and within a short distance of Atlantic City. It is laid out over a large tract of 280 acres, and is 6,100 yards played from short tees and 6,400 yards from back tees. The tees are arranged to suit the varying weather conditions.

The course itself is constructed on a sandy loam soil and the drainage is such that neither snow nor water will lie on the course for more than a very short period.

It is in every sense of the word an all-round-the-year course and is the first course constructed in the east where it is possible to play golf every month in the year. The club will have a membership of 1,200. Nearly every large city in the north, east and west is represented by one or more members. Philadelphia, Chicago and New York are well represented in the membership. The course was laid out by one of the best golf architects, and those who have played over it speak highly in its praise. Not only are the greens piped, but the fairways and tees are watered as well, something which is true alone of this club.

Owing to the sandy loam it has been possible to build 18 of the most unique putting greens that have ever been built in this country. No two greens are alike. One resembles a huge oyster shell, while another is a reproduction of sea waves. The fifth green is the best punch bowl on any course in the United States; the ninth green is a double terraced green. In fact, each green has its own distinctive characteristics, and it is difficult to adequately describe them. One has to play the course to realize how wonderful they are.

INJUNCTION AGAINST LEE MAGEE IS FILED

Cincinnati, January 2.—A temporary injunction to restrain Leo Hoernschemeyer, known in baseball circles as "Lee Magee," from playing with any club or managing any club other than the St. Louis Nationals, was asked for in a suit filed today by the American Baseball and Athletic Exhibition company, operating the St. Louis National league baseball club.

The suit, filed in federal district court here, asks that the injunction later be made permanent, on the ground that the St. Louis National club holds a previous contract with Magee for the season of 1915. It further states that on November 11, 1914, Magee signed a contract with the Brooklyn Federal league, thereby repudiating his contract with the St. Louis Nationals.

Connie Mack's Great Team Establishes Unique Record; No Player Ejected in 1914

BY BILLY EVANS.

Don't fight the umpire, confine your efforts in that direction to the other team.

It is possible to be aggressive without resorting to rowdy tactics.

The less you bother the umpire the better brand of umpiring he gives you in return.

Close decisions are bound to be given against you. On the whole, it will just about even up for the season.

Every time a star player is put out of the game he weakens the chances of his team to win.

When a player is put out of the game he gives neither the public nor the club owner a run for his money.

The umpire will always be the alibi on every disputed point, for he is the easiest excuse.

All umpires give the plays just as they see them. The most strenuous protest never results in a reversal.

The public goes to the game to see the teams play ball, not argue with themselves and the umpire.

No team ever kicked itself into a championship. Several teams have kicked themselves out of a pennant.

Umpires are human, hence not infallible. The wise umpire listens to a proper protest. The foolish umpire insists he is always right.

When a substitute takes the place of a star in some big production on the stage the public always has the right to demand its money back at the box office. Some day such conditions will prevail in baseball, when some star, whom a majority of the crowd wants to see play, is ejected from the game for some reason or other.

By BILLY EVANS,
(American League Umpire.)

Does it pay to have your players constantly disputing with the umpire? Some managers are of the opinion that it does. Connie Mack, one of the greatest as well as most successful leaders the game has ever produced, regards it as a waste of time and effort. If you would take his team as an example, it would seem that it is wise to play ball and let the umpire do the umpiring.

The Philadelphia team of the American League established a record in 1914 that I feel sure is without a parallel in baseball. Not a single regular player was ejected from a ball game during the entire season. I could go even further and say that not even a coacher was ordered to the bench for conduct that failed to meet with the approval of the umpire. Just think of it, the team that won the pennant in the American League, the team that was in the heat of a bitter struggle up until August 1, when it loomed up as the one best bet, did not have a player put out of the game. It seems hardly possible that a team of twenty-five athletes could go from April 12 to October 7 without having their ire aroused at the work of the umpire or rival player, or arousing the ire of the officials by their actions on the field. Yet that is just what the Philadelphia team did.

Naturally a lion's share of the credit for this unusual record must go to Manager Mack. The resourceful leader of the Athletics figures the grade of umpiring will be much better if the umpire is allowed to do his work without constantly getting into disputes with the players. He reasons that such happenings divert the attention of the umpire from his work and very often results in a poor decision. Any umpire will tell you Mack's contention is the correct one. If players on the bench are continually roasting the umpire, naturally the umpire will make an effort to ascertain who is making the trouble, so that he can send them to the club house, and have the game proceed in peace. Very often he directs his attention to the bench at an inopportune time and a bad decision results. Often such a decision is the turning point in the game. Mack figures more games are lost through such a ruling than are won because players insist on kicking on every recision that is the least questionable. Mack's players in keeping within the limits are simply following out the system he favors. I have seen players, who were well behaved when with the Athletics, turn out bad actors when sent to some other club.

Vigorous Protests Over Close Decisions Once the Rule Rather Than Exception.

Not so many years ago it was a rare exception for a day to pass in the major leagues without a number of players making their exit from the game at the request of the umpire. In those days kicking over every close play was a popular diversion. The umpire was the alibi on every occasion that things went wrong. Each year finds a big improvement in this respect. The players are getting wise to the fact that nothing is gained by constant kicking. The public has also got wise to the fact that the umpire has not always erred when a player takes it upon himself to protest a decision. No doubt this fact has caused the player to cease the stunt of always trying to alibi his mistakes at the expense of the official.

Umpires, as a rule, like peace, and few, if any, go out on the field with a chip on their shoulder. The umpire who does is a very foolish fellow, for there are enough things happening on the ball field without trying to create additional events. It is a good bet that the umpire had just cause for ejection when he puts a player out of the game nowadays. The average umpire overlooks a lot of things that happen in the heat of battle, simply for the sake of peace. Every now and then situations arise that he must take in hand, and nine times out of ten the players suffer as a result.

Senseless Kicking Don't Pay.

Most managers are getting wise to the truth that senseless kicking avails nothing. A team can be an aggressive aggregation without always getting into trouble with the umpire. Once upon a time it was believed that to be a scrappy bunch of players it was absolutely necessary to be constantly fighting the umpires. Connie Mack, famous leader of the Philadelphia Athletics, was perhaps the first manager to reach such a conclusion. Mack's teams are always up in the race, always a club that must be feared. Mack's motto has always been "fight the opposing club and leave the umpires alone." That system has given Philadelphia many a great ball club. Don't think for a minute that the Mackmen accept every decision without a murmur. No, indeed! They let the umpire know when they believe he has made a mistake, but always do it in such a way that the umpire is forced to listen to the protest, rather than take offense.

Every fan in the country has his favorite player or players. There are any number of people who always make it a point to see the New York Giants in action. It is a ball team with color, led by one of the most talked about managers in the business, John J. McGraw. On the team is one of the game's greatest idols, Christy Mathewson. The announcement that he is to pitch always considerably swells the gate receipts. Walter Johnson, Tyrus Cobb, Hans Wagner, Tris Speaker, Larry Lajoie and other big stars all have their following. At every game they play a number of the fans present have been drawn to the game for the sole purpose of seeing those stars in action. Imagine what a disappointment it is to the public to attend a game and in the very first inning see a couple of the stars put out of the contest. It immediately robs the day of much of its interest.

Manager Mack Changes System.

That very feature made Manager Mack change the system that most teams followed in regard to the umpires. He figured that any time such a thing happened, the public was not getting a run for its money, because the star players were not in the game. He also made it apparent to his players that the loss of a star player in an important game robbed the club of much of its strength. There is also a chance that a player may draw a suspension of three, five or ten days any time he is put out of the game, the length of suspension, of course, depending entirely on the gravity of the offense. Mack figured it out that a club that could keep from getting in trouble with the umpires would be able to constantly present its full strength. For years he has insisted that his players work on that theory. As a result he has seldom been handicapped by loss of valuable players through run-ins with the umpires. On the other hand, other clubs in big series would get into arguments with the umpires and invariably be weakened by the suspension of some player much needed, thereby playing right into Mack's hands.

That the plan followed by Mack was a good one is proved by the attitude now assumed by many managers on that question. Since the managers no longer favor a policy of kicking on every close play the athletes no longer insist on doing so. The result—fewer players ejected from the game, less trouble on the field and a better class of ball for the spectators.

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Geo. Stallings Not to Raise Cotton on His Georgia Plantation

Milledgeville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—George H. Stallings, miracle man of baseball, will not raise cotton next year. Mr. Stallings says that until things change materially and radically, he will plant no more cotton on his big farm at Haddocks, near this city.

Mr. Stallings has attracted much attention in the past when he would bring his entire cotton crop into the city at one time, hundreds of bales on a long train of wagons, and would sell at the highest price. But cotton seems to be more uncertain than baseball, and this year the winner of the world's championship in baseball will take no chances with the fleecy staple.

Mr. Stallings has offered to accept corn, peas and hay from his tenants instead of cotton, but he says it is going to be a hard matter to effect a trade with the colored contingent without cotton coming in. He operates about 100 plows on his farm, the yield of cotton being around 750 bales in a season.

COLLEGE CHESS LEAGUE.

Cornell and Pennsylvania Tie for Championship.

New York, January 2.—Cornell and Pennsylvania tied for the championship in the annual tournament of the Intercollegiate Chess League, which closed today. The Rice trophy will be held by the Philadelphians for six months and then go to Ithaca. The final scores were: Cornell, won 12, lost 4; Pennsylvania, won 12, lost 4; Brown, won none, lost 16.

BIG OFFER MADE FOR 3 WAYCROSS PLAYERS

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Vice President James Sinclair, of the Waycross Baseball association, has received an offer for the three outfielders of the Waycross team of 1914, Wasem, Fenton and McCoy are all wanted, and if the Waycross club agrees to the terms the men may be sold. Wasem and McCoy batted over .300 last season, Wasem leading the team, with McCoy second. Fenton is regarded as the prettiest and surest fielder in the league, and is not at all bad at the bat. Fans here will regret their sale, but efforts will be made to secure younger men to fill their places.

No move has been made here as yet regarding baseball for 1915, although it is certain Waycross will have a team, even if the proposed Air Line league falls through. Reports concerning the Georgia State league for 1915 are not very encouraging, although it is known that all the 1914 members would like to keep the league going.

PUD M'TIGUE SIGNED BY NASHVILLE VOLS

Nashville, Tenn., January 2.—(Special.)—Bill Schwartz, manager of the Vols, of the Southern league, announced today that he had signed "Pud" McTigue, former player of the Baltimore International team, to twirl for his team in 1915. McTigue is a local boy. McTigue was forced to retire from the game a year ago on account of illness, but has now rounded into good shape, and expects to have a good season in 1915. His principal trouble while he was a member of the Boston and Chicago teams was wildness, which he seemed unable to control. However, with "Gabby" Street back of the plate it is expected that he will be able to overcome this.

Rifle Championship.

Washington, January 2.—Cleveland, in class "A" of the competition for the inter-club gallery rifle championship of the United States, made the highest mark in this week's matches, scoring 994 points out of a possible 1,000.

Class "A" scores follow:

Cleveland 994 v. Bucyrus 984.
Warren 982 v. Boston 928.
Birmingham 967 v. Dickinson 962.
District of Columbia 984 v. Manchester 964.
Bridgeport 992 v. Adrian 963.
Kings Mills 990 v. Stillwater 955.
Bangor was first in class "B" with 981. Buffalo led class "C" with 967.

NOTED GOLFER



"CHICK" EVANS.
Chicago golfer and local favorite who will be here all this week.

HERMAN MATCHED TO BOX K. O. EGGERS

Mike Saul Will Stage Fight Here on January 12 Instead of Burns-Herman Bout.

Mike Saul has finally got his boxing promotions on straight, and it is to be Knockout Eggers and Kid Herman who will wind up a big card of boxing at the Bijou Tuesday night, January 12.

It started out to be Frankie Burns and Herman, but Mr. Burns wanted too much. Not too much money—Mike was plentifully willing to pay Frankie what he asked, and the deal was supposed to be closed, when Mr. Burns began bickering about the weight.

"He wanted to come in at 118 ringside," said Mike, but I couldn't see it. I don't know what the matter is, whether he is afraid of Herman, or wants to make it as near a cinch as possible, or what.

It is a fact that Burns has been making a lot of noise to the effect that Kid Williams, the present world's champion of the class, will not make weight for him, and this makes it all the stranger that Burns should not want to make weight for another boy, not yet a champion, but traveling pretty well on his way in that direction.

Mike has a letter from Burns saying he won't make 116 ringside for anybody outside of the champion.

"I made that proposition to Burns before the bout, and he ought to be glad to get the return match," said Frankie, but Red Welsh, Herman's manager, doesn't feel that way about it.

Wherefore a correspondence was started with Billy Jacobs, manager of Knockout Eggers, and it was found that Billy was ready and willing to fight without any foolishness about the weight question. In fact, the match now is settled, and tickets have been forwarded all the parties.

Herman Arrives Monday.

Herman will be here with his manager Monday morning, and will start work at once, giving himself over a week to round off his condition and get into the best shape possible, for he knows he has a tough problem in front of him now.

As for Eggers, he and his work are well and favorably known in Atlanta. He has boxed Kid Young, Sherman and Jimmy Grant here, and always has made a great and aggressive showing. He is a hard, punishing boxer, with a long string of "K. O." signs opposite his opponent's names in his three years of campaigning—a strong, rugged, experienced boy, with a natural knack at boxing and a great capacity for taking and handing out punishment.

Eggers holds a decision over Johnny Dundee. He has another over Herman himself, and a draw with Frankie Burns. With Herman, Eggers ought to put up one of the best bouts ever seen in the south.

City Hall Salaries Of Americus Cut From Mayor to the Janitor

Americus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Americus city council at its first meeting last night inaugurated a retrenchment in municipal expenditures with horizontal salary reductions of departmental heads and city employees generally, from mayor to janitor, thus effecting a saving of $2,500 annually.

John B. Ansley was re-elected superintendent of waterworks and city engineer; Eugenius Nisbet, city attorney; Walter Maynard, city marshal; Dr. Douglas Mayes, city physician; J. B. Parker, chief of the fire department, succeeding Chief Willis McArthur, twelve years in that position. The changes effected caused general surprise.

Beer saloons resumed business today under the former special tax of $300.

HOUSTON COMMISSION MEET AND ORGANIZE

Perry, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The board of commissioners of roads and revenues elected for the ensuing two years met yesterday and organized, electing Zack Hays, chairman, and C. E. Brunson, clerk. The board consists of Zack Hays, E. H. Wimberly, J. A. McCowan, J. E. Carney and George B. Feagin, this being an entirely new board. The old board met on yesterday, completing their work, so as to turn over the county's business to the new board. There were two applicants for clerk—C. E. Brunson and I. T. Woodard.

Thomasville City Court.

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The adjourned term of Thomasville city court will convene here on Monday. It will be the first time that Hon. H. J. MacIntyre will act in his new capacity of solicitor, and he will find eighty-five cases awaiting him on the criminal docket to dispose of besides much other business.

Willard Has Small Chance To Defeat Jack Johnson on March 6, Says J. J. Corbett

BY JAMES J. CORBETT.
(Former Heavyweight Champion of the World.)

New York, January 2.—(Special.)—Jack Curley, managing director of the Jess Willard company—by the way, that's a new wrinkle, incorporating a pugilist—has announced that Johnson and Willard will meet in a battle for the championship of the world some time next March. A dispatch from El Paso states that Juarez, Mexico, has been selected as the battleground, and March 6 as the date for the big doings.

Now I am not one of those persons who have attempted to poke fun at Willard and his desire to take a short cut to the championship, and realize probably to a greater extent than other critics that the game is full of surprises and that the dark horse often brings home the bacon. The one objection I have to advance to the match is that Willard has not yet qualified as the accredited representative of the white race, the hope of the sports who for more than four years have been vainly seeking a white heavyweight with skill enough to humble the big negro now at the head of the division and who has been anything but a credit to the sport.

I have repeatedly urged those back of Willard to turn him loose among the leading white heavyweights first, thus giving him an opportunity to prove his class. I believe he can lick any and all of those at present actively engaged in the pursuit of "white hoping," but he should settle the question beyond all doubt. If he can beat Smith, Coffey, Reich and the rest he should then be matched with Langford, McVey or Jeannette, any one would do, and if found worthy of their support, the public would rally to his colors as one man, and the receipts on March 6, or whatever date selected for the bout with Johnson, would shame the record-breaking "gate" at Reno July 4, 1910. For, given a little encouragement in the way of a fighter who figured on the dope to have a chance and bring back the title, the sports would turn out in such numbers that it would tax the ingenuity and resources of the promoters to build an arena large enough to accommodate them.

Willard's Chances Poor.

But nothing Willard has accomplished to date warrants the belief that he has the ghost of a show to defeat Johnson. Those who are rooting for Willard, and most white men are, pin their faith on the sole chance that Johnson's mode of living in recent years has started him down the ladder—and he will have to be pretty well down to lose, judging by what Jess has so far shown in public. On that frail hope the fans are forced to base their hopes for a shift in the pugilistic deal next March.

Willard has not made much of a hit anywhere he has appeared outside of New York, where the fans are more lenient than in other cities. But Jess' last bout here with Carl Morris, another elephantine product of the times, almost cost every bit of respect local sports ever had for him.

No matter how the bout ends there is bound to be a great deal of dissatisfaction expressed on all sides. If Johnson wins the critics will roast everybody connected with it for foisting such an uneven affair on an unsophisticated public, while if Willard cops there is no telling what will be said and written of the affair. And all because Jess has not yet shown anything worth while, whether through timidity or lack of opportunity will not make any difference in the public attitude.

While a white champion would be more than welcomed, a title-holder who annexes honors by any other method than a victory on his merits will meet with a scant reception from the American public. And should Willard defeat Johnson and the public is at all suspicious of the result, there will be a big demand for Jess to meet Langford or one of the other negroes left in the hunt before they will accept him as a champion worthy of the name. And this in spite of the prejudice existing against the holding of the title by a black man. American sports do not want to see one of their race the head of pugilism unless he has demonstrated in fair combat his right to occupy that proud pinnacle.

Ring followers who saw that stupid exhibition between Gunboat Smith and Jim Coffey recently and recall the fact that Smith has a twenty-round verdict over Willard to his credit, cannot help wondering what Johnson will do to big Jess when they meet—always providing Jack is anywhere near the form of 1910.

Sam Langford boxed Gunboat Smith twice. The first time the bout went the limit of twelve rounds and the critics hinted that the affair looked suspicious. The next time Sam stopped Smith in a few rounds without exerting himself very much. While it is doubtful if either Smith or Coffey could beat Willard, it is also the popular opinion that Willard would prove quite as easy a victim to Langford's skill and punching powers.

Negroes Better Than Whites.

While such men as McVey, Langford, Jeannette and Willis, to say nothing of Jack Johnson, remain in the game, the business of "white hoping" will hardly thrive to any great extent. Unless some youngster of unusual promise flashes on the horizon there is little prospect of a change in the complexion of the reigning race in heavyweight pugilism in the near future.

The facts of the case are that the white heavyweight class has not developed a first-class fighting man since Jim Jeffries. Barring Tommy Burns, who unfortunately was handicapped in size, there hasn't been a white heavyweight before the public in recent years who could be rated anywhere near first-class.

The press agents have been spilling a lot of stuff about Gunboat Smith's "come back" in licking young Tommy McCrary, the western cowboy, who succumbed to the Gunner's wallops last week. But if Gunboat showed anything of a startling nature in the performance I am at a loss to tell what it was. McCarty is a mere novice, a boy who really doesn't know anything about boxing except to rush in with his hand stuck out and to chop with his right at close quarters. In front of a shifty fighter McCarty would prove the rankest sucker. I doubt if he would lay a glove on a shifty fellow like Mike Gibbons in forty rounds, if he had the good fortune to last that long in front of the middleweight wizard. But he did connect with Smith frequently because the Gunner knows only one method, which is to meet every rush head-on. But McCarty's blows did not have the force of the Gunner's, and when the latter did finally get over a right, after many abortive attempts, McCarty crumpled quickly.

McCarty Looks Good.

In time McCarty might be made into a good man—he has a splendid physique—but his friends ought to first place him in the hands of a capable boxing instructor for six months or so. A man who knows as little of defense as Tommy boasts can hardly be dignified by the title of boxer.

Gunboat Smith may have come back, although a great many persons are of the opinion that he has not yet arrived.

Ritchie to Come Back.

Friends of Willie Ritchie announce that the American lightweight champion's hat is in the ring again. Willie is interested in the hat business now out in San Francisco, so that announcement is not surprising. But if Willie is anxious to resume his trade of boxing I have not yet heard anything about it outside of a rumor here and there that Willie would be matched with Freddy Welsh for a 10-round exhibition some time in February.

According to reports from San Francisco Ritchie has taken on a great deal of weight during his idleness, and now resembles a heavy welter more than a boy who boxes in the neighborhood of 133 pounds. However, that is frequently the case with a boxer who lays off for a while, and Willie is not yet through growing, so that it would not be surprising if he had taken on considerable flesh while loafing. But at his age it is no great task to take the poundage off, and I imagine that if proper inducements are made he will be glad to accept a proposition to box somewhere near the lightweight limit. For that matter, I fancy that in taking on weight Ritchie has nothing on Freddy Welsh. When Freddy did actually make weight in the bout with Young Shugrue, which was the first time in many months he had really reduced, he fought like a wooden man. Welsh is no longer a chicken, and finds it no trifling matter to reduce and enter the ring fit and strong at the same time.

In a letter to a New York friend Ritchie says he will gladly box Welsh here next month. It is to be hoped that the match will be made. Although no longer world's champion, Ritchie is a warm favorite with the fans, and his return to the ring would mean a packed house wherever he elects to appear.

Ritchie's return will be welcomed by lovers of the sport everywhere. He is a credit to the profession, and the pity is we haven't more like him in the game.

WAR ISN'T WORRYING MAKERS OF NATIONAL

George Dickson Compiles Interesting Figures on Automobile Industry.

New York, January 2.—The fifteenth annual automobile show opened in the Grand Central palace Saturday with all previous records broken for attendance, elaborate exhibits and enthusiasm.

"You could never tell that the world is suffering from a war or that business has been uneasy, judging from the unrestricted fashion in which automobile manufacturers are going ahead for 1915," says George M. Dickson, general manager of the company building National cars. Dickson is reported to have exhibited National cars at every automobile show since the beginning. "I think the automobile, or rather the motor car industry, can be taken as a barometer of the condition of the entire country," continued Dickson. "It represents the buying power of the nation, as individuals and as a unit. The automobile reflects both the business and social activity, one might say it gives us the tone of the nation's vitality.

"The show will last for one week. Interesting figures concerning the size of the automobile industry in the United States have been compiled by Dickson; 1,500,000 cars in use; cost price $1,500,000,000. Of commercial vehicles there are 100,000 in use. Last year, up to June 30, there were 435,000 cars produced in that single year. The value of last year's cars is $425,000,000. Every year about nine million tires are worn out. In the whole of Germany there are 93,000 automobiles, while in New York city 44,628. There are sixty thousand chauffeurs in New York state. Chicago had 11,000 cars in 1911, 26,000 in 1914. There are 15,500 automobile dealers in the United States. One-half the automobiles owned in Iowa are owned by farmers and in Wisconsin one-third."

Dickson says this year's sales will total 875,000 cars.

THOMASVILLE MEMORIAL TO CAPTAIN TRIPLETT

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The monument to be erected by the citizens of Thomasville to the memory of the late Captain John Triplett, veteran editor and citizen, has been awarded to R. A. Weldon, and work on it will begin at once. The monument will be placed on the courthouse square, and will be quite a handsome one, attesting to the love of Thomasville people for the man who did so much in his time in building up the city and helping it in every way in his power.

To Use Electricity.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) Golden's Foundry and Machine company has entered into a contract with the Columbus Power company to be supplied with electrical current for the operation of its large plant. This foundry and machine shop forms one of the largest and best equipped plants of its character in the south.

INDIANAPOLIS WILL TRAIN IN VALDOSTA

Indianapolis, Ind., January 2.—(Special.)—The local Federal league team has announced that it will train this spring in Valdosta, a team of the Georgia State league. Arrangements have been all completed for the use of the Valdosta park, and the local club is expected to start their march south early in March.

BULLET OF AIR RIFLE IN MISS HILBUN'S EYE

Dublin, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Miss Lois Hilbun, 18-year-old daughter of O. I. Hilbun, of this city, is awaiting developments of a wound made in one of her eyes by an air rifle which was accidentally fired by young Hath Holleman, of this city. The shot passed through a screen door and entered the right eye of the young woman. Just what will be the outcome of the injury physicians have not said.

Cordele Man's Invention.

Cordele, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Wilmer F. Hall, a Cordele plumber, has secured patent rights in the United States for the manufacture and sale of an automatic stopper or strainer for bath tubs, lavatories and sinks that promises to eventually entirely eliminate the chain and stopper now used for such fixtures and to net him a handsome little fortune.

Advice to Men & Women



The best advice I can give to the woman or man who is suffering—perhaps in silence — from some special disease —or some lingering chronic complaint, or related trouble —is to see the physician especialist at once and obtain a proper diagnosis of the condition.

This you can secure by private consultation in my office and is made absolutely without charge. You can then determine exactly what to do. I will give you a correct and unbiased view of your case and you can then decide upon what course to pursue. I do not take all cases—neither would I urge you against your judgment. And when you intrust your case to me you will find my charges exceedingly reasonable and fair.

Remember, I am the original Dr. Hathaway, owner and founder of the celebrated Hathaway System of treatment, which has established a remarkable record of cures throughout the entire south. You can consult me in person at my new office in the McKenzie Building, 6 James street, corner Peachtree, opposite Candler Building. Rooms 201-216, Atlanta, Ga. DR. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, Specialist in all Chronic and special diseases of men and women. Hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 5, except Sunday; Saturday evenings only, 7:30 to 9. Special hours by appointment. Phone Ivy 7900.

MORPHINE

Liquor and Tobacco Addictions Cured within Ten Days by our New Painless Method.

Only Sanitarium in the World Giving Unconditional Guarantee.

Our guarantee means something. Not one dollar need be paid until a satisfactory cure has been effected. We control completely the usual withdrawal symptoms. No extreme nervousness, aching of limbs, or loss of sleep. Patients unable to visit sanitarium can be treated privately at home. References: Union Bank and Trust Company, The American National Bank, or any other citizen of Lebanon.

Write for Free Booklet No. 59. Address
CUMBERLAND SANITARIUM
F. J. SANDERS, Mgr. Lebanon, Tenn.

Paralysis CONQUERED AT LAST BY DR. CHASE'S
Special Blood and Nerv Tablets
Write for Proof of Cures. Advice Free
DR. CHASE, 224 N. Tenth St., Phila., Pa.

!!!TIRES!!!

New, Fresh Stock of Best Known Standard Makes

!AT LOWEST PRICES!

OUR EXCEPTIONAL VALUES

28x3	$ 7.12	34x3½	$11.54
30x3	7.61	33x4	15.31
30x3½	10.24	34x4	15.83
32x3½	10.89	35x4	16.85

Standard Makes Guaranteed on 3,000 Miles Basis:

30x3	$ 8.19	33x4	$16.49
30x3½	11.03	34x4	17.05
32x3½	11.73	36x4	18.17
34x3½	12.43	37x4½	25.20

Other Sizes at Proportionate Prices.

Automobile Tire Co.
E. T. SCHENCK, Mgr.
234 Peachtree Street Atlanta, Georgia
Phone Ivy 4580

SMALL CHANCE FOR BASEBALL PEACE

Federals and Oranized Ball Will Continue to War on Each Other, Declares Ward, of Brooklyn Feds.

New York, January 2.—Robert B. Ward, president of the Brooklyn Federals, and vice president of the Federal league, in a statement tonight made public details of fruitless peace negotiations with organized baseball early in the winter. First peace overtures, he said, came from "Mike" Cantillon, owner of the Minneapolis American association club, whose plan was for Federal teams in the west to enter the American association, and those in the east to merge with the International league.

The Federals turned this suggestion down, Ward said, and Cantillon then brought into conferences Charles Weeghman, of the Chicago Federals, and Augustus Herrmann, chairman of the National commission.

Ward said three distinct propositions were made to him to buy the New York Americans at the same time that Weeghman was given an option to buy the Chicago Nationals. Ward said he was willing to purchase the Yankees and Weeghman the Cubs on condition that the Federals be admitted as a major league.

There was little chance for peace at any time, Ward said, but peace talk was widely circulated by organized baseball to keep the minor leagues quiet.

Of the attempt to arrange a sale of the Chicago club to Weeghman, Ward said:

"There were several meetings between Weeghman and Herrmann in Chicago and to aid in pacifying minor leagues eager to enlist with the Federals, there were spread broadcast a story of Weeghman's contemplated desertion of the Federals to become principal stockholder in the Cubs.

"The Federal league is a permanent institution in baseball," said Ward, in conclusion. "We will continue to build on a foundation of straightforward dealing with the public. Some men cannot understand why we can hope to succeed. The public seems eager for the change, if I may judge from the comments in recent weeks."

Ban Johnson, president of the American league, today denied Ward's statement that he had three propositions to buy the Yankees.

"A suggestion was made to me to permit Ward to buy the Yankees, but I quickly said 'nothing doing,'" said Johnson.

WATCH CASE SUIT FAILS.

District Court Refuses to Break Up Company.

Philadelphia, January 2.—The United States district court today decided that the Keystone Watch Case company is not an unlawful combination, but declared that its alleged policy of boycotting is a direct violation of the law and should be enjoined. The company controls a large percentage of the country's filled watch case business.

Methods by which the Keystone company absorbed several large watch case manufacturing concerns, the court held, were proper. The decision declared, however, that there was evidence that the company showed a "definite purpose to restrain trade by attempting to fix and maintain prices by using a species of boycott or blacklisting in order to lessen the trade of its rivals."

In 1910, the court said, the company issued a circular to customers fixing prices of the several varieties of cases and a certain watch it manufactured and reserving the right to refuse to sell goods to jobbers if its rules regarding prices were violated. The court declared this circular "was not a request, but a threat, and not an empty threat, but a real menace from a strong manufacturer," and a "direct and unlawful restraint of trade."

EMERGENCY REVENUE COMING IN FASTER

Washington, January 2.—Emergency revenue receipts began to figure prominently in government revenues during December for the first time. Customs receipts fell off during that month nearly $7,000,000, compared with December, 1913, but ordinary internal revenue increased for the same period nearly $5,000,000. Total receipts for the month amounted to $51,429,362, compared with $54,282,256 last year. Ordinary disbursements amounted to $58,994,982.

The net balance in the general fund at the end of the year was $66,770,675, and total cash assets in the treasury, $1,964,318,693.

UNCLE SAM'S AVIATORS CAN NOW BE APPOINTED

Washington, January 2.—Aeronautical engineers and aviation mechanicians and instructors may be appointed to the army aviation corps hereafter upon non-competitive examination, as the result of an executive order amending civil service rules, signed today by President Wilson. Another order provides that no civil service employee "shall be promoted during probation except upon approval of the commission previously obtained."

$1,000,000 WAR ORDER GIVEN JERSEY COMPANY

New Brunswick, N. J., January 2.—A one-million-dollar contract with the Russian government for horseshoe calkc was announced here today by a manufacturing company, which will work day and night in an effort to fill the order within seven months.

FIRST U. S. AMBASSADOR ARRIVES IN ARGENTINA

Buenos Aires, January 2.—Frederic J. Stimson, first American ambassador to Argentina, arrived here today and was welcomed by representatives of the president, the foreign minister and others.

Lighthouse Bill Reported.

Washington, January 2.—The Pomerene lighthouse bill proposing appropriations for additional aids to navigation was favorably reported to the senate today. Items in the bill included $66,000 for the St. Johns river below Jacksonville, Fla.; $75,000 Florida reefs, and $50,000 for the Mississippi below New Orleans.

Whitman Starts Probe.

Albany, N. Y., January 2.—Governor Whitman's promised investigation of expenditures in all state departments began today with the agricultural division. The inquiry will include an investigation of killing of condemned cattle.

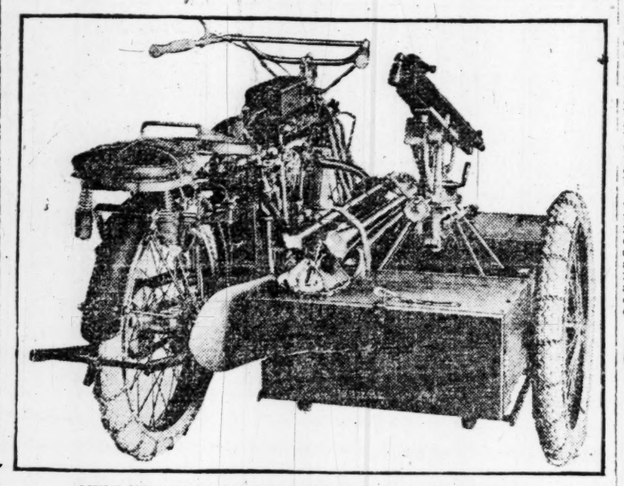
Boston's Death Rate.

Boston, January 2.—The lowest death rate ever recorded for Boston was reported today. During the past year 11,803 persons died in Boston, a death rate of 15.8, against 16.1 last year. Not a child was born blind in this city last year, it was said.

Husson, Noted Artist, Dead.

Paris, January 2.—Henri Husson, a noted artist in gold work and enamels, died today at the age of 62.

Indian Factory Brings Out Novel Motorcycle Riot Gun



NEW INDIAN MOTOCYCLE-RIOT GUN COMBINATION.

Hardly a day passes but some new field of utility for the motorcycle is discovered. The extensive use of the motorcycle by the military authorities in England and France for maneuvers and courier service, suggested to the engineers of the Hendee Manufacturing company, Springfield, Mass., manufacturers of Indian motorcycles, possibilities in a combination of motorcycle and automatic field gun for riot service in this country.

The motorcycle and side car chassis on which a Colt automatic field gun of rifle caliber is mounted, shows the originality and thoroughness with which the ideas has been developed. There is little doubt but that such a combination will appeal very strongly to militia men and police authorities, as its numerous advantages are self-evident.

In speed, ease of handling, reliability, upkeep cost, operating radius and comparative target areas, the motorcycle propelled gun is superior to a horse-drawn weapon. Provision is made for carrying two passengers, so that it is possible to operate the gun while the machine is in motion, which greatly increases its field of usefulness.

The motorcycle shown is a standard Indian twin cylinder model of fifteen-horse power, equipped with two-speed gear, which permits the machine to be used for cross country work if desired. A speed of 40 miles per hour is attainable, and a radius of 75 miles on a tankful of gasoline can be covered.

The Colt automatic gun used is the latest model of field piece, and has a firing capacity of 450 or more shots per minute. The gun is carried on a special mount and can be operated on the machine or detached and used on a portable tripod, which is collapsible and is carried on the chassis. There are four feed boxes, each having a capacity of 250 rounds of ammunition. The equipment also includes a loading apparatus, shown in the foreground of the platform, which, by the turning of a crank, automatically loads the cartridges into belts from which they are fed into the gun. After the first shot is fired, loading, firing and ejection of the shell is performed automatically by the powder gases, as long as the operator presses the trigger. The gun has a killing range of 2½ miles.

History of Autos in Atlanta From 1901 to Present Day

By John M. Speer.

It is hard to realize, in the midst of thousands of powerful, six-cylinder, palace-like automobiles that dash in and out, followed closely by the last word in "four" perfection, that less than thirteen years ago there was not a motor car upon the streets of Atlanta. So rapid has been the development of this industry that a look into its beginning here and its strides are astonishing.

About the year 1901 there were only two cars in Atlanta, one of which was owned by Captain John W. Alexander, and the other by H. M. Ashe. These were Mobile Steamers. In 1902 or 1903 Alfred Austell drove a two-cylinder Winton, touring car through from New Haven, Conn., to Atlanta, Ga., this being the first gas car in Atlanta.

In 1903 Marion Jackson, a prominent attorney of Atlanta, purchased a Victoria type White Steamer and drove it through the streets of Atlanta and created quite a sensation. Also about the same time Edward H. Inman and William F. Manry, who was then cashier of the Neal Loan and Banking company, purchased two canopy top White Steamers of the 1903 product. They were the first large motor cars used on the streets of Atlanta, and were the talk not only of Atlanta, but the surrounding country.

In the year 1904 C. H. Johnson and John F. Tool brought to Atlanta the Oldsmobile curved-dash, single-cylinder Olds; the single-cylinder Pope-Hartford, and Frank C. Steinhauer brought the single-cylinder Cadillac.

About this same time J. M. Speer, who is now manager of the Mitchell Motor Sales company, opened a garage in the rear of Nos. 103-105 North Pryor street, under the style of the Southern Automobile company. Mr. Speer handled the Oldsmobile, the White Steamer and the air-cooled Knox. In the year 1905 Mr. Speer sold to Captain John W. Alexander a 1905 White Steamer, which at that time had already been driven some 5,000 or 6,000 miles, and was conceded to be one of the best models the White people ever built. Mr. Speer sold this car to Captain Alexander late in the fall of the year, after having driven the car through from Atlanta to Cleveland, Ohio; Buffalo, N. Y.; Boston, Mass.; New York city, Philadelphia, Washington, D. C., and back to Atlanta under its own power and without any serious trouble whatever.

About the year 1904 or 1905 the Fisk Rubber company opened the first branch tire house in Atlanta, followed by the Diamond Rubber company and the other rubber copanies of which the automobile public is thoroughly familiar.

The Buick company was among the first to open a branch of the factory in Atlanta. John F. Tool, who was connected with C. H. Johnson in the early days of the automobile industry, is now manager of the Locomobile branch in Atlanta. F. C. Steinhauer still handles the Cadillac, and C. H. Johnson is with the Stevens-Duryea.

These are a few of the facts concerning the early automobile trade in and around Atlanta, and, while the trade began with a small beginning in 1901 of two or three cars, it has now advanced to where there are more than 5,000 cars in and around the city.

Costs Saxon Owners Only $38.60 to Cross Continent

A trip across the continent, attended by many exciting experiences, has just been completed in Los Angeles by G. W. and J. W. Logan, of Tiffin, Ohio, who drove their Saxon car through to the coast in the face of the worst weather and road conditions of the year.

The entire expenditures by the Logans on their trip was $38.60. This amount established a precedent in economy that will doubtless hold as a record for some time. No repairs of any kind were required along the road, and as the car was left in the open each night, the garage expense was a negligible quantity.

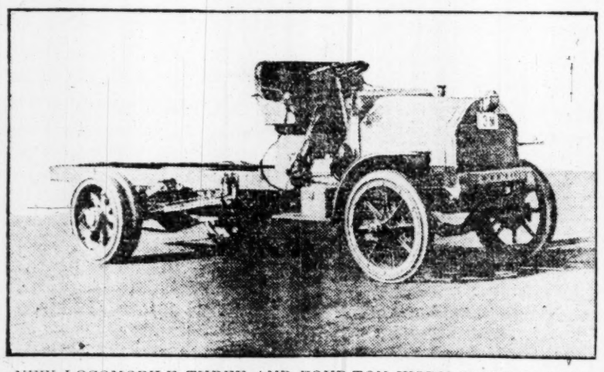
The first rough sledding occurred near Columbus, Ohio, where the travelers met with the customary autumn rains. The old highway became a mud streak through Indiana, and across the prairies of Illinois the progress at times was almost impossible.

Entering Colorado, conditions reach a climax up to that time. In the mountains the snow was from 2 to 4 feet deep, while at other points rain, slush and sleet were encountered, but the car ploughed through.

In Utah the worst roads and the most exciting incidents befell the pilgrims. Rain and light snows had turned the so-called roads into quagmires. Rivers and streams overflowed their banks, so that the Logans had to cross a number of them by bumping over the ties of railroad bridges.

The Logan brothers reached Los Angeles by way of a number of Nevada towns. They hold the record of being the first Saxon owners to cross the continent.

Output of Locomobile Motor Will Be Increased in 1915



NEW LOCOMOBILE THREE AND FOUR-TON WORM DRIVE TRUCK.

Wide interest is being manifested in Atlanta automobile circles in the announcement by the Locomobile Company of America that in 1915 the output of Locomobile motor trucks will be greatly increased. According to S. T. Davis, president of the company, the demand for better class motor trucks has increased of late.

"Owing to a better market, and to the fact that the motor trucks that we have delivered in the last two years have given satisfaction in all cases, we are increasing the output very materially, and from now on will manufacture in a large way," he declared.

John F. Toole, manager of the Atlanta branch of the Locomobile company, stated Saturday that according to the specifications the new Locomobile trucks bid fair to become popular at once with those who have delivery and transportation problems.

"For some two years the Locomobile company has been building large trucks, five and six-ton capacity," he said, "which of course could not be used to advantage by every manufacturer, and these big fellows have given satisfaction wherever they have been tried out. Now that the smaller trucks, three and four-ton capacity, are to be manufactured also, and in quantities, with the reputation of the Locomobile behind them, they should at once become popular."

S. T. Davis, president of the Locomobile company, declared that the engineering design and quality of shop practice entering into the construction of the trucks will be the same that has characterized the touring cars.

"We do not believe," he declared, "in one manufacturing standard for touring cars and another for trucks. We test a model two years before we put it on the market, and leave no stone unturned to build into our product the greatest possible value."

Although Mr. Toole stated that the new trucks will probably not be delivered in Atlanta before the first or fifteenth of March, he has received the specifications and plans for the trucks and is highly pleased with them.

The Locomobile truck models consist of a three-ton truck and a four-ton truck, both equipped with worm drive, and the driver's seat located back of the motor. The five and six-ton sizes are of the heavy duty type, equipped with double side-chain drive and chain cases, and the driver's seat placed over the motor to give a maximum length of loading platform on minimum wheel base.

Aside from the substantial construction of the commercial vehicles and their attractive design, they all have four speed selective transmissions, coupled with engines of liberal bore and stroke. For example, in the three and four-ton worm-drive trucks, a four-cylinder motor, 4¼x6, is used, and the use of four speeds enables the driver to operate the truck in the most economical manner possible.

Columbus Defeats Athletic Club in Annual Game, 50-25

Locals Play Good Game, But Muscogee Lads Win Easily.

Columbus, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) The Columbus Y. M. C. A. basketball team, playing in perfect form, defeated the Atlanta Athletic club tonight 50 to 25 in a game that was never in doubt after the first few minutes of play.

A big crowd was in attendance, the hall being packed to capacity. Within three minutes after play started Columbus had made four goals from the field and the visitors were never at any time in the lead.

A feature of the first half was a beautiful long shot made by Forbes, of Atlanta. Smith was hurt in the eye during the first half, although not seriously, and had to retire from the game. Peddy had a bad fall, but after a rest and rub-up resumed play.

The first half ended, Columbus 27, Atlanta 7.

Soon after the second half began Westmoreland made a particularly difficult goal and was roundly applauded. The play became rather rough, although not seriously so, toward the last. In the last four minutes Atlanta made a quick, sharp rally and made three field goals in quick succession.

Numbers of beautiful shots were made by Columbus. Mike Donahue refereed the game and gave satisfaction.

The line-up and summary:

Atlanta (25).	Pos.	Columbus (50.)
Smith (2), Westmoreland (12)	R. F.	Strupper (6)
Forbes (2), F. Carter, Graves	L. F.	Peddy (21)
Dubard (9)	C.	Rilcrease (13), Massey
E. Carter	R. G.	Dozier (4)
Weaver	L. G.	Newman (6)

Summary—Field goals, Atlanta 10, Columbus 19; foul goals, Atlanta 4, Columbus 11. One point awarded each team by the referee. Referee, Mike Donahue, Auburn.

HOCKEY PLAYERS HURT

Game in Cleveland Breaks Up in Riot.

Cleveland, Ohio, January 2.—A hockey game between the Cleveland Athletic club and the Ottawa university broke up tonight in a riot when 2,000 spectators crowded on to the ice following a dispute between players. Five members of the two teams were badly hurt, one, Elmer Irving, so seriously he was taken to a hospital with a fractured skull. His recovery was said to be doubtful.

Doran of the Ottawa seven was arrested on a charge of assault to kill.

TROOPS ARE RETURNING TO FORT OGLETHORPE

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 2.—The return of the Eleventh cavalry, under Colonel James Lockett, which has been in Trinidad, Colo., since last May on account of mine troubles in that section, will begin the homeward movement to Fort Oglethorpe this month, according to telegrams received at the army post today. This information states that tentative plans have been made for the First squadron to start home January 6, and the remainder of the regiment a few days later.

U. S. MINTED $53,457,817 OF GOLD IN PAST YEAR

Washington, January 2.—Gold coin amounting to $53,457,817, in 4,194,112 pieces, was minted by the United States during the calendar year ending December 31. Total coinage of all money was valued at $61,750,161.72, in 154,850,157 pieces. The silver coinage was valued at $6,682,823, and there were 80,568,432 one-cent pieces coined.

BERNHARD SIGNS WITH CHATTANOOGA TEAM

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 2.—(Special.)—Manager McCormick tonight announced that Bill Bernhard, former manager of the Memphis club, had been signed to coach Chattanooga's young pitchers this spring. Bernhard will remain with the Lookouts until thirty days after the season starts.

Bombmakers Found.

Paris, January 2.—A Havas dispatch from Lisoon says an explosion in a shed in the Estrella quarter of the Portuguese capital today revealed that two men were making bombs there. One of them was killed and the other wounded. The police found several bombs in the building.

Business Men

DO YOU REALIZE that The Constitution is read by the class of young men and women you want in your office? A "Help Wanted" ad in The Constitution brings replies from earnest, intelligent, thinking people.

Telephone Main 5000; Atlanta 5001

For American Rubber Industry B. G. Work Leaves for Europe

Among the passengers of the Lusitania, sailing Wednesday, will be Bertram G. Work, president of the B. F. Goodrich company, of Akron, Ohio. Mr. Work is carrying the hopes of the American rubber industry, since he will continue direct with the British government the negotiations which the embargo committee has been carrying on at Washington for the past two months.

When the British government first placed the embargo on shipments of crude rubber from British ports to the United States it was regarded as of little importance by many, but others took it more seriously. A joint meeting of rubber manufacturers and importers representing the majority of the trade was held in New York early in November. It was recognized that spasmodic individual efforts would be of little value in dealing with an international problem, therefore a joint committee, called the embargo committee, was appointed, consisting of George B. Hodgman, president of the Hodgman Rubber company; Arthur H. Marks, general manager of the B. F. Goodrich company; H. Stuart Hotchkiss, manager of the General Rubber company and representing the United States Rubber company; William E. Bruyn, of L. Littlejohn & Co., representing the importers, and H. S. Vorhees, secretary of the Rubber Club of America, acting as secretary of the committee.

This committee was given a free hand and it has spared neither time nor expense in its efforts to learn the real cause of the embargo and to find means of removing it. Since that time its efforts, through the state department and the British embassy at Washington, have been most persistent.

A co-operating committee was formed of the leaders of the trade in London which worked direct with the British government, keeping in constant cable communication with the American committee. The problem appeared simple at first, but was soon found to be very complex. After six weeks of constant efforts, in which the committee has had the best of cooperation from our state department and from Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, the real issues involved in the embargo are clearly defined. The embargo committee, feeling the desirability at this stage of having its arguments and its carefully worked out plans of guaranty presented personally to the head of the British government by a representative American manufacturer, has arranged with Mr. Work to lay its case before the highest authorities in England. It is needless to say that the result of his efforts is of the highest importance to the American industry.

CONSUL HANNA ASKS AID FOR STARVING IN MEXICO

Tells Red Cross Conditions Are Worse Than in Europe.

Washington, January 2.—The American Red Cross was today appealed to by Consul General Hanna at Monterey, Mexico, for aid in relieving upwards of 2,000 families who are suffering from hunger and cold in that section of the revolution-torn republic.

Consul General Hanna's message was sent to the Red Cross through the state department. In it he says that the food situation is worse than in Europe and that in addition to those now needing help several thousand probably will be suffering before the end of the month.

"I now have five hundred families on my list in Monterey which are being furnished corn, beans and rice twice a week," says Mr. Hanna. "There are a thousand more families who want tickets to the relief station. There are probably more than two thousand families in Monterey who need help now and the prospects are that several thousand will be very hungry before January is past.

"The Mexican authorities are interested in doing what they can, but after four years of war, during which the fields have been neglected, the crops are very short and the local supply almost exhausted.

"I need for Monterey and nearby towns two cars of corn each week. We need a carload of beans and rice each week. We wish every town in the cotton states would buy a bale of cotton blankets and send them to Mexico, for these people have very little clothing. It is awfully cold. The food situation is evidently worse here than in Europe, where big harvests were gathered last fall."

BILL WOULD INCREASE COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

Washington, December 2.—A bill to increase the coast artillery corps by 8,000 enlisted men, a measure identical with one by Chairman Chamberlain, of the senate military committee, was introduced today by Representative Gardner. He explained it was in compliance with the recent statement of Brigadier General Weaver that the service was 565 officers and 10,988 enlisted men short.

Jail Bird Recaptured.

Tifton, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—Sheriff O. B. Jarman, of Turner county, passed through Tifton yesterday with Mack Lewis, a young white man who escaped from Turner county jail Friday night of last week. Lewis was charged with burglary at Worth.

Orama at Valparaiso.

Valparaiso, Chile, January 2.—The British transport Orama came into Valparaiso harbor today and began taking on provisions. The Orama is a vessel of 8,179 net tonnage. She was placed in commission in the British navy at Tilbury last September.

J. M. Wright Dead.

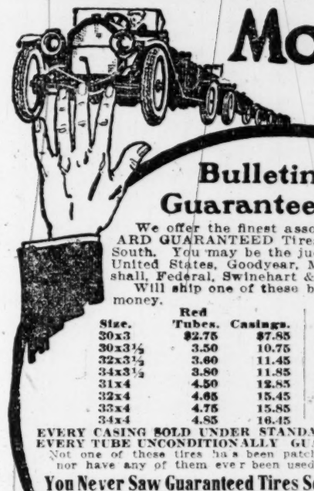
Washington, January 2.—J. M. Wright, of Kentucky, marshal of the United States supreme court since 1888, died here today after a long illness.

Your Friend
Will enjoy the
Cigar
you buy if you take him to
Brown & Allen's
The stocks are fresh and include all the most popular brands

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS — SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY — RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

"THE OLD RELIABLE" PLANTEN'S G & C BLACK CAPSULES REMEDY FOR MEN

Attention! Motorists! Stop!



Bulletin 87 Guaranteed Tires

We offer the finest assortment of STANDARD GUARANTEED Tires ever shown in the South. You may be the judge. Our stock includes United States, Goodyear, Michelin, Morgan & Marshall, Federal, Swinehart & Fisk.

Will ship one of these brands or return your money.

Size.	Red Tubes.	Casings.	Size.	Red Tubes.	Casings.
30x3	$2.75	$7.85	35x4	$4.95	$16.65
30x3½	3.50	10.75	36x4	5.10	16.90
32x3½	3.80	11.45	34x4½	5.50	19.45
34x3½	3.80	11.85	35x4½	5.65	20.85
31x4	4.50	12.85	36x4½	5.85	21.45
32x4	4.65	15.45	37x4½	6.00	22.45
33x4	4.75	15.85	36x5	6.75	24.50
34x4	4.85	16.45	37x5	6.85	25.35

EVERY CASING SOLD UNDER STANDARD 3,500-MILE GUARANTEE; EVERY TUBE UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR. Not one of these tires has been patched or repaired in any manner, nor have any of them ever been used. Not even on a rim.

You Never Saw Guaranteed Tires Sold At These Prices Before

5% discount allowed on two or three tires; 8% discount allowed on four or more tires. The same discount allowed on tubes ordered with casings. Lay in a stock that will last you all of 1915.

HAND KLAXON HORNS. Regular price $10; our price $3.50. Every Horn BRAND NEW and shipped in Klaxon wooden box. Remit in full with order and get Firestone Cementless Patches FREE with each casing order, or send 20% and we will ship C. O. D. for balance. Examination allowed. Yours to save $$.

The Southern Tire Company
453 S. Third Street.
Louisville, Ky.

AJAX TIRES GUARANTEED 5,000 MILES. AJAX GRIEB RUBBER CO. ATLANTA Branch, 48 Auburn Avenue. Phone, Ivy 1880.



Drinks of All Nations.
SCOTLAND — SCOTCH

"We'll tak a cup o' kindness yet For Auld Lang Syne"

In these words of Bobby Burns is sung a tribute to Scotch—the national drink of Scotland.

Lewis 66
"Away Above Everything"

—is honored through two generations of tribute paid by America's best judges of whiskey excellence.

Case of Four Full Quarts $5.00. Express Prepaid. For sale by all leading mail order houses and cafes. Never sold in bulk. Sold only in glass direct from distillery.

The Strauss Dritz Co. Distillers, Cincinnati.



View of the famous Stirling Castle

IF THERE WAS EVER A GOOD TIME TO GO AFTER BUSINESS IT IS NOW—TRY CONSTITUTION WANT ADS

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For Rent—Miscellaneous	5	6
For Rent—Offices	6	1
For Rent—Farms	6	1
For Rent—Rooms	5	5
For Rent—Housekeeping Rooms	5	
For Rent—Stores	5	5
For Rent—Typewriters	6	1
Help Wanted—Male	5	7
Help Wanted—Female	4	2
Help Wanted—Male and Female	4	4
Horses and Vehicles	4	
Hotels	5	2
Household Goods	4	1
Lost and Found	4	5
Medical	4	2
Money to Loan	5	5
Motorcycles and Bicycles	4	4
Music and Dancing	4	7
Musical Instruments	5	3
Near Beer Licenses	5	3
Personal	5	3
Phrenologist	4	4
Purchase Money Notes	4	2
Professional Cards	5	3
Real Estate for Sale	4	1
Real Estate for Sale or Exchange	6	1
Seed and Pet Stock	6	1
Situations Wanted—Male	5	2
Situations Wanted—Female	4	5
Taxicabs	5	1
Wanted—Apartments	5	6
Wanted—Board-Rooms	5	6
Wanted—Houses	5	6
Wanted—Miscellaneous	5	6
Wanted—Money	5	2
Wanted—Real Estate	6	1
Wanted—Teachers	4	5

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 6c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad. phone Main 5000, or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And, if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

PERSONAL

A MARVELOUS MAN
PROF. ALI PASHA, A. P.
CELEBRATED ORIENTAL
PHRENOLOGIST
From the strange land of mystery, OLD EGYPT
is giving demonstrations of this remarkable science of phrenology, which has surprised the most noted men and women of Atlanta. Learn the truth about yourself, nothing concealed, all revealed; your past, present, and future affairs. Call today and receive the proper advice you need. Office hours daily 10 a. m. Sunday 2 to 5. Private parlors, 29½ Whitehall, over Byck's Shoe Store.

HAIR DRESSING STORE.
THE S. A. CLAYTON CO.
18 EAST HUNTER ST., between Whitehall and Pryor streets. We are experts in Manicuring, Chiropody, Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage and Children's Hair Bobbing. 26 worth tickets for $5, good in any department. We carry largest stock of switches and hair goods in the south. Can match any shade and fineness. We make beautiful switches from your own combings or will buy them. We sell hair goods monthly payments plan. Agents wanted everywhere to take orders. Write for prices and full information. Phone Main 1769, also Atlanta 5640-B.

ATLANTA SEWING SCHOOL—Dressmaking and tailoring taught. Make your clothes while learning. Terms upon application. 502 Chamber of Commerce bldg. No. Pryor St. and Auburn Ave.

HOROSCOPE — Send dime, birthdate, stamped addressed envelope for three questions answered and free trial reading by stars. Money back not suited. Betta M. Lane, Bevier, Mo.

PSYCHIC METHOD—Your life from cradle to grave with startling accuracy. Advice, dates, events, 10c stamps. Prof. Address Kenilworth, 88 Bd. de Courcelles, Suite 5, Paris, France.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

A. Arnone, Ladies' Tailor
700-12 GRAND OPERA BLDG. Economy and elegance. Phone Ivy 3975-J.

E. E. MASON, STOVE, Range and Furnace Repairer. With Barnes Sheet Metal Works, 51 South Forsyth street. Phone Main 2967.

HANSON HILL CARPET cleaning, are right. Old carpets cut into art squares. Ivy 1501. 80 Old Wheat street.

FREE—Our 1915 Magazine catalogue, just out. Phone or write for it. Charles D. Barker, Circulation, 19-21 Peters. M. 4623-J.

SMOKE EE-M TOBACCO for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma and Colds. 10c bags. Your druggist or EE-M CO., Atlanta, Ga.

M. M. C.: SEE CONSTITUTION OF JANUARY 3.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
Belle Isle
IVY 5190; ATLANTA 1598

UNION TAXI COMPANY.
IVY 7864; ATLANTA 7864.
16 LUCKIE ST.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660. 8 LUCKIE. I. 322.

HOTELS

HOTEL RAND
NEW management, 42½ Decatur St. 200 ft. from Kimball House, near Union Station.

GATE CITY HOTEL SPLENDID Heat, baths with plenty hot water; central location; $2.50 to $3.00 wk. 108½ S. Forsyth.

EDUCATIONAL

PROF. J. A. CAMPOAMOR
TEACHER OF SPANISH. COMMERCIAL TRANSLATIONS SOLICITED. (PURE CASTILIAN). REFERENCES FURNISHED. IVY 6604-J.

MRS. CRAWLEY'S Select School will open January 4; two new teachers; everything up-to-date. 154 Peeples st. West 1420-J.

GERMAN, FRENCH, PIANO, VOICE. EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES PUPILS. IVY 1647-L.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found; often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST—A diamond screw earring between Montgomery theater and Imperial hotel. Finder return to 810 Hurt building. Liberal reward.

$5 REWARD for correct name and address of party holding large brown Scotch collie dog. Brown all over; name Brownie. Disappeared December 15. Ivy 7862. 24 W. Baker.

LOST—Large white and tan setter dog. A. M. Hooper, Calhoun, Ga., on collar. Return Perrin Sporting Goods store, 15 Walton. Phone Ivy 6316; reward.

ON New Year's morning, a lady's dancing pump was found in front of Hotel Ansley; same can be had by calling Atlanta phone 1085.

LOST—Brown cameo ring. Finder notify P. O. Box 513, Raleigh, N. C., and receive liberal reward. Address Miss Gertrude Simpkins.

ONE diamond brooch, between Myrtle street and Atlanta theater, cluster of seven diamonds. Reward if returned to 201 Myrtle. Phone Ivy 7367.

LOST—A bunch of keys on Ponce de Leon avenue, between Penn and Boulevard to St. Charles. Finder please return to Constitution office; reward.

LOST—A black and tan Dachshund. Return 67 West Thirteenth street and receive reward. Ivy 2533.

LOST—A Jersey cow from East Lake, wearing halter; part of flag of tail cut off. Finder notify Decatur 1210-J.

YOUNG tan and white female pointer, strayed from 127 Plum street. Return or phone Ivy 6781-L; reward.

LOST—Between Decatur and Candler bldg., Thursday evening, gold brooch set with pearls. Reward. Phone Decatur 711.

STRAYED—Shetland pony. Return to 121 Columbia avenue or phone Ivy 6176-J.

PHRENOLOGISTS.

MLLE. VALAIRE
PHRENOLOGIST; recommendations our best advertiser; private parlors, Rooms 6 and 7. 100½ Whitehall street.

TEST READING.
MME. ROSE reveals past, present and future; advice on love and marriage. 21 Viaduct place.

MADAME BOSWELL.
ENGLAND'S greatest phrenologist; past, present and future revealed. Special readings, 50c. Courtland and Auburn Ave.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr.,
Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman,
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone, 3023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Male

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—Educated married man with absolute expert experience in stenography, double entry bookkeeping and general office work; salary $700 per year, residence and fuel furnished; good prospects of advancement for the right man; settlers and incompetents need not apply; state in first letter full particulars. Louis B. Magid, President Appalachian Apple Orchards, Tallulah Park, Ga.

WANTED—A first-class soda dispenser, who understands lunches; good position for the right party. Address G-99, care Constitution.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

CUTTERS AND TAILORS—$50 to tailors, $40 to cutters, pays for full course of instruction in garment cutting. Write for free booklet. A. Rude & Son, New York Tailoring School, 1133-1135 Broadway, N. Y.

YES—If you have two hands, Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade for $30, and give wages while learning; paying positions in our chain of shops. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell St.

ADVANCE show card and sign writing taught; big income; complete correspondence course $15; installments, particulars free. New York Window Trimming School, New York City.

WANTED—Three first-class harness machine operators, on either Campbell or Union lock stitch machines. Steady jobs, good wages. Write Paris Saddlery Company, Paris, Texas.

FIRST-CLASS hand worker, nothing but first-class. 110½ Whitehall. C. A. Steinfelt.

GOOD repair man; must be strictly sober. 38 Auburn avenue. Monday a. m.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.
WE REQUIRE IN SOUTHERN TERRITORY TWO A-1 SALESMEN, THE NEWEST AND BIGGEST SPECIALTY LINE IN THE UNITED STATES. WE HAVE A NOVEL LARGE TOWN AND CITIES. EARNINGS GREAT FOR POSSIBILITIES APPLICANTS MUST BE MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE AND HAVE SUCCESSFUL RECORD AS SALESMEN. THIS IS A STRAIGHT TRAVELING PROPOSITION—NO CANVASSING. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. TRAVELING EXPENSES ADVANCED. REFERENCE REQUIRED AND PERSONAL INTERVIEW. E. R. WHITE, 307 FORSYTH BLDG., ATLANTA.

SALESMEN—Sideline. Free sample. Electric sign. Flashes changeable wording in radiant sparkling beams of colored electric outsselling everything at $10. Terms 30 days. Erskine made $200 in one day. Moss sold $825 and made $300 in November. You can, too. Flashtrice Sign Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced stock salesmen to sell stock in an oil company that already has producing wells in the Electra field and acreage in Caddo, Electra and Oklahoma fields, and has increasing its capital stock to extend development; liberal commission; references required. Address commission, Praetorian bldg., Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN TO SOLICIT ATLANTANS REFERRED. A SNAPPING GOOD CONTRACT TO MEN THAT ARE GETTERS. SEE MR. JONES, 531 CANDLER BLDG.

WANTED—High-class experienced lubricating oil, grease and specialty salesman by largest refiner. Best salary and expenses paid. Give experience and references first letter. Box F-270, care Constitution.

SALESMEN WANTED—Experience unnecessary, easy work, big pay. Write for large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address nearest office, Dept. 150, National Salesmen's Training Association, Chicago, New York, Kansas City, San Francisco.

WANTED—Salesman to sell our well-known line of Red Cross cider and temperance drinks in small country towns only; commission 25 per cent and weekly drawing account of $35. Red Cross Company, Dept. A, St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN—Calendar and specialty men, turn time into money, selling our line of leather advertising novelties; choice territory for right men; state experience in first letter. Advertising Leather Specialty Company, 203 Mercer street, New York.

SALESMAN—Capable specialty man for Georgia; staple line on new and exceptional terms; vacancy now; attractive commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., 35-1 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—Salesmen to sell Hill's Honey and Tar, etc., to drug and country stores 25 per cent commission paid weekly. No expense money advanced. No bond required. New York Drug Concern, New York.

AGENTS—Chance to make big money calling on automobile owners. Get our proposition today. Address Southern Sales Shop, Athens, Ga.

WE PAY $36 A WEEK and expenses to men with rigs to introduce poultry compound. Year's contract. Imperial Mfg. Co., Dept. 78, Parsons, Kan.

TO sell now and until June 1, cardboard fans for advertising to all classes of trade. Fine sideline. Earnings $60 weekly and upward; state territory covered. Kemper-Thomas Company, Fan Dept., Cincinnati.

MEN—Sell my sporting postals. "Get the coin." Big profits; samples and special prices, 10c. Miss A. Panner, Station R, New York City.

REPRESENTATIVES

TO sell successful automobile accessories to owners and trade. Rea, 136 Liberty st., New York.

SALESMEN clear $14 on each order for our punchboard deals. Address Behrend Bros., 4247 Adams street, Chicago.

HELP WANTED—Male

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

BUILD a respectable, permanent business worth $5,000 a year; no canvassing; no capital needed. Guaranteed Realty Loan Company, Auburn, Ind.

$80 MONTHLY and expenses to travel, distribute samples and take orders, or appoint agents, permanent. Jap American Company, Chicago.

A COMPETENT MAN to demonstrate new automobile appliance; give age, salary expected and past connections. P. O. Box 1098, New York City.

SALESMAN to call on physicians; established trade; expenses and commission; state age; also one for central Georgia. P. O. Box 121, Philadelphia.

MAGNIFICENT line of up-to-date maps and popular books. Easy sellers; big commission. Hudgins Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS.

AGENTS—NEW MIGHTY MONEY MAKING marvel. World startled. New marvelous clothes washing crystal. Clothes washing ideas revolutionized, positively abolishes rubbing, washboards, washing machines—women astounded, wild over it, absolutely harmless. $1,000 guarantee goes with it; make $50 to $100 weekly easy. Exclusive territory, no experience necessary. Extra credit granted. Own a business, supply customers; pocket big profits; nature's mighty elements do the work. Hurry! Write today—get overwhelming proof. All or spare time. Equitable Sales Corporation, Dept. 60, Manhattan Bldg., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—CASH PAID WEEKLY to home and traveling salesmen. Permanent, regular income; exclusive territory to sell famous Stark Delicious and Stark trademark trees; easy, money-makers; big free outfit; wonderful new color display book; shows every variety fruit; actual color, full size; irresistible, convincing, closes sales at sight; free trees pay expenses. Salesmen's orders biggest since our beginning, 1816. Write quick for contract and location. Stark Bros., Dansville, N. Y., N. Girard, Pa., R. R. 12, Louisiana, Mo.

GARTSIDE'S IRON RUST SOAP CO., 4054 Lancaster ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Gartside's Iron Rust Soap (U. S. registered trade No. 3477) removes iron rust, ink and all unwashable stains from clothing, marble, etc., with magical effect. Good seller, big margins. House-to-house agents and store salesmen wanted. Free sample, 25c a tube. Beware of infringements and the penalty for making, selling and using an infringed article.

ATTENTION—We will pay $1,000 reward if one home butter merger fails to merge one pint of milk into one pound of butter in two minutes, better than creamery butter; demonstrators and general agents wanted; salary or commission. Write Home Butter Merger Co. for addresses of 1,000 users; wonderful invention. Family Butter Merger Company, Washington, D. C.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Here is your opportunity to see all the newest styles of portrait and frames. Why not from catalogues when you can see the real goods? Our traveling salesman will visit the principal cities in your state in January with a full line of samples. Write for an appointment at a meeting place. Independent Portrait & Frame Co., 829-31 South State street, Chicago.

WE START YOU in business, furnishing everything; men and women, $30 to $200 weekly operating our "New System Specialty Candy Factories" in home or small room, anywhere; no canvassing. Opportunity lifetime; booklet free. Ragsdale Co., Box U, East Orange, N. J.

WOULD $150 monthly interest you? If so, secure your county for that remarkable seller, anti-thief combination automobile switch lock; thief-proof; no competition. You should easily earn this, then some. Send for contract. Anti-Thief Lock Company, Dept. 3, Indianapolis, Ind.

I WANT a local representative in every county to take orders for picture frames, made to order; permanent position paying $800 to $2,000 yearly; no experience required; everything furnished and free automobile. Charles W. Kelser, 6008 Wentworth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—A new one; just out; big profits, quick sales; every home a prospect. "Fits-Ur-Pot" aluminum percolator coffee pot makes better coffee, saves half, converts any coffee pot into percolator; boiling with a rush. Write quick for agency proposition. The Standard Spinning and Stamping Company, Toledo, O.

AGENTS—Brand-new specialty. Aluminum Triplicate Sauce Pan with detachable handle, cooks 3 different foods on one burner; saves gas; lasts a lifetime; $100 to $200 per month easy. Send for our large catalogue and 400 other specialties. Imperial Aluminum Mfg. Co., Div. 3051, Lemont, Ill.

A BUSINESS of your own. No competition. Make Koko-Wheat-Crisp. New 5c package costs 1½c. Sells stores and homes. Repeater. Dime for can of samples. Free particulars. Cornco 500, No. Parkside, Chicago.

AGENTS—We teach and help you make a success with our household aluminum specialties; $100 to $300 per month easy. Write quick for large catalogue of 400 specialties. American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Div. 4051, Lemont, Ill.

BIG Kansas company wants you to cooperate with them evenings at home; make $3,000 and more yearly; no canvassing; experience; fast-growing business. We furnish everything. Write for unique selling plan. Free. W. Eyestone, Pres., 14 East Fifth, Pittsburg, Kans.

WE have several openings for establishment of independent mail order business; energy, good habits and sound judgment more important than capital; spare time may first; particulars free. Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS—Big 24x28 complete framed art, religious, war and copyrighted negro pictures, 10c; sensational sellers; 200 per cent profit; samples free, also portraits, crayon work, pillow tops, lowest prices. Peoples Portrait. Dept. 59, Chicago.

AGENTS make 500 per cent profit selling "Novelty Sign Cards;" merchants buy on sight; 800 varieties; catalogue free. Sullivan Company, 1234 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—No experience required. Earn $20 to $40 weekly, selling household specialties. Write for catalogue and free particulars. The Thurgeon Company, 1964 Howe street, Chicago.

AGENTS—Every smoker buys combination metal cigar lighter and clutch pencil; clip attached; big profit; 25c brings sample and particulars. Perfection Sales Agency, 1233 Arch, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS, make big money and become sales manager for our goods. Fast office seller; fine profits. Particulars and sample free. One Dip Pen Co., 698, Daily Record, Baltimore, Md.

FREE SAMPLE—Nosplash water strainers sell themselves; no talking; experience unnecessary; daily profits $5 upward. Send 2c (mailing cost). T. B. Union Filter Company, New York.

WANTED—Responsible men and women with good references to introduce new art process; liberal commission; universal sale. Address Hamilton Reproducing Company, 4654 Sheridan Road, Chicago.

AT LAST the best seller for agents has been found. The most marvelous invention of the age; brand-new; positive necessity; particulars free. Anderson Supply Company, Dept. No. 20, 425 E. Silver St., Bluffton, Ind.

WIDE AWAKE agents are joining money with our easily demonstrated specialties. Write today for particulars and new catalog. Yahnke Distributing Co., 3297 W. 30th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

HUNDRED per cent agents wanted. Americanized Putzpomade Cosmetics and Hygienic Specialties. Sells on sight. Write today for sample and particulars. Lorna Laboratories, Inc., Cambridge bldg., Chicago.

$18 A DAY profit possible to right man selling our profit-sharing specialty. Write immediately for particulars and terms. Box 412, Glenallen, Va.

AGENTS—100 per cent profit selling Simmons' Safety Pressing Cloths. One sells another, everyone buys. Send 25c for sample. Simmons' Safety Press Cloth Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CO-OPERATE with us during your spare time. We will show you how to be independent. Write to us quick for full information. Austin Mayo Co., San Angelo, Texas.

PORTRAIT MEN write us for prices on solars, bromides, convexed prints. Keheley Bros., Dept. B, 68½ S. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Georgia.

$2 TO $5 A DAY easily made by our easy plan. Write to us immediately for full information. No experience needed. McSantas Ross, Cal.

AGENTS—Make up to $35 daily, selling our new world heaters, quick sales, big profits, no experience required; catalog and sample free. Cruver Company, Jackson and Campbell, Chicago.

CHEWING GUM—Sell to dealers, biggest line manufactured; meet any competition; send for pricelist and samples. The Helmet Gum Company, Cincinnati.

AGENTS—Write today for free particulars about our latest specialty. It's a fast seller and easily demonstrated. Macon Supply Co., Box 431, Macon, Ga.

GRAB this opportunity. Independence is yours if you take up our proposition. No experience necessary. Write E. B. Waggstaff, 1202 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans, La.

DO you want to make more money? We will increase your income to $3 to $5 a day. Write at once for our proposition. The Xerxes Co., 228 Boston bldg., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

AGENTS—500 per cent profit. Free samples. Gold sign letters for store and office windows. Anyone can put on. Metallic Letter Co., 435 N. Clark St., Chicago.

HELP WANTED—Male

AGENTS.

GRAB this opportunity, agents. Biggest seller. Positive necessity in every home. Sells to everybody. Big profits. Wil-Bla Co., Box 92, Paola, Kan.

AGENTS—MEN OR WOMEN—We have the proposition that will interest you. No capital or experience necessary. Write for information. The Blanche E. Co., R. F. D. 1, Box 45, Jacksonville, Fla.

$8 A DAY easily made by our proposition. No capital or experience necessary. Write at once for full free information. The Will Sales Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

CO-OPERATE with us. A proposition anyone can handle. Brand-new. Positive necessity. Write at once for particulars. Northern Specialty Supply Co., 1225 W. Front, Valley City, N. D.

DO you want to be independent and earn a good income? We have the proposition that will interest you. Write Eureka Supply Co., 1209 Tabor St., Indianapolis, Ind.

THE money is yours if you grab this opportunity. Positively sells to everybody. No talking. Show and the sale is made. Write Albert A. Grothoff, Arcadia, Mo.

AT LAST the best seller for agents has been found. Brand-new. Positive necessity. Write for full free information. Lawrence Co., 422 Summit ave., Hagerstown, Md.

GRAB this opportunity. Independence is yours if you take up our proposition. No experience necessary. Write McDowell Supply Co., 200 St. Joseph St., Mobile, Ala.

CO-OPERATE with us and earn a handsome income. No experience or capital necessary. Write at once to St. Lawrence Mfg. Co., 217 Middle St., Portsmouth, Va.

AGENTS wanted to introduce high-grade household specialty into every home. Big profits. Write to Central Supply Co., Pond Creek, Okla.

GET in on an $8 a day proposition. No experience necessary. Article brand-new wood ave., Peoria, Ill.

GOOD SALE DAILY of article used everywhere; means $24 weekly to you. You can easily treble this. Write for convincing proof. N. L. Williams, Ocala, Fla.

AGENTS—Both sexes; we manufacture and control fastest selling household article ever invented; exclusive territory. Connolly, 123 Liberty st., New York.

AGENTS—500 per cent profit; free samples. Gold sign letters for store and office windows. Anyone can put on. Metallic Letter Co., 435 N. Clark st., Chicago.

HE WHO HAS a prosperous New Year is the Davis agent. Join the happy throng. Postal puts you next. E. M. Davis, president, 836 Davis bldg., Chicago.

AGENTS—New game for cigar stores; easy seller; big repeater. Particulars free. United Sales Company, 205 Walnut Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

A $9,999,999 CAPACITY adding machine, $3. Agents 100 per cent profit. Write Spring City Specialty House, Waukesha, Wis.

AGENTS—Learn about the profits made supplying perfumes to families. Address Leffler & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LINOTYPE INSTRUCTION; ADDING ANOTHER MACHINE; EIGHT MERGENTHALERS; $25,000 PLANT; BEST TIME TO ENROLL; COURSES, $35 TO $150. WRITE MERGENTHALER SCHOOL, 419 FIRST AVENUE, NEW YORK.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A hustler can make good money. Apply City Circulation Department Constitution.

WANTED—Assistant manager sash and door; planer foreman, $125; stenographer, $80; millwright, $85; engineer, $3.50; fireman, $75; sawyer foreman, $100; traveling salesmen; office manager; blocksetters; edgermen; car repair; hotel cook; general foreman high-class openings. We place men of every skilled occupation in the lumber business. Address Mack's, Little Rock, Arkansas.

A FEW YEARS AGO I started a small mail order business at home in spare time with $30 or $40 capital. I wanted to make a few dollars a month, evenings. The profits the first year averaged $200 a week. Five years' work netted me $50,000. I will show you how to start a small mail order business. Send 4 cents today for my proposition. It's interesting. No canvassing. Heacock, Box 607, Lockport, N. Y.

MECHANICS OF MANY TRADES are employed in the navy at good pay. Service calls for highly skilled workmen. Navy has its trade schools where young men with mechanical aptitude are taught their trades. Offers excellent career to young Americans over 17. Navy Recruiting Station, 512 Post-Office Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

FORD owners to demonstrate "New Invisible" Simplex Self-Starter. Ford cars only. No battery, springs, cables or other junk. Equal to any electric-starter at one-fifth the price. Fully guaranteed. Shipped out quick. Sells on sight. Write Simplex Manufacturing Company, 1507 Great Northern Bldg., Chicago.

MAKE $3,000 to $10,000 a year in the Real Estate and loan business. We teach you the real estate deals for us in your locality. Splendid opportunities open for you now. Write for complete information today. Morden Real Estate School, 304 Palace bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—A FEW MEN TO LEARN TO BE BARBERS. Few weeks qualifies. Tools given. Wages while learning. Positions waiting at top wages. This may change your entire future. Open to everyone. Call at once or write. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 38 Luckie st.

WE have several openings for establishment of independent mail order business; energy, good habits and sound judgment more important than capital; spare time at first; particulars free. Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS in postoffice, railway mail and other branches are good. Prepare for "exams" under former U. S. civil service secretary-examiner. Booklet G-24 free. Write today. Patterson Civil Service School, Rochester, N. Y.

COLLECTOR—Thoroughly experienced installment collector for route in Georgia. We want a man not afraid of hard work. Bond and reference. Apply 923 Austell building. Ask for Mr. Maschal.

SALESMEN—Top notch, to sell money-making, high-grade line of lithographed metal advertising specialties and premiums on commission. Illinois Metals Company, Piano, Illinois.

ATLANTA railway mail clerk examinations coming; $75 month. Full unnecessary. Free sample questions apply immediately. Box 236, care Constitution.

IF YOU are out of work, write for our latest proposition. We want men in your section, who can earn $8 a day. Austin Specialty Supply Company, Amatilla, Fla.

WANTED—Names and addresses by mail order houses; big pay; home work; information for stamp. Direct Appeal Co., Plymouth, Ind.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS. Thorough instruction $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C.

HIGH-CLASS help of all kinds. References investigated. Efficiency of all applicants guaranteed. Southern Employment Corporation, Phones M. 3702, Atlanta 469.

AN INTELLIGENT person may earn $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers. No canvassing. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, 726, Lockport, N. Y.

EITHER SEX—Free tuition to first applicants. Mail courses expert bookkeeping, shorthand. Write quick. Southern Correspondence Institute, 5714, New Orleans.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet, H-102, tells how. Examinations in this state soon. Write today—NOW. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

$2,500 ANNUALLY—Co-operate with me evenings at home; everything furnished. Don't worry about capital. Boyd H. Brown, Omaha, Neb.

I WILL PAY honest men up to $50 monthly for spare time. Home work. No canvassing. No capital. Mail order business. Voorhies, Desk 25, Omaha, Neb.

BECOME chauffeurs. $18 week. Earn while learning. Sample lessons free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 858-W, Rochester, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female

DOMESTIC.

WANTED—Good, reliable cook and do light housework; must live on place; nice room. Phone Ivy 7824.

WHITE cook, prefer German. 1018 Century building.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG LADY to fill position of librarian, This library is used to develop employees and the books are selected by librarian. Position requires a college graduate and one who is interested in books and people. Library experience not necessary. Apply by letter. Retail Credit Company, Healey bldg.

LADIES make plain aprons home; all or spare time; good money; experience unnecessary; dime for beginners' outfit. Howard Edwards Company, Buffalo, N. Y., Dept. 42.

WOMEN—Become government clerks; $70 month; Atlanta examinations soon; sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 600-W, Wochester, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female

MISCELLANEOUS.

LADIES—Immediately. Filling and labeling boxes; home work; evenings; steady; no experience; $12 weekly; no canvassing; excellent opportunity. Inclose stamp. Erina Specialty Co., Toronto, Ont.

WANTED—Ladies and girls, sew pennants; experience unnecessary; plain sewing; material furnished; rare opportunity; complete instructions 10c; returned if dissatisfied. Wayne Studio, Richmond, Ind.

WANTED—Wet nurse for 2-months-old baby. State where you are located. None but white need apply. Address F. M. H., Box G-111, Constitution.

EMBROIDERY workers make money anywhere. Best spare time proposition. No nell Silk Agency, Dept. N, Cleveland, Ohio.

WRITE motion picture plays; $50 to $100 paid; correspondence course unnecessary; details free. New Writers, 1144, Victoria Bldg., St. Louis.

GIRLS take course in Miss Sparkman's Improved Millinery School, $4; Whitehall. Free scholarship offer. Millinery work free.

LADIES—Plain sewing at home; making protectors, $20 per 100; stamp for full particulars. Smith, Box 73, Doniphan, Mo.

LADIES, sew at home; good pay. Send stamp. Work sent prepaid. King Mfg. Co., 1431 Broadway, New York City.

GIRLS—learn millinery. Free scholarship plan. We make and retrim hats free. Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall.

WELL experienced hotel checker (Hicks system). 1018 Century bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS

MAKE money for Christmas selling Leswerk Laundry Tablets to your neighbors. Get permission from your parents and call at 1327 Candler bldg., between 2 and 4 o'clock for particulars.

WANTED—To communicate with some one for names and addresses of people in their town and rural districts. J. E. Troutman, 136 E. Church street, Jacksonville, Fla.

A TALENTED person may earn as high as $500 a year writing verses for popular songs in spare time. Send samples of your poems. Instructive book free. Dugdale Company, Studio A, Washington, D. C.

A fairly educated person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers. Southern editor will endorse my plan. Dudley Glass, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN-WOMEN WANTED—Government jobs. $65 to $150 month. Write for list positions now obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. 8, Rochester, N. Y.

SILVER cleaning pad. New. Cleans without powder or polishing. Anyone can sell. Stamp for prospectus. Burtis Co., 211 W. 28th St., New York.

SONG POEMS WANTED—We will compose music and arrange for publication immediately. Dugdale Company, Studio 320 Washington, D. C.

MEN-WOMEN, $25 weekly collecting all kinds names and addresses; no canvassing. Send stamp. Superba Co., X-157, Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—Bookkeepers, salesmen, stenographers and hotel help. Commercial Employment Agency, 610 Forsyth bldg.

WANTED—Teachers

WANTED—Teacher for little boy, hour at home mornings. Give price, reference. Address Teacher, 405 Wesley Memorial building.

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Best service, most liberal terms. Free to school boards. 1232 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Ivy 7095.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD

or several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of all Situation Wanted advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads: 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution Office.

WANTED—Position as clerk, salesman or steward hotel, office or club by Knight Templar, 32 degree Mason and Shriner; formerly in distress; work not afraid; solicited. Address O. P. K., No. 17 Woodward avenue, City.

WANTED—By a No. 1 salesman, in woodenware or any line I who practically control local territory, calls on all merchants. Just in prime of life, has had 5 years' experience in same territory. Address Ability, care Constitution.

WANTED—POSITION WITH GROCERY STORE OR CLERK IN HOTEL WHERE GOOD SERVICE WILL BE APPRECIATED. CAN HANDLE BOOKS OR TRADE. SMALL FAMILY WILL GO ANYWHERE. ADDRESS G-88, CONSTITUTION.

YOUNG MAN, experienced bookkeeper, desires new connection; capable of managing office and handling correspondence. Efficient. Highly recommended. T., care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN 22, well experienced lunchman, must have employment at once; best references furnished. Address E-679, Constitution.

YOUNG man, experienced as cashier and shipping clerk, wants position; now employed. Best A-1 reference. Address G-109, Constitution.

THOROUGHLY competent young man stenographer now employed by large corporation, desires change; railroad work preferred. Address G-115, Constitution.

EXPERT freight rate clerk and general office man wants position; experienced, good references given. Address Rate Clerk, care Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

LICENSED druggist wants position; have no objection to leaving the city. Address G-106, Constitution.

YOUNG MAN desires to make a change; graduate; position with some future; preferred. Address G-107, Constitution.

COLORED man wants position as chauffeur. Can drive and repair car. Good reference. Address G-100, Constitution.

EXPERIENCED stenographer desires position immediately. Call J. W. Granade, M. 3618-J, or address 272 S. Pryor st.

YOUNG MAN wishes position where hard work is appreciated. S. M. M., 342 Fraser street, City.

HOTEL CERK or night watchman wants permanent position G-88, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads: 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution Office.

YOUNG WOMAN, domestic science graduate, desires position, managing tea room, social dining hall or would teach. Address G-89, care Constitution.

WANTED—Atlanta or elsewhere, permanent or temporary work by first-class stenographer. Phone Decatur 376. Miss Johnson.

WANTED—Position as matron in an Episcopal school, female college or any institution that needs a matron. Box F-274, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED stenographer and office assistant desires position January 1; first-class references. Address G-90, Constitution.

REFINED woman wants position as housekeeper or companion; suburbs preferred. Address Widow, 18 Capitol place.

GRADUATE nurse wants cases; maternity cases preferred. Terms reasonable. Phone Decatur 220.

EXPERT stenographer desires position. Will leave the city. Reasonable salary. Call M. 4162 or Steno, Box G-112, Constitution.

RE

LOOK THROUGH THE "FURNISHED ROOM" ADS. SELECTIONS IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE CITY ARE MADE EASY BY CLASSIFICATION

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY.

ABSTRACT AND TITLE INSURANCE.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE INSURANCE COMPANY, ground floor Equitable building. Main 5420.

BRICK WORK—GRATES RESET.

M. 5114 PAT BRIDGES does brick work and fixes grates. Rear 250 Washington street.

CABINET WORK.

J. L. PETTIGREW
GENERAL CONTRACTOR, CABINET SHOP.
66½ SOUTH BROAD STREET.
IMMEDIATE attention given to repair work, home painting and (interior) wall tinting, resetting grates and repairing chimneys. Brick masons, carpenters and painters furnished by the day or hour. Cabinet shop work. Repairs of every kind by expert men. Cabinet work called for and delivered on short notice. Atlanta phone 5023-A.

CONTRACTING AND REPAIRING.

CONTRACTING and repair work of all kinds, lowest possible prices, satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk, 1018 Atlanta National Bank bldg. Phones M. 3702, Atl. 469.

CONTRACTING AND REPAIRING.

E. Y. CROCKETT GENERAL carpenter work. 169 South Pryor street. Call Main 2651.

COAL.

$4.75—COAL—$4.75
MAIN 666-J. GATE CITY COAL CO.

HAT CLEANERS.

OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

HOUSE REPAIRS.

IF YOUR HOUSE needs any kind of repairing call O. K. Repair Company; quick service. Atlanta 54; Bell, Main 4139.

LAWN WORK, GRADING, SODDING.

FOR wood, earth, cowpen or stable manure call on Henry Williams, 12 Johnson ave. Bell phone Ivy 3135-J. Lawn work a specialty.

LUMBER.

R. J. CRAIG & CO., Inc.
249 DECATUR STREET.
Bell Phone, Main 5043; Atlanta Phone 1734.
WHEN IN NEED OF LUMBER CALL US.

MINUTE MESSENGERS.

MILLER'S ALWAYS on the minute. Phone 23 or Ivy 4372.

METAL REPAIRING.

GENERAL repair of sheet metal work, pipe work, tin roofing, soldering; vapor system, steam heat, radiator. 18-20 Ivy st. Atlanta 2285. Main 1484.

MACHINE SHOP.

HADLEY MACHINE WORKS, INC., 119 S. Forsyth St. M. 1520. MECHANICAL REPAIR WORK. METAL WELDING.

NEW RUBBER TIRES.

PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and re-covered. Romers Mitchell. 227-29 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 3076.

PUBLIC DRAYS.

TOM BYRD PUBLIC TRANSFER. Packing and shipping. Reasonable, 60 N. Forsyth. Ivy 6558-J. Atlanta 5439.

PLUMBING.

LYLE PLUMBING CO.
PLUMBING and gas fitting, 158 S. Pryor. All work guaranteed. Telephone connections. Atlanta 69. Main, 4573.

ROOFING.

TIN, SLATE AND GRAVEL
WALKER ROOFING CO., 273 Marietta St. Main 4075. Atlanta 637.

STOVE REPAIRING.

STOVE, range and furnace repairing. Try our soot compound; cleans chimneys, stove pipe, ranges and furnaces without taking down pipe. 141 Marietta St. Atlanta phone 5759-A; Bell phone, Main 2967.

SHOE REPAIRING.

SHOES HALF-SOLED, SEWED, 50 CENTS
AT GWINN'S SHOE SHOP, 6 Luckie St., opposite Piedmont hotel. Both phones. In a hurry? Call Taxicab Company for auto rent service.

Shoe Renury 2 Auburn Ave. Work called for and delivered. Ivy 2310; Atlanta 1493.

TAILORING, CLEANING, PRESSING.

REGAL TAILORING SHOP. Special method steam cleaning and pressing guaranteed. Suits to order. 152 W. Mitchell. A. P. 739.

TRANSFERRING AND STORAGE.

Mayfield Transfer and Storage Co., moves you carefully. 154 Grant St. M. 2917; Atl. 4906.

TRUNKS, BAGS, AND SUIT CASES RETAILORED AND REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta, 1654.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

SECOND-HAND PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE CHEAP.

250 California cases, cost 75c; sale price, 20c.
90 lower-case news cases, full size, cost 50c; sale price, 15c.
Galley rack, holding ten galleys, up to three columns, $3.
Ten wooden double frames, cost $3.50; sale price, $2.75.
Twelve double iron frames, holding 12 cases, cost $17.50; sale price, $10.
One proofpress, will take a three-column galley; sale price, $10.
Two stones and one stand to hold them, about 2 feet long sale price, $10.
One wooden case rack, holds 20 full-size case, cost $10; sale price, $4.
This material will be sold in lots to suit. Pay your own freight.
Address
THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA.

HIGH-GRADE JELLICO COAL

Jellico lump, per ton $4.50
Block, red ash, per ton . . . $5.00

BURNWELL JELLICO COAL CO.
427 Decatur St.
Main 2961. Atlanta 1996

SAFES

BOUGHT, sold and exchanged. Bank safes, vault doors. Combinations changed.
Bankers' Safe & Vault Co.
No. 35 EAST MITCHELL STREET.

MAGNIFICENT black baby fox fur set, latest model, never used, of excellent quality, good workmanship and refined taste. $14.50, cost $45. Will be sent, at my expense, to any address for full examination. Mrs. S., Apt. 8, The Astoria, Washington, D. C.

METAL WEATHER STRIPS
KEEP WARM AND SAVE FUEL.
INSTALLED COMPLETE.
W. L. Barhart, 426 Empire Bldg. Ivy 8150.

FOR SALE—One full set watchmaker's tools, including Moseley lathe with full set chucks and slide rest; complete with walnut roll-top bench and lathe foot-wheel; will sell at a bargain. Address O. C. Everett, Box 218, Sylvania, Ga.

CLOSING out entire stock. Low prices. Stable blankets, storm covers, lap robes, foot heaters, everything in the harness line, show cases, table counters. D. Morgan, 138 Whitehall street.

REMOVAL SALE! All finished monuments in stock at half price. Come quick and get first selection. Cherokee Marble & Granite Works, corner East Hunter and Terry sts.

FOR SALE—At bargain prices, two roll-top desks, one iron safe, one billing machine, one adding machine, one multigraph, tables. Call Main 1597.

SHANNON REFRIGERATOR, 600 pounds capacity; blocks, scales and all market fixtures cheap. Phones Bell Main 4895-J, Atlanta 786.

POTASH-GUANO NITRATE SODA.
ACID PHOSPHATE. Agricultural Lime, C. S. Meal, Hulls and Coal Car Lots. W. E. McCalla, Mgr. Agent. Atl. Nat'l Bank bldg.

FOR SALE—100 bushels ear corn; 1,000 bundles fodder, near Decatur; two small Jersey cows; eight extra fine Mammoth Bronze turkeys. Inquire Ivy 6331.

TWO new single furniture wagons and harness; cost $290. Will sell cheap. J. C. Langford, 186 Peters st. Main 3653-L.

SECOND-HAND safes, all sizes. Hall's fire and burglar-proof safes, vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 416 Fourth National Bank bldg.

FOR SALE—40 second-hand barber chairs cheap. Atlanta Barber College, 10 East Mitchell street.

CHOICE meats and groceries, pure pork sausage. E. L. Thomas, 234 Capitol ave.

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION, MONDAY (tomorrow) at 86 S. Pryor, the furnshings of an elegantly furnished north side home (location withheld upon request of owner), consisting of the finest housefurnishings, cut glass and Sterling silver, ever offered at a bona fide auction sale. Everything was purchased less than 8 months ago. There is a fine upright piano (mahogany), solid mahogany dining room suit, genuine Circassian walnut bedroom furniture, several thousand dollars' worth of Sterling silver and cut glass, art squares, etc. The most fastidious can find articles in this sale that will appeal to them. Everything goes without limit or reserve, to the highest bidder. If you are in the market for elegant housefurnishings you can spend a profitable morning by attending Monday, January 4, at 10:30 a. m., at 86 S. Pryor.

B. BERNARD, Auctioneer.

PURSUANT to order of the bankruptcy court, the fixtures of C. W. Crankshaw, appraised at $10,000, all of fine mahogany, consisting of five superb wall cases, cut glass case, nine counter cases, two horseshoe cases, four fine safes, Howard regulator, silverware chests, watch material, will be sold at auction on the premises, 16 Whitehall st., Monday, January 4, at 2:30 p. m. James J. Ragan, Trustee.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell, Main 2206.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

OLD MATTRESSES
RENOVATED and thoroughly cleaned; called for and delivered same day.
WE BUY FEATHERS.
AMERICAN MATTRESS CO.
170 PETERS ST. MAIN 486, ATL. 1687.

WANTED—To exchange extra fine ladies' watch with fine diamond in case for double-drawer register. Address G-101, Constitution.

WANTED—To buy second-hand office and household furniture. Cameron Furniture Company, 85 S. Forsyth St. Main 3229.

WANTED—To lease or purchase weekly newspaper in this state. S. P. Bickers, Decatur, Ga.

WANTED—To rent a small set of second-hand drug store fixtures and soda fount. M., care Stag, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—To buy portable garage; cash. Address G-114, Constitution.

GET our rent list; all size houses, apartments. Turman & Calhoun, 203 Empire.

SEED AND PET STOCK

MISCELLANEOUS.

DON'T EAT COLD STORAGE EGGS
all winter, give your fowls
CONKEY'S POULTRY TONIC
And have a new-laid breakfast every morning. Conkey's Poultry Tonic will force your hens; it makes them lay because it keeps them strong and vigorous. Buy it by the Pail or Package. 25c, 50c, $1.00, $1.60 and $3.00.

DON'T LET ROUP DEVOUR
Your poultry profits; get a package of CONKEY'S ROUP REMEDY and have it at your elbow when the disease develops. 25c, 50c and $1.00.

HAVE A CONKEY CORNER
In your poultry house and get the Conkey Remedies of your local druggist, seedsman or hardware dealer. If he doesn't carry them, tell him he ought to and then write us. Also ask for our Poultry Book or send 4 cents in stamps for a copy to
THE G. E. CONKEY COMPANY
2019 CONKEY BLDG., CLEVELAND, OHIO.
ATLANTA AND EVERYWHERE.

DOGS.

HOUNDS—Trained on fox, deer, wolf, bear, bloodhounds; absolute guarantee; 50-page illustrated catalogue 5c stamps. Rookwood Kennels, Lexington, Ky.

PIGEONS.

FOR SALE—About fifty pair fine Carneaux pigeons. Call at 540 Spring street, or phone Ivy 6331.

PLANTS AND SEEDS

SNEED NURSERIES will mail you catalog of first-class fruit trees, plants and vines, shade trees, Privet hedge, pecan trees, etc. Morrow, Ga.

COTTON SEED HULLS.

FOR delivered prices write James L. Hunter & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Live Stock

FOR SALE—One good milk cow cheap. Apply 43 Girard avenue.

FOR SALE—Six good milk cows, fresh in. J. B. Morgan, 224 Decatur st.

FOR SALE—Jersey cow; fresh in milk. Atlanta 5641-M. Main 2301.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

TWO young mules in good condition, weighing about 1,200 pounds each. Can be bought cheap. Phone Ivy 2941.

CAVALRY SADDLE
HORSES TO HIRE.
Governor's Horse Guard. Ivy 718.

CLOSING OUT entire stock. Low prices. Stable blankets, storm covers, lap robes, foot heaters; everything in the harness line, show cases, table counters. D. Morgan, 138 Whitehall street.

TWO new single furniture wagons and harness; cost $290. Will sell cheap. J. C. Langford, 186 Peters st. Main 3653-L.

FOR SALE—First-class open delivery wagon, cheap. B. B. Rich. Ivy 5947.

HORSES and wagons for rent, 209 Whitehall st. Main 2393, Atlanta 1393.

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION—Several consignments, including the entire lot of furnishings from a suite of rooms from the Imperial hotel, consisting of solid mahogany and quartered-oak bedroom, dining room, parlor and living room furniture, brass beds, kitchen cabinet, gas stove, coal range, chifforobe, new single bed and table linen, bed spreads, lace curtains, linoleum, art squares, portieres, etc., Tuesday, January 5, at 10 a. m.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO.,
12 East Mitchell St.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
On Furniture, Pianos, Etc.
WE ARE a new company, organized for the purpose of loaning money to working men and ladies keeping house, at the lowest possible rate of interest. We positively make no charges for commissions, drafting papers or any other so-called charge, but only ask you to pay the rate permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.
Open Saturday evening till 9 o'clock.
GUARANTEE LOAN CO.
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Building. Bell Phone Main 440. Atlanta Phone 722.

MONEY TO LOAN
7%—8%
W. B. SMITH
708 4th National Bank Bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Building,
Broad and Marietta Streets.

CONFIDENTIAL—MONEY TO LEND ON DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY. CAN PROBABLY ARRANGE OTHER LOANS. 88 N. BROAD ST.

LOCAL money for quick loans. W. B. Smith, 708 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

LOANS at 6½, 7 and 8 per cent on desirable real estate solicited. Purchase money notes bought. Quick service.
CALL FOR REX B. MOONEY.
CLIFF G. HATCHER INSURANCE AG'CY.
221 GRANT BLDG. BOTH PHONES.

IF IT'S a loan on desirable improved city property, we have the money.
T. J. BETTIS & CO.
MORTGAGE LOANS.
Ivy 7811. Atlanta 1833. 1020 Candler Bldg.

REAL ESTATE purchase money notes bought and closed up without delay; give details of transactions. Address E-755, care Constitution.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

$3,000 TO $4,000 in bank for quick three-year first mortgage loan or first mortgage purchase money notes. Dunson & Gay, Trust Company of Georgia building.

MONEY TO LOAN, either straight or on monthly plan, on Atlanta and suburban property. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

LOANS on Atlanta property. J. R. Nutting Company, 1601 Empire Life Bldg. Ivy 5.

MONEY TO LEND on city property. W. O. Aleton, 1216 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

$1,000 TO $2,500 for first mortgage loan or P. M. notes. Imp. prop. Mr. Kelly. I. 3290.

6 PER CENT, no commission; Atlanta residence loans. 618 Fourth National.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire Bldg.

WANTED—Money

WANTED—MONEY.
WE can invest your money for you on first mortgage, high-class, improved property. It will net you 7 and 8 per cent.
TURMAN & CALHOUN.
Second Floor Empire.

WANTED $500
REPAY $50 monthly, 8 per cent. Secure you 10 for 1. Gilt-edge property. Best moral risk. H. C. B., 18 E. Hunter. Main 1769.

WE CAN LEND your money on improved Atlanta property at 7 to 8 per cent. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

HAVE $8,000 for purchase money notes. No delay. Otis & Holliday, Peters building.

REAL ESTATE purchase money notes bought and closed up without delay; give details of transactions. Address E-755, care Constitution.

NEAR BEER LICENSES

WE hereby make application to city council for near beer license, whites only, at No. 7 North Pryor street. Geo. A. Tatum & Co.

WE hereby make application to city council for near beer license, whites only, at 151 Decatur street. Geo. A. Tatum & Co.

MUSIC AND DANCING

HURST Dancing School, 44½ E. Hunter st. Phone Main 969. We guarantee you to dance, teaching every afternoon and evening by Professor and Mrs. E. S. Hurst.

TEACHER OF PIANO.
PROFESSOR ALBITZ, 159 Capitol, now open; terms reasonable. Main 3822-J.

PROF. MAHLER'S Select Dancing School, 309 Peachtree. Ivy 7471. Resident member International Teachers' Association.

ALEX J. SATER Dance Studio. Special prices to clubs and classes; cor. Peachtree and Edgewood. Entrance 10 Edgewood. Ivy 7846.

GUITAR, MANDOLIN, BANJO AND EUKELELE LESSONS.
PHONE IVY 1366.

LANE'S Dancing Studio, 217½ Peachtree st.; all the new dances. Phone Ivy 5786.

FOR BEST dance music, piano alone or full orchestra, call Miss Howard, Decatur 151.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt; never used and have no use for it. Will sell far below regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

MISS THOMPSON LADIES' tailoring. Altering and cleaning. 209 McKenzie Bldg.

DRESSMAKING—Good work, evening dresses a specialty; between seasons prices. Ivy 5256-L.

PLAIN sewing neatly done. We are making a specialty on children's clothing. I. 6191.

SEWING done by day or at home. Call West 161-L.

MEDICAL

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for irregularities. Trial box by mail 50c. Edmondson Drug Company, 11 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. HATHAWAY, specialist in special diseases of men and women. Cor. Peachtree and James. McKenzie bldg., opp. Candler.

MRS. DR. E. W. SMITH, 238 West Peachtree, Ivy 469. Diseases of women and children; electric treatment in chronic diseases.

FOR SALE—Typewriters.

ONE Remington typewriter. Will take $15 if sold at once. Call Ivy 7347.

BOARD AND ROOMS

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
MAIN 5000. ATLANTA 5001.

NORTH SIDE.

286 PEACHTREE THE WEINMEISTER. Everything new and up-to-date. Steam heat; best table board, $4 week; five-minute walk to town.

GENTLEMEN BEST TABLE BOARD; also one room with single beds and small room. 20 West Harris. Ivy 2078-J.

PEACHTREE Private home, delightful location. Rooms and board; every modern convenience. Young men, business women or couple. Ivy 3086-J.

EXCELLENT rooms and board, evening dinners; also table boarders; steam heat, electric lights; private home. 82 East Linden street. Ivy 7502-L.

BYRON CAFE.
210 WEST PEACHTREE; excellent table board; nice location; reasonable; walking distance.

DESIRABLE rooms and board; best residential section; furnace heat, electricity and all home comforts. 17 Crescent avenue, between Peachtree place and Tenth st. Ivy 6138.

TABLE BOARD VERY choice meals; everything the best; can accommodate 10 to 15 table boarders. Ivy 7267. 66 Forrest Ave.

DELIGHTFUL front room for one or two gentlemen in furnace-heated private home; Myrtle, near Ponce de Leon. Ivy 1495.

324 SO. PRYOR; best table board, with rooms.

EXCELLENT rooms and table board, on north side; five minutes' walk of business center; home just opened; hot water. Phone Ivy 2120-L, or call at 21 East Caln.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, with private family; hot bath; telephone; electricity; good neighborhood; walking distance. Ivy 3030; meals arranged.

SELECT BOARD, Peachtree home (No. 652); beautiful grounds, cover entire block. Ivy 1502-J.

21 W. PEACHTREE PLACE
TABLE BOARD; ALSO ROOMS. I. 1499-J.

SMALL family, Juniper street, wish couple or gentlemen desiring choice board; two connecting rooms with bath. Ivy 655-J.

362 PEACHTREE, choice room for couple or gentlemen; roommate for young man; steam heat; first-class table board.

A COUPLE in Ansley Park, Piedmont ave., desire one couple without children to board. References exchanged. Ivy 2256-J.

LARGE steam-heated room, private bath, with board, by owner of lovely north side home. Ivy 1523.

Best board in private north side home, vapor heat, every convenience, garage. 7 East Eighth street. 4258-L Ivy.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms, with board; excellent location; steam heat, hot water. 647 Peachtree. I. 6634.

266 Peachtree VERY desirable rooms, excellent meals; very close in. Rates reasonable. Ivy 1928.

DESIRABLE UPSTAIRS ROOM, steam heat; couple or young men. 647 Peachtree. Ivy 6634.

NICELY furnished front room, private family, all modern conveniences. With or without board. 243 Juniper st., Ivy 7268.

15 PONCE DE LEON AVE., across from Georgian Terrace, nice rooms; table boarders solicited; references exchanged. Ivy 8341.

NEAR in, The Wilton, 220 Peachtree, steam-heated boarding house, permanent and transient.

20 PONCE DE LEON AVE., beautiful front room, furnace heated, running water; meals absolutely the best. Ivy 719-J.

COUPLE to occupy front room, meals furnished, in private north side home; all conveniences. Ivy 3190.

477 PEACHTREE
Lovely heated room, excellent table. I. 7015.

LARGE, steam-heated room, with board, private home; walking distance. Ivy 8786.

TWO large, attractive rooms, with board, private home, Peachtree street. Ivy 1779-J.

NICELY furnished room, with board, in north side. Ivy 7935-J.

TWO excellent steam-heated rooms for couple. 477 North Ave. Ivy 5774-L.

YOUNG man or couple to room and board in north side private home. Ivy 7304-J.

ONE NICELY fur. front room; good meals. M. 2867-J. 39 Carnegie Way.

NICE rooms and board, furnace-heated house. North Ave. Phone Ivy 6925-L.

ROOMS, with or without board, North avenue, between Peachtree. Ivy 6474-J.

ROOM and board in Ponce de Leon home. Ivy 5920-J. Garage free.

DELIGHTFUL room, pri. bath, dressing room, steam heat. 720 Peachtree. I. 6392-J.

BEAUTIFUL steam-heated front room, excellent board. Ivy 8617.

EXCELLENT board and room, block of postoffice. Ivy 5606-J. 72 Walton.

LOVELY north side home will take couple to board; reasonable. Ivy 1364-L.

Walking distance, steam-heated rooms, meals optional. Ivy 8786.

NICE furnished room and board for two young men. Ivy 4455.

LOVELY steam-heated room, connecting bath. Meals 20c. 43 East Cain st.

FURNISHED rooms, single or en suite, and board. Peachtree circle. Ivy 778-L.

SOUTH SIDE.

STRICTLY EXCLUSIVE BOARD—Beautiful location and large, comfortable rooms; excellent table board; very convenient to business. 97 Capitol Square. Phone Main 911.

136 Washington st.; desirable rooms, excellent meals; reasonable. M. 4312-J.

ROOM and good board, hot water; all conveniences. $4 week. 64 Crew. M. 5406-L.

WEST END.

WELL ventilated, furnace-heated, large front rooms, with board; sleeping porch, to gentlemen only. Good neighborhood; 2½-minute car service. 154 Peeples. West 1420-J.

A NICELY furnished room with board, for couple, $40; single, $25. 26 Sells avenue (Walker-to-West End car). West 1035-J.

TWO couples to board in private home; all modern conveniences; furnace heat. West 804 or 49 North Dargan place.

INMAN PARK.

FRONT room or connecting rooms, with board and furnace heat. Elizabeth street, Inman Park. Ivy 6395-L.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

YOUNG Cuban gentleman wishes room and board in a home where he can receive English lessons. Ivy 3187.

WANTED—ROOMS.

COUPLE desires two bedrooms, completely furnished for housekeeping, with kitchenette; must be in first-class neighborhood. State price and location. Answer quick, G-93, care Constitution.

TWO young business women desire nice room in strictly private home on north side beyond Georgian Terrace. References exchanged. Address E-681, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

ONE room and two desk spaces, telephone service included. 403 Walton bldg.

FOR RENT—Rooms

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
MAIN 5000. ATLANTA 5001.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THE PICKWICK
TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF.
Well-furnished rooms, with connecting bath. Convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie st. Near Carnegie Library.

CHESTERFIELD APARTMENTS
EXCLUSIVELY for gentlemen; shower bath with each room, steam heat, electric lights. Adjoining Capital City club. 15 W. Harris street. Ivy 2380.

THREE large rooms for light housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished; electric lights and gas; use of telephone; one short block from car line. 14 Copenhill ave. Call Ivy 7714-J.

THE DOROTHY APT. 1, 92 E. Ellis; handsomely furnished room; steam heat, gas and electric lights; bath connecting. 5278 Ivy.

THE ADOLPH 10½ E. Harris St. Bachelor rooms de luxe; every modern convenience. Ivy 2071.

VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM IN WEST PEACHTREE APARTMENT; STEAM HEAT; ALL HOME COMFORTS, CLOSE IN. IVY 7075-J.

ELEGANT, large front room, steam heat, all modern conveniences, with or without board, close in. The Cambridge, 52 East Cain, Apt. 9.

NICELY fur. downstairs room, private bath; also upstairs front room without private bath. References required. 619 W. Peachtree. Ivy 8726.

BEAUTIFUL furnished, steam-heated room to gentlemen only. 195 Ivy street. Apt. No. 7. Phone Ivy 6060-L.

CHOICE single room, best resident section. 724 Highland ave. References required. $10 per month. Phone Ivy 4266.

THE FELTON and Windsor, furnished rooms, private bath, steam heat; with or without board. 107 and 110 Ivy st. Block of Candler bldg. Ivy 4977.

A CLOSE-IN, steam-heated room, nicely furnished, all conveniences. 14 W. Peachtree street, Apt. 2. Phone Ivy 5182-J.

FOR RENT—To one or two young men, large front room; steam heat, hot baths; all conveniences. 265 Ivy street. Ivy 8384-L.

STEAM-HEATED front room, refined home; hot bath, electricity; reasonable. Ivy 1294-J.

NICELY furnished room, conveniences, north side, walking distance, $7.50 per month. Ivy 3149-J.

TWO nicely furnished, steam-heated rooms, all conveniences; one room has twin beds; gentlemen only. 18-A W. Baker. Ivy 2939.

NEWLY furnished, large room, steam heat, all modern conveniences; references exchanged. Cambridge Apts., 52 E. Cain; Apt. 8.

TWO connecting front rooms, single or en suite, couple or gentlemen. 32 Carnegie Way. Stafford Apt. Ivy 3845.

FRONT ROOM; strictly modern; private entrance and porch; with couple. Ivy 1622-J.

FOR RENT—Two second-floor connecting rooms, very desirable, 69 East Cain st. Ivy 6430-J.

ONE large completely furnished housekeeping room, Prince st., 5 minutes of Candler building, very reasonable. Ivy 6352.

ONE nice, large, furnished front room for gentlemen, with or without meals. Walking distance. Ivy 8308. 50 W. Baker st.

BEST LOCATION, steam heat, hot and cold running water in rooms; reasonable; references. 100½ N. Pryor. Ivy 2684-L.

NICELY furnished rooms, block of postoffice. 34 Cone st. Ivy 6162.

NICELY furnished, steam-heated front room. 64 Forrest avenue.

ATTRACTIVE room in steam-heated apartment for gentlemen, close in. Ivy 8285.

BRIGHT corner room, convenient bath, close in; meals convenient. Ivy 4399-J.

NICELY furnished room, every convenience; rent reasonable. Call Ivy 3349-J.

FURNISHED ROOM for rent, on north side; furnace heat. Phone Ivy 1909.

BRIGHT, pleasant room, with small private family, close in. Ivy 4931.

WELL furnished, steam-heated rooms, single and double. 63 Carnegie way.

HEATED front room for business woman or gentlemen; all conveniences. Ivy 6281.

FURNISHED, steam-heated room on West Peachtree. Call Ivy 6757-J.

FOR RENT—Cheap, nice furnished room; heated; private home. Call Ivy 7244-L.

FURNISHED rooms, steam heat, baths. 20 Carnegie place. Apt. A. Ground floor.

STEAM-HEATED, fur. room, adjoining bath. 87 W. Peachtree. Apt. 1. Ivy 3777-L.

FOR RENT—Cozy front room in private home. Ivy 4349.

GENTLEMEN can find nice fur. room at 61-A W. Baker St. Ivy 5112-J.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

TO adults, 2 large sunny rooms and use of reception room, complete for housekeeping, electric lights, water and telephone, $17 per month; gas and coal range, sink in kitchen. Main 5035-J.

FOR RENT—Steam-heated, furnished room, with janitor service. Reasonable price. Call Apartment A, Frederick Apartments, 352 Whitehall, or phone Main 1922.

NICE, clean rooms, close in, no children; will rent cheap. 64 Capitol Ave. Call Main 3720-J.

2 OR 3 rooms, furnished complete, close in, private home. 17 Pulliam st. Hot and cold bath. Telephone.

FURNISHED—WEST END.

TWO large rooms and sleeping porch, furnished for light housekeeping, on Gordon street, near Ashby. Telephone West 606.

FURNISHED—INMAN PARK.

ONE fur. front room, on car line, private bath, hot and cold water, fur. heat, electric lights, private home. Ivy 4532.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

FIVE VERY ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, bath, with instantaneous heater, entire second floor, separate entrances and front and back porches, gas and electric lights, not heated, to small family adults; references required. Apply 156 Forrest avenue.

FOR RENT—With couple, three unfurnished rooms, very light and perfectly clean, in new house, on first floor, to couple only. Price, $10. Ivy 8398.

THREE large rooms, kitchenette, connecting, water and lights furnished. 73 Williams. Atlanta 2117.

FOUR first floor rooms for housekeeping; newly papered; no children. 164 Courtland. Main 4467-J.

THREE newly painted rooms, separate entrance, private bath, veranda, sink. Owner. Ivy 99.

THREE large rooms and kitchenette, upstairs, all conveniences, north side. Ivy 3876-J.

THREE unfurnished rooms, 505 Piedmont avenue. Call Ivy 5741.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

THREE connecting rooms, private entrance; reasonable. 364 Central avenue.

SUBURBAN.

THREE rooms, bath, sink, College Park, on car line. Ivy 3276.

DECATUR—Four nice unfurnished rooms for rent. Phone Decatur 110.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

THREE connecting housekeeping rooms, fur. or unfur., also nicely furnished single room; hot water. 202 Rawson. Main 119.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

LARGE, attractive living room (beam ceiling), window seat (mission mantel), connecting with combination dining room and kitchen (porcelain sink, china closet, pantry); unfurnished, or partly furnished, private entrance. Call Ivy 820-J; desirable location.

TWO large rooms, furnished or unfurnished for light housekeeping, between East Pine and Merritts avenue, or will rent separately. Ivy 35.

THREE rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping to couple without children, with owner. Call Ivy 2476-J. 105 West Baker street.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for housekeeping, furnished or will rent unfurnished; use of phone, water and lights; references; quiet home. 195 N. Jackson street.

FOR RENT—Two connecting rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences; best resident section; 724 Highland avenue, $25 per month. Phone Ivy 4266.

IN a Ponce de Leon avenue home you can secure attractive housekeeping rooms. Price $17. Ivy 8089-J.

THREE connecting rooms, with bath, second floor, sink in kitchen, separate gas, by owner, $10.50 per month. 5 Angier ave.

FURNISHED rooms for rent; also light housekeeping rooms with kitchenette. Call Ivy 6187-L. 152 Courtland street.

THREE or four furnished rooms for housekeeping, in private family. 10 Bedford place. Phone Ivy 2492.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

TWO furnished rooms and kitchenette with sink. One block from Peachtree, on car line. 75 E. Pine, corner Courtland.

SUITE of furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 366 Piedmont avenue. Ivy 6554-L.

FURNISHED front rooms for light housekeeping, very nice and clean; no children; hot water any hour. 61 Forrest avenue.

TWO nicely fur. rooms, with sink and hot water, $5 week. 388 Peachtree.

NICE light housekeeping rooms, furnished, private home, close in. 151 Spring.

TWO unfurnished rooms and kitchenette, walking distance. Ivy 3310-J. 382 Spring.

ONE, two or three furnished rooms for housekeeping. 432 N. Jackson. Ivy 2713.

FOUR con. rooms, close in; all conveniences; reasonable. 38 E. Alexander st. Ivy 228.

SOUTH SIDE.

ENTIRE lower floor, consisting of three rooms and reception, all conveniences; reasonable; also one large room and kitchenette, $7 month; no objection to children. 254 Rawson street.

THREE large connecting second floor rooms, private bath, conveniences for housekeeping, to couple only. References. 138 Cooper.

TWO first floor rooms and kitchenette, completely furnished in mission oak. Price $20. Phone Ivy 249. 346 Washington St.

TWO or three nice upstairs front rooms, furnished or unfurnished; three car lines, walking distance. 54 Whitehall Terrace.

TWO nicely furnished front rooms for housekeeping; southern exposure, electric lights, hot bath, phone. Owner. 290 Washington.

TWO unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, in private home; conveniences. Main 4579-J.

133 CAPITOL AVE., 2 rooms and kitchen, separate bathroom, hot water.

WEST END.

TWO ROOMS, completely furnished for housekeeping, to couple without children, in modern home with owner; all conveniences; best car service. West 1094-J.

THREE completely furnished housekeeping rooms; every convenience; no children. West 1205.

IN house with owner, two furnished rooms, or will rent single; every convenience; near three car lines. West 316.

THREE large connecting rooms, fine for couple; reasonable. West 682-J.

ROOMS for housekeeping; will give meals. 32 White street. West 295-L.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

ACCOUNT of leaving the city will rent desirable apartment for $35, furnished; two rooms, bath room and kitchenette; well lighted, airy and all conveniences. Phone Mrs. Price, or Mr. Turner, Ivy 8080. 52 West Peachtree place.

FIVE-ROOM JACKSON ST., apartment, beautifully furnished, new furniture, near Ponce de Leon avenue. Sacrifice at $35. Ivy 6602-J Sunday, or P. O. Box 1036.

NEWLY furnished room for two business women or gentlemen; private home, close in. Ivy 1226. 205-A Woodward ave.

GET our rent list; all size houses, apartments. Turman & Calhoun, 203 Empire.

UNFURNISHED

APARTMENTS
THE EUCLID
CORNER Euclid avenue and Hurt street, three and four rooms each; steam-heated, wall beds and all modern conveniences. Special inducements.

THE CARROLLTON
20 TO 26 Carnegie way, right in the heart of the city. I have one apt. of 3 rooms, one of 4 rooms and one of 5 rooms, that are in perfect condition; equipped with all modern conveniences and newly papered and painted. These apartments are under new management and will be found ideal in every respect. Reference required.
FITZHUGH KNOX
(Candler Bldg.)

CORNER Pryor and Richardson streets; 4-room-and-bath apartment; size of rooms, number of closets and finish throughout exceptional; gas range furnished in kitchen, and bathroom; complete in every detail. For particulars apply to Owner, 169 Richardson street.

THE HAMILTON
ON EIGHTH ST., just off Peachtree; all hardwood floors, tile bath; large living room, beautiful kitchen appointments. New and now ready for occupancy. Apt. No. 1, 5 rooms, $57.50; Apt. No. 6, 6 rooms, $62.50. Apply on premises, 21 East Eighth street.

THE LAWRENCE—Two, three and four-room apartments; some early vacancies; all conveniences and in walking distance. J. T. Turner, Res. Mgr., Apt. 8, 52 West Peachtree place. Ivy 8080.

NORTH BOULEVARD
APARTMENT most up-to-date in city; every modern convenience; adults only. For personal engagement, call Main 9082.

ELEGANT 4-room apartment; steam heat; janitor service and all modern conveniences. 324 Forrest ave. Apply premises. Phone Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, owner.

N

PEOPLE WHO HAVE MONEY TO SPEND FOR HOMES ARE READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building; all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

SEVERAL desirable offices, single and en suite; some of these are equipped with compresed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices. Prices very reasonable. Candler building and Candler annex. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 5274. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

TWO connecting offices fronting Auburn avenue, well lighted, steam heat, lights, janitor service and passenger elevator. Price $20 month. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue.

FURNISHED OFFICE, 10 Auburn avenue, heat and light, passenger elevator, janitor service. Price $12.50 month. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave.

FOR RENT—Stores

CENTRAL STORE, No. 10 Auburn ave., 100 feet off Peachtree, 100 feet from new Chamber Commerce building; a most attractive location; steam heat furnished, large basement and freight elevator. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave.

FOUR fine new stores and lofts at 134-136-138 and 126 Whitehall street. Also two stores at 67 and 69 South Broad street. George W. Scipio, Office 19 Edgewood avenue. Both phones 203.

STORE BUILDING, corner Ashby and Greensferry ave, West End. Call Ivy 7347 for prices, etc.

FOR RENT—Farms

SEVERAL good farms for rent. L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Real Estate

WILL trade modern elevator apartment house in finest section of Atlanta; rent roll $400 monthly, net yearly profit $6,000, for highly-developed, well equipped unmortgaged farm of about 3,000 acres. Write full particulars to E-680, Constitution.

WILL buy 50 to 100 acres, about 5 miles of Albany; must be good soil; no swamp or overflow land, with fair improvements. Address, with full particulars, lowest price and terms, white settler, Address G-118, care Constitution.

HAVE a client who wants a bargain for cash between the Peachtrees or Ansley Park; will pay $6,000 to $10,000. If you can't sacrifice don't answer. Lawyer, E-527, Constitution.

HOLD your real estate, but if you must sell list your property with us for a quick sale. We are only handling bargains. H. M. Ashe & Co., Healey bldg.

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm or unimproved land for sale. C. C. Buckingham, Houston, Texas.

I HAVE a customer with cash who will buy your real estate bargains. John S. Scott, Peters building.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

100 ACRES, 17½ miles north of Atlanta, ¾ of a mile from depot and side track, on main public road and ¾ mile from chert road to the city, 45 acres in cultivation, 10 acres in pasture under wire fence, balance in timber, two fine springs, two houses, several barns and outbuildings, water mill and miller's house. This combination is attractive and will interest you if you will take the trouble to investigate. Price $4,000; clear, no mortgage. Will trade for bungalow in the city, assume small incumbrance or pay cash difference. Thos. W. Jackson-Burwell Co., 1018 and 1019 Fourth Nat'l Bank bldg.

11 ACRES, on the car line 8½ miles from the city, also on railroad, 12-story, 9-room bungalow, barn, servant's house, garage, chicken houses, other outbuildings, water, gas and bath; nice country place. Will exchange for home in the city, give or take the difference. Thos. W. Jackson-Burwell Co., 1018 and 1019 Fourth Nat'l Bank bldg.

$2,000 EQUITY in 6-room cottage, 8 blocks center of city, and $1,200 equity in 6-room cottage, 1½ acres fine land, all conveniences, in Decatur. Exchange for 6-room cottage in Atlanta equal value. Owner. Address G-105, Constitution.

PROFITABLE milling plant and 100 acres of land at Vinings, 10 miles from Atlanta, for sale or will exchange for improved city or country property; value $15,000. G. A. Dunlop, 310 Travelers Bldg., Richmond, Va.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Brick store and warehouse; 10,000 square feet; lot adjoining 4,000 square feet; Carrollton, Ga. Inquire W. Carroll Latimer, Atty., Fourth National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

STEAM-HEATED HOME.

NORTH SIDE, east front CORNER lot, a 10-room home, five bedrooms and sleeping porch. Downstairs is a gem and will please the ideal housekeeper. It would be cheap at $12,000, but I want an offer.

JOHN S. SCOTT,
Peters Building. Main 2091.

JUST OFF PEACHTREE ROAD

BEAUTIFUL LOT, 50x150; improvements; have paid in $310 and owe $490, payable $10 month. As I need some quick cash, will sacrifice my $310 equity for $100; you assume balance. Address G-94, care Constitution.

NORTH SIDE HOME

Will sell
58 EAST ELEVENTH ST.

7-room house, furnace heat, large shady lots for $6,000; loan $2,500, 3 years to run, to be assumed. Pay $1,000 cash and balance $50 per month at 6 per cent. Chance for a nice home in good neighborhood. Address P. O. Box 367.

127 LINWOOD AVE., paved street, running off of Ponce de Leon avenue, a 6-room and hall, never occupied, high-class home, oak floors and doors, best of plumbing and hardware, brick mantels and fireplaces in all rooms; also furnace. If you would be interested in a refined and classical place see this. Price reasonable; terms easy. A. H. Bailey, owner. Phone evening, Ivy 6770-J.

TO RAISE $500 by the 10th instant I will make a sacrifice of $750 on my 6-room bungalow, just half a block off Ponce de Leon avenue. I built it by day labor of very best material and workmanship, put in furnace, electric lights, double-floored and storm-sheathed, lot is elevated and shaded. If you want a home in one of the best home sections for $500 cash and monthly payments less than rent write at once to Owner, G-113, Constitution.

6-ROOM BUNGALOW, sleeping porch, best built small home in Atlanta, furnace, hardwood finish, stone foundation; prominent north side street; cost $7,000, but I must sell at once. Make me an offer. John S. Scott, Main 2091.

NORTH SIDE home worth $12,000. If you have $2,500 cash will sell for $8,500. Very best location in city. Beautiful lot. Leaving city. Address Mr. M., Box G-104, Constitution.

INVESTMENT, fourth ward, close to Forrest avenue, negro property; rents for $660 year. Price $4,375. No loan. Terms if desired. John S. Scott, 202 Peters bldg.

923 E. NORTH AVE., new 6 rooms and sleeping porch, hardwood floors, furnace, etc.; all conveniences. This is a pick-up. H. M. Ashe & Co., Healey bldg.

$6,250—JUNIPER ST., modern 8-room home; well worth $8,500; forced sale. Call Ivy 8268.

WEST END.

FOR SALE OR RENT BY OWNER—NEWLY PAINTED 6-room cottage, GOOD AS NEW. NEW gas and electric fixtures for gas and electric lights, three bedrooms, reception hall, dining room, kitchen, bathroom; possession at once. 74 GRADY PLACE, cor. of Oglethorpe, one block south of Gordon st. Ivy 5678. 409 Equitable Bldg.

FOR SALE—A nice 6-room bungalow in West End, gas, electric lights, tile sidewalk. Address G-97, Constitution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOURTEEN PER CENT investment, negro property, well located. Price $1,700; half cash. John S. Scott, Main 2091.

WE handle best farm and city property. Thos. W. Jackson-Burwell Co., Fourth National Bank building.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

MISCELLANEOUS.

WARE & HARPER
REAL ESTATE & BUSINESS BROKERS,
724-725 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.
Phones: Main 1706, Atlanta 1868.

$2,150—Splendid 5-R. cottage, near St. Paul M. E. church and Hill st. school. Newly painted and tinted. All conveniences. Unusual opportunity. Only $5 cash and $20 per month, 6 per cent interest. Why not start the new year right? Put your money in a home. See Mr. Rountree.

$2,250—We want to exchange equity of $1,250 in a good 6-R. cottage in West End section, near school and car line, having all conveniences, for a vacant lot, automobile or farm.

$3,750—One of the best buys in the city. 7-R. new bungalow, fine section of West End, near Gordon st. Price cut from $4,250. This is without a doubt one of the best values in this section.

$3,500—No. 287 Grant st., between Orleans and Milledge ave. Good 6-R. house, servant's room, hot house for flowers, walls and floors newly tinted and painted. This is a pretty place, well located. $500 cash.

$3,500—Price reduced from $4,750. Fine 6-R. bungalow, Inman Park section, near Euclid and Moreland avenues. All conveniences. Will rent $35 per month. $500 cash.

$5,000—Price reduced from $5,500. New and never occupied 7-R. bungalow, swell section, north side. Every known convenience. Reasonable terms. If you are contemplating the purchase of a home you can make a better deal now than you can hope to do within 30 days. See us. We have a fine list of most desirable places.

SIXTEEN PER CENT, new negro property. Owner broke. Price $1,100 cash. John S. Scott. Main 2091.

$1,800 LESS than cost, semi-central bargain. Price $4,200 cash. John S. Scott. Main 2091.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 34 East Hunter street.

SAVE 25 PER CENT—We build your home, lot owners' financed. 412 Austell bldg.

FOR quick sale, list your property with us. Porter & Swift, 120½ Peachtree street.

SUBURBAN.

BARGAIN in acreage, just off Peachtree, ¾-mile east of Oglethorpe college site; about 3,000 bearing apple, pear, peach and plum trees; high state of cultivation; improvements cost over $8,000; will accept some unencumbered city income property in part payment. Southern Land and Live Stock Company, 1116 Healey Bldg. Ivy 5617.

131 ACRES of fine farming land; 100 in cultivation; 30 acres in timber that will saw 100,000 feet lumber; good houses, barns and out-houses; ideal dairy farm. 1 mile of town; will sell on easy terms, one-third cash and balance to suit, or will take Atlanta real estate for the balance. H. D. Bush, Covington, Ga.

50 ACRES, on railroad north of Atlanta, train stop near house, 25 acres in cultivation, balance pasture and timber; new house and barn, young orchard. Price $2,250; terms. Thos. W. Jackson-Burwell Co., 1018 and 1019 Fourth National Bank bldg.

TEXAS School Land Opening—Million acres $1.50 to $5.00 per acre. 5c acre cash, balance forty years; write for advance information and map. Buckingham Pub. Co., Houston, Texas.

20 ACRES, new 6-room house, tenant house; all kinds fruit, spring, rich land, facing Stone Mountain car line. Only $6,000. Parris & Lang, Decatur, Ga. Bell phone Dec. 128.

15 ACRES fine land close to city and school. $100 per acre. 10 years to pay for same if you wish. Pretty home site. Paved road. Newton S. Thomas, Owner, 213 Empire building.

69 ACRES, $5,000; house, barn, orchard, spring, grove; an ideal country place, on Flat Shoals road, 7½ miles center of Atlanta. Parris & Lang, Decatur, Ga. Bell phone Dec. 128.

50 ACRES, $1,500; 2 houses, barn, 12 acres bottom, 16 miles Atlanta. All good land and a big bargain. Parris & Lang, Decatur, Ga. Bell phone Dec. 128.

25 ACRES on Stone Mountain car line, beautiful country home, garage, outbuildings, etc. Great sacrifice. H. M. Ashe & Co., Healey bldg.

12 ACRES, facing Stone Mountain car line, granite highway, between Decatur and Clarkston; something good. Parris & Lang, Decatur, Ga. Bell phone Dec. 128.

3 ACRES on Marietta car line for $700. Parris & Lang, Dec. 128.

FOR RENT—Houses

A FEW SPECIAL HOMES FOR RENT

386	Whitehall street, 10 rooms	$35.00
365	S. Pryor street, 10 rooms	40.00
385	S. Boulevard, 10 rooms	27.50
	NINE ROOMS.	
42	Hood street	$33.10
446	S. Pryor street	35.00
24	Bedford place	25.00
	EIGHT ROOMS.	
37	Crescent avenue	$35.00
72	Waddell street	30.00
116	W. Peachtree street	50.00
	SEVEN ROOMS.	
32	Rankin street	$20.00
56	Culberson street	20.00
250	Hill street	20.60
287	Rawson street	31.50
	SIX ROOMS.	
26	St. Paul avenue	$20.00
418	Fraser street	15.60
3	Waverly way	18.00
539	Woodward avenue	22.50
40	Bedford place	26.50
50	Killian street	15.00
	FIVE ROOMS.	
41	Richardson street	$20.60
44	Hugh street	14.00
228	Pulliam street	16.60
169	Simpson street	21.50
226	Pulliam street	16.60
37	Eugenia street	20.00

GET OUR RENT BULLETIN.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING.

GOOD HOMES FOR RENT

503	Washington st., 10-r. h.	$35.00	
114	S. Pryor st., 10-r. h.	45.00	
74	E. Merritts ave., 9-r. h.	50.00	
419	Piedmont ave., 9-r. h.	31.50	
133	Myrtle st., 9-r. h.	50.00	
231	Euclid ave., 9-r. h.	27.50	
56	W. North ave., 9-r. h.	55.00	
56	E. 17th st., 8-r. h.	50.00	
56	W. Peachtree, 8-r. h.	40.00	
60	E. 12th st., 8-r. h.	45.00	
194	Juniper st., 8-r. h.	$50.00	
292	Juniper st., 8-r. h.	50.00	
6	Avery Drive, 7-r. h.	50.00	
40	W. Peachtree pl., 7-r. h.	27.50	
20	Currier st., 7-r. h.	45.00	
114	E. Pine st., 6-r. h.	21.00	
32	E. Harris st., 6-r. h.	18.00	
66	W. Linden st., 5-r. h.	18.00	
156	Barksdale dr., 5-r. h.	25.00	
263	Crew st., 5-r. h.	18.00	

ANSLEY & WATKINS
RENTING.
Second Floor Realty Trust Bldg. Phone Ivy 1600.

FURNACES

FOR THE ORIGINAL MONCRIEF FURNACE

PHONE THE MONCRIEF FURNACE CO.
139 SOUTH PRYOR ST.

MAIN 285. ATLANTA 2877

CALL FOR
S. P. MONCRIEF
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PHRENOLOGIST

MADAM DE LYLE

SPIRITUALIST MEDIUM
SCIENTIST

Has returned. Join our universal spiritual success club and start the new year right. Located

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MOONEY

REPAIRS—ALL KINDS
Roofing a Specialty
Twelve Months' Guarantee
Reasonable Rate
Phone Ivy 905.

BEARING REPAIRING

COMPLETE STOCK OF BALL BEARINGS

DON'T THROW YOUR OLD BEARINGS AWAY. SEND THEM TO US AND WE WILL MAKE THEM AS GOOD AS NEW.

SOUTHERN BEARING COMPANY
R. M. SCHNORE, Manager.
130 South Forsyth St.
Main 88.

MONUMENTS

REMOVAL SALE

Of all finished monuments in stock at half price. Come quick and get first selection.

CHEROKEE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
Cor. E. Hunter and Terry Sts.

FOR RENT—Houses

CHOICE HOME BARGAINS

$12,500—Will buy you one of the handsomest homes on Ponce de Leon avenue. It is a two-story brick, with nine rooms, hardwood floors, two tile baths and furnace. In fact, it has every known convenience and it is a dream. Can arrange some terms.

$9,500—Ansley Park, eight rooms, two-story brick veneer, tile roof, two tile baths, hardwood floors, vapor heat, cement basement; lot 80x160; can arrange terms. If you want a bargain and a sacrifice, see either of the above mentioned new homes. Call us up, we will take you out.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY COMPANY
THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG. PHONE: IVY 1276.

FOR SALE

FIVE-ROOM bungalow, just off Ponce de Leon Ave., on Ponce de Leon Place. Splendid location, hot and cold water, electric lights, polished floors and tinted walls. $4,000—$500 cash, $35 month, no loan to assume.

PITTMAN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
205 RHODES BLDG. MAIN 4327.

GEO. P. MOORE.

REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
10 AUBURN AVENUE.

PEACHTREE HOME—Prettiest part of the street; an unusual bargain. Price $2,500 less than cost. Terms, $2,500 cash, balance easy. Would consider piece of property as cash payment.

SEMI-CENTRAL LOT, 24 feet front, in 800 feet of property sold at $5,000 per foot. Can deliver at $500 per foot on terms of $250 cash and $50 monthly. Might take $2,500 to $3,000 in property as part payment.

FOURTH WARD, near in, right at Auburn avenue, lot 47x176; can be improved to pay 15 per cent. Price $2,300. Be quick; they are hard to find.

AN UNUSUAL PROPOSITION—We have on Cooper street, near Richardson, 100 feet front, rock wall, complete, ready to build on if you are responsible. Owner will make you a deed and take back five-year mortgage. Price $3,000.

SUBURBAN BARGAIN

ATTRACTIVE BUNGALOW, has 6 rooms, nicely finished; bath, electric lights; large lot, 50 by 200 feet, with plenty of shade, chicken runs, etc.; a perfect home, convenient to car, and a bargain at $3,250. Terms. Must be sold.

ANSLEY PARK.

ANOTHER BUNGALOW, new and very pretty; has 6 rooms, tile bath, handsome fixtures, hardwood floors; nice lot. $5,500. Terms.

CHAS. D. HURT
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS,
501 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. MAIN 350.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY AND TELEPHONE Numbers for Your Convenience in Buying

This business directory and telephone numbers, together with the firms' names and correct addresses, is designed for the benefit of thousands of persons in Atlanta and nearby towns who are not supplied with telephone books or city directories, but who frequently have occasion to get in touch with these firms, which represent all lines of industry. Filed away, this list could be called on as a quick and ready reference.

AUCTIONEERS.
Bernard, B., 90 S. Pryor ..... Main 2306
AUTO REGISTRATIONS.
Auto Register Co., 104½ Auburn Ave. Ivy 347
BAKERS.
New South Bakery, Murphy and Glenn ..... West 1267
BRIDGE BUILDERS.
Austin Bros., 156 Greenwood Ave, Ivy 933
BUILDING MATERIAL.
McGinnis, C. B., Kiser Bldg. ..... Main 4316
CHIROPODIST.
Ellegan, Dr. B., 8 Candler Bldg. .. Ivy 4588
COFFEE ROASTERS.
Atlanta Coffee Mills Co., 468 Edgewood avenue ..... Ivy 2819
COFFEE, TEA AND SPICES.
Kenny, C. D. Co., 32 Whitehall ..... M. 300
DAIRIES AND CREAMERIES.
Silver Leaf Dairy, 762 N. Blvd. .. Ivy 5987
EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Call West Side Employment Bureau for colored help, Atlanta 2655.. M. 589-L
FISH, GAME AND POULTRY.
Fulton Market Co., 27 E. Ala. .... Main 781
FLORISTS.
West View Florist, 105 Peachtree ..... Ivy 3216
HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS.
Prewitte Bros., Rugs, Curtains, Etc. ..... Ivy 1687, Atl. 5900-A
KODAKS & SUPPLIES.
Glenn Photo Stock Co., 117 Peachtree ..... Ivy 3403
LAUNDRIES.
Capital City Laundry, 128 Whall.. Main 1052
Trio Laundry Co., 218 Peachtree street ..... Ivy 1099, Atlanta 1099
LAWYERS.
Hunt, J. H., 550-1-2 Temple Court Bldg. ..... Main 1685
LOANS.
Jackson, Henry, mortages, real estate, Inman Bldg. ..... Main 2197
LUMBER.
Willingham-Tift Lumber Co., Lee and Cen. R. R. ..... Main 1395
OVERALLS MANUFACTURERS.
Carhartt-Hamilton, 73½ S. Pryor.. M. 1540
PAINT COMPANIES.
Tripod Paint Co., 37 N. Pryor .. Main 4710
PICTURES & FRAMES.
Georgia Art Supply Co., 113½ Whall street ..... Main 4495-J
PLANING MILLS.
Phoenix Planing Mill, 321 Highland.. I. 3201
PORTRAIT ARTISTS.
Stevens Bros., Atlanta's Family Portrait Artists. ..... Main 4729
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS, ETC.
Adair, Forrest & George, Atl. Nat'l Bank building ..... Main 76
ROAD-MAKING MACHINERY.
Austin Bros., 156 Greenwood avenue ..... Ivy 933
REFRIGERATORS.
McCray Refrigerator Co., 219 P'tree.. I. 7433
SEED STORES.
McMillan Bros. Seed Co., 12 S. Broad ..... Main 3076
STRUCTURAL STEEL.
Austin Bros. 156 Greenwood Av.. Ivy 933
TRUNKS & VALISES.
Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall ..... Main 466
UNDERTAKERS.
Greenberg & Bond Co., 35 Houston.. Ivy 774
WAGON WORKS.
Karwisch, J. M., 81-88 E. Hunter.. M. 1856
WALL PAPERS.
Friddell Bros., 107 N. Pryor St. .. Ivy 459

Mr. Merchant—You will find advertising in this directory an inexpensive and most excellent means in reaching a sure and big market for your wares. Phone Main 5000. Operator will furnish you with any further information.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES. PURCHASE MONEY NOTES.

WANTED

MONEY ACTUALLY ON HAND TO BUY FIRST MORTGAGE REAL ESTATE NOTES. WHAT HAVE YOU TO OFFER? REAL ESTATE AND RENTING.

LIEBMAN
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING,
17 WALTON ST.

STOCK WANTED STOCK WANTED

BANK STOCK WANTED

HAVE A CLIENT who will trade some good property and pay some cash for stock in the Fulton National Bank or Atlanta Trust Company. Negotiations confidential. Mr. Clark.

ARNOLD & COMPANY
510 PETERS BUILDING. PHONE MAIN 1995.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

FOR SALE BY

FOSTER & ROBSON
11 EDGEWOOD AVENUE

LOOK AT 63 Sells avenue. Now rented for $27.50 per month. All modern conveniences. Will take good automobile as cash payment.

ON CULBERSON STREET, West End, we have a good 7-room cottage on lot 50x210 to alley. All improvements. $3,250; $500 cash and $25 per month. This is a bargain.

LOVELY HOME IN ANSLEY PARK. Large corner lot. Eight rooms, 2-story home, with sleeping porch, elegant living room, furnace, hardwood floors. A short half block of Piedmont avenue car line. This is worth looking at. Price $8,000. Can make reasonable terms.

SEVEN-ROOM, 2-story cottage on Candler street, Decatur. Elegant lot 100x300. An offer of $5,000 might take this. See us quick.

LOT ON ELMIRA STREET, 45x180 feet. $1,500. Must sell at once.

NORTHWEST corner Mell and Iverson, known as No. 20 Mell avenue. Convenient to two car lines. Price $3,000.

ON GORDON STREET, the Peachtree of West End, a good 9-room house, on corner lot, at $6,500. Let us show it to you and make us an offer. It must be sold at some price.

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REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS,
501 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. MAIN 350.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

EDWIN L. HARLING

REAL ESTATE, 32 EAST ALABAMA ST. PHONES: BELL M. 1287, ATLANTA 1287.

NORTH SIDE HOME TO EXCHANGE—On North Boulevard, near Ponce de Leon, we have a magnificent 8-room, 2-story residence, east front lot 50x190; side drive, oak floors and beautiful fixtures, on which there is a loan of $4,500. We will take a vacant lot or small negro house for the equity. This is your opportunity to get a pick in a home. If you have anything to exchange take it up with us at once.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—On Augusta avenue, near the park, we have a corner lot with a 6-room cottage, that we will sell for $3,750; easy terms with no loan. This is a $5,000 house and lot, being offered at our price for a quick sale. Room on the lot for a store or another house.

ALL CLASSES CITY PROPERTY & FARMS FOR SALE

WE HAVE new 6-room house, cherted street, car line in front. Price $2,650. Cash $150, balance $20 per month.

ANSLEY PARK 8-room house, furnace, stone front, sleeping porch, laundry and all other improvements. We are instructed to sell this beautiful home at a big bargain. See us and make an offer.

70 ACRES of land, 4½ miles east of Decatur. Price $75 per acre. Our price, on quick sale, $68 per acre.

10-ROOM HOUSE, corner of West Fourteenth and Williams streets, price $3,000.

10-ROOM HOUSE, close in, $3,500. Our price, $2,700.

WE HAVE a large list of homes, vacant lots, also farms, at attractive prices; now a good time to buy to sell later at good profit.

5-ROOM HOUSE, lot 50x100, price $1,000; cash $50, balance $15 per month.

WE HAVE some choice propositions in negro property.

VACANT LOT on Lakeview avenue, just off Peachtree street, 85x255, all conveniences, street cherted, for $1,200; can handle this proposition with $400 cash, balance to suit purchaser. See B. H. Treadwell.

HOW ABOUT a 2-story, 9-room house in Decatur, all improvements, lot 100x300, for $3,500. Can you beat this? See J. M. Worsham for particulars.

W. E. TREADWELL & CO.

ON MARIETTA ROAD AND CAR LINE $2,000 LESS THAN VALUE

TWO-STORY, NINE-ROOM HOUSE, water and electricity; all modern improvements except gas; on a lot 100x200 feet; house has been built about two years, and is in good repair. Has never been lived in by anyone except the owner, who is compelled to sell on account of leaving the city. Assume mortgage, and the balance can be arranged on easy terms.

TURMAN & CALHOUN

EXCHANGE

WANTED—We have a number of farms, both improved and unimproved, in all sections of the state to exchange for city property. Give us a listing of your property and we will submit you a farm for exchange.

HARPER REALTY COMPANY
717 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
Bell Phone Ivy 4286. Atlanta Phone 672.

Latest Market News

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
(Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

Oranges, Indian river, box	$3.00
Oranges, Florida, box	$1.75@2.00
Tangerines, box	$2.50@3.50
Grape fruit, box	$1.75@2.25
Apples, barrel	$3.00@4.00
Apples, box	$1.65@2.00
Pineapples, crate	$2.25@3.50
Lemons, new crop, box	$3.50@4.00
Lemons, old crop, box	$2.50@3.00
Grapes, malaga, keg	$4.50@6.00
Cranberries, gal., 35 barrel	$6.00

Vegetables.

Cabbage, pound	1½c
Turnips, Canadian, pound	1½c
Onions, red or yellow, sack	$2.25
Onions, Spanish, crate	$1.75@2.00
Onions, white, sack	$3.00@3.50
Potatoes, Irish, sack	$2.00@2.25
Potatoes, sweet, bushel	.75@.85
Tomatoes, fancy, crate	$3.00@3.50
Tomatoes, choice, crate	$2.25@2.50
Egg plant, fancy, crate	$2.00@2.50
Beans, green, drum	$2.25@2.50
Squash, yellow crooked, drum	$2.00@2.25
Peppers, large crate, crate	$2.25@3.00
Celery, fancy, bunch	.65@.75
Lettuce, dozen	.65@.75
Lettuce, drum	1.75@2.00
Cauliflower, pound	.08@.09
Cucumbers, per crate	$2.50@3.50

Poultry and Eggs.

Hens, alive	12c
Frys, alive	16c
Ducks, alive	11c
Turkeys, alive	15c
Roosters, alive, each	25c
Guineas, alive, each	25c
Hens, dressed	15c
Frys, dressed	18c
Ducks, dressed	15c
Turkeys, dressed	18c
Rabbits, each	11@13c
Opossum, pound	8@ 9c
Eggs, fresh, dozen	35c
Storage, dozen	26@28c

GROCERIES.
(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Company.)

Candy—Stick, 6½; mixed, 7; chocolate, 12½c.

Canned Goods—Pork and beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.20. Corn, $1.75 to $2.40. Peas, $1.90 to $4.20. String beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.60. Salmon, red Argo, $7.00; Chums, $3.90; pink, $4.50. Veal loaf, one-half, $2.35. Asparagus tips, $4.50 to $5.00. Tuna Fish, 1s, $8.25; ½s, $3.50. Condensed milk, $3.85 to $6.60. Evaporated milk, $2.75 to $3.85. Oysters, alligator, $1.90; others, $1.80.

Salt—100-lb. bags, 50c; ice cream, $1.00. Granecrystal, 80c; No. 3 barrels, $3.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $2.05; keg soda, 2c; Royal Baking Powder, 1-pound, $4.80; ½-pound, $2.50; Horsford's, $4.50; Good Luck, $3.75; Success, $1.80; Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 7¾; pink, 6½; navy, 6½.

Jelly—30-lb. pails, $1.35; 2-oz., $2.70.

Spiehetd—$1.90.

Leather—Diamond oak, 46c.

Pepper—Grain, 18c; ground, 20c.

Flour—Elegant, $8.00; Diamond, $7.25; Best (Self-Rising, $7.00; Monogram, $6.75; Carnation, $6.50; Golden Grain, $6.35; Pancake, per case, $3.00.

Lard and Compound—Cottolene, $7.20; Snowdrift, cases, $5.50; Socco, 7¾; Flake White, 7¾.

Sour Gherkins—Per crate, $1.80; kegs, $6.50@8.00; sweet, mixed, kegs, $12.50. Olives, 90c to $4.50 per dozen.

Sugar—Granulated, 5½; powdered, 6¼; cubes, 6¼; Domino, 9½.

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.
(By W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice steers, 900 to 1,000 average, $5.75 to $6.25.

Good steers, 800 to 900, $5.50 to $6.00.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 800, $5.25 to $5.50.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900, $4.75 to $5.50.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 750, $4.50 to $5.00.

Good to choice heifers, 750 to 850, $4.75 to $5.50.

Medium to good heifers, 650 to 750, $4.25 to $4.75.

The above represents ruling prices of good quality beef cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to common steers, if fat, 800 to 900, $5.00 to $5.50.

Medium to common cows, if fat, 700 to 800, $4.00 to $4.75.

Mixed common, $3.50 to $4.00.

Good butcher bulls, $3.50 to $4.50.

Prime hogs, 160 to 200 average, $7.35 to $7.50.

Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160, $7.10 to $7.25.

Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140, $7.00 to $7.10.

Light pigs, 80 to 100, $6.75 to $7.00.

Heavy rough hogs, 200 to 300, $6.50 to $7.00.

Above quotations apply to corn fed hogs. Mast and peanut-fattened 1½c to 2c under. Cattle receipts light. Market ¼c to ½c higher on most grades.

Hogs receipts about normal. Market steady to ¼c higher.

FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED.

Flour, Sacked, Per Barrel.—Victory (in towel bags), $7.25; Victory (our finest patent), $7.10; Quality (in towel bags), $7.25; Quality (our finest patent), $7.10; Gloria (self-rising), $7.00; Nell Rose (self-rising), $7.00; White Lily (self-rising), $6.75; Puritan (highest patent), $6.85; Home Queen (highest patent), $6.60; White Daisy (high patent), $6.50; Ocean Spray (good patent), $6.35; Southern Star (good patent), $6.35; Angel Food (finest patent), $7.25; Perfect Biscuit (self-rising), $6.90; Swans Down (highest patent), $6.75.

Meal, Sacked, Per Bushel.—Meal, plain, 144-pound lacks, 93c; 96-pound sacks, 93c; 48-pound sacks, 95c; 24-pound sacks, 97c.

Grains, Sacked, Per Bushel.—Corn, white, 88c; oats, fancy white clipped, 65c; oats, No. 2 white clipped, 66c; oats, white, 65c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 63c.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bushel.—Blue Stem seed wheat, $1.75; Georgia red rye, $1.25; Tennessee seed rye, $1.20; seed barley, $1.20; Appler oats, 80c; winter grazing oats, 75c; Tennessee Burt oats, 80c; Oklahoma rust-proof oats, 70c.

Hay, Etc.—Alfalfa hay, standard, $1.25; timothy, No. 1, large bales, $1.35; timothy No. 1, small bales, $1.30; light clover-mixed, large bales, $1.30; light clover-mixed, small bales, $1.25; bermuda hay, 85c; straw, 65c; cotton seed meal, Harper, $26.50; cotton seed meal, Buckeye, $26.00; cotton seed meal, Cremo feed, $23.50; cotton seed hulls, square sacks, $3.00; cotton seed hulls, round sacks, $5.75.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; Purina chicken chowder, 100-lb. sacks, $2.20; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; Purina scratch, 15-pkg. bales, $2.40; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.30; Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; Dandy scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.05; beef scraps, 100-lb. sacks, $2.35; beef scraps, 50-lb. sacks, $2.60; charcoal, per cwt., 50-lb. sacks, $2.10; oyster shells, 100-lb. sacks, 75c; alfalfa meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; chicken wheat, per bushel, $1.50.

Ground Feed, Per Cwt.—Arab horse feed, $1.55; King Corn horse feed, $1.75; Victory horse feed, $1.75; A. B. C. horse feed, $1.55; Sucrene dairy feed, $1.55; al

BUSINESS WILL IMPROVE THIS YEAR SAY THOSE WHO STUDY CONDITIONS

BUSINESS RATHER POOR AT THE START

But 1915 Will Probably Make Better Showing in General Business Than Did Its Predecessor.

New York, January 2.—(Special.)—The year 1915 opens with the general business and financial condition of the United States and Canada rather poor, but with all interests hopeful that before long there will be a great improvement. If the war in Europe does not last much longer, there is every reason for belief that prosperous conditions will be seen during the present year. With the war in progress all year, the outlook is for but slow improvement in the state of affairs on this continent, and there is no great prospect for anything like boom conditions as long as the war lasts. Following the signing of peace treaties, sooner or later, it is considered almost inevitable that the United States and Canada and to a lesser degree possibly some of the South American countries, will reap material benefits from the replacing of the things destroyed by the war in Europe. The creation of the most extensive waste the world has ever seen has already developed in Europe, and waste must be quickly replaced after war is over. Neutral countries of Europe may be called upon to aid the belligerent countries in replacing waste after the war is over, but they have not the means to supply much. North America alone seeming to be in a position to do the work of reconstruction and to gather the benefits which will accure from extensive orders for all kinds of things which Europe will need then.

Speculative Activity Missing.

As for securities, the outlook for the immediate future is not altogether satisfactory. There have been large sales of stocks and bonds from Europe since the exchanges have been reopened and there are large amounts here ready for sale as soon as prices advance. This large liquidation which is to be absorbed will probably take several weeks to consummate at the present slow rate of buying, and it is also extremely improbable that much higher prices can be seen while this selling takes place. While it is true that the stock exchange has been through several weeks of light trading, most of the selling has been of a kind which prevented advances, in spite of a good investment demand. Speculative activity has been missing, and wherever shares have been sold the buyer has taken them out of the market. In a normal market, out of every five sales two or three usually represent resales by people who recently bought. Often over half of a day's transactions are really only made on paper and do not result in actual transfers. While there has been a small amount of speculation in a few shares, with short covering and profit-taking, as the case might be, as a whole the market opens the new year with remarkable freedom from speculative commitments. Within a few days it is expected that the money paid for January dividends and interest will find its way into investments, and a short-lived advance is expected to result, but the general opinion of stock market interests is that the present general level of prices and dull markets are to be expected until there is some decided improvement in business conditions in the country as a whole, or until there are decided developments in the European war. Nearly every banker and financier interested in the security markets hopes that there will not be any developments inviting either bull speculation or anything else to bring about advances in prices during the first few months of this year, as it is thought that any decided advances would be followed by such a flood of foreign selling that new foreign exchange and other international monetary problems would immediately arise. Therefore, while speculation is being discouraged, no move is being neglected to bring about heavier investment buying at present price levels. It is still the opinion of security market interests that as the war in Europe was not the fault of this country, buyers here ought to take up foreign offerings of securities only at such low prices that investors can be assured of good profits in the end. Considering all factors in the security situation, it is evident that those best able to judge are not enthusiastic as to the prospects for quick profits from the purchase of stocks and bonds at the start of 1915. It is just as plain, however, that their opinion holds considerable promise for buyers at near present levels who hold their purchases until after the present depression has passed and has been succeeded by the predicted future prosperity.

Money Market Situation.

There is nothing in the present money market situation to give even a hint at possible tightness for a long time in the future. In fact, the start of the year sees indications that there will be even further easing in rates and increasing loanable funds through the year. The foreign exchange easing has suggested the strong possibility of imports of gold from Europe before long unless sufficient security sales are made to offset the steadily increasing trade balance in favor of this country. The lack of demand for industrial loans has forced banks to seek some activity for their surplus funds, but without much success recently as idle funds are reported in nearly every part of the country. The establishment of the reserve bank will mean more to the present year than it did in the past, for up to date practically all of their usefulness has been in improving sentiment in the money market, but with the interference to their activities, due from organization problems out of the way, it is expected that this year they will take a prominent place in the country's actual banking operations. The scope of the reserve banks' business will be greatly enlarged during the next few months.

The new financing outlook is not altogether as favorable as might be supposed, after considering the easy condition of money. A certain amount of hesitation about taking up new securities is to be expected as long as old issues are at such low levels. Very heavy refunding operations are now in progress, with the largest amount of maturing securities for the next few months that have been seen in a similar period in many years. The possibility that the war may last for two or three years is taken into consideration by bankers and investors when talking about new financing, and it may be that such a possibility, with its chances for all sorts of future disturbances to the world's business, may result in great difficulties for those who seek funds for new enterprises. The granting of increased freight rates for the railroads may eventually provide sufficient earnings so that they can continue the work of expansion interrupted by the depression of the last few years, but there is no immediate hope for successful floating of new securities for expansion work.

May Change Their Policies.

The dividend and interest policy of many corporations in this country and Canada may be changed during the present year. Recently the tendency of many corporations has been to continue disbursements at the usual rate, and if business conditions improve, there is little reason why a liberal policy should not be maintained. The possibility of change lies in the fact that many corporations are not at present earning the disbursements that they are paying. Such a condition cannot last long, and if earnings do not improve, in such cases, reductions before many months pass are inevitable. The loss of such income, added to losses already sustained, is such a serious possibility that directors of corporations, as a whole, will probably do all that they can to keep disbursements up to the best possible levels. Each reduction which may be made helps in part to make it harder for other corporations to keep up their own payments.

Foreign trade gains continue, and through them many of the more gloomy possibilities from present home conditions are brightened. It is through gains in commerce that many industries in the United States and Canada are reporting increasing activity, and the money which will come from the overseas trade expected during 1915 may in itself bring about more satisfactory domestic trade conditions. Exporting interests have been satisfied with the progress being made, considering it all that could be expected in view of international conditions even though it is far under the big claims of enthusiasts who had looked for tremendous exportations by this time. The establishment of "dollar exchange" may be seen within the next few months, and by the end of 1915 it may be that "dollar exchange" will rank next to "sterling exchange" in international money affairs.

The railroad outlook is not as poor as it might have been if the increased freight rates were not to apply this year. The granting of higher rates will bring better per ton income to eastern roads, but it will not put freight into the cars. The slow movements of freight in nearly all parts of the country will undoubtedly be followed by increasing traffic throughout the year, but there is nothing in the present outlook to suggest that decreasing gross will not figure in the periodical reports of railroad earnings during the next six months as compared with the first six months of 1914. Reductions in dividends may result, though there may be continued payments this year in many cases because of the belief that sooner or later the railroads will again see prosperous conditions. However, the policy of rigid economy in force in nearly every railroad's expenditures throughout the country is proving a strong factor in keeping net from showing the losses established in gross earnings, and thereby giving hope to holders of security issues of railroads that their income will not be much further reduced from passing or reducing dividend and interest payments this year. It is impossible now to gain any definite idea as to the possibilities for continuations of present rates of disbursements by railroads this year.

Want Let Up in Legislation.

Business men and bankers are hopeful that legislation and the effects of politics on business and finance will be less serious this year than in any of the last four or five years. It is the belief of those who were not in sympathy with the legislative program of the democratic party at Washington, which was put in force during 1913 and 1914, that even if present laws are not repealed there will at least be no further legislation aimed at corporations this year. It is believed that statesmen, officeholders and politicians have come to a point of view where they believe that business and finance must be helped and not prosecuted. Recent expressions of President Wilson and leaders of the house and senate have been construed by business men as showing a much more friendly attitude towards corporate and banking interests than was manifested at any previous time under the present administration. Political agitation against the "trusts," whereby much harm was done to legitimate business, is believed to have been quieted by the realization that even though many corporations of a harmful or dishonest character may escape deserved punishment, it is best for the business and banking interests of the country that all attacks on business should stop during present conditions.

Employers and Employees.

The outlook for labor is improving, and while unemployment conditions in the United States and Canada are appalling, when consideration is taken of the great number of unemployed men and dependents on them, strenuous efforts are being made on every hand to allay suffering and provide work for those most needing it. While those employed in industries—including the factory and plant workers, independent workers such as plumbers, carpenters, etc., and many others classed as manual workers—are different out of employment in large numbers, or have suffered reduction in pay or are on part time work, the greatest proportional unemployment or loss of income has fallen on the clerical classes. In the first place they are not organized and so cannot look to unions or associations for temporary aid. Secondly, many clerical workers, and to them must be added sales assistants of all kinds, insurance and other solicitors, and similar employees, can be more easily dispensed with in many cases than can the actual laborers. In the third case, as a rule, holders of what has, wrongly, no doubt, come to be considered "genteel" or "kid glove" positions are probably less able to go for long periods without employment than are the factory hands, plant workers, etc. The holding of a "kid glove job" carries with it, as a rule, ideas of better or more expensive living conditions than does factory work impose on those engaged in it. Unemployment at one point reduces expenditures so sharply at others that in the latter it brings about further unemployment. With the quickening of many lines of industrial activity, more and more men are being taken back to work and the year just starting promises to develop far more satisfactory conditions for employees than exist at its start.

The metal market outlook for 1915 is good as compared with the situation during the last few months. Buying of copper is more active than it has been for several months, while further heavy demand to replace the waste of copper in ammunition in Europe is inevitable for a year or two to come. The steel market also has hopes of good business from Europe during this year and beyond it. Domestic supplies of copper are low, while consumers have before them large orders for manufactures in which copper is used. The granting of higher freight rates has already resulted in increasing orders for cars and rails for railroads, while the amount of steel which will be needed for railroad use in the next few years, unless the roads are too poor to buy, is beyond any accumulation of needs ever before seen in this country. Prices for both copper and steel are advancing, with good returns for both metals expected before long unless advancing tendencies in quotations are halted.

Higher Cotton Prices Expected.

The loss of the German market for petroleum, cotton and copper has affected the first two commodities more seriously than the last, but conditions have been restored whereby it is expected that in cotton at least a good export trade with all countries needing it will be possible. The huge crop in the past year and the curtailment of exports will continue to affect the price of cotton, beyond a doubt, as compared with normal values, but higher prices than have prevailed during the last few months are looked for. Petroleum prices have advanced, and better conditions are expected in that industry during this year than existed since last August.

The loss of importations of textiles and garments from Europe has not been as heavy as had been expected when the war started. Entries of cloth and clothing have been rather heavy in view of the war, but interest in imported articles is declared to have waned, so that domestic manufacturers of each are no longer afraid of the loss of a material part of this market to foreign manufacturers after the war is over. In some lines, mostly woolens, the war has proved a great aid to domestic business for home manufacturers. The withholding of rubber for importation into this country, however, and curtailed supplies of dye materials, chemicals, paints and oils, etc., on importations of which consumers here had so largely depended before the war, threaten to bring about a serious shortage of all of these things here in the present year.

Prosperity in Grain Country.

The need of wheat in Europe shows no signs of being satisfied, and grain market interests are already predicting that in 1915 all of the wheat which the country can possibly spare will be sold to Europe at high prices. If the winter wheat crop comes up to present possibilities further prosperity will come to the grain country which is now in the best condition of any section of the United States. Wheat futures at Chicago have been above $1.25 a bushel for a week or two. Still higher prices are expected if the present high average of foreign buying continues through the next few weeks. If damage of serious character to winter wheat develops during the next three or four months, the highest wheat prices of a generation are looked for. Corn and oats raisers look for good prices and steady demand during this year. Hay, the less important cereals, potatoes and other products of the ground which can be exported to Europe are expected to bring good prices this year, as the need for all kinds of food supplies in Europe is steadily increasing, while the chances for production there are steadily decreasing with each addition to the number of men under arms, which draws so many more from production, but not from being consumers of food.

RESERVE DEPOSITS SHOW AN INCREASE

Washington, January 2.—Reserve deposits in the twelve federal reserve banks showed an increase of more than $6,000,000 at the close of business December 31, according to today's weekly condition statement, which follows:

Resources.

Gold coin and certificates, $229,069,000.
Legal tender notes, silver certificates and subsidiary coin, $26,578,000.
Total, $255,647,000.
Bills discounted and loans:
Maturities within 30 days, $4,632,000.
Maturities within 60 days, $4,215,000.
Other, $1,746,000.
Total, $10,593,000.
Investments, $255,000.
All other resources, $11,349,000.
Total resources, $277,844,000.

Liabilities.

Capital paid in, $18,051,000.
Reserve deposits, $256,018,000.
Federal reserve notes in circulation (net amount), $3,775,000.
Total liabilities, $277,844,000.
Gold reserve against all liabilities, 88.2 per cent.
Cash reserve against all liabilities, 93.4 per cent.

Clearing House Banks.

The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows they hold $114,084,920 reserve in excess of legal requirements. That is a decrease of $3,036,280 from last week.

Actual Condition.

Loans, etc., $2,191,503,000; increase, $12,411,000.
Reserve in own vaults, $330,177,000; increase, $1,781,000.
Reserve in federal reserve banks, $100,297,000; increase, $1,798,000.
Reserve in other depositaries, $31,990,000; increase, $518,000.
Net demand deposits, $2,022,165,000; increase, $41,986,000.
Net time deposits, $91,936,000; decrease, $1,544,000.
Circulation, $48,569,000; decrease, $4,007,000, of which $260,781,000 is specie.
Aggregate reserve, $462,464,000.
Excess reserve $114,084,920; decrease, $3,036,280.
Summary of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York not included in clearing house statement:
Loans, etc., $561,931,500; increase, $44,400.
Specie, $43,253,200; increase, $504,900.
Legal tenders, $12,595,100; increase, $827,800.
Total deposits, $45,579,300; increase, $525,300.
Banks cash reserve in vault, $11,605,800.
Trust companies' cash reserve in vault, $44,252,500.

Comment on Statement.

Washington, January 2.—Summing up the week's statement the reserve board said: "The statement indicates a loss of 2.7 million dollars in total cash resources and of 3.5 million dollars in gold as compared with the previous week's figures. The loss of cash in the hands of the banks is more than offset by an increase of 3.7 million dollars of gold in the hands of the federal reserve agents.

"Loans and discounts show an increase of over two million dollars, Richmond, Minneapolis, Philadelphia and Dallas showing the largest gains in discounts during the week. Chicago and New York for the first time report investments in public securities. The gain of 6.5 million dollars in all other resources is due chiefly to the increase in the amounts of national bank notes and federal reserve notes in the hands of the banks.

"Deposits show an increase of 6.2 million dollars, mainly those banks which report a gain in discount operations. Federal reserve agents report additional issues to the banks of 3.6 million dollars of federal reserve notes, this being because of the still larger amounts of gold and lawful money in their hands and of federal reserve notes in the hands of the banks themselves the net liability of the banks upon their outstanding circulation was at the end of the year only slightly above 3.75 million dollars."

COTTON BLANKETS WILL BE IN GOOD DEMAND

New York, January 2.—Trading has been more inactive in cotton goods markets this week, but prices have held very steady. Two leading numbers of 4-4 bleached cottons were placed at value preliminary to an advance, after active sales were made to the jobbing trades. The next merchandising movement looked for in the trade is the naming of prices on cotton blankets for the fall of 1915. The year want out with stocks of these goods cleaned up in first hands. As woll blankets will be very dear for next season because of the high price of wool and the active demand for export of army grades, cotton blankets bid fair to be in good demand. They will have the advantage of being cheaper because of lower cotton. Mills engaged on print cloths and staple convertibles are less inclined to sell contracts at prices they will accept for spots. Southern staple ginghams have been advanced from the low points and future orders are being taken subject to ability to secure dye stuffs.

There has been a steady search in all quarters of the market for job lots of cotton goods and buyers have found less than normal quantities offered. Export trade is developing slowly owing to financial complications abroad rather than to any question of price or the desire for merchandise. Prices quoted are as follows:

Print cloths, 28-inch, 64x64s, 2⅝; 64x60s, 2⅝; 38½-inch 64x64s, 3⅜; brown sheetings, southern standards, 6¼c; denims, 9-ounce, 13c; tickings, 8-ounce, 12½c; staple ginghams, 6¼c; standard staple prints, 4½c; dress ginghams, 9¼c.

Cotton goods and yarns were quiet today, many of the large houses being closed, burlaps were firm. Linens ruled very firm.

PRODUCTION OF WOOL LESS THAN IN YEAR 1913

Washington, January 2.—Wool production of the United States in 1914 totalled 290,192,000 pounds, according to estimates today by the bureau of crop estimates of the department of agriculture. This is about six million pounds less than that of 1913, as estimated by the National Association of Wool manufacturers.

The estimate of wool production is the first ever made by the department of agriculture. The estimated production for 1914, as compared with 1913, is given by states for the entire country.

Montana ranked first in production of raw wool in 1914, with an output of 30,177,000 pounds; Wyoming was second with 28,476,000 pounds and New Mexico third with 19,077,000 pounds.

Market Exchanges Closed.

The New Orleans and Liverpool cotton markets, the New York coffee, cotton seed oil and produce exchanges were closed Saturday—extra New Year holiday.

MANIPULATION IS CURSE TO COUNTRY

Untermyer Says Honest Speculation Is All Right, But Exchange Must Stop Manipulation From Inside.

New York, January 2.—(Special.)—Public regulation of the New York stock exchange was only one of the subjects discussed at the American Economic association meeting held this week at Princeton, and for that reason only a part of that interesting debate found its way into print. Among the speakers were Prof. Henry C. Emery, of Yale; Dr. Royal Meeker, United States Labor Commissioner, and Samuel Untermyer. It was Untermyer's speech that attracted the most attention. Many of his remarks so far have not been published. He began by declaring that he had no patience with legislators, agitators, demagogues, and ignoramuses throughout the country who could only think of the stock exchange as a gambling den. The exchange as an institution, he said, is a wholesome public necessity, which makes possible great business and financial enterprises. After pointing out how the exchanges in Germany, France, and other countries were regulated by the government, he began as follows with his real subject manipulation:

"I do not propose to discuss here at any length the ethics or merits of speculation, except in so far as it is accompanied by manipulation or short selling. There is much to be said in support of the argument that there can be no broad and active public market in the absence of speculation. If it can be established that there should be regulation, the authorities will determine the subsidiary question of whether, and if so to what extent and under what conditions, speculation shall be permitted.

Manipulation of Prices.

"In the main these propositions are true. Manipulation of prices is the great curse of the exchange. It paralyzes its usefulness. The arguments in favor of speculation are destroyed by the presence of manipulation. It is said by the defenders of speculation that it represents the collective judgment of the value of a security; that besides creating an active market it furnished the supreme test of value. Whether that be true as applied to honest speculation it is not necessary to determine so long as manipulation is dishonest speculation. It is playing with marked cards. If there were no other reason for demanding governmental supervision of the exchange (and there are many apart from those already discussed), the fact that without regulation manipulation cannot be discovered would be conclusive of its necessity.

"The greatest sufferers from this bunco game are not the speculators, but the small, honest investors. The payment of dividends represented to be earned, but only too frequently not earned, attract the conservative investor. With such instances in mind as Rock Island, Metropolitan Street Railway, Third Avenue Railroad and New Haven, all selling at one time over $200 per share and paying large dividends, and all of them since bankrupt, or nearly so, what chance had an outsider of getting a square deal?

Widows and Orphans Suffer.

"What had become of the 'insiders' investments in these properties when they came to grief? True, they still hold control of the management, but the dear public, the widows and orphans, and men and women of small means who, through years of toil and self-sacrifice, had saved and scraped together the money with which to buy what they were led to believe was a safe, conservative investment, held the securities.

"If manipulation can be made disreputable, and can be discovered and punished, it can be prevented. If it can be prevented, there will be no incentive for concealment and misrepresentation of the condition of a property. It can never be discovered until the transactions on the exchange can be officially supervised and the books of its members subjected to inspection of some public authority.

"The fact is that manipulation, as now practiced on the exchange and as permitted under their amended rules, is dishonest, whether resorted to for the purpose of introducing a new security or for any other purpose. True, it is six years since the Hughes commission made its report, and there were many things then tolerated in corporate management and in the financial world generally that would not dare be attempted today, thanks to the exposure of corporate abuses by the much despised 'reformers,' and to the improvements in moral standards of business, for which their investigations activities are responsible. But it is still inconceivable that even in 1909 a body of New York gentlemen as distinguished as were the members of this commission should have become so permeated with the customs and atmosphere of the financial world in which they moved as to have been led into putting in an official document the statement that manipulations

"'which is resorted to for the purpose of making a market for issues of new securities is unobjectionable'

or that

"'it is essential to the organization and carrying through of important enterprises.'

Exchange Will Be Made to See.

"It is nothing of the kind. It is distinctly disreputable, and the exchange will shortly be made to see it in that light, as they have been taught to see other practices that they once thought to be legitimate.

"Is it to be wondered at that no legislation looking to the correction of the abuses that were pointed out by this commission followed its report, and that nothing was done in that direction until July, 1913, following the public exposure by the Pujo committee of the same conditions that this commission privately investigated? Is there any occasion for surprise that there was no abatement of the practice of manipulation, in view of the quasi encouragement lent to it by this report? It is no exaggeration to say that the bulk of the securities on the list has been at one time or another manipulated—not for the purpose of creating a market, or an appearance of activity in a new security.

"The scandalous practices of officers and directors in speculating upon inside and advance information on the action of their corporations may be curtailed, if not stopped, by requiring that the officers shall make full disclosures of all their transactions in buying and selling securities of their companies. The act incorporating the exchanges should provide that all statements required to be made by corporations shall be under oath and that false swearing shall constitute perjury. At present they are extrajudicial.

"In short, the opportunities of the exchange as an agency of corporate reform are almost endless, provided its own practices can be reformed so as to entitle it to exercise these broad powers.

"When manipulation has ceased or effective means for its discovery have been supplied, the time will have arrived to take up the question of speculation. Then and not until then can we have open, honest speculation based upon conceptions of value. Then and only then will speculative transactions furnish a guide to values."

R. L. B.

COTTON MADE GAIN OF 13 TO 18 POINTS

Covering and Trade Buying Factors in the Advance. Buying Was Good in Middle of Morning.

New York, January 2.—There was a sharp advance in cotton prices here today. The local exchange was the only futures market opened, and business was not more than moderately active. Houses with foreign and western connections were buyers, however, while there also appeared to be some demand from trade sources, and all months made new high ground for the movement, with October contracts selling up to 8.57, or 7 points above the best price previously reached since the reopening of the exchange on November 16. The close was within a point or two of the best and steady at a net gain of 13 to 18 points.

The market opened steady at an advance of 5 to 7 points on covering and trade buying. There was enough realizing to cause some irregularity during the early trading, but there was no southern hedge selling, and early advices from the interior indicated continued firmness in the spot markets. Buying was also encouraged by reports of an improving tone in the market for cotton goods, which some thought likely to be followed by a better demand from domestic spinners, who have so far been buying only from hand to mouth, while the large amount of cotton reported on shipboard not cleared at the end of the week suggested a continued liberal export movement.

Buying became a little more general during the middle of the morning, and the active months sold some 15 to 18 points net higher. Talk of better prospects for an early peace in Europe may have been a factor on the advance, but the items most emphasized around the week-end were continued firmness of the spot situation and the reports of improving trade.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 7.90. No sales.

RANGE IN COTTON.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.80	7.67
March	7.86	7.74	7.85	7.94	7.93	7.80
May	8.00	8.15	8.00	8.13	8.12	7.98
July	8.20	8.33	8.20	8.31	8.31	8.15
Oct.	8.44	8.58	8.44	8.56	8.55	8.39

Closed steady.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON MARKET

New York, January 2.—(Special.)—Liverpool will not reopen before Monday and our market was without any advices from abroad. The improvement today has been due to buying from the west and Wall street, on an investment idea that cotton was still the cheapest article, and should peace be in sight within the next eight months, that it will not be neglected. On the advance there was some little hedging from the south, that is looked for as long as the line at an early date, in view of advices from Florida that at least half of the fruit crop is yet to be marketed, and that a large crop of all kinds of vegetables and berries is already ready for the market, we do expect to see trade gradually increase. We hope to see normal business later, as it can be seen that the gulf merchants are getting their accounts in better shape, which will enable them to buy heavier and push their business harder.

We are able to get the usual varieties of fruits and vegetables for the season, but generally lower than usual prices are prevailing."

INCREASE IN SHOWN IN PETROLEUM OUTPUT

Washington, January 2.—Production of petroleum in the United States in 1914 was greater than ever before, according to preliminary figures today by the geological survey, the output being estimated at 292,000,000 barrels. This was an increase of more than 12 per cent over the 1913 output, which reached the record-breaking total of 248,446,230 barrels.

Of the total 1914 output it is estimated that nearly 70 per cent came from California and Oklahoma.

RECORD-BREAKER IN STOCK DULLNESS

Only 23,500 Shares Changed Hands During the Session. Bonds Were Also Very Dull.

New York, January 2.—Record-breaking dullness attended the opening of the new year on the stock exchange. In the course of today's two-hour session, only 23,500 shares were traded in, some of the prominent issues failing to appear at all. The undertone of leading stocks was barely steady, after opening with general declines.

The only notable changes were in some of the inactive specialties, Sears-Roebuck gaining 5 points, with a 6-point loss for New York Air Brake. Shares of several of the automobile companies added to recent gains, while the Gould stocks showed more firmness.

Completion of the details connected with the $15,000,000 loan by local banking interests to Argentina was included in the small budget of general news and rumors of further loans to establish credits at this center for some of the European governments were revived.

Sentiment regarding the outlook in London where market operations of a restricted character are to be renewed next Monday, was somewhat chilled by the latest disaster to the British navy. London bankers, according to private cables, were arranging for the purchase of 250,000,000 francs 5 per cent French treasury bills. These same advices suggested payment by Russia to Paris.

Home news included full-time resumption of operations at the shops of the Southern Pacific and Northern Pacific railroads, and more November railway returns, the Pennsylvania road showing a net loss of about $480,000 for its eastern lines and $320,000 on the part of the system west of Pittsburg.

The weekly bank statement showed very few changes for this important period of the year, loans and the cash increase being comparatively nominal, with a $3,000,000 decrease of reserves.

Today's bond market was no less negligible than that for stocks. Total sales, par value, aggregated $551,000.

For the week, United States government and Panama bonds gained from 1-8 to 1 per cent on call.

New York Stocks.

Amal. Copper	52	51⅝	51⅝	51⅞
Am. Agricultural	.....	.....	48	48
Am. Can	26⅝	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
Am. Car and Fdry.	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	43⅝
Am. Cotton Oil	.....	.....	38⅛	38½
Am. Smelting	56	56	56	56⅛
Am. Snuff	.....	.....	155	155
Am. Sugar	.....	.....	102⅜	103
Am. Tel. and Tel.	.....	.....	116¾	116½
Am. Tobacco	.....	.....	217	218
Atchison	93	93	93	93
Atlantic Coast Line	.....	.....	99	99
B. and O.	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	68⅝
Canadian Pacific	.....	.....	155	154
Central Leather	37⅝	37½	37½	37⅝
Chesap'e and Ohio	.....	.....	40	40½
Chi., Mil., and St. Paul	87	87	87	86⅝
Erie	.....	.....	21¼	21⅜
General Electric	.....	.....	139	139
Great Northern, pfd.	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	113
Illinois Central	107	107	107	106⅛
Interborough-Met., pfd.	.....	.....	50¼	50⅛
Kan. City Southern	.....	.....	21½	21
Lehigh Valley	130⅜	130⅜	130⅜	130
L. and N.	.....	.....	112	112
Liggett and Myers	.....	.....	215	204
Lorillard Co.	.....	.....	169	159
Mo., Kan. and Tex.	8⅜	8	8	8⅜
Missouri Pacific	8⅛	7⅞	8	7⅞
Mex. Petroleum	.....	.....	52½	51½
N. Y. Central	.....	.....	84½	83⅞
N. Y., N. H. and H.	55	54⅞	55	55
N. and W.	.....	.....	99	99
Northern Pacific	100	100	100	99⅞
Pennsylvania	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
Reading	143½	142⅞	143	143½
Rep. Iron and Steel	.....	.....	18½	18⅜
do. pfd.	.....	.....	75½	75
Rock Island Co.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
do. pfd.	.....	.....	1⅞	1¾
St. L. and San. Fran. 2nd pfd.	.....	.....	2⅝	2
Seaboard Air Line	.....	.....	11¼	11½
do. pfd.	.....	.....	28	28
Sloss-Shef. Steel and Iron	.....	.....	22½	23
Southern Pacific	82	81⅞	82	82
Southern Railway	.....	.....	14	14
do. pfd.	.....	.....	58	58
Tenn. Copper	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32¼
Texas Co.	.....	.....	130	130
Texas and Pacific	.....	.....	11	11⅛
Union Pacific	116¼	115⅝	116	116
U. S. Steel	49⅛	49	48⅝	49
do. pfd.	.....	.....	104⅝	104½
Utah Copper	.....	.....	49¼	49⅝
Va.-Carolina Chem.	.....	.....	15	15
Western Union	57⅜	57	57⅜	57⅛

Total sales for the day 23,300 shares.

New York Bonds.

U. S. 2s registered	97
do. 2s coupon	97
do. 3s registered	100¼
do. 3s coupon	100¼
do. 4s registered	108⅝
do. 4s coupon	109¼
Panama 3s coupon	99½
American Agricultural 5s, bid	99⅝
American Cotton Oil 5s, bid	90
American Tel. & Tel. cv. 4½s	96
American Tobacco 6s, bid	120
Atchison gen. 4s	91⅝
Atlantic Coast Line col. 4s	84⅞
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	84⅝
Central of Georgia 5s	100⅛
Central Leather 5s	87
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 4½s, bid	88
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	94⅞
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul cv. 4½s	96½
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. R. R. col. 4s	63½
Erie gen. 4s, bid	67
Illinois Central ref. 4s	85½
Louisville & Nash. un. 4s	92
Liggett & Myers 6s	100¼
Lorillard 5s	100
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s	77
New York Central gen. 3½s	79
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	103⅞
Norfolk & Western cv. 4½s	100¼
Northern Pacific 4s	89⅝
Pennsylvania cv. 3½s (1915)	99⅝
Reading gen. 4s	93½
Republic Iron & S. 5s (1940), bid	90
St. Louis & San Fran. ref. 4s	63
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	64
Southern Bell Telephone 6s	96⅝
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	86⅝
Southern Railway 5s	98⅝
do. gen. 4s	64
Texas Company cv. 6s	99
Texas and Pacific 1st, bid	94½
Union Pacific 4s	95
U. S. Steel 5s	99⅞
Virginia-Car. Chemical 6s	90

WHEAT ADVANCED ON GOOD DEMAND

Prices Closed One-Half to Three-Eighths Cent Up. Corn and Oats Also Closed at Gains.

Chicago, January 2.—Urgent demand from exporters and millers gave wheat an upward swing today from the start. Closing prices, although unsettled, were 1-2 to 1 3-8 net higher. Corn finished 3-8@1-2 to 5-8 up, oats with a gain of 1-2 and provisions varying from 2 1-2 off to a rise of 7 1-2.

Big houses led the bull forces in wheat, and there was at no time any important setback, despite much profit taking by longs. It was said clearances for Europe during January and February would continue on a huge scale. Messages from farming regions indicated that growers were tightly holding reserves.

Export bids on corn were higher and there were predictions of receipts becoming light. Besides, the market was helped by the advance in wheat.

A large foreign order seemed to take all the surplus offerings in oats.

Well-grounded gossip of a bearish showing as to warehouse stocks counterbalanced in the provision market the effect of higher prices for hogs and grain.

Chicago Quotations.

Following were quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
May	1.29⅞	1.31⅛	1.29⅝	1.31	1.29⅝
July	1.18⅝	1.19⅝	1.18⅝	1.19¼	1.18⅝
CORN—					
May	.73⅞	.74	.73⅝	.73⅝	.73⅝
July	.75	.75⅛	.74⅜	.75	.74⅛
OATS—					
May	.53⅝	.54⅛	.53⅜	.54⅛	.53⅜
July	.51	.51⅝	.51	.51⅝	.....
PORK—					
January	18.67	18.67	18.60	18.65	18.60
May	19.30	19.35	19.22	19.26	19.27
LARD—					
January	10.47	10.52	10.47	10.52	10.50
May	10.80	10.82	10.75	10.80	10.72
RIBS—					
January	10.15	10.17	10.15	10.15	10.15
May	10.57	10.57	10.52	10.55	10.25

Receipts in Chicago.

	Today.
Wheat, cars	173
Corn, cars	200
Oats, cars	94
Hogs, head	26,000

Grain.

Chicago, January 2.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red, $1.27⅝@1.29; No. 2 hard, $1.27⅝@1.29¾.
Corn, No. 2 yellow, 69¼.
Oats, standard, 61.
Rye, No. 2, $1.13.
Barley, 63@76.
Timothy, $6.00@7.50.
Clover, $12.50@15.00.

St. Louis, January 2.—Cash:

	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—		
No. 2 red	1.27½@1.28¾	1.26 @1.27
No. 2 hard	1.27⅛@1.28	1.26½@1.27½
CORN—		
No. 2	.69	.68¾
No. 2 white	.69½	.69½
OATS—		
No. 2	.49 @ .50	.49 @ .50
No. 2 white	.51½	.50½

Kansas City, January 2.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.22@1.24; No. 2 red, $1.23½@1.24.
Corn, No. 2 mixed, 67¾; No. 2 white, 68¼@68¾.
Oats, No. 2 white, 49@51; No. 2 mixed, 44½@46.

Live Stock.

Chicago, January 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; strong; bulk, $7.20@7.30; light, $6.90@7.35; mixed, $7.00@7.40; heavy, $6.95@7.40; rough, $6.95@7.10; pigs, $5.50@7.30.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; steady; native steers, $5.50@9.85; western, $5.00@7.80; cows and heifers, $3.00@8.10; calves, $7.50@10.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; steady; sheep, $5.90@6.80; yearlings, $6.90@7.90; lambs, $7.00@8.85.

St. Louis, January 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 3,500; steady; pigs and lights, $6.25@7.45; mixed and butchers, $7.30@7.50; good heavy, $7.40@7.50.

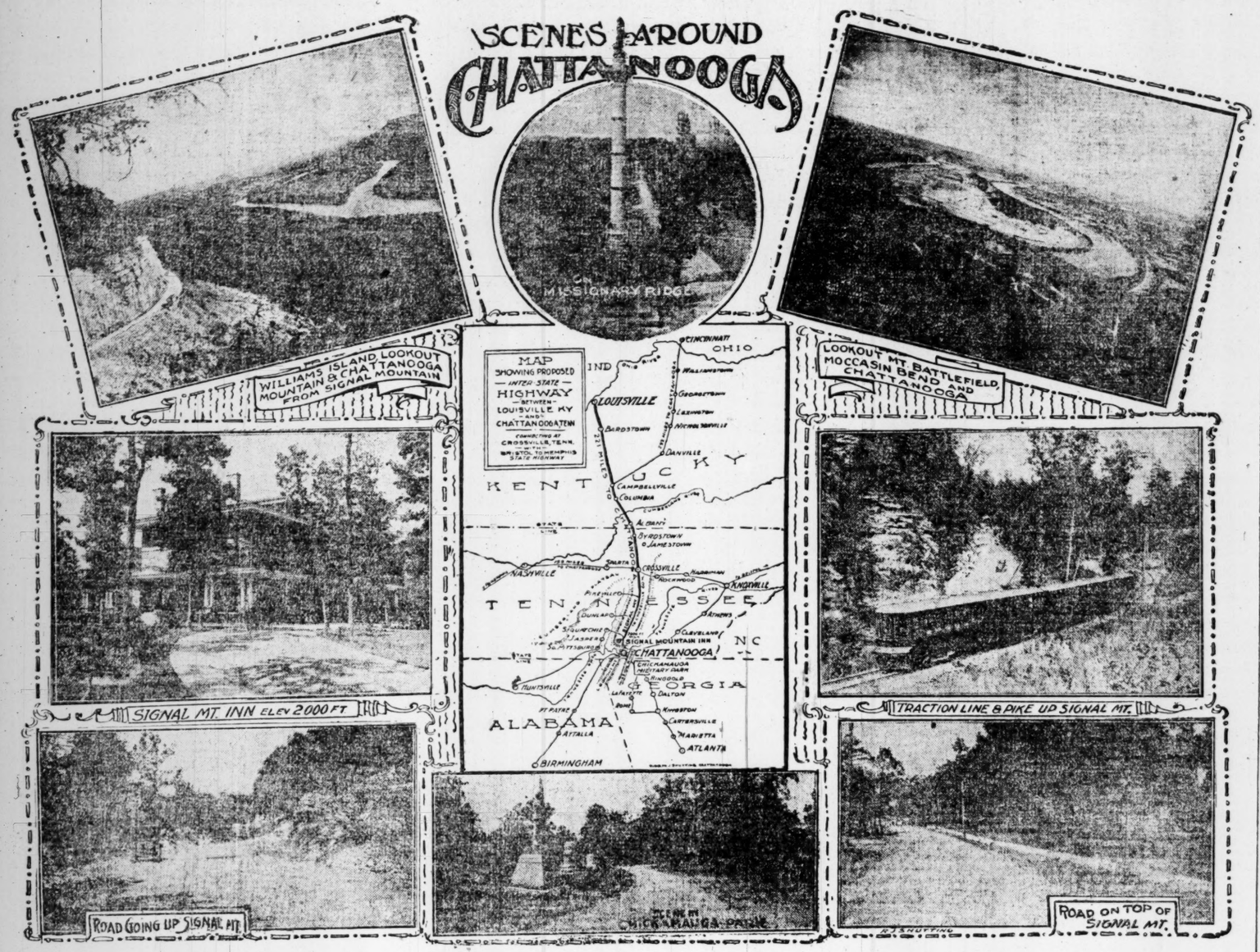
Cattle—Receipts, 400; native beef steers, $7.50@10.00; cows and heifers, $5.00@9.75; Texas and Indian steers, $5.75@7.75; cows and heifers, $4.00@6.00; calves, native, $6.00@9.75.

Sheep—Receipts, none; steady; native muttons, $4.75@5.75; lambs, $8.25@8.85; yearlings, $7.25@7.80.

Kansas City, January 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 1,200; higher; bulk, $7.20@7.35; heavy, $7.30@7.40; packers and butchers, $7.20@7.35; light, $7.15@7.30; pigs, $6.25@6.75.

Cattle—Receipts, 500; steady; prime fed steers, $9.00@10.00; dressed beef steers, $7.

Governors Will Meet in April to Consider Plans for "Hoosier-Land-to-Dixie" Highway



The conference of the governors of Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia and Florida, which was called by Governor Ralston, of Indiana, to meet in Chattanooga in January, for the purpose of laying plans for the proposed "Hoosierland-to-Dixie" highway, has been postponed until April, in order that the governors of all the states interested in the movement may arrange to attend.

Previous engagements and pressing business of state in the beginning of the new year prevented several of the governors from being able to attend such a meeting in January. The interest in the proposed highway, however, is great and is growing, and it has been assured that the governors of all these states will be in attendance upon the April meeting.

The "Hoosierland-to-Dixie" highway was proposed first by the Hoosier Motor club, of Indianapolis, and other cities along the route, which extends from South Bend, almost at the doorstep of Chicago, to Jacksonville, Fla., took up the idea at once and enthusiastically.

Mr. Gilbreath, secretary of the Hoosier Motor club, presented the matter to Governor Slaton and The Constitution during the recent road congress.

Much interest has been shown in the plan in Georgia. In south Georgia several counties are putting up a stiff fight to be included in the route.

What Highway Embraces.

The "Hoosierland-to-Dixie" highway, as proposed by the Hoosier Motor club and already covered by their scout car, embraces roads already existent in various conditions, through Louisville, Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. On account of the historic, scenic and industrial importance of all these points, and because this route involves practically nothing more than improvement of roads, there is little anticipation that there will be any material change in the route advocated.

However, the "straight-as-the-crow-flies" route proposed by C. E. James, of Chattanooga, for a road between that city and Louisville is very interesting. Such a road would reduce the distance very materially by following the Cumberland plateau for many miles and elliminating Nashville from the run altogether.

By the James route, Chattanooga is only 221 miles from Louisville. An excellent road already leads from Louisville to Albany, Ky. Thence to Crossville, Tenn., the road is poor and would have to be improved. From Crossville to the southern end of Signal mountain the route follows the crest of the mountain at an elevation of 2,000 feet. The topography and soil formation favor road building, so that this link could be supplied at about $3,000 per mile, it is estimated. Approaching Chattanooga, the road would connect with the magnificent Signal mountain boulevard, from the top to the city, recently built by Mr. James at a cost of $100,000. This boulevard leads into the city by the present Walnut street bridge, but the new bridge now being built at Market street will afford a more direct entrance to the city. Tourists would then follow city, streets, county boulevards and government pikes to and through Chickamauga park, and thence to Atlanta by a good road much traveled now.

The James route will be submitted to the April conference of governors for consideration.

The importance of a main artery from the central west into the south has not been overestimated. On the other hand, it has been underestimated. The vastness of its possibilities is presented by a glance at the first attempt of our forefathers to open up the west.

Hubert Howe Bancroft, in "Retrospection," dealing with the first national road, paints a picture well worth looking at by the south. He says in part:

"Over this thoroughfare poured a stream of population, thousands from Europe as well as those from the Atlantic states, which, percolating through the minor channels of intercommunication, multiplied the midcontinent inhabitants and, overspreading the plains beyond, crossing the mountains and deserts, finally debouching upon the golden shores of the Pacific.

"All along the line of it, like the paved street of a city cut through the wilds of country, were seen families and associations rolling their great wagons westward with ease and comfort, the men attended by women and children, mounted and on foot, with cows and sheep and chickens and all the concomitants of settlement and civilization, meeting on the way droves of fat cattle and wagons piled high with food products for the market of the east. For this highway of happiness, the medium of wealth and progress at a critical juncture in the development of the country, thanks are due in greater part to Henry Clay and Albert Gallatin."

Those were poor people, those early settlers, and it only requires a moment's thought to construct a picture fitting to the present time. Has the government of the United States been paid? Have the states through which this road wended its way been paid? Our growth and the present wealth is the answer.

Why Go to Canada?

Why should some of our farmers be induced to go to Canada? Here at home we have the country, not only for them, but for the investor, the man who has the means and is looking for the way to reach fields for investment. The tourist is the prospector; furthermore, he is an advertisement, his good words scatter like wildfire and in his train come the homeseeker and investor. Provide the inducement for him to look leisurely over the host of good things in scenery and business possibilities and he will spread broadcast the good news which will start this magnificent stream flowing.

Consider the tourist from the monetary standpoint. It can hardly be realized that the state of Maine, with all her beauty and resources, ranks her tourist trade as second in the list of her industries. First comes her lumber industry, then her hotels and boarding houses.

We are going back to the days of the wayside inn. The automobile has made this possible, and this very travel is the most valuable, as it stays longer and distributes more widely the money it has to spend, thus benefiting a greater number. The Manufacturers' Record of December 17 echoes this in the article entitled "The Call of the South to the Winter Tourist," wherein it is stated:

"The splendid resort hotels that add to the wealth of the whole south are made possible only by this winter travel. The thousands thus employed and the great home market thus created are but a very small part of the value of the tourist to the south. The tourist is more than a mere traveler for health or pleasure, more than a liberal money spender. He is a country upbuilder."

So today the tourist is doing just what our forefathers did when the government built the road west for them; as it paid an hundred-fold then, so will it do now, and is doing. Henry Flagler, as a tourist, came to spend more than $50,000,000 in the south. There are others who need but the opportunity, thousands whose wealth is not so great as Flagler's, yet theirs is all new money to the south, and the aggregate would be many times what he has spent.

A continuous, connected improved highway, as is proposed in the Dixie highway, tapping the very heart of the country through which it passes, would draw like a magnet the millon and more tourists whose eyes have been gazing longingly as toward a promised land.

The Lincoln highway is a wonderful example, since the marking and the connecting up of missing links in this road, the entire population along its route near and far have reaped benefits. Cities in northern Indiana along its route have kept account, as nearly as possible, of the touring parties passing through. At South Bend, the average during the summer was more than 300 per day. It was impossible to get all of them, but a great majority of these stopped over. The average was four people to the car, meaning very close to 1,000 people, all of whom had to be fed and some clothed.

Think of the possibilities! Every man, woman and child should be interested.

Government Report Shows That All Farms in Georgia Can Be Self-Sustaining

Concentration on One Cash Crop, Cotton, Has Proved Disastrous, Says the Report.

Washington, January 2.—Preliminary results of a study of rural living conditions in several states, announced today by the department of agriculture, showed that in the locality under observation in North Carolina the farm yielded 82.3 per cent of the food used each year by the farm family, while the average in the New York locality was only 50.4. The survey was made on a large number of farms in North Carolina, Georgia, Texas, Kansas, Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and Vermont. It showed that 63 per cent of the food consumed by the farm family was supplied by the farm. The proportion varied in the several sections, but was greatest in the North Carolina locality. The department pointed to that as demonstrating how southern farms may be made self-sustaining.

Rewards of a farmer are measured in the products his farm furnishes him directly rather than in dollars and cents, according to the department of agriculture today, in a statement on the results of an investigation concerning the farmer's income.

The average farmer receives little more money for his year's work than he would be paid if he hired himself out as a farm hand, the investigation shows. In other words, though he is in business for himself, the average farmer gets little or no money reward for his labors and the risk and responsibility he has assumed.

The average value of the chief necessities of life—food, fuel, oil and shelter—used each year by the farm family was $595.08. Of these necessities, estimated in money, the portion contributed directly by the farm was $421.17, leaving necessities to the value of $173.91 to be purchased by the farmer.

Of the food consumed 63 per cent was furnished by the farm, which varied considerably in different sections. It was greatest in North Carolina, where farms supplied 82.3 per cent of the food consumed, while the average in New York was only 50.4.

In view of the present economic crisis in the south this fact is regarded as of particular significance since it demonstrates the extent to which with a proper system of agriculture southern farms can be made self-sustaining, says the department's report. "Concentration upon one cash crop, cotton, has proved disastrous, and agricultural authorities are now trying in every way to induce the people to adopt a system which will lead to conditions similar to those now prevailing in this particular area of North Carolina."

WOMAN IS ATTACKED BY BOLD HIGHWAYMAN

Mrs. Kennedy Attacked Within Few Feet of Her Home.

Mrs. R. S. Kennedy, of 312-A Rawson street, was jerked to the ground and robbed of her shopping bag, containing a sum of money, when assailed by a negro thief last night about 8 o'clock. She and her daughter, Mrs. J. R. Bracewell, were returning from a shopping trip up town and were within a short distance of their home when the robbery occurred.

"We were hurrying home, and my daughter, carrying about $25, was a few steps in front of me," said Mrs. Kennedy. "I heard steps in my rear, but did not turn about, for I thought it was my son-in-law, J. R. Bracewell, about to overtake us.

"Suddenly a man whom I immediately discovered to be a tall, young negro, seized me by the arm. In being jerked about I lost my footing in the darkness and fell. The bag was on my arm and my hands were clasped in a muff. As I involuntarily held each of my hands in a tightened grip the negro did not get the bag immediately. Although my daughter and I yelled 'Murder, fire, police, thief!' and whatnot, the negro still persisted, and got the bag, after dragging me up the street for a considerable distance. He did not know that my daughter had $25 in her purse.

"A neighbor, aroused by our loud outcries, opened his door. He must not have been a southern gentleman, for he securely closed the door again, after observing us women crying in the street. Although I was bruised by the rough treatment and lost the shopping bag, which was a Christmas present, I do not regret this so much as the lack of attention from a man who might have been of real assistance.

"However, my sole purpose in bringing this episode to the attention of the police is to shame persons having authority into placing more policemen on duty in Atlanta. We have lived at 312 Rawson, which is only a short distance from the business section, for over a month. During that time I have only once noticed a policeman in our vicinity. He was a mounted officer. The lack of police protection is simply ridiculous. It is something that every citizen may expect, especially women going home just after business hours."

RUSSIANS HAVE FAILED, THINKS GERMAN EXPERT

Declares Czar Must Now Be Short of Everything But Men.

Berlin, January 2.—(Wireless.)—Among the items given out today by the official press bureau were the following:

"General von Blume, a retired German army officer, discussing the military situation in the east, says it is impossible as yet to estimate the scope of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's successes, but that it appears certain the Russian offensive has failed. Russia still has plenty of men, he said, but she must be short of everything else needed for warfare.

"A dispatch from Constantinople reports that Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz, the German officer who reorganized the Turkish army, has left Constantinople for the Caucasian field of operations.

The newspaper Bund, of Berne, Switzerland, says that Germany and Great Britain are the only belligerents able to raise reserves and that the German reserves, of course, are better organized and better trained.

"Count Stephan Tisza, Hungarian prime minister, in a New Year's speech, affirmed that mutual confidence, mutual love and respect existed between Austria-Hungary and Germany. Count Tisza's recent visit to German headquarters was not for solution of any difficulties whatsoever, but for discussion of present measures and future political problems arising from war.

"French papers report that the mayor of Lyons, France, has ordered the lights on all bridges and embankments extinguished at 9 p. m., as the appearance of Zeppelins is feared."

14 More National Banks.

Washington, January 2.—Fourteen banks were authorized by the comptroller of the currency to begin business during December. They had a total capital of $1,250,000. During the calendar year ending with December, 336 applications to organize banks were received, and of these, 228 were approved. The total now doing business is 7,593, with an authorized total capital of $1,074,382,175, with a total outstanding circulation of $1,039,711,021.

DON'T WEAR THE SAME TIE

twice in one week--it's not "recherche." You have no excuse for doing so, anyhow, for we are offering our remarkable stock of handsome ties at rock-bottom prices during our big

TIE SALE

All $3, $2.50, $2 and $1.50 ties, now . . . $1.00
$1.00 ties, now 65c
75c ties, now 55c
50c ties, now . . 3 for $1.00

All of our large and well-known stock goes into the above except a special lot of 50c ties which we now offer at

25c

Hayes Bros., Inc.
9 PEACHTREE
Watch Our Show Windows

53 W. Fourth Street

Lot 80x140 ft. Price $4750

An inspection of this modern 6-room bungalow will convince you of the fact that it is a bargain at the above price.

Assume $2,000. Reasonable terms.

Forrest & George Adair

LOANS WANTED

We have some special funds on hand for loans of $1,000 or $1,500 each. No delay.

Woodside, Sharp, Boylston & Day
12 AUBURN AVENUE.

WEYMAN & CONNORS
Mortgage Loans on Atlanta Real Estate
Established 1890. Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

FOR RENT---STOREROOMS---LOFTS

Three good stores with basements, 20x100 feet; will rearrange to suit tenant; also two lofts, 100x100 feet; elevator; well lighted; fine for manufacturing or storage. Call Phone Ivy 3460.

EDGAR DUNLAP
Second Floor, Candler Building.

COAL---COAL

BEST RED ASH JELLICO COAL, BIG LUMPS, $4.75 PER TON.

J. L. WOMACK COAL CO.
MAIN OFFICE 512 EMPIRE BLDG. PHONE IVY 8069; ATLANTA 1499



A Visit Will Tell
How I Treat

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, RECENT AND CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE VITAL ORGANS, PILES, FISTULA AND OTHER RECTAL DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, DEFORMITIES, CONSTIPATION, ERUPTION, ECZEMA, ITCHING, RUPTURE, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND SPECIAL DISEASES.

The Guarantee of Responsibility

My greatest satisfaction is to have my patients tell me of the benefits they receive from my treatment. They KNOW from personal experience that I am RESPONSIBLE, and from a thorough examination to begin with, until discharged, I give each case the CAREFUL, SKILLFUL and PERSONAL ATTENTION that makes even the most disheartened realize it was a LUCKY DAY when they availed themselves of my services.

I do not claim that there are no incurable cases, but I do claim that many cases absolutely incurable by such treatment as has been given them will yield promptly to the correct and scientific methods I employ. CONSULTATION FREE and strictly confidential. If you can not call at my office at this time, write for information regarding treatment. Hours: 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays and holidays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. only, and by appointment.

DR. HUGHES 161½ North Broad Street. Just a few doors from Marietta Street, opposite Third National Bank Building ATLANTA, GA.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LEGG—The friends of Mr. G. C. Legg and Mrs. Esther Broadmax, Mr. A. B. Legg, of Jasper, Ala.; Mr. N. W. Legg, Fayette, Ala.; Mrs. L. H. Dildea, of Vancouver, B. C.; Mrs. Sallie Bettes, Mrs. Lelia Verner, of Marietta, Ga.; Miss Dora Legg, Mrs. Minnie Patten, of Fayette, Ala., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. G. C. Legg, Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock from the chapel of Greenberg & Bond Co. The Rev. A. H. S. Bugg will officiate. Interment will be at Buford, Ga.

CREMATION Adults, $25; Children, $15. Cincinnati Cremation Co., office 30 Wiggins Blk., Cincinnati, O. Booklet free.

THE RECKONING DAY

Casting up Accounts and making a reckoning is a question for the New Year.

A good statement, bearing the certificate of a Certified Public Accountant, will make loans comparatively easy.

Where the showing is not favorable, the Certified Accountant would doubtless prove a valuable ally in assisting you to retrench.

JOEL HUNTER & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
Empire Bldg., Atlanta

We Store, Pack and Ship Household Goods and Pianos.
John J. Woodside Storage Co. Inc.

MORPHINE Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7 -N, Vinson Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

When You Want Work or Workers TRY Constitution WANT ADS

Main 5000--Atlanta 5001

PROPERTY TRANSFERS

Warranty Deeds.

$200—Mrs. Amelia R. Woodall to G. W. Smith, lot west side Wilmer street, 30 feet north of Rankin street, 30x100. December 31.

$10 and other consideration—Same to same, lot at intersection of Wilmer street and Lawshe street, 48x106. December 12.

$5 and love and affection—Mrs. F. W. Plaster to C. P. Hope, 127 acres on southwest side Plasters Bridge road, in land lots 50 and 57, 17th district. April 25.

$200—John Carey to O. K. Wallace, lot east side Fourth street, 30 feet south of Spring street, 50x140. January 1.

$450—M. E. Farmer to W. H. Wynne, lot north side West Hunter street, 90 feet west of Ashby street, 45x125. June 4.

$200—W. H. Wynne to Mrs. O. E. Cullum, same property. January 1.

$700—G. C. Drummond to Henry Paul, No. 26 Malden Lane, 40x100. May 24, 1911.

$250—James C. Jennings to A. P. Stevens, No. 179 Ira street, 24x90. December 16.

$1,750—Atlanta Development company to Mrs. Mary J. Thomas, lot north side Drewry street, 450 feet east of Barnett street, 50x165. December 31.

Loan Deeds.

$2,500—Mrs. Mary J. Thomas to Julius Wyman, lot north side Drewry street, 450 feet east of Barnett street, 50x165. January 1.

$1,400—Charles V. Strickland to trustees of Emory college, lot northeast side Cleburne avenue, 418 feet south of a 20-foot alley, 200x63. December 1.

Bond for Title.

$1,600—G. W. Smith to Lucy Crutchfield, lot at intersection of east side Wilmer street and south side Lawshe street, 48x106. May 6.

Mortgages.

$300—G. W. Smith to G. W. Smith, lot west side Wilmer street, 30 feet north of Rankin street, 30x100. December 31.

$750—Blanche May to Elliott Dunn, lot west side Roach street, 150 feet north of Greensferry avenue, 46x1504. December 23.

Deed to Secure Debt.

$685—G. W. Smith to Mrs. Rosa Hoffman, lot at intersection of Wilmer street and Lawshe street, 48x106. December 31.

Quit-Claim Deed.

$5—John T. Hagan to G. W. Smith, lot at intersection of Wilmer street and Lawshe street, 48x106. December 31.

BELGRADE BOMBARDED; LITTLE DAMAGE DONE

Paris, January 2.—The Belgrade correspondent of the Havas agency, in a dispatch dated December 31, describes the bombardment of the Servian capital by four Austrian monitors, which he says took place on Wednesday. His message follows:

"Yesterday at noon the enemy's guns fired several shots on Karabourana. One shell fell in the city, damaging the house. Towards 6 o'clock in the afternoon four Austrian monitors appeared before the fortress and opened fire against it and the banks of the Save and Danube rivers. The bombardment lasted until 8 o'clock. At intervals the rattling of quick-firers was heard. Several more shrapnel shells fell in the city. The damage was purely material."

TRIES TO SAVE BRITON WHO ATTACKED GUARD

Leeds, England, January 2.—(Via London.)—Lord Mayer Bedford has appealed to American Minister Van Dyke at The Hague in behalf of Private William Lonsdale, an English soldier, who has been sentenced to death in Germany by a superior court-martial for attacking a guard at the Loeberitz detention camp.

Lonsdale's home is in Leeds. He at first was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, but a superior court-martial review held that his offense was punishable by death.

Bryant-Bell.

Mr. W. P. Bryant, a prosperous young farmer of the Soldiers' Home section, was married to Miss Leamon Bell, an attractive young woman, at the residence of her brother-in-law, J. N. Wilson, 48 McDaniel street, Saturday afternoon. The marriage was a complete surprise to friends.

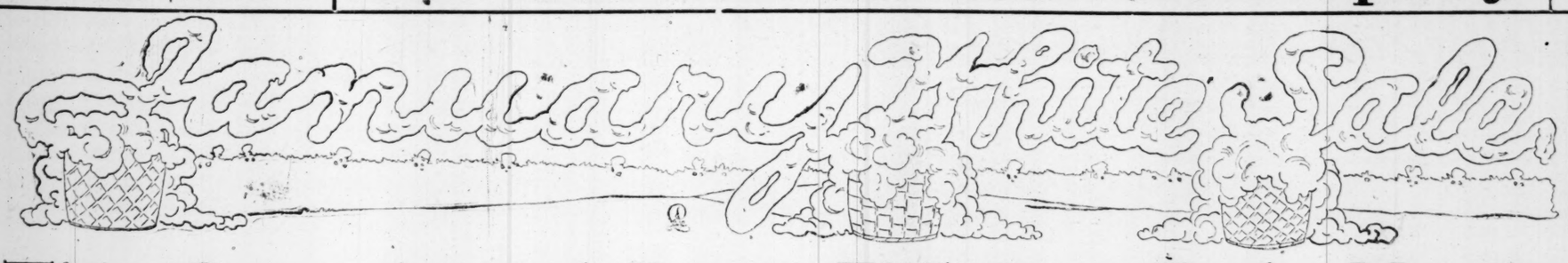
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. XLVII.—No 202. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1915. Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands, 5 cents.

Red Cross Shoes For Women

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Company

Standard Patterns and Publications



"The Ornament of a House"

Emerson said, "The ornament of a house is the friends who frequent it."

We have a large, beautiful, light, airy, comfortable—New—House—We try to make it at all times attractive and profitable to the public.

We measure our success of achievement by our patrons—our friends who enter here.

We invite you to come Monday.

This Great Annual Event Will Start Early Monday Morning
Undermuslins---New Goods for the New Sale, This New Year!

How the women of Atlanta and vicinity will go for these beautiful Undermuslins is easily foretold in their irresistible charm and daintiness as they are spread in snowy array—veritable mountains of pretty laces, sheer embroideries, fluffy fabrics and ribbons—they will vanish like snow before the sun.

The sale this year is distinguished by two features which make it different from other January sales:

FIRST: The event is attended by the lowest pricing of any previous sale at this season of the year. In fact, the prices are such as are afforded in our annual June sales.

SECOND: The garments are all new, fresh—the varieties larger, with many new and improved ideas; muslins with new daintiness.

Every season brings forth marked improvement in merchandise. We aim always at the very best for our customers.

"How can we better serve people?" is the eternal question in this store.

Tomorrow we serve with important and opportune outclearings of these myriads of beautiful and **GOOD** undergarments offered at prices frankly intended to clear them out.

And may we say that those who come to share a very wonderful event will in no wise be disappointed?

But—Note the prices—They will assume double importance after you have examined the garments.

To Our Out-of-Town Customers

We want you to share every advantage of this January Undermuslin Sale, through the efficient service of our Mail Order Department. Go over the list and order anything needed or desired. Your order shall have prompt, personal attention.



Night Gowns

$1.25 GOWNS at ..... 79 cents
$1.50 GOWNS at $1.00
$2.50 and $3 GOWNS at $1.98
$3.50 and $4 GOWNS at $2.98
$5, $6, $6.50 GOWNS at $3.98

"Teddy Bear" Combinations

$1.25 "Teddies" at ..... 89 cents
$1.50 "Teddies" at $1.29
$2.50 "Teddies" at $1.98

Other Combinations

(Corset Cover-and-Drawers)

$1.25 Combinations at ..... 79 cents
$1.50 Combinations at $1.00
$2.50 Combinations at $1.98
$3.50 and $4 Combinations at $2.98

Lingerie Petticoats

$1.25 Petticoats at 79c
$1.50 Petticoats at $1.00
$2.50 and $3.00 Petticoats at $1.98
$3.50 and $4.00 Petticoats at $2.98
$5.00 Petticoats at $3.98

Colored Princess Slips

$4.00 and $5.00 Princess Slips of pink or blue seco silk, beautifully trimmed with point de Paris laces, at $1.98.

$5.00 Crepe de Chine Petticoats—pink or blue—at $3.98.

Drawers

50c Drawers at 39c
$1.25 Drawers at 79c
$1.50 Drawers at $1.00

Corset Covers and Camisoles

50c Corset Covers at 39c
85c and $1.00 Corset Covers at 69c
$1.25 Corset Covers at 79c

Lovely Camisoles of crepe de chine or crepe de chine and chiffon, at $1.98—special.

Mull-and-lace Camisoles, pink or blue, very dainty—$1.50 each—special.

$1.25 Camisoles at 79c

ALSO—

a Great Sale of Undermuslins

in the Lower-Price Store

The Downstairs Section

A sale which, in point of value-giving, equals the event in the higher priced muslins.

The garments are all new, fresh, bought with an eye to their goodness of making and material. They are all at lower prices than the regular underwear section affords—and are the most wonderful values we have ever offered you at such prices.

All on tables for convenient selection, and plenty of people to serve you quickly Monday.

Observe the pricing—and remember every garment is fresh and new:

Night Gowns
all Specially Priced

Gowns at 37c.
Gowns at 43c.
Gowns at 59c.
Petticoats—special at 47c.
50c Petticoats at 39c.
75c Petticoats at 59c.
59c and 69c Combinations at 49c.
75c Combinations at 59c.

75c Princess Slips at 59c.
69c Chemises at 47c.
"Teddy Bear" Combinations, 75c.
Corset Covers at 21c.

Fifty dozen Children's Drawers—both knicker-bocker and straight leg style, 1 to 10-year sizes—priced for this sale at 11c pair.

Drawers—specially priced at 29c pair.
50c Drawers at 43c pair.

Half-Price R-e-m-n-a-n-t Sale

Downstairs Section

Another important event Monday in the downstairs section will be this Clearance Sale of Wash Fabrics at HALF PRICE.

Included are ginghams and white goods of various kinds. Also curtain scrims—short lengths—for sash curtains.

Every piece—of whatsoever kind, or length, is to go Monday at exactly half its regular price.

Downstairs Section.

Linen Laces--- A Special Sale!

Customers ask us daily, "When are you going to have a sale of Linen Laces?"

We now answer: "Monday." You are invited to share it! It will be worth while!!

Linen Laces and Cluny Laces in great variety. Most people have their favorite patterns. You will find them among these. Edges, insertions, beadings, narrow seamings:

15c and 20c Laces at 10c Yard

(First Floor.)

New Millinery

Any Trimmed Hat In Stock

Monday at $4



Hats of every description, hand-made, hand-blocked, imported models, copies of patterns made of the finest quality of silk velvet, with trimmings of aigrettes, ostrich, paradise or French flowers and fur. There are large sailors, turbans and tricornes; all the fashionable colors—sand, red, brown, white and black. Included are some refined styles for mourning wear, and to be able to purchase one of these hats at $4.00 is an opportunity not to be ignored.

January Clearance Sale

Well Known Makes of Sewing Machines

Nothing has been left undone to make this the greatest Clearance Sale in the history of the store. When you come here to see these machines you will realize what it means to be made a tempting offer.

No greater values have ever been known than this



Standard Rotary Sit-Straight

Guaranteed for Life — Sold on Easy Terms

$1.00 Per Week

Without exception the world's most wonderful sewing machine. Every part a mechanical perfection—absolutely noiseless. Three-drawer, central-needle style, **lock and chain stitch**—beautiful case—The Standard Rotary Sit-Straight Model—guaranteed for Life—sold on our Easy Payment Plan, **$1.00 per Week** $37.50

No Matter What Make Machine You May Prefer, There's a Big Bargain Awaits You Here

"STANDARD" ROTARY, automatic drop-head, central needle; lock and chain stitch; agents' price $50; our regular price $39.50; special price $34.50

Two SINGER—Five-dr., drop-head; agents' price $65; our regular price $39.50 ..... $27.75

Two NEW HOME—Agents' price $50; our regular price $37.50; special samples $28.50

Five STANDARD, Model V—Agents' price $55; our regular price $42.50 ..... $27.50

Two WHITE, five-dr., drop head, samples; agents' price $65; our regular price $37.50 ..... $29.75

Two WHEELER & WILSON, used, five-dr., drop-heads, practically new; agents' price $55; our regular price $34.50 ..... $27.50

IN ATLANTA'S SOCIAL REALM
NEWS OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Conducted By ISMA DOOLY

Engagements

BOHANNON—M'CONNELL.

Mrs. Ida Barnett Bohannon, of Grantville, announces the engagement of her daughter, Sallie, to Mr. Samuel E. McConnell, of Atlanta, the marriage to take place at home early in January.

BRADLEY—BLACKWELL.

Mr. and Mrs. James Albert Bradley, of Hartwell, announce the engagement of their daughter, Macie, to Mr. William Jesse Blackwell, of Maysville, Ga., the wedding to take place early in February, at "The Cedars," the home of the bride's parents.

HALL—COLEMAN.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Hall, of Devereux, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Anna Burdick, to Mr. Joe Riley Coleman, the wedding to take place on January 27, at the home of the bride's parents. No cards.

NORTH—BROWN.

Mr. and Mrs. Columbus Hill North, of Sharpsburg, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Janie Corille, to Mr. James Rex Brown, the wedding to take place in January at the home of the bride.

ALFORD—LEWIS.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Alford, of Eatonton, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Mae, to Dr. Walker Lewis, of Columbia, S. C., the wedding to take place in late winter at home.

Wedding of Miss Northen And Mr. Dorsey on Saturday

The marriage of Miss Margaret Northen and Mr. Roy Dorsey will take place Saturday afternoon, January 9, at 4 o'clock, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Charles S. Northen, on Fifth street.

The ceremony will be witnessed by the immediate families.

Abbott-Cooley.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Gardner announce the marriage of their daughter, Maude Starr Abbott, to Mr. James Chester Cooley, of Leo, Ga., which was solemnized at the home of her parents on Saturday afternoon, January 2. Mr. and Mrs. Cooley will be at home after January 15 in Leo, Ga. Rev. H. D. White officiated.

Matinee Party.

Mrs. Sam W. Collins entertained at a matinee party at the Forsyth Wednesday afternoon for Miss Georgia Atkinson, guest of Miss Margaret Bramlett. The party included Miss Georgia Atkinson, Miss Margaret Bramlett, Miss Lucile Goodrich, Miss Rosa Belle Chapman, Mrs. B. J. Green, Mrs. Julian Chase, Mrs. P. H. Bramlett and Mrs. Sam W. Collins.

Bridge Party.

Miss Ida Sewell was hostess at a bridge party Monday evening at her home, 30 Park street, West End, in honor of Mr. John Camp and Mr. W. M. Smith, of Chicago.

The artistic decorations were of holly, mistletoe, poinsettias and ferns. A buffet supper was served at 11 o'clock.

The punch bowl graced the center of the table and was embedded in a mound of poinsettia blossoms.

The lights were shaded in red and the other details carried out the season.

Miss Sewell was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Paul Selman, of Douglasville; Mrs. Mabel Bussey, Mrs. J. W. Simmons and Mrs. J. S. Sewell. Miss Sewell's guests included:

Miss Alice Denton, Miss Julia Bell, of Minneapolis; Miss Zora Bottenfield, Miss Florence Patterson, Miss Ethel Cannon, Miss Willie Knox, Miss Dora Pearce, Miss Louise Simmons, Mrs. Mabel Bussey, Mrs. Paul Selman, Mrs. J. W. Simmons and Mrs. J. S. Sewell; Mr. Earl Kimball, Mr. J. O. England, Mr. Wayne Sewell, Mr. Tom Wilson, Mr. Guy Hardy, Mr. John T. Camp, Mr. W. M. Smith, Mr. J. W. Simmons, Mr. J. T. Sewell and Mr. J. S. Sewell.

For Miss Marks.

Miss Pearl Lacy entertained delightfully at a rook party on Friday afternoon at her home on Bryan street in honor of Miss Beulah Marks, who has recently moved to the city from Sweetwater, Tenn. Prizes were awarded Miss Pearl Bradshaw, Miss Grace Hudson and Miss Marks.

Sixteen guests were present.

Birthday Party.

The children and grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Greene were delightfully entertained on Christmas day at the home of their parents on Cherokee avenue in celebration of their mother's fifty-sixth birthday.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. William Corall and sons, Oscar and George, and Mrs. Henry A. Ward and daughter, Frances Crosby, of Marietta; Mr. and Mrs. Bolan Glover Greene, of Atlanta; Mr. H. L. Armstrong and daughters, Loraine and Louise, who have just returned from an extended trip through the west; Miss Lillian Greene, Dr. Charles A. Greene and Messrs. Clarence L. and George T. Greene, of Atlanta.

It was a delightful occasion and the festivities of the season were enjoyed exceedingly by all.

O. E. S. Installation.

Electa chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, held a meeting Friday evening at which its officers for the ensuing year were installed. Mrs. Sarah Hanna was installing officer, assisted by Mrs. Wesley Hirshberg, acting grand marshal.

The following officers were installed: Worthy matron, Mrs. N. A. Moore; worthy patron, Mr. C. F. Thayer; associate matron, Mrs. Betty Smith; secretary, Mr. J. A. Jackson; treasurer, Mrs. Bebie; conductress, Mrs. J. W. Armistead; associate conductress, Mrs. F. C. Thayer; chaplain, Dr. M. N. Mixon; marshal, Miss Nell Murray; organist, Mrs. W. B. Gould; Ada, Mrs. E. R. Ware; Ruth, Miss Lily New; Esther, Mrs. Nellie Barnes; Martha, Mrs. Inglies; Electa, Miss Mattie Grogan; warder, Mrs. Strachan; sentinel, Mr. Strachan.

The ceremonies were public, after which a banquet was served. All enjoyed a social hour.

Mrs. Manry Entertains.

Mrs. Jesse M. Manry entertained at a beautifully appointed dinner at her home in West End for her guests, Mrs. Norman C. Booker and Miss R. Pearl Roberts, of Norfolk, Va., who are spending the holidays in Atlanta.

The house was attractively decorated in holly, mistletoe, bells and poinsettias and with the usual house plants and hanging baskets. The centerpiece of the table was a low bowl of red carnations, wreathed in smilax, and the candlesticks, tied with red tulle, held red candles unshaded.

Dainty little place cards of Santa Claus were at each place, and exquisite little red rose baskets, filled with mints, were given as favors.

A delicious course dinner was served with the ice course. Each guest was presented with a miniature candlestick and candle, which was lighted, and the last course was served by candle light.

Mrs. Manry's guests were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Pitts, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Heston, Mr. W. F. Manry, Mr. Frank Bell, Miss Elizabeth Moorman, Miss Fay Pitts, Dr. and Mrs. Bradfield, Mrs. Norman Courtney Booker, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kelly, Miss R. Pearl Roberts, Mr. Jesse Manry, Jr.

Dancing Party.

A pretty dancing party of the holiday season was given by Misses Lois and Olive Bryant at their lovely home, Pine Knoll, on the evening of the 28th, to their guests, Misses Gladys and Willene Asbury, of Clarkesville, Ga.

A unique feature of the pretty decorations was the improvised park, with numbers of benches hidden in shadows of pines—the only light being given by a "silvery moon" peeping through the treetops.

Open fires, the perfume of pines and the soft red lights lent an atmosphere of good cheer throughout the house.

Punch and sandwiches were served during the evening. A stringed orchestra furnished music for the dancing.

Misses Bryant were assisted in receiving their guests by their mother, Mrs. W. C. Bryant, Mrs. Donald MacMillan and Mrs. F. E. Walthall. About seventy-five guests were invited to meet Misses Asbury.

Matinee Party.

Miss Mary Murphy will entertain at a box party at the Forsyth tomorrow afternoon for Miss Estelle Byrd, of Tampa, the guest of Mrs. John Cooper, for Miss Dora Candler, of Texas, the guest of Miss Marie Dinkins, and Miss Gladys Byrd.

All-Day Service.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the West End Baptist church will have an all-day service on Monday, January 4, beginning at 11 o'clock and continuing until 4. Lunch will be at 1 o'clock.

Perdue-Thompson.

The marriage of Miss Annie Mae Perdue, of Carrollton, Ga., to Mr. Arnold Burton Thompson, of Atlanta, Ga., occurred last Monday evening while attending a house party given by Miss Floy Rawls, of Rome, Ga.

The wedding was quite a surprise to the ones attending the party, as well as the many friends of the bride and groom.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. W. J. Perdue, of Carrollton, and was very popular among the younger set. The groom is a very prominent young man of Atlanta, Ga.

The bride wore a pretty brown going-away suit with hat to match, and her bouquet was of lilies of the valley and bride roses.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson will be at home to their many friends at 289 North Moreland avenue, Atlanta.

A Liberal Exchange Plan on Diamonds

All solitaire diamonds sold by us are exchangeable at full price at any time. We only require that you buy another which is worth at least one-third more. We also allow the full old-gold value of the mounting.

Under this plan you can start with a stone from $15 up and keep exchanging until you have as large a stone as desired.

You can pay the difference in cash or make settlement by convenient monthly payments.

Selections sent anywhere by prepaid express.

Net prices and full particulars given in our diamond booklet and 160-page catalogue. Call or write for them.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Diamond Merchants

31 Whitehall Street

Established 1887

A BEAUTIFUL VISITOR



Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

MRS. HUGH W. CARR,

A visiting beauty from West Virginia. Dr. and Mrs. Carr are the guests of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Logan Carr.

In the Social Whirl

By Isma Dooly.

The program at the Piedmont Driving club this week continues the holiday gaiety, and besides the regular tea-dance of Wednesday afternoon and the dinner-dance of Saturday evening, there will be an additional dinner-dance Tuesday evening, and an additional tea-dance Friday afternoon. Members of the club are requested to make their reservations for these entertainments as soon as possible to insure adequate service. The professional dancers, Miss Mooney, of New York, and Mr. Gaynor, will demonstrate at the four entertainments—the two dinner-dances and at the two tea-dances.

The tea-dance at the Driving club Friday afternoon was the largest afternoon entertainment of the season. There were four hundred guests in attendance and an elegant buffet supper was served. The dancing continued until 10 o'clock.

Yesterday afternoon the tea-dance at the Druid Hills club was a compliment to Mr. "Chick" Evans, the famous golf expert, and many of the guests had enjoyed the beautiful clear air of the golf links before assembling for tea and refreshments in the hospitable club house. There was music and dancing until 7 o'clock. At 8 o'clock the Piedmont Driving club was again the scene of social gaiety in the regular Saturday night dinner-dance, which in brilliancy and pleasure was a fitting close for the holiday time.

*****

TO MRS. FREEMAN.

Mrs. Frank Freeman was the guest of honor at the beautiful dinner given Friday evening by Colonel Lowry, the guests invited including Doctor and Mrs. Block, Mr. and Mrs. McBurney, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Howell, Mr. and Mrs. Kelly Evans, Mr. S. Y. Tupper, Mr. Brooks Morgan. A runner of poinsettia and fern extended almost the length of the table, and the detail decorations were in red, with souvenirs appropriate to the Christmas season.

Mrs. Freeman wore a beautiful gown, the material cloth of crystal, and the fashion along the moyenage lines. The corsage was trimmed in turquoise blue velvet, and her jewels were turquoise and diamonds. Mrs. Block's becoming toilet was of taupe-colored chiffon over buttercup-colored satin. The corsage trimmings in lace and metal embroidery was finished with a cluster of buttercups. Mrs. McBurney was handsome in a pompadour silk, trimmed in old thread lace, and Mrs. Murphy charming in black tulle and rhinestones. Mrs. Clark Howell wore yellow and gold brocade silk, and point d'Alencon lace. Mrs. Freeman was the guest of honor at the beautiful dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Bancker last night. She returns to her home in Washington, Tuesday.

*****

THE MASQUERADE BALL.

The marked success, both from the standpoint of the costumes and the merriment of the occasion, record the Nine O'Clock German club again for their wonderful hospitality, and place the masquerade ball on the calendar of gala events.

Mr. Dozier Lowndes, representing "Tommy Atkins" returned from the war, won the men's prize for the most unique costume. He had a close second in Mr. Jesse Draper, representing a Russian anarchist. Miss Jessie McKee won the first prize for the beauty of her costume, she representing a "peacock," her costume yellow tulle, gold-spangled and trimmed in peacock feathers.

The beauty of Misses Mignon and Margaret McCarty was the toast of the evening, the elder sister representing a peacock, her costume in the peacock colors, and trimmed in the plumage in all of its gorgeous coloring. Miss Margaret McCarty was an ideal "Bacchante," her costume of leopard skins most artistically arranged, and crimson roses arranged in her dark hair.

Mrs. Harry English wore a typical Chinese costume, which she bought in Chinatown. Miss Louise Broyles, representing a blackbird, wore a costume fashioned in Paris and one of artistic conception. Miss Isoline Campbell charmingly interpreted the Guatemala girl. Mrs. Milton Dargan, Jr., was a pretty Hiawatha. Miss Dorothy Harman, in a ruffled pink tarleton gown, quaintly curled coiffure and old jewels, was the picture of the girls of "ye olden time."

Mrs. LeRoy Childs was a Red Cross nurse, and Mrs. Albert Thornton a lovely Pierette. There were Juliets, romantic in their beauty; innumerable Pierettes, Mexican maidens and those representing the beauty of the Orient.

At supper there was all kinds of old-time merriment. Mr. Frank Martin, home from the University of Georgia, sang a group of college songs that made the older contingent young again and thrilled the younger ones.

A trio of burnt cork artists, with their banjos, sang songs at intervals, and then, most curiously, Mr. Badham, of Birmingham, responded to the request to play the banjo, which he did delightfully.

After supper the dancing continued, and many had the joy of greeting the first rays in the east of the rising sun showing the figures "1915."

*****

HOME PARTIES.

Of the many delightful home parties of the week was that at which Mrs. Charles J. Haden entertained Wednesday afternoon, her guests including the members of the history class, Atlanta's oldest study class, and the Nineteenth Century history class. After a program of charming entertainment there were dainty refreshments served, and a Christmas tree, upon which were little gifts accompanied by lines appropriate to each guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston celebrated their wedding anniversary New Year's day, and were at home informally in the afternoon and evening, many of their friends calling.

In the very young set in society, a happy incident was the house party of four little girls entertained by Miss Emily Robinson, at the home of her grandfather, Captain James W. English. The little girls, escorted by their distinguished host, visited the moving picture shows, went to the theater and had a tea party at the Piedmont Driving club.

*****

THE STANDARD CLUB.

Another beautiful entertainment was the New Year's Eve ball at the Standard club, which assembled a company of several hundred people. It was the occasion of the introduction of many charming visitors and debutantes. Of the latter, notably pretty was Miss Erna Eiseman, the beautiful young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Eiseman.

She wore a white and silver lisse gown, with tunic draperies of tulle, and her corsage was of lilies and orchids. Mrs. Harry James, who was Miss Josephine Lowenstein, was receiving a cordial welcome home, and wore a flesh-colored satin gown, trimmed in silver. Mrs. Robert Schwab was one of the handsomest young women present, her gown of sapphire blue velvet.

Miss Rosalie Mayer was a popular debutante, wearing a rose-colored velvet gown. Mrs. Ely Mayer wore a handsome toilet in pink satin and tulle, and her young sister, Miss Welhouse, was one of the popular debutantes of the evening, wearing a white and silver gown. Mrs. Werner Byck was handsome in a brocade satin gown in the apricot shades. Mrs. Walter Rich was charming in white brocade satin and silver threaded tulle.

*****

AFTERNOON TOILETS.

The demi-toilette which is so constantly called upon by the frequency of the informal dance and the tea-dance, was seen in many pretty expressions during the New Year's gaieties.

At the Capital City club on New Year's Eve, Miss Jennie Mobley wore a smart gown in dark blue, the full chiffon tunic finished with skunk fur. Her black picture hat was trimmed with paradise. Mrs. Joseph Tilson wore white taffeta combined with black lace. Mrs. Hamilton Douglas, Jr., a recent bride, was gowned in yellow brocade and lace, and she wore a picture hat in black and silver. Mrs. H. Clay Moore was gowned in sapphire-blue charmeuse and chiffon, and her picture hat was black velvet. Mrs. E. L. Bishop wore a graceful dancing gown of black tulle over black satin, and her small black velvet hat was trimmed with white ostrich fringe. Miss Nell Prince was one of the prettiest young women dancing. She wore a wine-colored velvet gown with corsage of chiffon and a close-fitting black toque. Mrs. Bryan Grant wore a French blue velvet gown. A light-blue brocade gown was well suited to the blond beauty of Mrs. Guy Woolford. Miss Mary Rice wore a gray-blue velvet and chiffon and her blue velvet hat was trimmed with white plumes.

For Miss Duerr.

Miss Estelle Jones entertained at a matinee party at the Forsyth Wednesday for her guest, Miss Hazel Duerr, of Birmingham. Her guests were: Misses Miriam Comer, Louise King, Evelyn Arnold, Nell Murphey, Cora Seals, Frances Downman and Mamie Lee Hay.

Dancing Party.

Elizabeth and Eugenia, pretty little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Claud Buchanan, gave a delightful dancing party yesterday afternoon at home.

Wonderful Skin and Wrinkle Removers

The method of removing bad complexions by Absorption seems to have come into general use in this country. Ordinary mercolized wax, applied nightly like cold cream and erased mornings with warm water, gradually absorbs the coarse, faded or discolored outer film skin in almost invisible particles. Soon there's a brand-new complexion, formed by the younger, healthier under-skin. No cosmetic or artificial treatment can possibly produce a complexion of such radiant, youthful loveliness. Druggists all have mercolized wax; it is seldom that more than one ounce is necessary.

Thousands have also reported great success with the famous saxolite wrinkle-removing formula. One ounce of pure powdered saxolite is dissolved in a half-pint witch hazel and the solution used as a face wash. The effect is almost magical. The deepest wrinkles and crow's feet, as well as the finest lines—whether due to age, illness, weather or worry—completely and quickly vanish. No one need hesitate to try this simple lotion, as it won't harm any skin.—(adv.)

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Make a Good Start

Pull yourself together and make a good start this year. Make up your mind to better your business and financial condition by saving your money, and back up this determination by opening a Savings Account here where your savings will earn liberal interest and receive government supervision.

Deposits made on or before January 5th will draw interest from January 1st.

FULTON NAT'L BANK
EMPIRE BUILDING

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

An Important Two-Day Price Reduction

New Lace Boots



$5 Quality for

$4.25

Gray cloth top lace boots, with patent or gun metal vamp and quarter. Plain toe and latest heel shape.

Dark Gray Cloth Top Lace Boots

In gun metal only, with leather Cuban heels. D width. All sizes. A special lot of $4.00 values for **$2.95**

Patent Whole Quarter Button Boots

Also gun metal boots, values from $3.50 to $5.00. All sizes *in the lot* Our special price is **$2.95**

Sample Shoes, all leathers, values up to $6.00, for . . **$1.95**

Any Tan Boot in the house, values up to $7, for **$1.95**

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52-56 Whitehall Street.

MARRIAGE INVITATIONS

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Forty-seven Whitehall Street Atlanta, Georgia

Society

Psychological Society.

The Atlanta Psychological society meets Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in room 123, Piedmont hotel. The subject is "Memory and the Subconscious Mind." There will be several talks on this subject. These meetings are interesting and instructive. All interested are welcome.

The Tanzen Club.

The Tanzen club entertained at a delightful holiday dance Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bennett, on Washington street.

Those who enjoyed the evening were Misses Isma Bennett, Bessie Milner, Corinne Johnson, Helen Olson, Lucile Cox, Annie Laurie Cox, Frances Dudley, Inez Morgan, Ruth Fitzpatrick; Messrs Harry C. Bunch, Glenville Aiken, Olin Stamps, Henry Lawrence, Henry Baldwin, Jesse Griffin, L. Race. The visitors were Allen Lary, Horrace Loomis, Donald McIver, John Bell, Jesse Sprunell, Wallace Smith and Gordon Smith.

The next dance will be on January 22.

Simms-Turner.

Wide social interest centered in the marriage of Miss Bonner Simms and Mr. Ralph Lesley Turner, which was solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Sarah Jackson Simms, in Covington, Ga., on Wednesday evening, the occasion being one of the brilliant social events of the year.

The lower floor of the home was elaborately decorated by a lavish use of smilax that extended from the ceiling to meet the array of stately palms and ferns that banked the altar. Candelabras with their slender tapers illuminated the scene with a soft radiance and lighted up the clusters of Easter lilies that made a beautiful contrast against the tropical mass of foliage.

Mrs. Irwin Proctor, at the piano, and Miss Proctor, with violin, furnished an appropriate musical program preceding the entrance of the bridal party and during the ceremony.

The officiating minister was Mr. John G. Logan, pastor of the First Methodist church. Mr. M. G. Turner and Mr. Walton Clark acted as ushers.

The color scheme of white and yellow was beautifully carried out in the costumes of the bride's attendants. The first two bridesmaids to enter were Miss Mary Emily Fitts, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., and Miss Frances Neal, of McDonough. They were followed by Miss Annie May Lester and Miss Frances Henderson. The bridesmaids' gowns were of white charmeuse with draperies of yellow chiffon edged with white fur. Mrs. Charles Seymour Thompson and Mrs. Arthur Benjamin Simms, of Atlanta, both sisters of the bride, were matrons of honor and entered together. They wore beautiful gowns of yellow with draperies of the same color. Miss Hyda Heard, the maid of honor, was lovely in white satin and chiffon.

The attendants each carried an armful of Easter lilies tied with yellow tulle. The little flower girl, Miss Louise Smith, wore a dainty white lingerie frock and carried a basket filled with roses. Master Jack Craft, the ringbearer, wore a black velvet suit and carried the ring in a lily.

The bride, of a beautiful brunette type, entered with her brother, Mr. Arthur Benjamin Simms. She was gowned in white charmeuse and tulle, with trimmings of dutchess and rose point lace, the graceful tunic bordered with a delicate tracery of seed pearls. A court train of satin embroidered in pearls was caught to the shoulders with an exquisite butterfly of pearls and the long tulle veil that fell in soft folds formed a cap of rare lace caught to her dark hair on either side with orange blossoms. The groom's gift, a platinum pendant elegantly set with diamonds, was the only ornament worn, and the flowers carried were a shower of valley lilies.

Mrs. Simms wore a handsome gown of charmeuse with tunic of black lace combined with tulle. Her corsage bouquet was of violets.

A reception followed the ceremony. Assisting in entertaining the guests were Mrs. Nat S. Turner, Mrs. P. W. Godfrey, Mrs. J. E. Philips, Mrs. R. P. Lester and Mrs. W. C. Clark. Miss Frances Godfrey and Miss Christine White served punch.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Simms, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Candler, Dr. and Mrs. Schallenberger, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bickerstaff, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ellis, of Atlanta; Miss Mary Emily Fitts, of Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Mr. Walton Clark, of Savannah; Mr. and Mrs. James H. Porter, of Macon; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Neal, Mr. Benton Neal, Miss Eleen Neal, of McDonough; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Craft, of Hartwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Turner left during the evening for a trip to Florida and Cuba.

Informal Bridge Party.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Deadwyler entertained at an informal bridge party Tuesday evening. The hall, parlor and dining room were artistically decorated with wreaths and lycopodium, quantities of poinsettias, narcissi and palms. The lights had red shades, and from the chandeliers hung large bunches of mistletoe. Top score was won by Miss May Wallace and Mr. Eckford Lumpkin, consolation by Mrs. W. A. Sims and Mr. Fred Schelpert.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Berry, Mr. and Mrs. John Stone, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sims, Mr. and Mrs. Cromer, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schelpert, Misses Val and Kathryn Christian, Miss Lucile Daniel, Miss Odell Sims of Winder, Ga., Miss May Wallace, Mrs. G. A. Hightower, Mrs. M. V. Waldrop, Mr. C. D. Poland of Anniston, Ala., Mr. Eckford Lumpkin.

To House Party.

Miss Jennie D. Harris entertained at luncheon at home yesterday in compliment to Miss Margaret Grant and her house party—Miss Orme, Miss Karow, Mr. Badham, Mr. Percy, Mr. Flynn and Mr. Wilmer.

Miss Burchfield Entertains

One of the delightful events of Christmas week was an informal party given by Miss Minnie Lee Burchfield, in honor of Miss Elsie Smith, of Brenau college, who is spending the holidays here. The entire home was beautifully decorated in palms, ferns, poinsettias and red enchantress carnations, the color scheme being carried out in the Christmas colors of red and green. At midnight a delightful buffet luncheon was served. The guests were Misses Elsie Monroe Smith, Mildred Florence, Mary Agricola, Georgie Dickinson, Cornelia Nesbit, Thelma Kimberly, Mary Brown, Martha Brown, Marion Hardwick, Lillian Darrington, Bessie Withers, Bertha Roberts, Kate Weaver and Minnie Lee Burchfield; Messrs. Donald Thomas, Walter Withers, Claud Mason, Jack Blalock, Russell Turner, Joel Clayton, James Turner Gerald Blount, Joe Pitchford, Willie Suttles, Charlie McDannell, Comer Weaver, Joe Brown, Clifton Wood, Lewis Monroe Smith, Walker Lee Jackson, Carl Braun, Lewis Sharp, Audrey West and Bill Manley. Assisting Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Burchfield in entertaining were Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Otis and Mrs. O. P. Eberhart.

Attentive Service and the best and purest of **Soda Fountain Drinks** are predominant features at

BROWN & ALLEN'S

The pleasant atmosphere is also an important factor in its selection as a social meeting place.

TALENTED GIRL



MISS GARDA HORTON,
The talented young daughter of Mrs. Thaddeus Horton.

Military Tournament And Dance.

An event of much interest during the coming week is the military tournament and grand ball to be given by the Marist college, Friday evening, in the Auditorium-Armory.

A list of patrons and patronesses will be issued soon.

BIBLICAL TABLEAUX AT COUNCIL MEETING

Biblical tableaux with music and readings formed the program of the regular monthly meeting of the Council of Jewish Women held in the vestry of the temple on Wednesday evening last, Mrs. J. E. Sommerfield presiding.

The pictures, posed by Mrs. William Clare Spiker, were exquisite in their setting of the dark frame and background lighted from overhead, the beautiful Oriental draperies and colors, with the pulsating freshness of the skin of the poseurs, bringing to mind most vividly the fact that these people of Biblical fame upon whom we rarely concentrate were really alive and full of the zest and spirituality of life at one time just as we are today.

Miss Irma Sommers, holding aloft the sword ready for Holofetne's head, exemplified in a remarkable way the steadfastness of purpose of the woman Judith; the spirituality of the twenty-third Psalm was expressed by Mr. Richard Schwab, clad in snowy draperies and with the shepherd's crook typifying the faith of all peoples in the belief of a Supreme Power. Judas Maccabeus, posed by Mr. Alvin Furst, seemed to ring with the cry of the freedom of Judea, and the celebrated poem of Byron, "By the Waters of Babylon," was a sympathetic appeal, not only to the defeats of Israel in their many wanderings and the hopeless aspect of the dependent members of the race, but also to the tragic condition of the old men, women and children during these present months of horror in Europe—the horror that our own Corra Harris has brought before us so grippingly, truly the hopelessly flowing waters of Babylon! The poem was splendidly spoken by Mr. Victor Victor, who did all the reading of the evening, and the interpretation of Mrs. Spiker, with the splendid talent at her disposal, showed all the abjectness and resignation that Lord Byron put into his poem. Those posing were Mrs. Louis Elsas, Mrs. Lee Kahnweiler, Miss Sophie Haas, Mr. Monie Furst and Master Louis Dettlebach.

Other pictures: Miriam, Miss Madge Grossman; Deborah, Mrs. Robert Schwab; Hannah and Samuel, Mrs. Louis Elsas and Mr. Monie Furst; Jeptha's daughter, Miss Sophie Haas; Esther, regally posed by Miss Irma Schoen and a group of maids; Rebecca and Isaac, Miss Rosalie Mayer and Mr. Lewis Pinkussohn, and a group of three in the story of Ruth, Mrs. D. P. Fleisel, Miss Regina Silverman and Mr. Victor Victor, were all fine expositions.

Music appropriate to the titles of the pictures was furnished by Mrs. Benjamin Elsas, Mrs. Charles Sheldon, Miss Silvia Spritz, Miss Ray Klein, Mr. Harry Bates, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Wardwell, Mr. Sheldon at the piano, and, as usual with those artists, was done with complete sympathy of their subject. The wedding chorus from "Ruth" concluded a beautiful evening.

Two Hundred Guests At Piedmont Driving Club

Two hundred guests enjoyed the dinner-dance at the Driving club last night, and the occasion was a delightful climax to the holiday social program.

Miss Mooney and Mr. Gaynor provided a striking feature of entertainment in their very novel dances.

There were a number of large parties in honor of visitors, and many of the married membership formed bright groups dining together.

Mr. Cator Woolford entertained in compliment to Miss Isoline Campbell and her guest, Miss Eleanor Jaeger, of New Jersey. His guests were:

Miss Campbell, Miss Jaeger, Misses Margaret Traylor, Josephine Mobley, Louise Broyles, Constance O'Keefe, Isabel Robinson, Helen McCarty, Mary Hines, Rosalie Davis, Dorothy Arkwright; Julia Murphy, Mr. Prince Webster, Dr. J. G. Williams, Messrs. Edwin McCarty, Saunders Jones, Lamar Hill, Fred McGonigal, Lucas Simmons, of Charleston; Sanders Hickey, Eugene Haynes, Dr. Ballenger, Remsen King, Wimberly Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Newell.

Mr. Ralph Ragan entertained in compliment to Miss Margaret Grant and her house party, Miss Orme, of New Orleans; Miss Karow, of Savannah; Mr. Badham and Mr. Percy, of Birmingham; Mr. Flynn and Mr. Wilmer, of Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. John K. Ottley entertained in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Kelly Evans, inviting to meet them Mr. and Mrs. John D. Little, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy, Miss Isma Dooly, Mr. James Alexander.

Mrs. Frank Freeman, of Washington, who is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block, was guest of honor in Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Rancker's party, which included Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cosgrove, Mr. and Mrs. Linton Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Smythe, Mr. Brooks Morgan, Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block.

Others entertaining were: Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Dannals, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer, Mr. Sanford Rust, Judge and Mrs. A. G. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Nunnally, Mr. M. G. Phelan, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gentry, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mr. Henry Lyons, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Howe, Mr. Ralph Ragan, Mr. Hubbard Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Daniel, Mr. E. T. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Calhoun, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Durand, Mr. Sam Carter, Mr. Peter Grant, Mr. W. B. McBurney, Mr. Curry Moon, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan, Dr. and Mrs. Westmoreland.

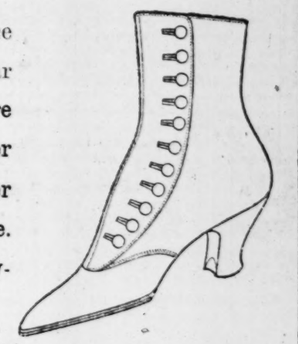
New Year's Dance.

The New Year's dance which Mrs. E. C. Wilkinson and Mrs. J. W. Meade arranged for their friends at the Frederick last Thursday night was a very delightful affair. Punch was served during the evening. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Warner, Mr. and Mrs. Murphy, Misses Bessie and Kathlyn Bagasso, Ruby Freeman, Lena and Joe Wittig, and Messrs. E. Stewart, Frank Manning, E. T. Truitt and G. C. Taylor, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Herbert Gorman, Habersham Matthews, Thomas Smith, E. F. Potts, Professor Garrett and J. W. Cooper.

Vesper Club Dance.

The Vesper club gave the largest and most successful dance of their career on New Year's eve in their club rooms, corner Peachtree and Third. One hundred and fifty couples enjoyed the dancing all night. The club rooms were lovely in the season's colors. There were many unique and beautiful fancy costumes. The dancers unmasked at midnight, when supper was served. During the evening Miss Lucile Goodrich and Mr. Newton Thomas demonstrated the maxixe and fox trot. Many of the college set and out-of-town girls were present. Twenty couples chaperoned the club members. The next dance of the Vesper club will be on Friday, January 15.

Allen's Shoe Sale



Our Annual Clearance Sale of fine Footwear from regular stock. **More shoes, better styles, wider assortments and bigger values than ever before. Prompt, intelligent service, as always.**

20% to 50% Reductions.

Women's Boots..... **$1.50 to $3.85**
Women's Slippers..... **$1.95 to $3.85**
Children's Shoes..... **95c to $2.25**
Satin Slippers, in a variety of colors, with French heels..... **$1.95**
Boys' Shoes, sizes up to 6..... **$2.25**
All Felt Slippers for Women..... **50c**
Women's Bath Slippers..... **19c**
Women's Slumber Slippers..... **25c**

J. P. Allen & Co., 51-53 Whitehall

J. P. ALLEN & COMPANY

January Clearance Sale

Suits, Coats, Dresses and Blouses



These Coats are sketched from our stock and made of Corduroy and Plush, $25 and $30 values, now **$14.85**

These Coats are sketched from our stock, all made of handsome materials, regular $22.50 and $25 values, now **$11.85**

Our January inventory finds us with about 300 Suits and a magnificent assortment of Coats, which, opportunely for those with a need for real winter wear, will be sold this month at reductions surpassing your belief in figures. Note the prices quoted here, but mark the quality-value of the garments offered for a perfect agreement.

January, the Month for Coats, Brings Special Coat Prices

CORDUROY, PLUSH AND FINE WOOL STREET AND MOTOR COATS, fur trimmed; values $25, $30 and $35..... **$14.85**

A tremendous assortment of wool Scotch Mixtures, Zibelines and Broadtail Cloth Coats—values $22.50 and $25..... **$11.85**

Special January Suit Reductions

Beautiful Broadcloth, Serge and Gabardine Suits, Silk Braid or Fur Trimmed.

$25, $30 and $35 Suits..... **$10**

$37.50, $40, $45 and $48.50 Suits..... **$15**

$50, $55, $65 and up to $85 Suits..... **$20**

Choice of 75 Street Dresses

Satin combined with velvet or serge—ALL NEW—formerly $20, $25, $30 and $35..... **$10**

New Dansante Frocks

Black and white and all evening shades, satin and lace; $25 and $30 values..... **$12.95**

January Blouse Sale

We have a magnificent collection of smart fall and mid-winter blouses which have now a January reduction price. Silk, crepes and lingerie—

$1.00, $2.00, $2.95 and $5.95

New Tailored Satin Blouse

White and flesh pink, buttoned up front, with high collar..... **$5.95**

Begin the New Year With a Visit to Our Beauty Parlor—You Will Come Again—Fourth Floor. Miss Theresa Zahn, Mgr.

J. P. Allen & Company 51-53 Whitehall

Society

Suffrage Tea.

The members of the Ninth ward of the Fulton-DeKalb branches of the equal suffrage party of Georgia will give a tea at Mrs. George Pratt's, 25 Fairview road, Druid Hills, Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A very interesting program has been arranged. Every one interested in the cause is invited to attend and help to make it one of the brightest and most enthusiastic of these teas which will be given every Monday afternoon to promote the "Votes for Women" movement.

For Needlecraft Circle.

One of the most delightful Christmas entertainments was given on last Saturday at the home of Mrs. W. H. Sander in honor of the Needlecraft circle. A feature of the afternoon was a unique contest, Mrs. McDonald receiving first prize. A Christmas tree loaded with beautiful gifts were exchanged by the guests, after which refreshments were enjoyed. Those present were Mrs. W. T. Buchanan, Mrs. Calloway, Mrs. Dennis, Mrs. W. M. Gill, Mrs. George Grant, Mrs. M. V. Hartwell, Mrs. Jansen, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Frank, McCormack, Mrs. J. B. Shellnutt, Mrs. Sander, Mrs. Splan, Mrs. Steed, Mrs. Suber, Mrs. Webb, Mrs. Elrod, Mrs. Hartwell, Miss Ruth Buchanan and Miss Willie Hartwell.

Newnan Club.

Mrs. Habersham King will entertain the Newnan club Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at her home on North Boulevard.

For Miss Vickey.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Dickey entertained fourteen guests at the dinner-dance New Year's eve at the Transportation club for Miss Bertie Vickery.

Club Entertained.

Miss Marcella Steadman delightfully entertained the West End Auction Bridge club Friday afternoon at her home in Inman Park. The guests were Misses Mary Frank Bowden, Adelai Calloway, Agnes Bell, Jamie Arnold, Marguerite Gause, Irene Jennings, Willie Ray, Isabell Simpson, Rowena Simpson, Frances Dowman, Virginia Woodfin, Maude Steadman, Mary Clatton, Mrs. Joseph Teague and Mrs. Gerger.

Miss Little Entertains.

A delightful occasion of the holiday season was the reception given last Thursday afternoon by Miss Leo Little at her home in Decatur, in compliment to her guest, Miss Ruth Harrison, of Athens. The house was attractive with Christmas bells and wreaths and many other holiday suggestions. Miss Little was assisted in entertaining by her sister, Mrs. James K. Collings, who presided at the punch bowl. The honor guest was gowned in white and pink crepe de chine. A series of games was enjoyed throughout the afternoon. Miss Ruth Harrison won first prize and Mrs. Frank Stephenson second prize. Those invited were Misses Alma and Maggie Little, of East Point; Miss Ruth Hopkins, Mrs. Rose Borcherding, Mrs. Willis Babb, Misses Lida and Myra Roberts, Misses Eula and Lake Dutton, of Virginia; Mrs. Frank Stephenson, Miss Cloe Hazelrigs, Miss Dagma Sams, Miss Ruth Harrison and Mrs. James K. Collings. Each guest was presented a New Year's souvenir. Miss Harrison will return to Athens Monday, where she is quite popular among the college attendants at the State normal.

Dance to Miss Squires.

An enjoyable event of last Tuesday evening was a beautiful dancing party given by Mr. and Mrs. Roy L. Green at their home, 536 South Boulevard. The occasion was a compliment to Miss Lillie Mae Squires.

The house was attractively decorated with Christmas green and red.

Those dancing were Mr. and Mrs. Roy L. Green, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Squires, Mrs. Charles Craft, Mrs. McCauley, Miss Lillie Mae Squires, Miss Lillian Chastain, Miss Katherine Chastain, Miss Irene Silvey, Miss E. Silvey, Miss Theodora Hicks, Miss Berta Martin, Miss Fannie Mae Tippen, of Acworth.; Miss Lois Kennedy, Miss Mae Hall, Miss Elizabeth McLeod, Mr. Burton Goodman, Mr. Phineas Clower, Mr. Roland Butler, Mr. George Beattie, Mr. Treadwell Mr. Henry Claiborne, Mr. Henry Hines, Mr. Lester Gable, Mr. Wylie Trussell, Mr. Sidney Dunn and Mr. Forrest Hayes.

Suffrage Program For Coming Week.

Neighborhood teas Monday afternoon will be held with the following ladies:

Third Ward—Mrs. F. L. Smith, 481 Cherokee avenue.

Fourth Ward—Mrs. F. D. Broydon, 185 East Pine street.

Sixth Ward—Mrs. R. A. Cason, 100 East Linden street.

Eighth Ward—Mrs. E. C. McDougald, 87 East Fifteenth street.

Ninth Ward—Mrs. George Pratt, 25 Fairview road.

Committee meetings at headquarters will be as follows:

County central committee, Tuesday, 10 a. m.

Ward leaders, Wednesday, 10 a. m.

Annual meeting, Piedmont hotel, Saturday, 3 p. m.

Vesper club, The Dansant, Saturday, 5 to 7.

Suffrage headquarters, 217 Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 3757-J.

Mr. and Mrs. Walsh To Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Walsh will entertain informally this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at their home in the Avalon.

Argentine Club Inaugural Dance and Reception.

The holiday season in the clubs was brought to a brilliant close with the inaugural dance and reception given by the Argentine club at their club rooms in West End Friday afternoon. There were about two hundred present during the afternoon, including many members of the Hyperion, Vesper and Terpsichorean clubs. The Hyperion club very kindly assisted the Argentine members in entertaining and in tendering the use of their club rooms, adjoining.

The following new officers of the Argentine club were presented by ex-President Rowlett, turning the gavel, decorated with blue and white ribbons, as emblem of authority over to the incoming president: Mr. Norman L. George, president; Mr. Marion R. Dickson, vice president; Mr. Clarence W. Harrison, secretary; Mr. Ross H. Haines, treasurer; Mr. Lowndes M. Lippitt, assistant treasurer, and Mr. Charles F. Williams. Mr. George Ralph Barker, Mr. Leon M. Barnett, Mr. John W. Hill, Mr. Ray Love and Mr. Thomas Laird, directors.

Mrs. John W. Rowlett, the "mother" of the Argentine, was presented by the entire membership with a beautiful silver card tray, suitably engraved, as an appreciation of her services as chaperon and helpful kindnesses, and for practically turning her home over to the boys as a clubhouse for the past six months. Mr. Charley Williams made an appropriate presentation.

Heeden-Walker.

The wedding of Miss Mae Walker and Charles C. Heeden took place Thursday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Walker, of Kirkwood.

The house was decorated in holly and mistletoe, and an altar of palms was improvised in the reception hall, where the ceremony took place. The bride was lovely in a gown of white satin and lace, trimmed in pearls, and she carried a shower bouquet of bride roses.

Mr. and Mrs. Heeden will be at home to their friends at 32 South Howard, Kirkwood, after the 5th.

New Year's Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Robertson entertained at a pretty New Year's dinner party Friday at their home, 213 Church street, in East Point, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Smith. Covers were laid for nine.

HANDSOME GEORGIA MATRON



Photo by Hirshburg.

MRS. W. W. BANKS,
Of Tifton, who was the guest of Mrs. W. E. Lambright for the holidays.

LAGRANGE WEDDINGS.

Wilder-Dix.

LaGrange, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—A pretty home wedding was that of Miss Nelle Wilder and Mr. Eddie Reese Dix, which took place in LaGrange at the home of the bride's father on Whitesville street Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. In the parlor, where the ceremony was performed, the color scheme of white and green was tastefully carried out. The bride was lovely in her traveling suit of blue with hat to match. Mendelssohn's wedding march was played by Miss Davis and the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. G. Herndon, pastor of the LaGrange Presbyterian church.

Walker-Freeman.

The marriage of Miss Pearl Walker and Mr. Elmer Freeman took place Sunday at 1 o'clock at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Freeman, Rev. J. J. Roper performing the ceremony. Only the relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony.

Radney-Carden.

Mr. Roger Carden, of LaGrange, and Miss Mattie Radney, of Roanoke, Ala., were married at Roanoke on the 26th of December.

Dukes-Bennett.

Mr. John Bennett and Miss Lois Dukes were married Saturday, Rev. S. A. Bales officiating. Both contracting parties are residents of this city and their wedding came as quite a surprise to their many friends.

CAMP-ROBERTS.

Jonesboro, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) On Sunday afternoon, December 27, at the home of Rev. S. B. King, Miss Mary Amanda Camp, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Camp, was united in marriage to Mr. W. Sankey Roberts, Rev. King officiating. Besides the family of Rev. King, those present were: Miss Lecher West, of Kenwood; Miss Georgia Huddleston, of Fayetteville; Misses Julia Babb, Henri Mann, Emma Dabney, Junie, Myrtie and Maude Roberts and Miss Mae Dodson, of Jonesboro, and Mr. Homer Camp, of Atlanta; Mr. John Huddleston, of Fayetteville; Messrs. Will Camp, Roy Roberts, Will W. Mundy, Emerson Brown, Carlton McMullin and Mr. and Mrs. Ben F. Perry, of Jonesboro. Both these young people have a host of friends here in their home community, who wish them much joy and happiness. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom returned to the home of the bride's parents.

ARTHUR-ELLIOTT.

Cuthbert, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) A beautiful event of the week was the wedding of Miss Ruby Arthur and Mr. Thomas Linton Elliott, which took place Tuesday afternoon, December 22, at the First Methodist church in Cuthbert.

The church was artistically decorated for the occasion. Promptly at 3 o'clock Mrs. W. A. Autry and Mrs. Walter Drane sang beautifully "A Dawning" and "I Love You Truly," after which the bridal party entered to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, played by Miss Hettie Tison. First came the ushers, Messrs. George Dent and Walter Freeman, of Eufaula; Emmette Stanford, of Birmingham, and Bob Ward, of Cuthbert, followed by the matron of honor, Mrs. William Steadman, of Athens.

The bride entered alone and was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. Roy Elliott, of Conyers. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. H. Williams.

The bride was becomingly gowned in a dark blue broadcloth suit trimmed in fur with hat to match, and she wore a corsage bouquet of lilies of the valley. The matron of honor wore an afternoon dress of taupe velvet and chiffon with a shower bouquet of pink rosebuds fringed with lilies of the valley.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Arthur, of Cuthbert, and a young lady of many accomplishments and lovable traits of character. Her numerous friends regret that her marriage will take her away from Cuthbert.

Mr. Elliott is the son of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Elliott, of Conyers, and a young man of sterling character and pronounced business ability.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Elliott left for a wedding trip, after which they will make their home in Atlanta.

DENT-M'GOUGH.

Eufaula, Ala., January 2.—(Special.) A host of admiring friends and relatives attended the wedding of Miss Nana Dent, the charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Y. Dent, to Mr. George McGough, of Glennville, which took place Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock at the Presbyterian church.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Katherine Dent. Her wedding dress was of beautiful canton crepe brought from China by an uncle, and was hand-embroidered and adorned with chantilly lace. She also carried a beautiful bouquet. Mr. McGough was attended by Mr. Phil Allen Sapp, as best man. The ushers were near relatives of both the bride and bridegroom. They were Mr. George M. Dent, of Eufaula; Mr. T. D. McGough, Jr., of Montgomery; Mr. Percy Brurus, of Columbus, Ga., and Mr. Hugh Bray, Mr. Leo Baarcke and Mr. Fern Wood Ham, of Glennville.

The ceremony was impressively performed by the Rev. D. J. Blackwell, pastor of the church. Both the contracting parties belong to the best known families in southeast Alabama. Miss Dent, as well and Mr. McGough, have family connections in Montgomery and Birmingham. She is the granddaughter of Captain S. H. Dent, of Eufaula, commander of Dent's battery in the civil war, and one of the best known men in business and political life in southern Alabama. Her maternal grandfather, Mr. George McCormick, was one of the city's oldest and best known business men. An uncle is Congressman S. H. Dent, Jr., of the second Alabama district. Mr. McGough's family has long had large farming interests at Glennville, north of Eufaula, in Russell, the name of which is associated with many of the most noted families in southeast Alabama. It is here that Mr. and Mrs. George McGough will go to make their home after they return from their bridal journey, upon which they left on evening train shortly after the ceremony.

SUMMERVILLE, GA.

Miss Jimmie Grambling charmingly entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner on Wednesday for her Sunday school class. Those present were Misses Bessie and Ethel Allen, Fletcher Hammond, Duke Espy and Tate Hinton.

One among the pleasant affairs of last week was a dinner party on Thursday given by Mr. and Mrs. George D. Espy, in honor of Miss Nell Humphries, of Sylvala, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Middleton M. Allen entertained at an elegant 6 o'clock dinner Tuesday for Rev. and Mrs. H. L. Hendricks, others present being Mrs. T. A. Bartenfield and Miss Mary Harper.

One of the most delightful social functions of the holiday season was the dinner party given on Tuesday by Misses Bessie and Ethel Allen. The table placards were decorated with the holiday colors. A number of guests partook of the Christmas turkey.

Mrs. Vashti Lowe entertained at an elegant 6 o'clock dinner on Tuesday evening. Twelve guests were present and partook of the delicious six-course dinner.

On Wednesday Mrs. T. P. Henry entertained a number of her friends at dinner at her lovely home on Highland avenue. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. Will Elder and children, of Birmingham, Ala.; Miss Mary Harper, of Arkansas; Miss Louise Bryant, of Lyerly. Mrs. Henry was assisted in entertaining by Miss Minnie Henry.

Mrs. S. C. Martin entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner on Wednesday evening. A number of guests were present and the occasion was one of much enjoyment.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hamilton entertained on Tuesday in honor of their daughter, Alice Virginia, it being her fourth birthday. Forty little guests were present.

Miss Aileen Knox entertained at her home near Teloga last Saturday in honor of her visitors, Misses Ruth Connell and Annie Myrtle Allen, of this city.

Among the enjoyable events of the season was the turkey dinner givgen at the Mattox hotel by Mrs. Martha Mattox, there beilng a number of guests.

Miss Allie Bryant entertained on Christmas day in honor of Mrs. Coleman Pitts, of Pecos, Texas, and Miss Nell Humphries, of Sylvania, Ga., at a delightful dinner party.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gamble entertained on Decemer 27 in honor of their daughter, Susie Carr, it being her eighth birthday.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA.

The Woman's club held its Christmas meeting with the president, Mrs. Parks. At roll call each member responded with a Christmas thought or quotation. The program was in charge of Mrs. Harold Major, who gave an interesting talk on "The Right Spirit of Giving." Papers were read by Mrs. E. A. Tigner and Mrs. D. M. Conn along the lines of celebrating the Christmastide, and how we might bring pleasure to others at this season. A strong paper had been prepared and was read by Mrs. J. E. Pottle, on "The Red Cross Stamp, and What It Is Doing." Mrs. Pottle had charge of the sale in our city last year, and made a great success of it. A number that added much to the pleasure of the afternoon was the violin solo by Mrs. J. S. Allen. The main talk of the program was then given by Dr. Vittum, of the G., N. & I. college faculty, his subject being "Peace on Earth." The club then adjourned to meet in January, the program for that time to be in charge of the committee on "health."

The Christmas carols were sung for the second time in our city on Christmas Eve, the crowd of children and older folks meeting at the Methodist church and marching in a body to the center of town. The reformatory boys had been invited to come in for the occasion, and, in charge of Judge John Sibley, they joined the procession. Quite a large crowd gathered to listen to the sweet Christmas songs. After the songs the boys from the reformatory were invited by Mr. Adams to come into the Star theater and see the movies. This proved a red-letter day to these young lives. The carols were under the management of Miss Weller and Mrs. Hines, who were appointed by the Woman's club to take the matter up.

The friends of Mrs. J. T. Elliff, formerly Miss Fox, are welcoming her to our city. Mrs. Elliff lives on Staten Island, N. Y., and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. Joseph, for the holidays.

Misses Regina and Agnes Cline are spending the holidays here, coming from Augusta, where they are attending St. Joseph's academy.

Highs

Boys' Suits and Overcoats At Tremendous Reductions

MONDAY, JAN. 4TH, will see the starting of our **"ROOM-MAKING" SALE**—Every Boy's Suit and Overcoat to be sold at great savings. Every garment new, this season's goods—

Suits and Overcoats

$10.00 Suits and Overcoats **$7.35**
$ 8.50 Suits and Overcoats **$6.30**
$ 8.00 Suits and Overcoats **$5.98**
$ 7.50 Suits and Overcoats **$5.65**
$ 6.50 Suits and Overcoats **$4.88**
$ 6.00 Suits and Overcoats **$4.45**
$ 5.00 Suits and Overcoats **$3.75**
$ 4.50 Suits and Overcoats **$3.00**



14 D.B. Suits

In 16 and 17-year sizes only

½ Price

$2.50, $3.00, $3.25 to $5.00 each.
Worth up to $12.00.

50 pairs WORSTED ROMPERS—gray and blue. Regular price $1.00. Monday only **69c**



50 Reefer Overcoats

Checks, Red, Brown and Blue
Worth up to $5
$2.98
Sizes 2½ to 6 years

125 Oliver Twist,

Middy and other Pretty NOVELTY SUITS at COST PRICES—

$5.00 SUITS **$3.35**
$6.00 SUITS **$4.15**
ALL ONE-THIRD OFF AND MORE.

ONE BIG LOT RUSSIAN WASH SUITS—Sizes 2, 2½ and 3 . . . . . **½ Price**

150 PAIRS GOOD SCHOOL PANTS—Special, MONDAY only; good colors; good materials; sold for $1.00 and $1.25, at **89c**

50 DOZ. BOYS' BLOUSE WAISTS—Regular 43c value—3 for $1. Sizes 8 to 16; each . . . **35c**

Hats! for 35c 1 BIG LOT OF HATS—Every conceivable shape, style and color—sold up to $1.50, at the ridiculous price of Any boy—big or little—can find a hat here. Boys' Department—Second Floor. **35c each**

MANY MORE GRAND VALUES!—COME AND SEE—AND BUY!!!

J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.

Highs

Sensational Millinery Clearance!!

Any Trimmed Hat in the House



$3.75



Positively the greatest offering of the season. Just think of it! In the lot are Hats that would sell regularly up to $18, $20, $25; yes, and even $30!! Beautiful Velvet Dress Hats—Paradise Trimmed Hats—Gold Lace Hats—Exquisite Evening Hats—Stunning Fur-Trimmed Hats.

Every Hat Must Go. Not One Held Back. COME EARLY

For Second Choice We Offer All Our $4, $5, $7.50 and $10 Trimmed Hats at . . $1.98

The New **"Tipperary Turbans"** **$1.49, $1.98**

As pictured—made of fine quality Satin, Velvet or Faille Silk. Special . **$1.98**

The New **"CHIN CHIN" SAILOR**

Positively the same hat New York women are buying on Broadway at $5.00. Our price for this sale . . **$3.50**

Untrimmed Velvet Hats

75c

Choose from two hundred genuine Silk Velvet Turbans, Sailors, Tricornes. Two are pictured. Many are positively worth to $3.75.

Monday Special.

Beautiful New Flowers

Just Received New Shipment of New 1915 Roses, Fruits, Berries. Values worth to 75c **Monday Special 25c**

Closing Out Fur Bands **35c** Sold for $1 and $1.50

OSTRICH FEATHERS Choose from big table of Plumes and Ostrich Bands up to $1.50. **35c** Fancies, Stick-ups, etc. Many are actually worth $2.00 to $2.50.

Closing Out Winter Flowers **10c** Sold for 25c 50c and 75c.

J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.

Society

Supper-Dance.

Mrs. Charles Whitner entertained twelve guests last night at home, the occasion an enjoyable dancing party, followed by buffet supper.

Mrs. Huddleston Entertains

An enjoyable affair of the holidays was a party given by Mrs. Hub Huddleston, at her home on Highland avenue, in compliment to Miss Helen Lumpkin and Miss Ruby Hairston.

The artistically arranged mistletoe and holly effectively carried out the Christmas colors.

An interesting game of progressive old maid was played, the prizes being won by Miss Myrtis Corley and Mr. Lester Gable.

Punch was served in the reception hall.

Mrs. Huddleston was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. S. A. Hairston and Mr. Jim Newton.

The guests were Miss Louie Mae Smith, Miss Mildred Parr, Miss Myrtis Corley, Miss Lucile Parr, Miss Annie Mae Jenkins, Miss Helen Lumpkin, Miss Ruby Hairston, Mr. Arthur Cook, Mr. Billy Gomorris, Mr. Lester Gable, Mr. Ed Gomorris, Mr. Riley Camp, Mr. Jaque Gable, Mr. Guy Odell, Mr. Gomorris, Mr. Sterling Melvin, Mr. Wilson Dallis.

Installation Ceremonies.

The installation ceremonies of Electa chapter, No. 6, O. E. S., was an affair of unusual interest on Friday, January 1, at the Masonic Temple. They were witnessed by a large audience. The retiring matron, Mrs. T. J. Hanna, was the recipient of many tributes of love and appreciation for her excellent work during the past year, chief among which were a beautiful past matrons' jewel from the chapter, presented by Judge W. A. Roan, past grand worshipful master of the grand lodge of Mississippi; a copy of James Whitcomb Riley's poems, presented by Miss M. A. McClure; a gift from herself and Miss Rosa F. Wing, and a most unique and beautiful tribute from Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Delkin in the shape of a gavel made by an Esquimaux from the tooth of a walrus and ornamented with an Eastern Star emblem in gold from the Alaska mine of Mr. Delkin. The gavel was made by Mr. Delkin. On this gavel was engraved "Land and sea unite in a tribute to one who has ruled with wisdom and served with love, Mrs. W. B. Cummings made a beautiful address, replete with the spirit of true fraternalism.

Dr. Fred T. Line made a short and instructive address to the incoming officers. A bouquet of red roses was presented to the retiring worthy patron, Mr. Guy Stevenson.

Mrs. Hanna thanked individually the officers who had so ably assisted her in her administration. After the installation a banquet was served, at which several hundred guests were served.

Miss Dobson Entertains.

Miss Jessie Dobson entertained forty of her friends at a delightful buffet supper New Year's Eve at her home on Logan avenue.

Christmas Tree.

The Wednesday Afternoon Sewing club enjoyed a Christmas tree the past week at the home of Mrs. Harriett Prescott, in Inman Park. Many pretty gifts were drawn for, and the hostess presented each member with a souvenir of the occasion. The hostess was given by the club members a piece of white and gold china, decorated with her monogram.

Following an annual custom, $5 was contributed to the Home for the Friendless.

Woman's Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary society of the East Point Baptist church, will observe their week of prayer for foreign missions, January 5, 6 and 7, in the afternoons at 2:30 o'clock, at the Baptist Tabernacle.

Tuesday afternoon, Mrs. S. E. Duncan will lead.

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Banergee, of India, will speak. She will relate her extraordinary experiences and tell of her work among the child widows of India.

Thursday afternoon Rev. O. L. Jones will have charge of the service, assisted by the other pastors of the town.

All are invited.

New Year Dance.

The Misses Fowler entertained a number of their friends at a New Year dance Friday evening.

The home was gay in Christmas decorations of red and green, with shaded lights. Refreshments were dainty in pink and white.

Miss Fowler was attractive in blue crepe de chine and tulle. Miss Clara May Fowler, in pink silk and chiffon, with marabou trimming. Miss Lois Fowler wore blue silk, with flowered faile and fur trimmings.

The guests were Misses Catherine Arnold, Millie Ravens, Bertha Roberts, Bessie Withers, May and Ruth Rogers, Hazel Merritt, Margaret Bridge, Nell Satterwhite, Sadie Hampton, Bessie Milner, Isma Bennett, Brownie Dodd. The gentlemen were Messrs Leak, Edwin Hall, Harvey May, John Anderson, Walter Withers, Will Suttles, Carl Duckett, Raymond Wiley, Gordon Smith, Bob Corell, Jim Arnold, R. Wilkins, Stewart Sutton, Darlton Wilkins.

The chaperones were Mrs. W. C. Fowler, Mrs. William Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Withers and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Malsby.

New Year's Luncheon.

Mrs. Frank Bumstead kept open house from 3 until 12 at her home on Euclid avenue for the 1913 club, at which their husbands and sweethearts were honor guests.

The artistic decorations of holly and mistletoe were arranged in effective array, in the large reception hall, living room and dining room.

At 11 o'clock a buffet supper was served in the dining room. A big basket of fruit decorated in holly, formed the centerpiece for the beautiful table.

All enjoyed the speeches made by some of the members of the club and their guests, commenting on the lovely and congenial manner in which the club had been run during the past year. The president told them of the lovely plans for dear old 1915, and spoke of the many applicants on the waiting list, as the club is limited to twenty-five.

After this the husbands and sweethearts gave a unanimous vote of thanks for the royal treatment shown them by the club, and formed themselves into a club for the purpose of entertaining the 1913 club in some lovely manner, semi-annually.

Eggnog was served during the evening. Then a toast to the New Yeark was proposed and all drank the cup of love and friendship.

Dance at Imperial.

The weekly novelty dance given at the Imperial hotel New Year's night was a brilliant affair, numbering more than sixty couple. Several dinner parties preceded the dance in the main dining room. Several novelties were introduced, among them the Paul Jones, the moonlight hesitation, the song dance and the Newport clock. For the latter dance prizes were awarded.

Mr. Robert J. Emory, of New York, assisted by Miss Mildred Day, gave an exhibition of the Chinese dance Ta Tao.

Walkley-Allen.

The friends and acquaintances of Miss Helen Walkley and George Allen will be delighted to hear of their marriage at the residence of Dr. Quillian (St. Paul pastor) Wednesday evening.

Both young people are well known in church and business circles. Mr. Allen is vice president of the Atlanta Epworth League union. Mr. and Mrs. Allen will be at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Allen, 57 Bryant street, after January 1, 1915.

Tacky Party.

Misses Aubrey and Barbara Smith entertained delightfully the members of their club at a tacky watch party Thursday night. The idea was carried out very effectively in the decorations and refreshments. The prizes for the tackiest were awarded Miss Bessie Winkle and Mr. Lary.

Those present were Misses Stella and Bessie Winkle, Miss Fankie Anderson, Miss Leila Meeks, Misses Ruby and Grace James, Miss Alma Wolfe, Miss Robbie Latimer, Misses Aubrey and Barbara Smith, Mr. Lary, Mr. J. B. Jackson, Mr. Manier, Mr. Thornburg, Mr. F. E. Crockett, Mr. Kilpatrick, Mr. Judson Quinn, Mr. Clifford Hansen and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Evans.

BEAUTIFUL PAGE



MISS DOROTHY TARVER,
Pretty daughter of Mayor Henry Tarver, of Albany. She was a page at the Georgia Federation of Woman's Clubs at Albany.

Club Entertains.

The members of the N. G. Sewing club entertained their husbands Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Vesta Garreaux.

The house was festive with Christmas red and green, holly wreaths and branches of mistletoe. Punch was served in the dining room.

Progressive rook was played, Mrs. A. Kent making top score, the prize a hand-painted salad bowl. Mrs. H. Sutton cut the consolation.

After the game the guests were invited into the living room, where favors were presented to each from a Christmas tree. A delicious salad course was served. Mrs. Garreaux was becomingly gowned in black lace worn over turquoise blue satin. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Gibbs, Mr. and Mrs. Hirst Sutton, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kent, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Thurman, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Beddingfield, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Everett, Mr. and Mrs. Matt Gheesling, Mr. and Mrs. Vesta Garreaux.

Woman's Study Club.

The Woman's Study club will have the state of Georgia for its subject January 7, 1915. Professor Joseph Derry, of the state department of commerce and labor, formerly of Princeton university, and a co-worker with President Wilson, a history writer, and lecturer, will tell some of the early history of our state. All D. A. R.'s, teachers and seventh grade pupils and others interested, are earnestly invited to be present. Carnegie library 3 p. m.

Silver Tea.

Chapter No. 2 of All Saints' guild will have a silver tea on Thursday afternoon at 3:30 at the home of Mrs. R. M. Walker, 1371 Peachtree.

The public is cordially invited.

ROME, GA.

Delightfully pleasant was the 8 o'clock dinner party given by the Rotary club Tuesday evening at the Coosa Country club. The wives and sweethearts and specially favored friends were guests of the membership and covers being laid for ninety-five. To the smallest detail of many amusing features the affair was most enjoyable. The ladies responded at roll call to their husband's name, eclipsing the men in wit and ready speech. J. D. McCartney acted as toast master in royal style and aptly introduced the speakers of the evening. Mr. Bernard Hale briefly told what rotary was. Mr. J. A. Glover gave a most felicitous talk as did Judge Joel Branham, then the ladies responded to the subjects assigned them. Mrs. W. J. Shaw, who accompanied Dr. Shaw to the rotary conclave in Jacksonville, interestingly gave her views of "Southern Rotary." Mrs. Charles Pruden spoke of the "Rotary Wife" and Miss Jessie Hine, of the "Rotary Sweetheart."

Twenty-five couples were the guests of Miss Clara Miller Tuesday evening at her home in East Rome.

Mrs. Moses Wright entertained in a charming manner for Miss Helene Harper and Raymond Harper, who are spending the holidays with their parents.

The Christmas German Tuesday night by the Nine O'Clock German club was one of the most enjoyable functions of the yuletide.

The Young Matrons' Bridge club was the guest of Mesdames W. A. Blair and Dudley Magruder at the home of the former on East First street. Mrs. W. J. Shaw captured a dainty neck ruche by high score and Mrs. Charles Pitner was easily consoled for her small scoring by a pair of dainty cross-stitch handkerchiefs.

Miss Mina Burney was at home to her sewing circle Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Alberta Williams, of Athanta, the guest of Miss Addie Lou Day. Miss Mary Sims Eakes also entertained for Miss Williams Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. E. L. Bosworth complimented her cousin, Miss Sallie Rowland, of Jacksonville, with a dinner party Thursday evening. Places were marked for Mr. and Mrs. Bosworth, Miss Rowland and Mr. and Mrs. Ross Bosworth, Rev. and Mrs. S. E. Wasson, Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Eakes, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Kelley and Miss Mary Sims Eakes.

NORCROSS, GA.

Miss Hallie McClure entertained in honor of Dr. Edward McClure, of Atlanta, at an eggnog party Friday evening and to a dinner afterwards. Ten of the twenty invited guests were third cousins of Dr. McClure.

Miss Hoyle Skinner gave a most delightful spend-the-day party Sunday. Eight guests pronounced the day a very happy and enjoyable one.

Miss Sadie Simpson gave an eggnog party to twenty-five members of the younger set Friday afternoon. The hostess is a very popular debutante and the daughter of Dr. O. O. Simpson.

Miss Ruth Brown, of Decatur, has been most delightfully entertained as the guest of Miss Edna McDaniel for the past week.

Captain and Mrs. Homer Jones returned home Thursday after a visit of several days, so as to take Christmas dinner with their son, Captain DeWitt Jones, of West Point, N. Y.

One of the social events of the holiday season was the Camp Fire girls' fete given by Miss Hoyle Skinner at her home Tuesday evening, in which every Camp Fire girl had the pleasure of being her own Santa Claus. Several unique and interesting features were introduced and were much enjoyed.

Miss Mattie Wall, Miss Mary Summerour, Miss Hallie McClure and Miss Hoyle Skinner were honor guests of Miss Grady Brooks, of Alpharetta, to a 6 o'clock dinner and a dance afterwards to celebrate the old year out and the new year in.

Miss Ruth Rainey was the guest at dinner given in her honor Thursday by Miss Lorena Taylor, of Pickens, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McKinney entertained quite a congenial dinner party Thursday evening. Covers were laid for twenty.

OXFORD, GA.

The Kil Kare club had its Christmas week meeting with Mrs. James E. Dickey, whose cordial hospitality made her guests forget the bad weather through which they had come. The following was the program: Responses to roll call, current events, a musical interpretation, Keller Melton; vocal solo, Miss Claire Dickey; charades, members of the Reviewers' club; vocal duet, Misses Emily Melton and Annie Sue Bonnell; reading, a Christmas story, Miss Lella Dillard; reading, "Please Don't Open Till Christmas," Miss Sue Means; vocal solo, Miss Jessie Dickey. One of the principal items of business was the unanimous decision of the club to contribute a part of the fund now in the treasury to the relief of the Belgians. Mrs. Dickey was assisted in serving ambrosia and cake by her sister, Mrs. J. L. Davidson, of Quincy, Fla.; Miss Edith Munroe, of Quincy, Fla.; Miss Emily Keys, of Atlanta; Mrs. Clarence E. Boyd and Misses Annie Jessie and Claire Dickey.

The Reviewers' club was royally entertained Wednesday by the Misses Mary King and Carolyn Kelly at their home, the parsonage. Misses Jessie and Claire Dickey sang and Miss Lella Dillard gave a reading. After the program a delicious salad course was served by the Misses Kelley and their mother, Mrs. O. L. Kelley.

Oxford has been gay this week on account of the presence of the following young ladies who are spending the holidays with their parents: Misses Jessie and Claire Dickey, from Wesleyan; Miss Eugenia Peed, from LaGrange; Misses Emmalise Stone and Bert Stone, from Milledgeville. The following teachers are also here for the holidays: Miss Lella Dillard, from Decatur; Miss Sara Branham, from Atlanta, and Miss Rebecca Branham, from Demorest.

G. N. & I. COLLEGE NOTES.

A most artistic calendar has been gotten out by the seniors of the art department, which is in charge of Miss Thompson. Printed on heavy art paper, in soft tones of brown on a lighter shade, the effect is very pleasing. The top sheet bears the words, "Calendar, for 1915, G. N. and I. College," and around the edge and enclosing the mottos are appropriate conventional designs, the work of some of the seniors. The main motto is this beautiful one, "We live in deeds, not in years; in the thoughts, not breaths; in feelings, not in figures on a dial; we should count time by heart throbs. He lives most who thinks most, feels the noblest, acts the best." The seniors, whose designs were accepted to adorn this work of art were: Misses Lucile Hartly, Fort Valley; Ottie Wamsley, Carnesville; Mary Brooks, Atlanta; Sara Comfort, Trion, and Margaret Russell, Winder. Unfortunately, the supply did not meet the demand for these calendars, as they sold so rapidly, those who waited several days before securing one, found them all gone.

The pergola connecting the two halls, Terrell and Atkinson, is nearing completion, and will add a great deal to the appearance of the campus. Aside from its beauty, will it be particularly useful, serving to protect the students that stay in Terrell from the weather as they go from their meals in the big dining room at Atkinson.

Under the chaperon of Mrs. Dozier, matron of the mansion dormitory, the students that remained here for the holidays are having a most delightful time.

As is always his custom, President Parks entertains in the parlors of the mansion some time during the week, and small parties in the matron's room are almost of nightly occurrence. The Christmas dinner alone was well worth mentioning, and the girls do not know what it is for the time to drag.

CALHOUN, GA.

Miss Mamie L. Pitts, of Atlanta, is spending several days with her mother, Mrs. N. E. Pitts.

Miss Ruth Owsby, who is a member of the faculty of Cox college, was the guest of Misses Marguerite and Alline Dyar during the Christmas holidays, returning the latter part of the week to her home in Owensboro, Ky.

Miss Nan Logan has gone to Charlotte, N. C., for a two weeks' visit to Mrs. Redfern, and will visit friends in Atlanta for several days on her return.

Mrs. C. F. Wagner, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Hopper entertained a number of their friends at a 6 o'clock dinner on Monday evening. Those present were Mr. J. C. Garlington, Mrs. Mary Darnell, Mrs. A. H. Isabell, Mrs. Claude Silver, Miss Bai Hall and Miss Sallie Kimbrough.

Miss Alberta Williams, of Atlanta, spent several days of the past week with friends in town.

One of the most enjoyable of the social features of the past week was the dance given by the young men of the city at the dance hall. Quite a number were present from out of town and the dance was pronounced a big success.

LAGRANGE, GA.

A delightful event during the Christmas holidays was the 6 o'clock stag dinner at which Miss Marie Marshburn entertained her brother, Mr. N. E. Marshburn, Jr., on Christmas day. A delightful eight-course dinner was served. Besides Mr. Marshburn five of his chums were seated at the table. They were Messrs. Tally Moncrief, Irvin Lehman, Frank Tatum, Henry Mitchell and Albert Brooks.

Tuesday afternoon Miss Nancy Birdsong very informally entertained at a chafing dish party. The guests arrived early and a happy hour was spent at the "movies," after which the guests returned to Miss Birdsong's and a tempting lunch was served. The following were present: Misses Louise Vaughan, Corinne Jarrell, June Crawford, Nancy Birdsong and Messrs. Al Winn, Harold Post, Jarrell Dunson and Frank Birdsong.

The Thursday Afternoon club was delightfully entertained by Mrs. A. H. Thompson at her home on Hill street. After the games peaches and fruit cake were served.

Mrs. V. R. O'Neal very delightfully entertained at a spend-the-day party. At noon a most delicious dinner was served to the following: Misses Blanche Cousar, Eleanor Vaughan, Ruth Walker, Addie Mae Walker, Bess Herring and Mrs. Arthur Mallory.

No Trouble to Remove Superfluous Hair

(Toilet Tips)

It is an easy matter to rid the skin of objectionable hair or fuzz, if you proceed as follows: Mix a paste with some water and a little powdered delatone, apply to hairy surface and in 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This method of banishing hairy growths is painless and does not mar the skin, but to avoid disappointment, be certain to get real delatone.—(adv.)

WALL PAPER

WE DESIGN and supervise every order, regardless of its size, without extra cost. Panel effects and medallion decorations are the vogue, and by planning the treatment of each wall space with an artistic eye before a particle of wall paper is hung, we secure results which no ordinary paperhanger could possibly give you.

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107 N. PRYOR ST.

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January Clearance of Muslin Underwear



A "clearance" in this new department has a mighty meaning to one acquainted with the history of this part of our store.

The muslin underwear section is a very recent addition to our Corset Department—hence there are no out-of-date styles or badly soiled garments.

Everything in this sale is fresh and new—strictly this 1914 stock—spring and fall—there being slight difference in the two season's styles.

There is no pressing reason for this January sale—beyond a very general custom, and the desire on our part to advance this new department by this method of a wider introduction.

Special January Prices on La Greque Underwear, Crepe de Chine Gowns and Muslin Underwear

La Greque Underwear

$5.00 LaGreque Combinations . . **$2.95**
$3.50 LaGreque Combinations . . **1.95**
$2.50 LaGreque Combinations . . **1.45**
$1.50 LaGreque Combinations . . **.95**

HAND-EMBROIDERED GOWNS

$3.50 Gowns **$2.19**
$1.50 Gowns . . . . . **.95**

CREPE DE CHINE GOWNS (Slightly Soiled) HALF PRICE

Muslin Underwear

$ .25 Corset Covers **19c**
$ .50 Corset Covers **25c**
$1.00 Corset Covers **75c**
50c and 75c Drawers **39c**
$1.00 Drawers **75c**
$1.50 Combinations **95c**
$1.50 Crepe Gowns **95c**
$1.50 Crepe Combinations **95c**



CORSET SECTION—Second Floor

J. P. ALLEN & CO., 51-53 WHITEHALL

JANUARY WHITE SALE

J. B. Fallaize Co.

The Linen Store
Corner Broad and Alabama Sts.
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The Linen Store Is Now Ready With the Great January Sale

We have a wonderful stock of Linens to place before you, and we are ready to name the lowest prices.

In addition to our regular stock, we have secured many special lots at trade discounts of 25 per cent and 33 1-3 per cent.

These we are ready to give our customers at great advantages in price.

For detailed information see catalogue of the sale.

TABLE CLOTHS

Full Bleach Irish Damask Bordered Tablecloths.
2x2 yards, $3.00 value, at, each $2.30
2x2½ yards, $3.75 value, at, each $2.95
2x3 yards, $4.50 value, at, each $3.45
22-inch Napkins, $3.75 value, at, dozen . . . $3.00

ODD CLOTHS

At One-third Reduction.

$4.50 Tablecloths, at, each $2.90
$6.00 Tablecloths, at, each $3.90
$7.50 Tablecloths, at, each $4.90

NAPKINS

Warranted all-Linen, Fast Selvedge.

17-inch Napkins, $1.25 value, dozen . . . . $ .88
18-inch Napkins, $1.50 value, dozen $1.15
20-inch Napkins, $2.00 value, dozen $1.59
22½-inch Napkins, $3.00 value, dozen . . . $2.50
24-inch Napkins, $3.75 value, dozen $3.00

SAMPLE DOZENS NAPKINS

At One-third Reduction.

20-inch Napkins, $2.25 value, dozen $1.50
22½-inch Napkins, $3.50 value, dozen . . . $2.69
24-inch Napkins, $4.50 value, dozen $3.00

TOWELS

All-Linen Huck Towels.

Hemstitched Towels, 35c value, each 25c
Hausfrau Towels, 40c value, each 29c
Fine Huck Towels, 50c value, each 39c
Irish Huck Towels, 75c value, each 50c
Birdeye Towels, 75c value, each 50c

BATH TOWELS

Bleach Turkish Towels, 25c value, each . . . 19c
Double Twist 22x42, 35c value, each 25c
Extra Heavy 25x44, 40c value, each 29c
A Real Beauty, 27x50, 50c value, each . . . 39c

Sheets and Pillow Cases

Snow-white Sheets, Made to Our Order. No Filling—Absolutely Pure.

63x90 Hemmed Sheets, each 59c
72x90 Hemmed Sheets, each 66c
81x90 Hemmed Sheets, each 71c
90x90 Hemmed Sheets, each 78c
90x99 Hemmed Sheets, each 85c
42x36 Pillow Cases, each 16c
45x36 Pillow Cases, each 18c

Our best Round Thread Sheets are all reduced. See catalogue for prices.

Society

Watch Party.

The "I Should Worry" club entertained at a most enjoyable watch party on Thursday evening at the home of Miss Cornelia Culver, on East Pine street.

Many delightful games were enjoyed and delicious refreshments were served by the members of the club.

The house was beautifully decorated in accordance with the occasion, and at the midnight hour the guests joyfully saw the old year out and the new year in.

Those present were: Miss Elise Kendall, Miss Katherine Blake, Miss Ruby Chesnut, Miss Cornelia Culver, Miss Miriam Orr, Miss Louise Wicker, Miss Jenette Russ, Mr. Ermyne Slider, Mr. Lloyd Clarke, Mr. Eugene Lee, Mr. Dewey Chesnut, Mr. Wallace Smith, Mr. Stanley George, Mr. Orr and Mr. Albert Baynes.

Children's Party.

Miss Janie Near entertained at a pretty dancing party Wednesday evening at her home on Juniper street for Miss Mary Munford Peeples and Mr. Lewis Peeples, of Cartersville, the guests of Miss Louise Barnwell.

Invited to meet them were:

Misses Martha Fort, Maxine Hiles, Louise Barnwell, Jennie Wilkinson, Elizabeth Goldsmith, Martha and Mildred Greer, Dorothy Gibson, Martha Olson, Janie Moffett, Frances Wells, Della Stone, Mary Shinhosier, Mary Bell Carson, Evelyn Dunson, Carolyn Beckham, Sarah Donaldson, Julia Gardner, Marie Dabney, Dorothy Richards, Dorothy Jernagin, Beatrice Moore, Eleanor Gay, Margaret Stovall, Rebecca Harrell, Virginia Maude, Mary and Harriett Brown, Arameta Edwards, Sarah Reed Holmes, Mary Nevins, Arcadia Near, Masters Julian Briggs, Lynn Fort, Edmond Hurt, Aymine Maier, Edward White, Sam Stovall, Jack Hays, Guy Carpenter, Ed Lee Wight, John Statgn, Carl Jernagin, Sherwood Higgs, Augustus Edwards, Frank Harrell, John Shinhosier, Joel Hunter, Noel Stowe, John Stowe, Frank Stone, Clifford Near.

Surprise Party.

An enjoyable event of the week was the surprise party given Dr. and Mrs. Beasley by thirty of their friends. Old-fashioned games were played, and informal dancing enjoyed.

The guests were: Miss Mary McClancey, of Sunset, Ky.; Miss Louise English, of Barnesville; Miss Marjorie Williamson, Miss Helen Lumpkin, Miss Lucile Parr, Miss Annie Luther Williamson, Miss Mildred Parr, Miss Ruth Hairston, Miss Addie Bethea, Miss Florence Noyes, Miss Annie Mae Jenkins, Miss Ruth Jenkins, Mrs. Hub Huddleston, Mrs. Eubanks and Mrs. M. K. Jenkins, Mr. Parks Williams, Mr. Ralph Reynolds, Mr. Clifton Wood, Mr. Arthur Cook, Mr. Lee Cooper, Mr. Aubrey Warren, Mr. Lane, Mr. Stockbridge, Mr. Baum, Dr. F. L. Belyeu, Dr. Kennington, Dr. Irwin, Mr. Chance, Mr. Eubanks and Mr. Hub Huddleston.

Missionary Meeting.

The East Point Southern Methodist Missionary society will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. H. C. Jones, on Ware avenue, and will be conducted by the president, Mrs. G. C. Trimble.

To Miss Rowlett.

One of the bright events of the week was the dance given by Mrs. J. Starke Hamilton on Tuesday evening at her home on Atwood street in honor of Miss Johnnie Lee Rowlett.

The house was very prettily decorated in holly and mistletoe, in keeping with the holiday season. Delicious refreshments were served during the evening, and the music was delightful. Among the young people enjoying the pleasures of the evening were Miss Mary Gleason, Miss Mabel Conway, Miss Elise Kendall, Miss Edna Heard, Miss Meriam Landrum, Miss Mary Becknell, Miss Edith Patterson, Miss Julia Adams, Miss Beatrice Hamlett, Miss Johnnie Lee Rowlett, Miss Sara Lou Wallace, Miss Lois Robertson, Miss Vivian Clyburn, Miss Francina Becknell, Miss Ruby Chestnut, Miss Esther Debuler and Miss Hetta Rowlett, Mr. J. A. Struthers, Mr. J. J. Morris, Mr. Eugene Barnett, Mr. Sam S. Lower, Mr. Cecil Lively, Mr. Stanley A. George, Mr. Milner Bishop, Mr. Lewis Greenwood Rowlett, Mr. J. Hines Lanier, Mr. Edgar M. Morris, Mr. James Pearce Mellichamp, Mr. Clarence Witham Harrison, Mr. Hugh Edward Hill, Mr. Charles F. Williams, Jr., Mr. Leon M. Barnett, Mr. Arthur McDonald, Mr. Ralph Landrum, Mr. Ernest Floyd, Mr. Fowler von Moltke Rowlett, Mr. Richard Mules, Mr. Marion R. Dickson, Mr. R. J. Stall, Mr. Jack Blaylock, Mr. Fleming Settles, Mr. Habersham Rabun Tallulah Matthews, Mr. Herbert Gorman and Mr. Edgar Hamlett.

Mrs. John W. Rowlett, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dickey, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Kenyon, Mr. and Mrs. J. Starke Hamilton and Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Galloway were among those chaperoning the party.

Writers' Club.

The Atlanta Writers' club met Monday afternoon at the University club. There was no formal program for the meeting, which was given over to a discussion of plans for the coming year.

After the discussion, Mr. William Hurd Hillyer read his poem, "The Children of Belgium," which recently appeared in a New York paper. Mr. Hillyer also reported interesting progress on the proposed edition of the works of Thomas Chivers, soon to appear under the auspices of the club.

For Miss Johnson.

Mr. Harry Johnson will entertain at his home at East Lake at a small dancing party Thursday evening for Miss Ethel Johnson, of West Point, who is visiting Mrs. Spurlock at her home on Georgia avenue.

Christmas Party.

The 1913 Embroidery club was entertained by Mrs. M. K. Jenkins at her home on Highland avenue. The house was beautifully decorated in the Christmas colors.

A feature of the evening was the Christmas tree, which is an annual event. Santa Claus distributed the many lovely presents to the club members and their invited guests.

The club members are: Miss Bessie Bunpstead, president; Miss Helen Lumpkin, Miss Annie Mae Jenkins, Mrs. Asmon Lewis, Mrs. Byron Bettis, Mrs. B. T. Beasley, Mrs. R. H. Bell, Mrs. Ed Kilpatrick, Mrs. Jim Newton, Mrs. P. C. Lumpkin, Mrs. Hub Huddleston, Mrs. Hatty Sanders, Mrs. Kilpatrick, Mrs. B. Lee Smith, Mrs. Frank Bumpstead, Mrs. Dan Gunter, Mrs. Maud Sellers, Mrs. Eaves, Mrs. A. S Jenkins.

The invited guests were: Miss Emma Gunter, Miss Virginia Gunter, Miss Elizabeth Kirkpatrick, Miss Pauline Lewis, Miss Emma Huddleston, Miss Bessie Sellers, Mrs. Sadie Sanders, Miss Ruth Jenkins, Miss Margaret Tucker, Mr. Jim Newton, Mr. Joe Newton, Mr. Evert Little, Mr. Hub Huddleston, Mr. Milton Smith, Mr. Paul Lumpkin, Mr. Byron Bettis, Mr. Wade Sellers, Mr. 2d Sellers, Mr. Edward Kilpatrick, Mr. Billy Buck, Mr. Ed Bettis.

"42 Special" Entertained.

Mrs. H. W. Dillian was hostess at the regular meeting of the "42 Special" club Thursday at her home on St. Charles avenue. The reception hall, library and dining room were artistically decorated in red and green, with Christmas bells and holly wreaths.

Those present were Mrs. W. H. Burgess, Mrs. E. A. Dobbs, Mrs. H. W. Dillian, Mrs. J. M. Lanham, Mrs. Jack Salmon, Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. J. Fred Hunter, Mrs. W. B. Calhoun, Mrs. R. J. Ingram, Mrs. J. Clark Layton, Mrs. W. M. Nichols, Mrs. J. B. Dickey, Mrs. Tracy Newton.

Tea-Dance at Druid Hills.

The tea-dance at the Druid Hills club yesterday afternoon was a compliment to "Chick" Evans, the famous golf expert, and was a most enjoyable occasion. Four hundred guests were present. There was inspiring music for the dance, dainty refreshments were served, and a number of visiting belles added to the brightness of the company.

Mrs. Arthur Montgomery entertained eighteen guests for Miss Mary Burr Lake, who is at home from college for the holidays.

Miss Virginia Lipscomb entertained for Miss Margaret Grant and her house party guests.

Dr. Williams' party was for Miss Isoline Campbell and her guest, Miss Jaeger.

Miss Nellie Dodd, who will return to St. Mary's school at Raleigh tomorrow, was the guest of honor in Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr's party.

Others entertaining were:

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adair, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Pomeroy, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Paine, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Fuller, Mr. E. D. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kiser, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Rainwater, Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Manley, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Brine, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Murphy.

New Year's Dance at The Hyperion Club.

The new year was fittingly ushered in by the members of the Hyperion club and a few invited guests at an informal dance on last Thursday evening in the club's rooms in West End.

The year just closed has been a very prosperous one for the Hyperion and the officers of the club have made plans that insure a great future.

Within the past year the Hyperion has moved into new quarters and is now in possession of the most complete clubrooms in the city.

The guest of honor at Thursday's dance was Miss Florence Anderson, of Nashville, Tenn.

The chaperons of the evening were: Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bean, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Disbro, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Lovelace.

Among those dancing Thursday evening were:

Miss Florence Anderson, of Nashville; Miss Esther Gibson Hatchett, Miss Lucile Bean, Miss Olive DeFoor, Miss Carrie Parish, Miss Lois Carroll, Miss Essie Jordan, Miss Mary Anderson, Miss Ethel Hudson, Miss Mary Disbro, Miss Winnie Wilson, Miss Annie Lou Jenkins, Miss Ruth Blackman, Miss Mamie Powers, Miss Natilea Ragsdale, Miss Emogene Fleming, Miss Calloway, Miss Addie DeFoor, Miss Evelyn Lee, Miss Theodosia Andrews, Miss Ethel Powers, Miss Louise Loomis, Miss Bessie Hollowell, Miss Maude Rollstone, Miss Olga Freeman, Miss Nell Ballard, Miss Leslie Weathers, Miss Thurman, Miss Vigneaux, Miss Ruth Sculley, Miss Bennett Powell, Miss Eleanor Williams, Mrs. Upchurch, Miss Ruth Herrington, Mrs. Phipps, Miss Nora Anderson, Miss Justine Herrington, Miss Ruth Carnes, Mrs. Bean, Mr. Forrest Carroll, Mr. Horrie Andrews, Mr. Lacy Dalhouse, Mr. Collier Laird, Mr. Lonnie Stroble, Mr. Ernest Allen, Mr. Julius McKinnon, Mr. John Baldwin, Mr. Gordon Freeman, Mr. Arnold Sinns, Mr. Cliff Brown, Mr. Henry Collingsworth, Mr. Grant Davis, Mr. J. B. Suttles, Mr. J. T. Miller, Mr. J. W. Welch, Mr. J. H. Priest, Mr. J. M. B. Bloodworth, Mr. Cuyler Trussell, Mr. Lielas Law, Mr. J. H. Cobb, Mr. J. C. Withers, Mr. Andrew Garner, Mr. P. L. Wooten, Mr. C. N. Ragsdale, Mr. R. W. Spires, Mr. C. D. Jobson, Mr. Arch Freeman, Mr. T. M. Rogers, Mr. S. W. Henry, Mr. Carl Smith, Mr. DuPone Geiger, Mr. H. A. Jones, Mr. J. A. Burton, Mr. H. B. Morning, Dr. W. Wallace, Mr. Leo Wilson, Mr. Julian Jackson, Mr. John Harrison, Mr. Owen Lively, Mr. W. A. Ballard, Mr. J. D. Ficklen, Mr. Elbert W. Lively, Mr. T. B. Anderson, Mr. John Jordan, Mr. Phipps, Mr. W. K. Alexander, Mr. W. E. Cunningham, Mr. H. Newborne, Mr. Holland Simms, Mr. A. N. Anderson, Mr. S. L. Sloan, Mr. R. G. Taylor, Mr. J. C. Syme, Mr. Bean.

Dance to Visitors.

Miss Edna Heard and Miss Christine Owen entertained with a dance at their home on West Baker street, Wednesday evening, in honor of their house guests, Miss Inez Owen, Miss Sadie Jones, Miss Louise Askin and Mrs. Paul Gates, all of Macon, and Misses Annie and Alberta Mitchem, of Brooks, Georgia.

The house was beautifully decorated with evergreens, poinsettias and red carnations. Miss Owen was gowned in pink crepe de chine with lace; Miss Heard's gown was yellow chiffon trimmed with lace; Miss Annie Mitchem wore pink messaline with ornaments of seed pearls; Miss Sadie Jones wore white messaline draped in white chiffon with pink ostrich edge; Miss Inez Owen wore green taffeta trimmed in seed pearls and lace; Mrs. Gates wore pink crepe de chine trimmed with silver lace; Miss Alberta Mitchem wore red crepe meteor with jewel trimming; Miss Louise Askin wore white lace over pink.

Ices were served during the evening by little Miss Margaret Quarles, Miss Annie Laurie Griffin and Master Ben Atchison. The guests were:

Misses Ines Owen, Christine Owen, Sadie Jones, Bird Mitchem, Annie Mitchem, Edna Heard, Louise Askin, Mrs. Gates, Misses Louie Hardage, Anna Hunt, Lucy Broyles, Marie Carlton, Helen Foster, Johnnie Rowlette, Marian Landrum, Corinne Heard, Ruby Lynne Durrette, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Galloway, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton, Mrs. Griffin, Mr. Henry Baldwin, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Steve Baldwin, Mr. Scott, Mr. Duval, Mr. Guinn, Mr. Marshall Norman, Mr. William Thornton, Mr. Stanly George, Mr. Boser, Mr. Ike Askin, Mr. Stall, Mr. Writtenburg, Mr. Arthur McDonald, Mr. Ernest Gorman, Mr. Goodwin Hall, Mr. Don Atchison, Mr. Jess Lougino, Mr. Broward, Mr. Charley Broward, Mr. Ralph Landrum, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Broyles, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Pitts, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Warren, Mrs. Heard, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. McDonald and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Atchison.

Pre-Nuptial Parties.

An enjoyable event among the informal dances of the week was the dance on Wednesday evening, at which Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Gorman entertained in compliment to Miss Martha Ryder and Mr. W. H. Barnwell, Jr.

There were twenty-five guests and they were extended a delightful hospitality. A buffet supper was served at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. Gorman was becomingly gowned in white crameuse and lace, and Miss Ryder wore a graceful dancing gown of pink tulle over pink charmeuse.

On Monday evening Mr. John Barnwell will give a theater party for Miss Ryder and Mr. Barnwell, and on Tuesday evening they will be the guests of honor in a party at the Capital City club dance.

To Miss Jaeger.

Among the series of entertainments in compliment to Miss Isoline Campbell and her guest, Miss Jaeger, of New Jersey, parties will be given by Miss Louise Broyles and by Dr. E. G. Ballinger.

Holiday Dance.

All the gaiety of the holiday season was expressed in the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. J. R. England at their attractive home in Druid Hills, in honor of Miss Ethel Johnson, of West Point, and Mr. Bluford Spurlock, who is spending the holidays with Mrs. J. E. Spurlock.

The house was beautifully decorated in southern smilax, holly and red roses, which formed a lovely background for the dancers.

The table in the dining room had for its centerpiece a large basket filled with red roses, tied with streamers of green tulle.

Mrs. England received, wearing a handsome gown of corn-colored charmeuse, with draperies of lace and sequins.

Dainty refreshments were served throughout the evening. Sixty guests were present.

Visitor From Chicago



Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

MISS EILEEN BEATTY,

Of Chicago, who spent the holidays in Atlanta as guest at the home of Mrs. Russell Bridges. Miss Beatty has an unusually beautiful lyric soprano voice, which was heard at a number of social functions during her stay here. She resumed her concert tour of the south on January 1.

An Attractive Guest



Photo by Wesley Hirshburg.

MRS. OTIS CLAY POUNDSTONE,

Of Birmingham, who was the guest of Mrs. J. Randolph Banks for the holidays.

JANUARY MONEY-SAVING SHOE SALE

BEGINNING TOMORROW, MONDAY, AT R. C. BLACK'S

THE HOLIDAYS are over and finding that we are over-stocked for this time of the year, we are going to offer our patrons an exceptional opportunity to procure HIGH-GRADE SHOES for the whole family at enormous reductions. Beginning tomorrow morning our entire stock will be offered you to choose from. No reservations. Every Shoe in the store is included. Come early, as some sizes will not last long.



Every Shoe in the Store Included.

WOMEN'S SHOES

$10.00 Shoes	$7.45
$8.00 Shoes	$6.45
$7.00 Shoes	$5.85
$6.00 Shoes	$4.95
$5.00 Shoes	$3.95
$4.50 Shoes	$3.35
$4.00 Shoes	$3.15
$3.50 Shoes	$2.85



MEN'S SHOES

$10.00 Shoes	$7.45
$8.00 Shoes	$6.45
$7.00 Shoes	$5.85
$6.00 Shoes	$4.95
$5.00 Shoes	$3.95
$4.50 Shoes	$3.35
$4.00 Shoes	$3.15



Mail Orders Shipped Promptly.

CHILDREN'S SHOES

$3.50 Shoes	$2.85	$2.00 Shoes	$1.65
$3.00 Shoes	$2.35	$1.50 Shoes	$1.15
$2.50 Shoes	$1.95	ALL MAKES INCLUDED	

BOYS' SHOES

$3.50 Shoes	$2.85	$2.50 Shoes	$1.95
$3.00 Shoes	$2.35	$2.00 Shoes	$1.65

All Boys' Shoes Included

28 YEARS AT THE SAME STAND

R. C. BLACK

35 WHITEHALL STREET

Should a Woman Divorce?

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

AT

THE GRAND

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

Continuous Noon Till 11 P. M.

"Should a Woman Divorce" is the most powerful, magnetic photo-drama based on the most perplexing problem of the day ever produced.

A play touching all sides of this vital issue, full of human interest, pathos and startling dramatic climaxes.

It presents in vivid pictorial form the evils responsible for the upheaval of domestic relations and rests its case before the jury---The Public.

An issue that affects the welfare of home, children and the human race.

A dramatic story of marital difficulties so forceful, yet so naturally told, that its power often reaches Biblical dignity.

A vital rational subject which gives food for all types of thinkers to decide the problem.

THE GRAND

Matinee 5c Night 10c

Note--"Should a Woman Divorce" is now playing at Weber's Theatre, New York, at 25c, 50c and 75c admission. You see the same show at The Grand for 5c and 10c.

SOCIAL ITEMS

The little son and daughter of Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Callahan, of East Point, are suffering from mumps.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Robertson, of East Point, visited their sister, Miss Birdie Robertson, at Oakhurst during the past week.

***

Miss Norwood Key, who has been in Stone Mountain for several days, has gone to Monroe to visit her parents.

***

Misses Anna and Reese Jarrett, who have been visiting in Center, Ga., have returned to East Point.

***

Miss Mattie Mangum was the guest of relatives in Palmetto the past week.

***

Mrs. A. L. Flurry returned to Athens yesterday.

***

Mrs. S. E. Bailey continues very ill at her home in East Point.

***

Misses Mozelle and Annie Mae Upchurch have returned from Palmetto, where they were guests of Misses Condor.

***

Mr. Jim Orr has returned to Washington city after spending the holidays in East Point with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Orr.

***

Mrs. Alice Jacobus will return from Little Rock today and will be accompanied home by her daughter, Mrs. M. A. Cohen.

***

Miss Nellie Dodd returns to St. Mary's school at Raleigh Monday.

***

Mr. Axel Economon has returned to Athens after spending the holidays in the city.

***

Mr. and Mrs. MacAlfred Cason have returned from their wedding trip and are at home at 380 East North avenue. Mrs. Cason was Miss Lillian Tutwiler.

***

Captain Jack Hays, of the Seventeenth infantry, U. S. A., spent Christmas with his family at Fort McPherson.

***

Lieutenant and Mrs. Hodgman have as their guest their mother, Mrs. Hodgman, of Saratoga, N. Y.

***

Mrs. Young, of Washington, D. C., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Edward Peeples.

***

Miss Dorothy Duke, of Palmetto, is the week-end guest of Miss Lillian Harrison, at 215 Church street, in East Point.

***

Miss Nettie Belle McMillan has returned from Acworth.

***

The East Point Matrons' Bridge club met with Mrs. W. W. Taylor Thursday afternoon.

***

Mr. John Harrison is in Montgomery, Ala., for the week-end.

***

Mrs. Jesse Lewis, of Memphis, Tenn., is the guest of Miss Mary Hawkins at her home on Piedmont avenue.

***

Lieutenant Commander Walter Roper, of the navy, will return to Philadelphia today, after spending the holidays in the city.

***

Miss Ruth Rosser returns this morning from Kentucky, where she has been delightfully entertained during the holidays as the guest of her aunt.

***

Dr. and Mrs. John Powell have returned from Florida, where they spent the holidays.

***

Mrs. S. B. Cowan and her sister, Miss Ruby Hardy, have returned from an extended visit to Mrs. F. E. Cowan in South Carolina.

***

Miss Irene Anderson returned yesterday to her home in Jackson, Miss., after spending the week with Mrs. Laura Wyatt.

***

Miss Ada Alexander leaves today for Orlando, Fla., to spend several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Percy Stephens.

***

Mrs. Thomas G. Johnson has gone to Galveston, Texas, to spend a month.

***

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Dickinson and son, Ingram, of Boston, are at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Chipley and Mr. William Chipley, Jr., have given up their apartment in Hampton Court and are at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Hon. E. A. Copeland, of Greensboro, who has been spending several days in the city, was joined yesterday by his daughter, Mrs. Evans, who came to attend the theater.

***

Mr. W. M. Davies, of Louisville, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Shepard Bryan, is in Chester, S. C. He will spend Monday in Atlanta, returning Monday night to Louisville.

***

Mrs. Frank Freeman will return Tuesday to Washington.

***

The many Atlanta friends of Madame Romnold Prochaska, will be interested to know that she is spending the winter at Ostalalette, Italy.

***

Miss Leona Dale, of 96 Pulliam street, a graduate of Miss Hanna's school of this city, and who now is taking a kindergarten course at Lucy Webb Hayes training school at Washington, D. C., spent her holiday vacation with Rev. C. B. Close and family, of Jersey City, N. J.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Edwards and Master Sidney Edwards, returned to their home in Philadelphia yesterday after spending the holidays with Mrs. E. E. Caldwell. Mrs. Stewart McGinty and two children accompanied them home for a visit.

***

Dr. and Mrs. L. P. Langston have returned from Palmetto.

***

An interesting event of the coming week will be the New Year party to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Horace L. Fincher at their home, No. 406 Williams street, in honor of the Epworth League and J. P. Womble's class of the First Methodist church.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Moore, of Decatur, Ga., announces the birth of a daughter on New Year's day.

***

Paul E. McGrew will leave Monday for Washington city and Pittsburg, Pa.

***

Mrs. J. C. McKenzie, of Church street, East Point, is recovering from a few days' illness.

***

Miss Lola Allen, of Tallulah Falls, is the guest of Miss Sallie Orr, in East Point.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Thompson, of East Point avenue, entertained a congenial company of friends at a delightful night watch party Thursday evening.

MEETINGS

The 1914 Embroidery club will meet Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock with Mrs. J. C. Boardman, 27 West End place.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's auxiliary to Atlanta lodge, No. 20, Knights of Pythias, will be held in Castle hall, Kiser building, Thursday, January 21, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is urged, as the election of officers takes place.

The literary committee of the Ladies' Altar Society of Sacred Heart church will meet with Mrs. Charles E. Caverly, 897 Peachtree street, Friday, January 8, at 2:30 o'clock.

The Woman's Auxiliary to Wesley Memorial hospital will hold its regular quarterly meeting on Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the hospital. A full attendance is desired.

The Joseph Habersham chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will hold its regular monthly meeting Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock at the home of the chairman, Mrs. Harvie Jordan.

The annual meeting of the Hebrew Orphans' Aid will be held Wednesday, January 6, at 10:30 o'clock, at the Hebrew Orphans' home.

The Wednesday Morning Study Circle will meet with Mrs. Hartman, 173 Ashby street, Wednesday morning, January 6, at 10:30 o'clock.

The Woman's Pioneer society will meet at 3 o'clock Wednesday, January 6, at Phillips & Crew company, 82 North Pryor street. All members please attend.

The Needlecraft circle will hold their first meeting of the new year at the home of Mrs. W. A. Webb, 20 Mayson avenue, on Wednesday, January 6, at 3 o'clock.

The regular meeting of the Dean Guild will be held at the home of Mrs. F. Wilby, 260 Pulliam street, Monday, January 4, at 3 o'clock.

There will be a meeting of the executive board of the Ladies' Altar society of the Sacred Heart church on Monday afternoon at 2:30 in the parlors of the Marist rectory.

The Kirkwood Civic league will meet on Tuesday, Jahuary 5, 1915, at 3 o'clock, in their rooms at Warleck place. The president requests all members to be present, as important plans for the year will be presented for their consideration, which need immediate attention.

An interesting report from the several bazar committees is expected.

There will be a regular meeting of the Atlanta Pan-Hellenic at the University club, Tuesday morning, January 5, at 10:30 o'clock. As this is an important meeting for the election of officers for 1915, a full attendance is urged.

EATONTON, GA.

One of the delightful affairs of the week among the little folks was the salmagundi party given on Monday afternoon by Miss Frances Watterson, at the home of her parents on Jefferson street. The prize for the afternoon was won by Miss Alene Crossley. After the games delicious refreshments were served. Pretty Christmas decorations were used in the parlor. The affair was one of fun and merriment.

Miss Florence Jarmulowsky entertained a few friends on Monday evening at her home on Washington street in honor of her house guests, Sweetie Hargrove and Ethel Montgomery. Delightful music and conversation were enjoyed until a late hour when refreshments were served.

Miss Florence Jarmulowsky is entertaining a house party this week, her guests for the week being Misses Mary Lucy Hargrove, Ethel Montgomery, Ethel Dusenberry, Lina Hearn and Amanda Hodges.

Mrs. T. L. Ketchersid was hostess on Wednesday afternoon to the members of her Sunday school class. Various games amused the young people. Delightful refreshments were served.

One of the most delightful and beautiful parties of the Yuletide was that given Tuesday evening by Mrs. Gale Riley at her home in the Avenue. Only the members of the Five Hundred club and a few guests were present. After an interesting series of games, a salad course was served, followed by ices and cakes. The ladies' prize was won by Mrs. John D. Turner, and the gentlemen's prize was won by Mr. Sid Wheeler. These were both card tables. The consolation prizes were won by Mrs. Cape Walker and Mr. Ed Willet Ingram.

Misses Nina Julia Wingfield and Frances Terrell Wingfield are entertaining a house party this week, their guests being Misses May Thomason, Virginia Butler and Louise McHenry, of Madison, and Dr. Ware, of Athens, and William Garrard, of Milledgeville. Many delightful social affairs are already planned in their honor.

MONROE, GA.

The first of the lovely parties was the entertainment of the Sewing club by Miss Martha Mobley. The club members arrived early and a business meeting was held during the hours for sewing. Later a few invited guests called and all were invited into the dining room. Luncheon was served in courses, the color scheme of pink, white and green being daintily carried out.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Garver gave a lovely Christmas tree party in honor of their two young sons on Christmas morning. Santa Claus distributed the gifts from a handsome tree, beautifully lighted. Dainty refreshments were served.

Mrs. John T. Aycock was hostess at a most beautiful tea on Saturday, complimentary to Mrs. Guntells and two charming daughters, of Montgomery, Ala. In the receiving line were Mrs. Guntells, Misses Guntells, Mrs. J. T. Murray, of Elberton; Mrs. F. F Nowell and Miss Bernice Breedlove

Mrs. L. T. Mayfield was hostess to a most delightful informal party on Monday afternoon. Two tables of "500" enjoyed many games. Later, a two-course luncheon was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Tichenor were at home on Tuesday evening, complimentary to their house guest, Mrs. Carthew Yorston, of Atlanta. In the receiving line with the host and hostess and guest of honor were ex-Governor and Mrs. H. D. McDaniel, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Felker, Jr., Mrs. Lena Felker Lewis, Miss Linda Felker, Mr. J. H. Felker. During the evening Miss Hester Tichenor rendered beautiful music, Mrs. Carthew Yorston sang several selections, the guests being enraptured with her wonderful voice. Miss Linda Felker gave several delightful readings. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served.

Miss Kathleen Launius gave a beautiful dining on Wednesday complimentary to her classmates of the eleventh grade.

Don't Merely "Stop" a Cough

Stop the Thing that Causes It and the Cough will Stop Itself

A cough is really one of our best friends. It warns us that there is inflammation or obstruction in a dangerous place. Therefore, when you get a bad cough don't proceed to dose yourself with a lot of drugs that merely "stop" the cough temporarily by deadening the throat nerves. Treat the cause—heal the inflamed membranes. Here is a home-made remedy that gets right at the cause and will make an obstinate cough vanish more quickly than you ever thought possible.

Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. This gives you a full pint of the most pleasant and effective cough remedy you ever used, at a cost of only 54 cents. No bother to prepare. Full directions with Pinex.

It heals the inflamed membranes so gently and promptly that you wonder how it does it. Also loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, rich in guaiacol, and is famous the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

DRINK HABIT

RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT

The ORRINE treatment for the Drink Habit can be used with absolute confidence. It destroys all desire for whiskey, beer or other alcoholic stimulants. Thousands have successfully used it and have been restored to lives of sobriety and usefulness. Can be given secretly. Costs only $1.00 per box. If you fail to get results from ORRINE after a trial, your money will be refunded. Ask for free booklet telling all about ORRINE.

Jacobs Pharmacy Co. (Eleven stores.)

AUGUSTA'S SOCIAL SIDE

Augusta, Ga., January 2.—(Special Correspondence.)—Mrs. J. M. Rainwater entertained at bridge on Thursday afternoon at her beautiful home on The Hill in compliment to her house guest, Miss Julia Aiken, a delightful luncheon following the game. Pink and white roses and ferns were used in decoration. The high score prize was won by Miss Margaret Russell; the consolation by Miss Louise Clark, and the honor guest was presented with a pair of silk stockings.

The old year was danced out and the New Year in at the home of Miss Isabelle Garrett, at a delightful scrip dance given by the girls of the younger set to their young gentlemen friends. A delightful supper was served about midnight, and the New Year was ushered in with merry-making and good cheer. The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Garrett and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Morgan.

Mrs. Milledge Murphy entertained a number of friends with cards at her home on Greene street New Year's day, and a delightful party was enjoyed.

At the Sans Souci the old year was danced out and the New Year danced in by a merry party of young people. At the stroke of 12 a popular young gentleman came on the floor garbed as Father Time, and was showered with confetti as he marched across the hall. A moment later he came in as the new year 1915, and was hailed with blowing of horns and clapping of hands.

A 500 party was enjoyed at the home of Miss Florence Wilcox, on The Hill, Thursday afternoon by a delightful company. The house was decorated in Christmas greens, carnations and crimson bells. Delightful refreshments were served and prizes awarded.

On Christmas night a most beautiful and elaborate fancy dress ball was given at the Sans Souci hall by the young ladies. The hall was decorated with charming taste, the walls covered with smilax and the lights veiled in crimson Christmas bells and holly in evidence and the effect very lovely. Many beautiful costumes were worn. Among them were the following: Miss Ellen Thomas, as a balloon girl; Miss Emily Thomas as Mrs. Castle; Miss Moselle Neely, as a country girl; Miss Marian Phinizy, as a Quakeress; Miss Jean Doughty, as a Dutch girl; Miss Constance Hearnes, as a French artist; Miss Lillian Jones, as a Turkish girl; Miss Mary Cumming, as Folly; Miss Louise Mays, as an old-fashioned girl; Miss Alice Davison, as Punchinello; Miss Owens, of California, as a Madarin girl; Miss Margaret Loyless, as Sari; Miss Almeda Petit, as a Gipsy; Mrs. John Nixon, as a Gipsy; Miss Adele Petit, as Punchinello; Miss Katherine Maddox, as snow; Miss Pleasant Stovall, as a Red Cross nurse; Miss Anne Boykin, as a pansy; Miss Mary Lou Newberry, as Hiawatha; Miss Alice Hull, as little Miss Muffet; Miss Martha Coleman, as a Persian girl; Miss Mary Lyon Tobin, as a Gipsy; Miss Dorothy Mustin, as a poinsettia; Miss Mary DeCottes Barrett, as a baby; Miss Marjorie Innes, as Fluffy Ruffles; Miss Anne Anderson, as Folly and Miss Marian Garrett as Pierrot. There were also some handsome costumes worn by the men. A delicious supper was served at 12 o'clock and dancing was continued afterward.

One of the delightful Christmas parties was that given by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Doremus on Christmas afternoon, when they gave informal invitations to their friends to "drop in for eggnoog." Mr. and Mrs. Doremus, Mr. Estes and Mrs. Doremus, Sr., received their guests in the drawing room, which was beautifully decorated with Christmas wreaths, smilax and poinsettias. In the dining room the table was adorned with crimson flowers and candles and ladened with good things. Mr. Henry Raworth, attired as a chef and armed with a large carving knife, carved a turkey that proved to be filled with favors appropriate to Christmas, tin corns, crackers and all sorts of things that made a Christmas noise. Delicious eggnog was served and other delicacies. Mrs. Doremus received her guests in a crimson chiffon over taffeta, trimmed in fur.

A number of informal supper parties were given at the Country club on Saturday night. Mr. Mettaur Kennedy and Mr. Joseph Cummings, Jr., had a party of ten. Mr. Gaddings Jowett had fifteen in his party. Mr. Jap Hull had six in his party, and Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Lowe a party of four at their table.

The first dinner-dance of the season was given Monday evening at the Country club, and was a brilliant affair. The decorations were unusually beautiful and artistic. Mr. and Mrs. Laudon Thomas entertained a party of twenty for their daughters, Misses Ellen and Emily Thomas, and their guest, Miss Margaret Ellis, of Savannah. Miss Genna Garrett was entertaining a party of eight. The Misses Carpenter entertained a congenial party at their table, and Mr. and Mrs. George Stearnes had a small party with them. Mr. Pendleton King had a party of ten guests at his table.

NEWNAN, GA.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Powell entertained with a phantom party Friday evening of last week. The whole lower floor was thrown open to the guests, who, as phantoms, made one think of ghosts, spooks and spirits. Mrs. Powell arranged novel and unique entertainments for her guests. Immediately after the arrival ten maids and matrons draped in sheets marched through the rooms with phono-horns, blowing a bright Christmas carol. Afterwards "Bubbles" and "Float On," from "High Jinks," and "A Long Way to Tipperary," were given by Mrs. Mike Powell, Misses Dorothy Burpee and Mary Goodrum, assisted by the chorus, who were Mesdames T. M. Goodrum, Ellen Goolsby, Frank Wilkinson, A. M. Morris, Misses Mary Goodrum, Mary Moore, Cora Hornsby, Martha Green and Nellie Lou Walton. Several contested for the prize, Miss Mae Cole being the fortunate winner. Over one hundred were included in the invitations.

Miss Katie Dent complimented Mr. Fitzhugh Knox and Mr. Fairfield Manget with a dinner Monday evening, followed with a theater party at the Halcyon. The party included Misses Margaret Atkinson, Gabrielle Johnson and Mildred Darden, Mesdames Fairfield Manget, Fitzhugh Knox, Frank Wilkinson, Samuel Freeman and Hill McCaslin.

Miss Ellen Turner's 6 o'clock dinner Tuesday evening was one of the most enjoyable affairs of the week. The house was beautifully decorated with holiday colors. The table had for its centerpiece a large green basket filled with poinsettias. Covers were laid for ten and an elegant four-course luncheon was served. Those enjoying Miss Turner's hospitality were Misses Ellen Camp, Martha Green, Marion Bryant, Florence Anderson, Louise Hutchinson, Almeda Kinnard, Mary Moore and Nona Wadsworth.

Mrs. Will Woodruff was hostess for her bridge club Wednesday afternoon. At the close of the game cake and hot chocolate were served. Mrs. H. C. Arnall Jr., won the club prize and Mrs. Annie Orr drew the consolation. Mrs. Hugh Woodruff was presented a dainty spuvenir.

Miss Katie Dent complimented her house guest, Miss Mary Kate Clements, of Woodbury, with a phantom party Wednesday evening. Each guest was requested to bring their acceptance to the party written in rhyme, and the best was to receive a prize. Mr. Ben Terrell Kirby won the prize. Those assisting were Misses Corrie Dent Richards and Olive Dent Manget. Sixty were included in the invitations.

COVINGTON, GA.

One of the prettiest of the Christmas parties among the young set was that at which Mrs. F. E. Heard entertained a number of guests on Thursday evening, at her beautiful new home on Floyd street, in honor of Miss Mabel Thomas. Punch was served by Misses Lucy Wooten and Allie Louise Davis. Progressive conversation was the main feature of the evening. A most delicious salad course was served at a late hour.

Miss Clara Belle Adams has been entertaining a most congenial house party for a week, her guests including Misses Marguerite Adams, Mary Stevens, Lillian Broadnax, Caroline Stewart, Claire Holderness, all of Carrollton, Ga.; Martha Frances Cook, of Mansfield; Prof and Mrs. H. B. Adams and little daughter, Agnes Adams, and Miss May Rogers, of Carrollton. After a most enjoyable visit, the guests left Friday for their respective homes.

Mrs. Richard P. Lester and niece, Miss Annie Mae Lester, entertained at a delightful 5 o'clock tea last Monday afternoon at the home of the former, in North Covington, in compliment to Miss Bonner Simms, whose marriage to Mr. Ralph Leslie Turner, of McDonough, was a brilliant social event of Wednesday evening. Miss May Belle Clark served tea. The guests included the bridal party and Miss Simms' most intimate friends.

The series of pre-nuptial affairs given the bridal party of Miss Bonner Simms and Mr. Turner reached a climax in the unique and lovely fruit luncheon given by Mrs. James F. Rogers, at her beautiful colonial home on Floyd street, last Tuesday at 1 p. m.

Mrs. P. W. Godfrey entertained at a beautiful luncheon last Monday at her attractive home on Conyers street, in compliment to Miss Bonner Simms and her bridal party. Covers were laid for eight guests and a most delicious luncheon was served from a table exquisite in its appointments of cut glass and silver. Christmas colors of red and green were used in the charming decorations.

Charles Crankshaw Company

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware

A saving of from 10 to 20 per cent from Whitehall street retail prices.

Located in our new quarters, Nos. 922-23-24-25-26 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

Orders by wire to New York filled in twenty-four hours by special arrangement on a commission basis.

SPECIAL: Krementz Collar Buttons, all styles, standard value everywhere 25 cents each, the next four days—3 for 25c.

Charles Crankshaw Company

FROHSIN'S

Mr. Fairfax Harrison Predicts Prosperity!

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Fairfax Harrison, president of the Southern railroad, declared today that the war's effect on business conditions in the south was proving only temporary. He said the demand for cotton was growing, and predicted a general revival of business.

"The world must have cotton," he said. "The demand, both for export and for American mills, is increasing, and there has been a substantial advance in prices since the low point when the depression was at its worst. With a larger movement of cotton there will come an increased demand for merchandise of all kinds in the South, and a general revival of business."

The aforesaid is part of the Associated News dispatch which appeared in The Atlanta Journal of January 1st.

Now Read About Our January Sale of Dresses, Suits, Coats, Skirts and Muslin Underwear!

In the FROHSIN advertisement which appeared in this newspaper last Sunday, December 27th, we said practically the same as Mr. Harrison is quoted above. We said, in part, as follows:

"There's a silver lining behind every cloud---Japan, Germany, England and other countries of the world have started to cry for the South's cotton, and this indicates PROSPERITY for the New Year for Atlanta---for the South."

Times are greatly psychological—THINK prosperity—LOOK prosperous—and you are then on the road to PROSPERITY!

Our great price-reductions on THIS season's beautiful and stylish wearing apparel presents THE season's opportunity for you to wear elegant clothes at a very, VERY small cost!

Business in the past few months has **NOT** been up to expectations—we have an immense stock on hand—and are, therefore, SACRIFICING prices as never before in the history of this store. Come to Frohsin's and select some beautiful wearing apparel at BARGAIN prices—TOMORROW! The following list gives you just a few of the price-reductions:

Wool Suits

Wool Suits that were $20, now..... $6.50
Wool Suits that were $25, now... $10.00
Wool Suits that were $30, now... $12.50
Wool Suits that were $35, now... $15.00
Wool Suits that were $40, now... $19.50
Wool Suits that were $50, now... $25.00

Velvet Suits

Velvet Suits that were $65, now.. $29.50
Velvet Suits that were $90, now.. $37.50

Coats

Coats that were $15, now..... $6.75
Coats that were $20, now..... $9.75
Coats that were $25, now..... $12.75
Coats that were $35, now..... $18.75
Coats that were $40, now..... $21.75

Plush Seals

Plush Seal Coats with fur collars that were $35, now $19.75

Wool Dresses

Wool Dresses that were $7.50, now..... $3.50
Wool Dresses that were $12.50, now.... $6.00
Wool Dresses that were $18.00, now.... $7.50
Wool Dresses that were $20.00, now. $10.00
Wool Dresses that were $25.00, now . $12.50
Wool Dresses that were $35.00, now.. $15.00

Fur Coats, Muffs and Fur Neck-Pieces Also Greatly Reduced

Skirts

Separate Skirts that were $5.00, now..... $1.75
Separate Skirts that were $8.00, now..... $2.49
Separate Skirts that were $10.00, now.... $3.75
Separate Skirts that were $12.50, now.... $4.95
Separate Skirts that were $18.00, now.... $6.75

Muslin Underwear

Night Gowns (slightly soiled), values up to $2. 59c
Night Gowns (fresh and clean) worth $1. 69c
Night Gowns (fresh and clean) $1.25 and $1.50 values..... 79c

Only a slight charge will be asked---if alterations are desired. We cannot send goods on approval---or accept returns---during this sale

Atlanta's Busy Store

FROHSIN'S

Fifty Whitehall Street

This is our message to out-of-town customers. Order from it by Mail.

News For Needleworkers:
Royal Society Package Goods for 1915 Are In.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

For Women Who Sew:
Pictorial Review Patterns for February Have Come.

Full Speed Ahead For 1915

Means Such High-Powered Merchandising as these Sales

With Other Strong Sales to Come

—Rich's is not a store of dreamers nor drones—it is a store of doers.

—After taking stock Friday—and putting last year's business behind us—we started in to make 1915 a busy, booming year.

—Loads of new goods fresh from the warehouses have been opened—most of them have been specially bought and are underpriced.

—This page tells only in part of the 1915 stocks on sale—it says nothing of the 1914 stocks to be sacrificed at January Clearance prices; it says next to nothing of the 17th Annual Linen Sale that starts Tuesday.

—Then, there are more stocks to tell of—look each day on the back page of The Constitution for news that will tickle your purse. But first read this splendid page of Economy news before you—not only read, but act—Monday.

A First Showing of Spring Styles For Southland Wear



Charming Prophecies of the Spring Modes. Hats for Florida, California or at Home.

THE hats fairly sing S-P-R-I-N-G. One feels the note of harmony in outline; one feels it in the rich color combinations.

—Though we illustrate some of the styles, we can't begin to picture their piquant beauty.

—There are straws for the palm-shaded walks of Florida and California.
—There are silks and satins for immediate wear at home.
—There are delightful combinations of straw and silk for tourist wear.

—Even though this is a first showing, there is no lack of styles. Here are the new draped veils, as shown, chic military motifs, large hats simply trimmed. Tiny little hats with bobtail streamers are dainty and becoming.

But, after all, the hats must be seen. May we have the pleasure of showing them to you—Monday?

(Millinery—Second Floor.)



A Wealth of Crisp, New MUSLINWEAR

Snow Drifts Down With 1915, Heaping High the Tables With an Immaculate Bed of White

—You are to buy muslinwear this year at lower prices than ever before.
—In freshness, beauty and variety of styles, you are to choose from finer and greater assortments than in any previous year.
—For, in planning this sale, we have considered but two features:

1st—To secure garments that appeal to your sense of beauty.
2d—To make prices that appeal to your sense of economy.

—You will find, therefore, garments of beauty at each of these special prices:

19¢
Drawers
—Open or closed styles, of fine cambric.
Corset Covers
—Of fine cambric, lace or embroidery trimmed.

49¢
Teddy Bears
Combinations
Gowns, Skirts,
Corset Covers,
Drawers

79¢
Teddy Bears
Combinations
Gowns, Skirts,
Corset Covers,
Drawers

95¢
Teddy Bears
Combinations
Gowns, Skirts,
Corset Covers
Drawers

The same assortments of garments at $1.19, $1.49, $1.95.
Skirts and Gowns up to $7.50; Teddy Bears and Combinations to $4.95; Corset Covers and Drawers to $3.50.

Extra Special: Added Feature at 10 A. M.

$1 & $1.25 Gowns at 79c

—Choice new Gowns, fresh and crisp from their tissue wrappings. All slip-over styles in round neck and empire models. Made of fine nainsook, beautifully trimmed.
—Some are trimmed with German or French Val. laces; some with embroidery or medallions; some are embroidered in design that rival fine hand work.
—Thirty dozen are only 360 gowns—there will be more buyers than we have gowns. That's a good thing to remember, but every one who is here at 10 a. m. can share. Regularly $1.00 and $1.25; choice 14 different styles, 79c. No phone or mail orders.

Extra Special: Added Feature at 2:30 P. M.

59c & 50c Garments at 39c

45 Doz. Garments--Gowns, Corset Covers, Drawers

At 2:30 p. m. sharp, continuing until sold, we offer—
15 Dozen Gowns, regularly 50c to 59c, at 39c.
15 Dozen Corset Covers, regularly 50c to 59c, at 39c.
15 Dozen Drawers, regularly 50c to 59c, at 39c.

—Gowns are of nainsook or cambric (2 styles); drawers of cambric, open or closed styles (5 models); corset covers of nainsook (5 styles.) Unusually good 50c and 59c garments at 39c. Sale starts promptly at 2:30 p. m. No phone or mail orders.

New Garments at Usual Price of Clearance Lots

Yes, and less than the usual price of Clearance lots, because we know of no other store that is selling

$30 Short Coat Fur-Trimmed Suits at .. $12.50

—But we are getting ahead of our story. In mid-December our buyer sped to New York to replenish stocks.

—Makers there were winding up their winter season. What with idle organization and unused fabrics, they gladly accepted our offer to make up certain suits and coats.

—185 of these suits were here on sale Friday; a few more came in Saturday, and we look for the rest—about 100—surely Monday. But without discounting the future, we have in stock right now upwards of—

One Hundred New Suits Worth $25 to $30 to Sell at $12.50

—All are the fashionable short flare coats with the wider flare skirts.
—Nearly all the coats are fur or plush trimmed.
—Belted coats, Russian coats, Military motifs; new London styles; advance spring models.
—Materials are chiffon broadcloths—think of fine chiffon broadcloth suits at $12.50—gabardines, prunellas, failles, cheviots, serges.
—Colors are black, blue (many shades) brown, green. All sizes. Choice $12.50.

All Suits From Regular Stock Now Reduced to

$25 & $35 for Suits formerly $40 to $85.

—Exclusive models, plushes, fine broadcloths, beautifully fur trimmed suits, etc., are included.



Coats : Values to $20 at $11.50

ON this rack you'll find every fashionable coat style and almost every material. There are

Chinchillas, Cheviots, Boucles, Cloths, Cloakings, Tweeds, etc.

—Variously developed in bell-flare, fox-trot, London and military models. Black, brown, green, tan, gray, plaids, checks and mixtures. Many of the coats have fur trimmed collars; some also with fur trimmed cuffs. $11.50.

New Coats $6.75

—The maker took his remaining bolts of fine black zibeline and made it up in two fox-trot coat models.
—They are beautiful styles and beautifully made. Bell flare bottoms, that only a skilled tailor can accomplish. Plush collars and large buttons to match. Side or back belted styles. These models are worth $12.50 and $15.00. All sizes; black only. $6.75.

SKIRTS: $5, $7.50, $8.50 & $10

A Remnant Sale of

—Curtain Nets —Madras —Muslins
—Silkolines —Scrims —Cretonnes
—Colored Scrims —Swiss —Draperies, etc.

—Every length under 20 yards uncovered during inventory is included. Hundreds of pieces are from one to five yards; hundreds more are from five to twenty.

All are one-third to one-half less than regular prices, thus:

10c a yard for 15c to 30c Scrims, Muslins, Swisses, etc.

15c to 75c a yd. for materials formerly 25c to $1.50 a yd.

(Draperies—Third Floor.)

When You Sew, Use The FREE

SEWING MACHINE, because it helps you do your sewing with less effort.

The FREE runs lighter and sews faster than any other machine. It is the only machine that will always make an absolutely perfect and even stitch. It is the most beautiful machine made. You'll never have to buy any other.

The FREE is the only sewing machine guaranteed for your lifetime. And in addition to that guarantee the manufacturers give you an insurance for five years against the loss or destruction of **The FREE** sewing machine, by any accidental cause. It is the most highly improved sewing machine in the world today—yet ITS PRICE IS NOT HIGH. This is the machine you ought to buy.

The FREE sewing machine is sold on payments as low as

$1.00 PER WEEK

We repair all makes of machines.

The Annual January Silk Sale

THE EVENT of magnetic attractions--miles of silks in splendid Spring styles--silks of rare beauty and weave--staple silks of proved worth--all these silks at savings of a fourth, a third, a half. Choose from

$1 Roman Stripes 69c

—26-inch silk taffetas in effective combinations of Roman stripes. Colors are red, gray and blue.

All Messalines at 89c

—During the January Sale you have unrestricted choice of our entire stock of $1 messalines at 89c. White and colors.

$1.50 CrepedeChine & $2 Crepe Meteors 98c

—The strength of this offering lies partly in the splendid color assortment. In addition to black, white and the staple colors, there's a wealth of such wanted shades as flesh, lilac, maize, light blue and pink. Thirty-five full pieces in all, 39 and 40 inches wide. Choice 98c.

Silks That Wash

—The time-tested kinds that sail through the tub suds a-smiling. Variously in habutais and Jap silks. All are striped—and the assortment permits the widest choice. Priced for the January Sale thus:

50c and 59c Silks.....29c
85c Wash Silks.....59c
$1.25 Wash Silks.....79c

$1.50 & $1.25 New Spring Silks at.... 79c

$1.50 Canton Crepe 79c

Canton crepe is a silk and wool fabric of wondrous beauty. It is really more corded than crepey—the needle-like cords rippling over the surface like waves. An exquisite fabric for dancing frocks and dressy street gowns. 42 inches. Black and colors.

$1.25 Silk & Wool Poplin 79c

You know this silk and wool poplin—you have shown your favor by buying thousands of yards at the higher price. The union of silk and wool produces a fabric of rare style and service. Because this poplin makes such smart spring frocks, we've "plunged to the limit." Here are seventy-five (75) full pieces in an assortment that embraces black, white and every shade on the color card. 42 inches. Choice 79c.

$1.50 Crinkled Crepe at 79c

Imagine an all-silk fabric, rich as crepe de chine, but wrinkled and crinkled as a raisin. That's this crinkled crepe, and we can't conceive of any prettier fabric for swirling spring draperies, nor airy-fairy dancing frocks. Soft and sinuous, but with deep, firm body. 40 inches wide. Twenty-six full pieces, in black, light and dark colors.

$1.25 All-Silk Marquisette 79c

Sheer and transparent as gossamer; light and airy as thistledown, it is no wonder that this silk marquisette floats into Fashion's favor for dainty dancing frocks, evening and party gowns. Every thread all silk, not to be confused with silk and cotton marquisettes often selling at $1.00. The mesh is fine and even; every thread uniform and perfect. Twenty-five full pieces, including black, white and every desired evening shade. 40 inches.

$2 Suiting Silks 95c

—There's a charm about these jaunty stripes that appeals to individual dressers. Choosing from such variety one achieves a distinctive costume. Practically the full color range is here in wide, narrow and intermediate stripes. All one yard wide.

$2 Flower Crepes $1.19

—Imagine a crepe de chine bestrewn with dainty flowers in spaced designs. That's this Dolly Varden Crepe. All light colors. 42 inches wide.

$1.50 Silk Plaids 95c

—In addition to the Tarant Plaids that we all know, there are bar plaids, delightfully new and distinctive. These latter are hairline checks, crossed with wide stripes in contrasting colors. Stunning. 36 inches—95c.

Black Silks

79c $1.00 soft, supple 36-inch Messaline.
98c $1.25 Black Satin Duchesses, 36-inch.
$1.05 $1.29 Paillete de Soie, rich and pliant. 40-inch.
73c 89c Chiffon Taffeta, soft quality. 36-inch.

The "Big Hit" in Black Is This

$3.50 Satin Tailleur at $1.79

The Silk Sensation of the Year

AS its name indicates Satin Tailleur is a firm, rich satin for tailored suits and wraps. It is splendidly adapted to its purpose. 54 inches; full yard and a half wide.

—First the sheen and luster are as brilliant as the finest Satin Duchess. The back is twilled to insure wear; the body is a deep, plump weight. But don't fancy that all this makes Satin Tailleur cumbersome. It isn't. It is soft and supple as messaline; it drapes with classic grace; it responds splendidly to the tailor's art.

Let the Spot Light Shine on This

$3.50 Crepe Olympic at $1.69

It Occupies the Center of Fashion's Stage

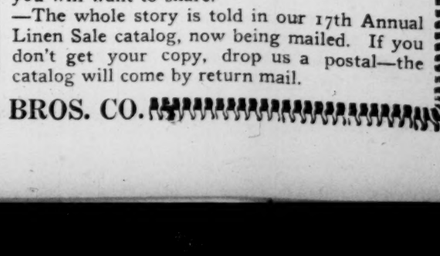
AND look—the price is less than half. You must see this ravishing Crepe Olympic. Soft and subtle in beauty, its rippling surface fairly shimmering, it is at once the prettiest and most practical silk of the 1915 Spring season.

—In splendor Crepe Olympic has almost as many facets as a diamond. The surface is crinkled and crepey; the finish is that of a rich satin, while the body and firmness are akin to charmeuse.

The New 1915 Laces and Embroideries

Are being unpacked as this is written. Despite conditions abroad, all of our shipments have come through. See these embroideries and laces Monday in all their fresh, crisp beauty.

Six Special Values



Rich's 17th Annual Linen and White Goods Sale

Starts Tuesday, January 5, and Continues All Month.

Featured in the Sale at

Will be a number of fine linen large

Table Cloths & Fancy Linens

1/2 PRICE

—Sheets and Pillow Cases will be sold at lower prices than in any previous sale.
—There will be five big bargain lots of Tablecloths at savings of an average third. Napkins also.
—It will be a good time to lay in your supply of Towels, for all kinds are reduced.
—The savings on white goods are such that you will want to share.
—The whole story is told in our 17th Annual Linen Sale catalog, now being mailed. If you don't get your copy, drop us a postal—the catalog will come by return mail.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. XLVII.—No. 202. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1915. Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands, 5 cents.

Society

GAINESVILLE, GA.

Christmas Eve Captain Frank Patillo, Mr. Wendell McCoy and Mr. Toby Stokes entertained at a masquerade party at Riverside in compliment to the young ladies of Gainesville. Dr. and Mrs. McCoy chaperoned the large number of young people.

Christmas evening Miss Sadie Robinson, who has been spending the winter in Greenwood, Miss., was the pretty honoree at a "children's" party given by her grandmother, Mrs. L. S. Pillow, at her home on Green street. Miss Robinson was prettily dressed, as "Mary Jane," wearing a long-waisted frock of white, over pink, with a wide sash of pink.

Monday evening Mrs. J. T. Telford was hostess at a reception in compliment to her son, Mr. Baylor Hickman, who is home from Tech for the holidays. Friday afternoon Mrs. Telford entertained at tea for the brides and their mothers.

Mrs. H. J. Pearce was hostess Tuesday evening at rook, when she entertained a number of the young people to meet the young ladies who are spending the holidays at Brenau.

Mrs. Sidney Smith, of Atlanta, who is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Charters, entertained the Sewing club Tuesday.

Saturday evening Miss Kathleen Black was the attractive hostess at a dinner at her home on Sycamor street. Covers were laid for twenty-four. Around two pretty circular tables, whose appointments were carried out in holiday decorations. Miss Black was prettily gowned in crimson satin, combined with net and chiffon.

Mrs. August Geiger was hostess Wednesday afternoon to the members of the Bridge club. She was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. W. H. Slack.

Miss Chamblee, of Texas, was the attractive honor guest Wednesday evening when her sister, Mrs. Carl Davie, entertained at dinner.

Mrs. Henry Washington was the pretty hostess New Year's when she entertained informally for Miss Sadie Robinson.

Mr. Chester Slack entertained a number of his friends Wednesday evening at his home on Riverside drive.

Miss Margaret Barker entertained informally Thursday evening at her home on Spring street.

Dr. and Mrs. H. J. Pearce gave a candy pulling Thursday evening to the young ladies of Brenau in the parlors of the college.

JONESBORO, GA.

Quite a number of young people enjoyed a 6 o'clock dinner on Christmas evening, at which Mr. Steve Carnes was the popular young host. After a most delicious dinner, music was rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Mack Carnes, and Miss Pearl Warren entertained the guests with several recitations, which were greatly enjoyed by all. Those present were Miss Hollie Haney, of Marietta; Miss Hattie Davis, of Atlanta; Miss Ila Campbell, Miss Pearl Warren, Miss Gertrude McMullen, Miss Inez Harrell, Miss Bettie Wilson, Miss Minnie Lue McMullen, Mr. Julian Warren, Mr. Martin Wilson, Mr. Will Berry, Mr. John Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Mack Carnes.

BASS'

Fine Mattresses

Worth $5



THIRTY-EIGHT full size, roll edge, all-cotton Mattresses, covered with best sateen finish ticking—worth $5.00 everywhere—here tomorrow at only—

$1.98

No Mail Orders. No C. O. D.'s. None to Dealers.

Bass Dry Goods Co.

BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS'

METAL BEDS

ONE TO A CUSTOMER

A Good $7.50 Value $3.69



No Mail Orders or C. O. D.'s Filled

White or Vernis Martin

Two Inch Post Beds

THIS big 2-inch continuous-post bed with best guaranteed malleable locks and metal casters. White and Vernis Martin—$7.50 value—

$3.69

None to Dealers---

Tomorrow Only at

BASS DRY GOODS CO.

BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS' BASS'

HONOREE OF MANY PARTIES



Home Photo by Lenney.

MISS AIMEE MAGNUS,

Of Chicago, the guest of Miss Mildred Wellhouse. Miss Magnus was one of the loveliest young women at the New Year's ball at the Standard club Thursday night, and a number of parties are being given in her honor.

CANTON, GA.

Mrs. Zebulon Walker, with characteristic charm, entertained the members of the Round Dozen club Tuesday afternoon. The sewing hour was followed by refreshments.

Mrs. William Mills honored her sister, Mrs. James H. Jones, of Etowah, Tenn., with a delightful rook party on Tuesday afternoon. The invited guests were Mrs. C. Walkonig, Mrs. Naomi Arwood, Mrs. H. J. Mills, of Atlanta; Mrs. Harry Ogbon, Mrs. Roy Crisler, Mrs. Keller Moss, Mrs. R. T. Jones, Mrs. Mary White, Mrs. Eugene McCanless, Mrs. Ella Howard, Mrs. Virgil Butterworth, Misses Pearl McAfee, Bessie Edwards, Margaret Coggins, Cleva Rudasill. Again Wednesday evening Mrs. Jones was honoree at a charming little musicale given by Mrs. Mills. Beautiful selections were rendered on violin and piano by Mrs. Eugene McCanless and Mr. Harry Ogbon.

Misses Malinda and Janie Galt were hostesses at a very unique party on Tuesday evening, in which one dozen cousins were present and a delicious course supper was served.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Ogbon, of Indianapolis, Ind., have returned home after spending the holidays with their son, Mr. Harry Ogbon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Jones are at home after a ten-day trip to New York.

Miss Pearl McAfee has returned from a visit to Louisiana.

Mrs. Margaret Coggins is at home from a several months' visit to Texas.

Miss Martha and Janie Gale, Dorothy White, Mary Lowe Bates, Edwina Teasley, Malinda and Mary Roberts returned this week to different colleges over the state.

Ensign William Teasley, of the United States navy, has returned to his duties after several days' visit to relatives and friends here.

BRENAU NOTES.

Dr. E. H. Murfee, head of the science department, has spent his vacation at the college carrying on some experimental work in his laboratory and installing some new apparatus donated to the college by Dr. J. H. Downey, director of the Downey sanitarium of Gainesville. This apparatus consists of a large static electric machine, an electric dynamo, etc., and is valued at $1,000.

Preliminary arrangements have also been made for Hertz wave apparatus connecting Brenau with the naval observatory at Washington, thus furnishing standard time by wireless telegraphy at noon every day.

The physics department has also been recently equipped with the Murfee differential resonator which was recently patented, both in the United States and foreign countries, by Dr. Murfee. This instrument is used in the course in acoustics which is required of all music and oratory students as well as the regular literary students.

The social feature of the week was a candy pulling New Year party given on Thursday evening by the young ladies who are remaining at the college during the vacation.

Miss Gertrude Brown, of the art department, has been the guest of Mrs. Ross McConnell for several days.

Mrs. C. C. Harrell, intendant of the college infirmary, has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Smith.

Mr. Thomas J. Pearce, bookkeeper of the college, has been spending the vacation with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Matthews.

GREENVILLE, GA.

The marriage of Dr. Samuel Howell and Miss Annie Harvey, both of Cartersville, which occurred Sunday evening, was a pleasant surprise to the many friends of Dr. Howell, who was reared in Greenville. Dr. and Mrs. Howell reached Greenville Tuesday evening to make a short visit to Colonel and Mrs. W. S. Howell, parents of the groom.

Miss Laurie Belle Stubbs entertained Monday evening in honor of her two attractive guests, Misses Johnson and Davenport, of Fairburn, and a number of the younger society set. Mrs. Stubbs and Miss Jean Roberts, of Nashville, Tenn., assisted the young hostess in entertaining her guests.

Misses Martha and Jane Hill, Mary, Kate and Sarah Tigner entertained about thirty-eight guests at a week-end Christmas house party at White Sulphur Springs. The party was chaperoned by Mesdames Lemmon, of Columbus, and H. Warner Hill, Jr., of Greenville. Among those who were invited besides Misses Hill and Tigner were Misses Mary Hill, of Atlanta; Edith Barnette, of Greenville; Bessie Smith, of College Park; Miss Jarrell, of LaGrange; Messrs. Harvey Smith, R. Maffett, Marion Biggers, E. Barnette, of Greenville; H. C. Arnold, of Atlanta; Obed and Will Hill and Lee Tigner, of Greenville.

Miss Jeanette Wilhoit is spending the holidays in Griffin, the guest of Mrs. Parks Walker.

A beautiful Christmas party was given Thursday evening by Mrs. R. J. Atkinson. A lovely Christmas tree, laden with gifts for the invited guests, adorned the living room. The home was beautiful in decorations of holly, mistletoe and bells.

Another pretty Christmas tree was at the home of Mrs. S. P. Culpepper, given for the little grandchildren and members of the immediate family.

WARTHEN-TAYLOR.

Davisboro, Ga., January 2.—(Special.) A marriage of unusual interest was that of Miss Nelle Warthen and Dr. R. L. Taylor, which took place Dec. 23 at 1 o'clock at the residence of the bride's brother, Dr. W. B. Warthen. The bride is the only daughter of Mrs. J. B. Warthen and is a young lady of beauty, having a charming personality, numbering her friends by her acquaintances. She is a musician of unusual ability.

Dr. Taylor is the eldest son of Hon. and Mrs. S. J. Taylor, Sr. He is a prominent young physician of this section of the state, is a graduate of the State university and the University of Maryland. He is very popular in a professional and social way. Owing to a recent bereavement in the bride's family the wedding was a very quiet affair, being witnessed by only the immediate families of the bride and groom.

The ceremony was performed in a most impressive manner by Dr. T. J. Beck, of Tennille. The bride and groom left immediately for a short wedding trip, after which they are at home to their friends at Davisboro.

KEELY'S KEELY'S KEELY'S

January silk clearance

Just after inventory, we find many broken lots, odd assortments and fugitive collections of *silks* which must be cleared away within the next few days, preceding our great opening of new silks, news of which will follow later.

To make the department new and bright, and to start the new year with complete lines, we have grouped up the lots at *one price* and this sale will bring you double value for your money.

Not a piece in this lot was bought for a special sale, but are the residue of our own famous silks.

These are the broken assortments of the kinds which you have made popular. The proof that they are good is that you liked them.

--36-in. silk ratine, 69c value
--26-in. brocade poplins 75c value

at 33c

--19-in. taffetas 49c value
--36-in. silk shirtings 59c values

This sale includes more than a score of broken assortments and short lengths of novel and fancy silks, ranging in value from 49c to 75c a yard. And they will furnish the rarest opportunity to secure stylish, desirable and much wanted silks, *of the exclusive kinds,* which have made our department popular, at half and less than half their value.

Undermuslin clearance

Here is a sale interesting to every woman of dainty taste and economical disposition---if you take a little time to make your selections, from the heaps of dainty white undergarments, displayed here tomorrow, at *two* special figures, you will find it will be paid for in lowered prices. You know goods, you know values, and at the prices quoted, you will sieze the opportunity eagerly. Tomorrow a clearance of odd lines and broken assortments of beautiful well made, stylish and attractive undergarments, in a great sale at two prices---

Group 1 at 69c each — *Values up to $1.00*

Group 2 at $1.98 each — *Values up to $3.00*

Crepes and nainsook gowns, nainsook combinations, seco silks and batiste teddy bears, drawers, chemises and corset covers.

Dress woolen clearance

A large collection of assorted, here-and-there kinds of fine foreign woolens, which we find after inventory must be cleared to make room for spring goods. You know our dress woolen stock, its popularity, its fixed and assured status as a style center. You have bought bountifully of this season's offerings and these broken lines are but evidences of their worth and popularity.

Foreign woolens, duvetyns, homespuns, pebble cheviots, coverts, epingles of the exclusive sorts.

--all are in good colorings, and are suitable for suits, dresses, skirts and coats.

--50-in. broadcloths $2.00 values
--56-in. French epingles $2.50 values

at $1.49 yard

--56-in. Scotch homespuns $2.25 value
--56-in. Austrian coverts $2.00 values

Besides many confined novelties, which are peculiar to this department, of foreign woolens and silk and woolen fabrics, in the much wanted shades of putty, sand, tans. You will find many novelties which range from $2.25 to $3 yard in the collection. A prompt attention to this sale Monday will repay you.

Keely Company

SOCIAL LIFE IN MACON

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(Special Correspondence.)—Never has Macon's social set been gayer than during the past week, and the entertaining has by no means been confined to the enthusiastic college crowd at home for the holidays. Mr. Samuel S. Dunlap, at his elegant home on College street, entertained Sunday evening at an elaborate buffet supper in honor of his house guests, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Little, of Atlanta. The rooms were decorated in his favorite flowers, American Beauties, and his two handsome sisters, Mrs. John D. Little and Mrs. Henry Wortham, assisted him in receiving the guests, about fifty in number. Among these was Mrs. Rodney S. Cohen, of Augusta, nee Miss Tracy Duncan, who is spending the holidays with her mother, Mrs. George W. Duncan.

Mrs. Cohen was the inspiration for a beautiful luncheon Monday given by Mrs. S. R. Jaques, and Thursday noon, Mrs. Will Burt at her delightful country home, "Great Hills Place," near Bolling Broke, entertained at a bridge luncheon, complimentary to Mrs. Cohen.

Mrs. Alex Proudfit gave a family dinner party Monday evening in honor of Dr. Granville Sykes, of Aberdeen, Miss., who is visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. Tris Napier.

Mrs. H. M. Wortham was hostess at a beautiful luncheon Thursday in honor of Mrs. Richard W. Johnston, of Atlanta, who is visiting Mrs. J. Marshall Johnston at "Hill Crest." Saturday afternoon Mrs. J. M. Johnston entertained at a delightful bridge tea, complimentary to her attractive guest.

Thursday afternoon Mrs. Thomas S. Lowry, Jr., and Mrs. George Riley, Jr., were joint hostesses at a most enjoyable bridge party at the home of the former in Vineville. The guests of honor were Mrs. W. C. Lee, one of the December brides, and Mrs. Joseph King, of Vicksburg, Miss., who is spending the week with Mrs. Church Berryman. There were eight tables of players; quantities of American Beauties adding their fragrance and beauty to the rooms.

Wednesday evening Mrs. R. Cuyler King was hostess at a buffet supper, followed by an informal dance. Between fifty and sixty enjoyed the delightful occasion, the guests including some of both the married and unmarried contingent.

Miss Alice Munson, of Richmond, Va., spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Fontaine Barden. She is a charming, vivacious young girl who made hosts of friends during a former visit here to her father, Mr. John B. Munson. Mrs. H. M. Wortham gave her a beautiful luncheon Wednesday noon. A dozen young girls were her guests; red and white, the color scheme, effectively carried out by poinsettias and waxen tapers with red silk shades. Miss Lillian Bastle on Wednesday afternoon complimented Miss Munson with a pretty 5 o'clock tea, and Wednesday evening Mrs. T. C. Burke was hostess at a delightfully informal affair in her honor. She was an admired participant in the dance at the Dempsey rathskeller Thursday night; and Friday evening Mr. John B. Munson gave a dance in honor of his daughter at the Idle Hour Country club. A few of the married contingent were chaperons; the greater number of those present belonging to the college set and debutantes.

Miss Eugenia Napier, at home for the holidays from Miss Walker's School for Girls, at Lakewood, N. J., was honoree Wednesday evening at a beautiful dancing party given by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Napier, an additional honor guest on this occasion being Miss Lucretia Barnes, of Memphis, Tenn., who is visiting Miss Napier. Tuesday Misses Consuelo and Pearl Proudfit entertained at luncheon in honor of Miss Napier. Covers were laid for twelve at a table beautiful with Christmas decorations.

Thursday Mrs. Mark O'Daniel gave a delightful spend-the-day party at her country place "Hollywood," in honor of Miss Eugenia Napier.

Miss Henrietta Davis, also at home for Christmas week from Lakewood, N. J., spent part of the time with Miss Zaidee Amerine, who entertained for her at a beautiful afternoon reception. Assisting Miss Amerine in receiving were Misses Henrietta Davis, Hattie Tracy King, Salatha Brooks, Frances Gurr, Sara Pellew and Minnie Goodwyn Artope. Misses Catherine King and Emily Massee served punch. Between fifty and sixty of the college set called between the hours of 3 and 5. Another pleasant affair for Miss Davis was the frolic Monday afternoon given by Mrs. Cecil Morgan. A trip to the "movies" was followed by a delightful 5 o'clock tea. Christmas favors were dispensed by a jolly-looking "St. Nick," the centerpiece of the attractive table. The merry party included Misses Henrietta Davis, Sallie Signor and Zaidee Amerine; Messrs. Lamar Wise, Charles A. Hall, Jr., and George Turpin. Mr. and Mrs. Will Gunn entertained at a large evening party Thursday in honor of Miss Davis. Dancing was enjoyed until midnight, when an elaborate supper ushered in the new year.

Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. Will Gunn again entertained at an informal dance, their guests on this occasion being a number of their married friends.

MARIETTA, GA.

Mrs. R. W. Moon, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. George Northcutt and Mrs. Harold Hawkins attended the wedding of Miss Ena Barrett and Mr. John Burton in Acworth last Tuesday.

Several pretty entertainments have been given in honor of Miss Matt Black, whose marriage to Mr. Charles O. Wyatt will occur at the Methodist church next Tuesday.

Mrs. E. C. Gurley and Mrs. Marion Dobbs, cousins of Miss Black, gave a "Gem" party Wednesday afternoon. Delicious refreshments were served at the home of Mrs. Joe Black afterwards. Miss Black was gowned in lavendar crepe de chine. Mrs. Gurley in blue, and Mrs. Dobbs in tan.

Miss Matt Black and Mrs. Carl Fischer, of Atlanta, were joint honorees at an afternoon tea given by Mrs. Grady Conway and Miss Nina Moon on Tuesday afternoon. Little Marielle Black received cards at the door. Callers were ushered in by Mrs. W. A. Florence and Mrs. Marion Dobbs. Mrs. Fischer wore pink Olga crepe, Miss Black and Miss Nina Moon, yellow crepe de chine, and Mrs. Conway white satin. Mrs. Tennent Black, Mrs. George Griffin, Mrs. B. T. Frey and Miss Louise Schilling assisted in entertaining the guests. A salad course was served by Miss Edna Schilling, Mrs. E. C. Gurley, Mrs. Ralph Butler and Mrs. Harold Hawkins. Mrs. Rosser Little poured tea. Punch was served by Misses Odene Florence, Hattie Black, Lucile Brown and Helen Griffin.

Miss Julia Anderson had with her last week, Miss Louise Wilson, of Lynchburg, Va., Miss Eloise Gay and Miss Julia McTyre, of Atlanta, and Miss Willie Belle Jackson, of Gainesville. She entertained at a buffet supper on Friday evening in honor of these young ladies.

CONYERS, GA,

Mrs. A. L. Dabney was hostess to the Matrons' club on Monday afternoon, the honor guests being Mr. and Mrs. Linton Elliott and Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Allen. Mrs. John Lee and Miss Mary Lu Tucker poured chocolate. After a short program a tempting salad course was served. Besides the regular club members, there were several guests, who enjoyed Mrs. Dabney's hospitality.

Mr. and Mrs. Haywood Elliott entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner on Wednesday evening complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. Linton Elliott, whose marriage occurred at a recent date. Covers were laid for nine.

One of the most beautiful receptions of the season was the one given by Mrs. R. D. Hewlett at her lovely home on Friday afternoon.

ATHENS, GA.

The New Year dance given by the Harmony club at the Holman was a brilliant affair of the week, the dancers extending the festivities two hours after the New Year arrived.

Mrs. Abe Joel entertained her bridge club Wednesday.

One of the loveliest parties of the week was the New Year affair at which Miss Hazel Hodgson was the hostess.

The young men of the town gave a delightful dance New Year's night at the Kappa Sigma chapter house, a large number of the young ladies and their visitors being present.

Mrs. H. C. Conway leaves today for Atlanta to spend a month with Mrs. Milton Carlin.

Miss Helen Michael is visiting in Atlanta.

Miss Gertrude Van Straaten is in Atlanta for a week.

Miss Eleanor Lustrat accompanied her sister, Mrs. Fleming Winecoff, home to Atlanta yesterday.

Mrs. Vernon Hall and little son returned yesterday to Atlanta after a visit to Mrs. J. N. Webb.

Miss Carolyn Cobb has returned to Atlanta after visiting Mrs. Howell Cobb and Mrs. Baxter here.

Miss Curdia, Mr. Joe L. Deadwyler and Mr. Jack Haynes are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Simpkins, Druid Hills, Atlanta.

Mrs. T. H. Nickerson and Mrs. J. H. Harris are in Rome, guests of Mrs. Gordon Wright.

Miss Mary Wright and Mr. Roy Potts were quietly married by Rev. R. E. Neighbor yesterday.

Miss Loretta Marsh, of Hillsboro, was married Thursday to Mr. Otis Morrow, of Laurens, S. C. The couple spent a day or two here.

The Athens Woman's club gave a delightful reception to the D. A. R.'s Thursday from 12 to 6 o'clock at the home of the Y. W. C. A.

Miss Elizabeth Carroll's theatorium party was one of the most enjoyable events of the week among the younger set.

Miss Gweldolyn Griffith, visiting Miss Lily Griffith in Macon for the year-end, is being entertained at a number of affairs.

Miss Jennie Mae Webb, Misses Marian and Ruth Hodgson, Miss Sadie Coker and Miss Jennie Arnold have returned from Miss Hilda Meadow's house party at Elberton.

A delightful bridge luncheon was that given Wednesday morning by Miss Aurelia O'Farrell and Mrs. George Sancken in honor of Miss Eleanor Thornton, of Kansas City, the house guest of Miss Marguerite Rowe.

Mr. Herschel Carithers was the host at a delightful dinner party to Miss Rhea Curdia, of Alton, Ill., guest of Mrs. Dearyer-Vail.

Congressman and Mrs. S. J. Tribble returned yesterday to Washington.

Congressman Bartlett, here for the holidays, left for Washington yesterday.

GRIFFIN, GA.

A lovely wedding of Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock was that of Miss Mary Baird and Mr. Oscar Duke, which occurred at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Willmyth Baird, the Rev. J. E. Sammons, of the First Baptist church, officiating. The ceremony was performed in the library, Miss Hettie Barton sang "The Rosary" immediately before the entrance of the bridal party. The maid of honor, Miss Abbie White, entered first, followed by the bride, who was met at the improvised altar of palms and ferns by the groom and his best man, Mr. Forest McKneely. The bride was handsome in her tailored suit of blue cloth with hat and gloves to match. She carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley. The maid of honor wore white satin with lace draperies and carried white carnations. A salad course was served by Misses Emma Gene and Lillian Maddox, Nellie and Annie Gossett, Sara Frances Ham and Corinne Whatley. Mr. and Mrs. Duke left at 5:30 o'clock via the Central for their wedding trip to Florida. The out-of-town guests at the wedding were: Mrs. Marion T. Wise, of Fort Valley; Mrs. Charles Otis Baird, of Goldsboro, N. C.; Miss Hettie Barton, of Monroe, and Miss Abbie White, of Columbus.

Mr. Seaton Grantland entertained Thursday evening at a beautiful dancing party at his lovely suburban home in compliment to his nieces, Miss Laura Bailey and Miss Susanne Bailey. Fifteen or more couples were dancing and the decorations throughout the house were suggestive of the Christmas season. Later in the evening delightful refreshments were served.

One of the prettiest events of the week was the domino party at which Mrs. Will H. Wheaton entertained twenty-four guests on Thursday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. Following the game a two-course luncheon was served at the small tables.

Miss Alice Murray gave a much enjoyed tacky party on Tuesday evening in honor of her house guests, Miss Ruth Murray and Miss Rachel Murray, of Newnan. Miss Annie Wheat and Mr. Herbert Johnson won the prizes for the tackiest young lady and young gentleman and were each presented a walking cane of peppermint candy.

Judge and Mrs. Robert Towns Daniel have been entertaining recently at a series of beautiful family dinner parties. On Christmas day they had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Milton Daniel, Miss Roberta Daniel and Milton Daniel, Jr. Friday evening they invited fifteen or twenty friends to spend the evening. On Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Will H. Beck, Miss Mary Alice Beck and William Beck, Jr., were the dinner guests. Tuesday evening Judge and Mrs. Daniel entertained Mrs. Sarah Beck, Miss Lucy Beck, Miss Roberta Daniel, Miss Gladys Beck, Miss Katherine Walker and Mr. Lewis H. Beck at dinner. On Sunday Judge and Mrs. Daniel will entertain at a handsomely-appointed dinner complimentary to Miss Georgiana White, the other guests being Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. White.

A lovely event of Thursday was the afternoon tea at which Mrs. Robert Daniel entertained. Assisting the hostess was Miss Katherine Walker. Several beautiful musical numbers were rendered and delightful refreshments served, the guests including Mrs. James M. Brawner, Mrs. Thomas Patterson, Mrs. Mary Neely Smith, Mrs. William B. Royster, Miss Opal Smith, Miss Blythe, Mrs. Lee Johnson and Mrs. W. C. Beeks.

DALTON, GA.

Mrs. F. S. Pruden entertained at a beautiful bridge party in honor of Mrs. F. J. Parmalee, of Atlanta. An attractive Christmas tree held a gift for each member and afforded much merriment. After the games tea and sandwiches were served. Mrs. S. T. Maddox, of Atlanta; Mrs. J. A. Anderson, of Cartersville; Mrs. J. M. Hogshead and Mrs. Emmet Newton, of Chattanooga, were out-of-town guests.

The Daughters of the American Revolution met with Mrs. F. F. Baker on Tuesday afternoon, when officers for the coming year were elected as follows: Mrs. P. B. Trammel, regent; Mrs. R. M. Herron, vice regent; Mrs. C. M. Hollingsworth, recording secretary; Mrs. C. Moore, corresponding secretary; Mrs. F. F. Baker, treasurer; Mrs. Warren Davis, historian; Mrs. W. R. Cannon, registrar. Delegates were elected to the national and state D. A. R. conventions, the regent being a delternates to the national convention: egate to each, with the following alMrs. W. E. Mann, Mrs. W. M. Denton, Mrs. H. L. Smith. State convention: Mrs. H. L. Smith, Mrs. C. M. Hollingsworth, and Mrs. W. E. Mann and Miss Annie Horn. After the business meeting a social hour was spent with Mrs. Baker.

Mr. Manly McWilliams entertained the younger set with a Christmas party Tuesday night. Heart dice, rook and other interesting games were played. A gaily decorated Christmas tree held a toy for each guest, from which much pleasure was derived. Later in the evening hot chocolate and sandwiches were served.

CEDARTOWN, GA.

Miss Lillian Bloodworth, of Atlanta, the much admired guest of Misses Sara and Marjorie Holmes, has been the honor guest at a number of delightful affairs during the week. Misses Holmes entertained the dancing set with a delightful dance on Saturday evening. On Thursday evening Miss Florine Hardwick was hostess at her country home at a most enjoyable dance in honor of Miss Bloodworth. The house was tasteefully decorated with roses and ferns, and an elaborate buffet luncheon was served. Miss Hardwick was assisted by her mother, Mrs. H. M. Hall; Mrs. G. B. Van Cleave, of Louisville, Ky.; Miss Martha Peek, Miss Katharine Bunn and Miss Lois Wood.

Complimenting her daughter, Mrs. Nell Van Devander, of Tallapoosa, Ga., Mrs. H. M. Van Devander entertained a few of her young married friends at a pleasant "42" party Monday afternoon.

A beautiful event of Tuesday afternoon was the reception given by Mrs. G. S. Borders in honor of Mrs. E. D. Borders, of Thomas, Ga., and Mrs. Cliff Hightower, a recent bride. A number of guests called between the hours of 3 and 5.

A number of the young dancing set enjoyed a most delightful dance given by Miss Emeline Young at her home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Graham Norman entertained at a most enjoyable dinner Friday evening. Her guests included Mr. and Mrs. John Worrell, Mr. and Mrs. William England, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Griggs Adams and Dr. and Mrs. J. Wray Pickett.

SAVANNAH SOCIAL NEWS

Savannah, Ga., January 2.—(Special Correspondence.)—Christmas week has been gay with entertainment in the young college set and much is still planned before the holidays are over. One of the most interesting entertainments of the winter was the reception last evening given by Mr. and Mrs. George W. Owens for their debutante daughter, Miss May Parsons Owens, who is a very beautiful girl. Miss Owens finished school last June, but remained north through the fall and only returned home for Christmas. After her debut reception she will make her first appearance in society at the Cotillion club's third soiree next week. Many entertainments will be given for her, one of the first of which will be Mrs. T. N. Cunningham's luncheon Wednesday.

In the college set an attractive New Year's day entertainment was the afternoon reception given by Miss Marion Corbin for the Misses Harriet and Lavinia Henry, of New York; Miss May Bond Screven, of Hendersonville, and Missses Anne Read, Cecilia Garrard and Clarissa Gaines. Assisting in serving were Misses Daisy Gordon, Elizabeth Skeele, Florence Crane, Jessie Carey and Taylor Corbin.

Mrs. A. A. Lawrence gave a tea on New Year eve for the Misses Kate and Mary Osborne and their guests, Miss Baker and Miss Robertson, the guests including the debutantes of this and last season, the brides and the young society set. Mrs. Lawrence was assisted by the Misses Ostrom, Floyd, Gordon, Clark, Hunter, Barrow, Lynah, Brigham and Owens.

Announcement was made this week by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pearce Wheless of the engagement of their daughter, Bessie, to Mr. George Anderson Mercer, Jr. The wedding will take place at home Thursday evening, January 14. Miss Gertrude Wheless will be maid of honor and Mercer Lang best man.

Miss Annie Storey gave a luncheon Monday, her guests including the Misses Henry, Miss Read, Miss Screven, Miss Garrard, Miss Leona Grady, Miss Gaines, Miss Carolina Price Wilson, Miss Lois Pugh, Miss Corbin, Miss Ellen Knox and Miss Hannah Storey. The Misses Henry, who are visiting Miss Anne Read, have been much entertained. Their aunt, Miss Maria Minis, gave a luncheon for them; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Minis and Mr. and Mrs. Abram Minis each entertained for them at dinner, and Mr. and Mrs. William Garrard gave a theater party and dance for them and for Miss Cecilia Garrard and her guest, Miss May Bond Screven.

Mrs. W. G. Barnwell entertained the Married Women's Card club Tuesday afternoon. She was assisted by Mrs. George F. Tennille, Mrs. John Cochran, Mrs. Lawrence Maxwell and Mrs. Julian F. Chisholm. The club will be entertained next week by Mrs. E. S. Trosdal.

Miss Carobell Stewart entertained with a dance at the Yacht club Tuesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Jackson chaperoned the young couple.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. J. W. Aldred, of Davisboro, is the guest of her sister, Miss Ella Diggs, on Thompson street, in East Point.

***

Miss Mattie Couch has returned from Vienna, where she was a guest at a delightful house party given by Miss Hazel Walters.

***

Mr George Dykes, of East Point, is in Daytona, Fla.

***

Miss Ethel Coppadge, who has been visiting in East Point and Atlanta for several weeks, has returned to Brooks, Ga.

***

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Brotherton were hosts at a small dancing party at their home on East Point avenue Monday evening.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Digby and daughter Lois, of East Point, are visiting in Brooks, Ga.

***

Mr. James Greer, who has been in New Glasgow, Va., for several months, has returned to his home in College Park.

***

Mrs. Ben Hill Orr and children return from Anniston, Ala., tonight after spending several days with Mrs. W. H. Witt.

***

Sam, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Ramsey, who has been ill for several weeks, is slowly improving.

***

Mr. W. C. Muse, of Albany, will be the guest of his daughter, Mrs. M. O. Blackwell, of East Point, and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Muse, in Covington, this week.

***

Miss Annie B. Walker has returned from Cedartown, where she spent the holiday season with friends and relatives.

***

Mrs. W. D. Hurst, of Opelika, Ala., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. G. P. Nall, in East Point.

***

Mr. Harry Blackwell, of Greensboro, N. C., is visiting his parents in East Point.

***

Mrs. S. J. Shannon has returned to Fairburn, after visiting relatives in East Point.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Campbell and young son, William, are in Athens, guests of Mr. Campbell's parents.

***

Mr. W. C. Muse, of Albany, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. N. Jennings, on Lucile avenue, in West End.

***

Mr. Harry Blackwell has returned from Savannah to East Point.

***

The East Point Senior Epworth league held its New Year social meeting at the home of Rev. and Mrs. O. C. Simmons Friday evening.

***

Miss Edilou Simmons has returned from Lanett, Ala., where she was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. W. W. Wallis.

***

Wayne, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wayne Moore, of East Point, is confined to his room with mumps.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Lewman and little daughter, Idoline, will return today after a stay of six months in New York, and will open their home on Peachtree place. They have been greatly missed in society during their absence and will be cordially welcomed home by their many friends.

***

Mrs. Frank Hudson, of Jonesboro, spent Friday in East Point with friends.

***

Miss Annie Belle Callahan, who has been ill for the past week at the home of her parents in East Point, is better.

***

Miss Lucelle Shannon returns from Tifton this week, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Sam Lewis.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Crowley, of Macon; Mr. H. T. Lipscomb, of Greensboro, N. C., and Mr. Horace Lipscomb, of Waleska, Ga., who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lipscomb, in East Point, for several days, have returned.

***

Miss Osee Wills will return from Winder early this week.

***

Mr. M. O. Blackwell, of East Point, is visitnig relatives in New Orleans.

***

Misses Ruth Thompson, Helen Blackwell and Elizabeth Ramsey have returned to East Point after visiting Miss Sarah Hudson in Jonesboro.

***

Miss Floy Shannon will return to Sparta tomorrow.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

$3000.00 IN GOLD

OVER 2000 GOLD WATCHES AND 2000 CAMERAS TO BE GIVEN AWAY TO THE BOYS AND GIRLS. CONTEST STARTS TODAY, BUT NO ORDERS CAN BE TURNED IN BEFORE JANUARY 18TH.

PRIZES

1st	$500	IN GOLD
2d	400	IN GOLD
3rd	300	IN GOLD
4th	200	IN GOLD
5th	100	IN GOLD
6th to 10th	50	EACH IN GOLD
11th to 20th	25	EACH IN GOLD
21st to 70th	10	EACH IN GOLD
71st to 170th Inc	5	EACH IN GOLD

SPECIAL NOTICE

Any Boy or Girl who does not receive any of the money Prizes will receive their choice of a Sterling Silver or Gold Filled Watch Retail Value $5.00; or, Premoette Jr. No. 1 CAMERA Retail value the world over $5.00, Made by the Eastman Kodak Co. Provided that during the six weeks of the Contest your sales of Coffee —Amounts to $20.00 or More—

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST

This Contest will last six weeks, commencing Monday, January 18th and ending Saturday, February 27th, 1915.

Every Boy and Girl is eligible to compete.

The Money Prizes will be awarded to the Boy or Girl selling the greatest number of Pounds of Coffee, irrespective of price. If you sell a pound of 20c Coffee it will count as much as a pound of 35c.

Each and every Contestant must get a Solicitor's Order Blank and take individual orders which will be signed by the lady or gentleman who gives the order. These orders should be turned in at our store. Be sure your orders are always turned in at the same store, as a complete record of your sales will be kept there.

When the Coffee has been delivered and the money received, the number of pounds that are delivered will be placed to your credit and at the end of the Contest the Money Prizes will be awarded according to the number of pounds of Coffee sold by either Boys or Girls.

Solicitor's Blanks may be had at the stores, so you can start immediately to take your orders in advance, but these cannot be turned into our branches until the Contest starts, Monday, January 18th, 1915. On that date you should have many orders booked.

GET A SOLICITOR'S BLANK TODAY

MILK A & P, Van Camp's Pet Evaporated SPECIAL THIS WEEK, AT 7C A CAN

Our Cut-Price Leaders This Week

NOT-A-SEED—SEEDLESS RAISINS, pkg.	10c	A & P PURE FRUIT JAM, 2 jars	25c
SULTANA PEAS, can	12c		
IONA PEARS, No. 2 can	8c	TOILET PAPER— 7 rolls	25c
IONA PEARS, No. 3 can	12c		
SULTANA CORN, can	10c		
SULTANA TOMATOES, can	10c		

FINE ROASTED COFFEES

A GOOD DRINK, lb.	15c	A & P BLEND, lb.	28c
CHOICE BLEND, lb.	18c	SULTANA, lb.	30c
SANTOS, lb.	20c	EL RYAD, lb.	35c
IONA BLEND, lb.	25c	AMBOSA, lb.	32c

A & P SELF-RISING BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR 10c Pkg.

Bell Phones M. 2215-16-17 — Atl. Phone 462

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO. — THE LARGEST GROCERY HOUSE IN AMERICA — 4000 STORES

75 WHITEHALL STREET

QUAKER CORN FLAKES Pkg. 5c

Special Sale of All Our Winter Millinery

Austrian Velours, suitable for golf and misses' outing or sport hats; former values up to $8, for 50c

All untrimmed hats, former values up to $14, now for $1.00

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Beautiful ones of velvet and Panne velvet; $10 values, for . . . $3.00

Children's trimmed hats; formerly $5, for $1.00

Everything reduced to make space for our New January Millinery, which we are ready to show.

C. & C. Rosenbaum

Successors to Kutz

38 WHITEHALL STREET

REGENSTEIN'S REGENSTEIN'S

GREATER THAN EVER BEFORE OUR

January Clearance Sale

For Monday

DRESSES, SUITS, COATS, WAISTS, PETTICOATS

At One-Fourth, One-Third and One-Half of Original Prices and Values. Look at These Bargains Before you Buy. Sale Monday Morning

Women's and Misses' Dresses

DRESSES THAT WERE $12.50 to $25.00 — Now $7.50

Pretty Dresses for Street and Afternoon—Velvet, Crepe de Chine, Charmeuse, Serge and Combination Dresses, in blues, black, brown, green and white. All sizes. Former prices $12.50, $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00.

DRESSES THAT WERE $20.00 to $45.00 — Now $10.00

Stylish Dresses for All Occasions—Velvet, Crepe Meteor, Charmeuse and Combination Dresses. Black and all good colors. A few fine costume dresses in the lot. Former prices $20.00, $22.50, $25.00 and up to $45.00.

Very Fine Dresses at $15.00

Dresses That Were $30.00 to $60.00

A fine collection of Fine Dresses and Costumes—beautiful styles for street, afternoon and evening year. Black and all good shades—of Velvet, Chiffon, Crepe Meteors, Chiffon and Velvet and Velvet and Satin. Also a few very fine French Serges. Former prices $30.00, $35.00, $45.00, $50.00 and $60.00.

Women's and Misses' Suits

At $7.50 — VALUES UP TO $20.00

All-wool materials, in blues, black, brown and green. All sizes in the lot. Former prices $15.00, $17.50 and $20.00.

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Choice styles in short or long coats—broadcloth, serges and cheviots in black and colors. Former prices $20.00, $25.00 and $30.00.

At $15.00 — VALUES UP TO $35.00

Choice short and medium length coats. Several fine fur-trimmed styles in the lot. Also a few dressy suits. Black and colors. Former prices $25.00, $30.00 and $35.00.

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Also a few fine Dressy Blouses in light colors.

Silk Petticoats $1.95 — VALUES UP TO $5.50

A special lot of fine Petticoats—odds and ends—and small lots of all Crepe de Chine, all Silk Jersey, fine Messaline, and jersey-top messaline flounces in black and colors. Values to $5.50.

Coats $5.98 — VALUES UP TO $12.50

Coats $7.50 — VALUES UP TO $15.00

Coats $10.00 — VALUES UP TO $25.00

A Few Fine Fur Coats at Half Price and Less

ONE HUDSON SEAL LONG COAT WAS $90.00—NOW $39.50

ONE FULL LENGTH PONY COAT WAS $55.00—NOW $25.00

ONE LONG PONY COAT WAS $65.00—NOW $32.50

ONE THREE-QUARTER LENGTH PONY COAT WAS $45.00—NOW $22.50

ONE FINE PONY COAT WITH SKUNK COLLAR AND CUFFS—WAS $145.00, NOW $50.00

Forty Whitehall REGENSTEIN'S Forty Whitehall

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

State Editor: MRS. HARVIE JORDAN. 252 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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STATE PRESIDENT SENDS NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE

Should Make 1915 Busiest Year in Our History, Says Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

Dear Club Women of the Georgia Federation: At the beginning of this new year we look back upon the achievements of our federation with a feeling of deep satisfaction and heartfelt gratitude. Our success is the result of the loyal co-operation, good will and fellowship of our women.

Now my wish is that this same spirit of devotion to the public welfare that makes the individual important only as voicing the needs of the community may continue with us through all future time.

I am glad to announce that the new directory is in the hands of the publisher and will soon be ready for distribution. While this will not be a complete year book, you will find much of interest and importance in its pages. It has been made with a full list of counties in each district. District presidents are urged to study these closely and work for at least one club in each county before our convention in Savannah next October.

In making this directory, several interesting facts were noted. There are two new counties in the first district, Candler and Evans; one in the ninth, Barrow, and one in the eleventh, Bacon.

In answering a list of questions that I sent to every club president in the federation asking for names of officers and report of club work, 92 per cent of the clubs in the first district replied; 56 per cent in the second; 46 per cent in the third; 79 per cent in the fourth; 78 per cent in the fifth; 61 per cent in the sixth; 76 per cent in the seventh; 59 per cent in the eighth; 31 per cent in the ninth; 99 per cent in the tenth; 67 per cent in the eleventh; 49 per cent in the twelfth.

One county—Morgan, in the eighth district—has a federated woman's club in every town and village, also a model club in a distinctly rural community some distance from any town. Why cannot every county be similarly organized?

It was determined at the Albany convention that every club woman should render some kind of aid to the Belgian sufferers. A number of clubs have already sent contributions, but the dire necessity of these unfortunate people still calls for constant donations of clothing and food. I would beg those who have not helped to respond now by sending whatever they can to Dr. F. H. May, 14 Houston street, Atlanta, chairman in Georgia for the commission for relief in Belgium. Express company will carry all boxes free.

Now, at the beginning of the new year, let us determine to make this the busiest year in the history of our grand organization, one long to be remembered for the accomplishment of good deeds.

With love and best wishes to every member, I am, faithfully yours,

IDA H. FITZPATRICK,
President Georgia Federation Women's Clubs.

MOUNTAIN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION REPORTS

Mrs. E. W. La Zarus, President, Explains Purpose and Needs of the Organization.

Report of Mrs. E. W. La Zarus, president, Southern Mountain Educational association:

Southern Mountain Educational association. Co-workers, did you ever for a few minutes consider seriously for what purpose this association was organized? And have you sought information concerning its present work? Its purpose is to extend a helping hand to our mountain people.

Present work is maintaining the Mineral Bluff Industrial school for mountain girls; reaching after the ones whose minds have for generations gone untutored—left to drift or float, as it were; endeavoring to teach them self-reliance and self-development by skilful use of the oars of reason, thought and determination. Fortunate, indeed, are we in finding many fertile minds, and some as great heroines as Nancy Hart, who contributed to our revolutionary history. Also among these people are regiments of "Raccoon Roughs" as ever followed our gallant Gordon. Opportunity is the one and only word which spells their salvation, and upon their salvation depends to a significent degree the educational rating, power and influence of our southland. What can they contribute to civilization without education? The Southern Mountain Educational association is proud of the work it is doing in the Mineral Bluff Industrial school. We are accomplishing wonderful things in this institution. Its line of work means not only infinite present good, but generations to follow will reap the benefit of its training.

Sometimes a Heavy Burden.

Maintaining the Mineral Bluff Industrial school has sometimes proven a heavy burden. Expenses occasionally give us such a fright that I am reminded of the familiar story of the old darkey who went fishing on Sunday. Capturing a big turtle, he turned his face homeward, and was met by a ventriloquist who proceeded to have some fun with the old negro. Throwing his voice apparently into the mouth of the turtle, said: "Where are you going with me, old man?" The old negro stopped abruptly, rolled his eyes about, and looked down with suspicion upon "ce turtle. Finally, he reluctantly continued his journey. In louder tones the turtle said again: "Where are you going with me, old man?" This was too much for the old negro; he quaked with fear, and exclaimed hastily, "I ain't gwine no whars wid you." I'm gwine to drap you right now." So when our treasury gets low, expenses loom high, hard work doubles in, and long-face pessimists ask: "What are you going to do with that school?" I am almost frightened into exclaiming as the old darkey did: "I'm gwine to drap you right now." But thanks be praised, we are still carrying our God-given burden at an expense of nearly two hundred dollars per month ($2200), sowing good seed, and reaping a rich harvest. The more money we have, of course, greater the harvest.

Dear friends, many of you have girls. Then aren't you interested in these mountain girls? Girls who are striving to make something of their lives; longing to be fitted for the inevitable responsibilities of life, but hindered by circumstances for which they are not responsible, and over which they have no control? These girls are just like our girls, with one pathetic difference. Our girls become useful and purposeful through training and education, also fitted to meet the commercial activities which present day conditions are thrusting upon women. Mountain girls are unfitted to meet any conditions in life, calling for self-reliance and individual responsibility. Their lives are as purposeless as weeds—robbed of the joy of usefulness and influence. A lady said to me, "Why do you want to educate mountain girls?" I ask you, friends, why do we want to educate negroes, or anybody? Give the girls a chance; it means their emancipation. A recent visit to the Mineral Bluff Industrial school convinced me more thoroughly that money invested in these girls is a safe, sound investment. They are fast becoming awakened to the importance of knowing something and doing something. They cooked for me meals that were palatable; make their own clothing; do all of the work about the school in a most creditable way and in perfect joyousness, harmony and love. Had I not seen the improvement, hearing of it would have sounded incredible. We have installed waterworks in our building and the girls have become as regular bathers as you or I.

I doubt if there is another school in the state doing exactly the same kind of work, or work more needful than the Mineral Bluff Industrial school, with its limited finances. We are reaching a class of girls through scholarships, of which we had fifteen last year, who never would have been educated. They are the impoverished, typical log hut mountain girls, soaked in ignorance. Money spent on these young women will continue interest going down the ages in a racial uplift.

Prove Your Interest.

Now, friends, if you are interested in the well doing of these girls, prove it by continuing to help us in keeping this good work going on. Let every club give something toward this great home mission duty. With your continued financial assistance the Mineral Bluff school will grow in importance and usefulness, and many girls will rise up to call her blessed. We produced from our ground almost enough sweet and Irish potatoes to do us this year, also corn, turnips and tomatoes.

I seize this opportunity to thank clubs and individuals who assisted in maintaining the school last year. Under the head of the Daughters of the American Revolution comes the Augusta chapter, Atlanta chapter, John Houston chapter, Oglethorpe chapter, Piedmont Continental chapter, a scholarship.

Mrs. Sophia Foster, retiring state regent	$25.00
Third Ward Civic Improvement club, Atlanta	5.00
Inman Park Students' club, Atlanta	25.00
Inman Park Embroidery club, Atlanta	5.00
Inman Park Girls' club, Atlanta.	25.00
Educational Committee Atlanta Woman's club	15.00
College Park Woman's club, Atlanta	10.00
Association of Trained Nurses, Savannah	5.00
From the Shakesperean club, this year, Atlanta	1.00
Lithonia Needle Work club, Lithonia, Ga.	5.00

MRS. E. W. LA ZARUS,
President Southern Mountain Educational association.

Federation Peace Committee Report to State Convention

Following is the report of Miss Alice Baxter, chairman of peace committee, to the State Federation.

When the peace movement was presented to the Federation last winter it was next to impossible for club women to realize that the subject was one of direct concern to every individual town and state in America. The present European war shows us how we are bound to get in the bundle of life. Our sympathy full and tender goes to Europe in her present conflict.

Our commercial interdependence is clear to the south. Thus does the question of war and peace affect our material welfare. The evil of war is continually before us. We should try to help the cause of peace for further generations by influencing public opinion now against wholesale killing in the settlement of quarrels between nations. Reviewing the past season your chairman strove earnestly for your interest in the peace movement, as it was then presented to us by advocates of peace. This world problem has taken on great interest now, and you can do good by studying the problems of war and peace.

We had good programs last May on Peace day in more than one city or town, and we expressed ourselves in resolutions indorsing the president in the Mexican crisis at a time when such action meant taking a forward step. We have our central committee arranged as follows: Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb, chairman of prize essays colleges; Mrs. Howard McCall, chairman of public Peace day; Miss Carolyn Cobb, chairman of school programs.

Each district president by virtue of her office is a member of the peace committee, with the state president always a member.

Miss Carolyn Cobb is highly qualified as a professional dramatist to put on plays, give readings and make suggestions about programs. And you know well the splendid ability of the other two women on your peace committee, and I hope, indeed, that the subject may enlist your very strong interest.

Thoughts on Peace.

I add some thoughts on peace that have come to me at my request:

When we learn that the human race is an organism, each part existing for the good of the whole and the whole existing for the well-being of each part, then war shall cease. We shall then realize what St. Paul meant when he said, "If the foot shall serve because I am not the hand, I am not of the body." Is it not of the body? There should be no schism in the body, but the members should have the same care one for another.

Cordially yours,
MRS. LOTT WARREN.

Agitate the peace movement among women! Let the mothers teach "peace" to the little children, so that the coming generation of men may love peace because it is right. If this nation was trained for peace as earnestly and consistently as the European nations trained for war, there could be no war.

Cordially,
MRS. HARVIE JORDAN.

Of the twenty-seven clubs in the eighth district a number of them observed Peace day last May. The Athens Woman's club have quite an elaborate program. Our women in Madison had beautiful papers on the subject, one especially fine on what women can do to promote peace on earth.

The bloody war now going on is surely discouraging for this wonderful peace movement. It seems to me that the end can only be brought about through craft. Cordially,

MRS. W. A. SHEPPARD.

Two of our clubs have had splendid peace programs. West Point Women's club and Newnan Civic league. There is great interest in the movement throughout the fourth district.

MRS. MIKE POWELL,
Newnan, Ga.

It takes some time, as a usual thing, to get a new department going, but there is a fine chance now to push the peace movement whenever one sees the end of it. We had good exercises here on Sunday, October 4.

Cordially yours,
VIRGINIA B. IRBY,
Newnan, Ga.

We have had some good work in my district. Last week several of the advanced grades in our school had President Wilson's proclamation read and had short programs on peace. In November we will have a splendid talk on war and peace by Dr. Fletcher, D. D.

MRS. ROBERT DANIELS.
Griffin, Ga.

Our district has urged the study of the peace question. The Augusta Woman's club and the department of education will study and present to the club the peace movement at our November meeting, and will see to the celebration of Peace day in the schools. The eyes of the world are riveted on the horrors of war and its uselessness, and the study of peace and war will receive due attention hereafter. MRS. A. H. BRENNER.
Augusta, Ga.

Various clubs of the second district have observed the peace movement by having one afternoon during the season devoted to this subject. Of course, it is in the mind of us all now and much is being said and done by all live women, and I am sure peace will be the subject nearest and dearest to us all from now on. Cordially,

MRS. H. H. MERRY.
Pelham, Ga.

ALICE BAXTER, Chairman.

Government Asks Co-operation Of Federated Organizations

A national service has been asked by the United States government of the club women in the various states throughout the country.

This is the highest appreciation of the worth and dignity of organized womanhood.

Women's clubs are called upon to co-operate with the government in promoting public health by securing the enactment of measures and extending existing laws.

Second only to this honor is one that is close to our hearts—the appointment of Dr. Frances Bradley, of Atlanta, to represent the federal child bureau at the San Francisco exposition. Dr. Bradley is especially qualified, by education and experience, for this important post to which she has been assigned.

She will leave for California in January, going by way of the Panama canal. Before leaving she promises a message to the readers of our columns telling the nature and scope of her office.

The present administration of the public health department of the general federation is under the leadership of Mrs. Elmer Blair, of Albany, N. Y. The department membership is composed of sections covering child hygiene, Dr. Frances Bradley, chairman; social hygiene, Dr. Mary McEwen, chairman; anti-tuberculosis, Mrs. W. R. Garretson, chairman.

Seven representative women, including Dr. Carolyn Geisel, of Georgia and Michigan, compose the advisory board, and there are thirteen members of the department at large. Certain groups of states are assigned to the various members at large. To Mrs. H. P. Cole, Mobile, Ala., the states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia and South Carolina.

The members at large will establish close personal relations with the public health chairmen of the state federations, learning local conditions and imparting plans and policies of the national department.

Federal Child Bureau.

A bill to establish a children's bureau under the department of the interior was passed in 1912, and the president appointed as chief in this department Miss Julia Lathrop. The first time in the history of our government that a federal department has had a woman at its head.

Co-operating with Miss Lathrop, the chairman of child hygiene, Dr. Bradley has made efforts to arouse state federations to the importance of vital laws and their enforcement. Accurate registration of births and deaths is the essential basis for intelligent effort to conserve infant life, to secure the education of all children and to protect their working life and legal rights.

The federal child bureau stands ready to give any state, upon application, all information and literature necessary for co-operating in the child welfare work.

The exhibit in San Francisco will show the work done in this country as compared with progress made in others. New Zealand has probably the best enforced vital statistics law.

The department of child hygiene, under the direction of Dr. Bradley, will have as its object the report upon all matters pertaining to child life and especially to investigate the question of infant mortality, the birth rate, physical degeneracy, orphanage, juvenile delinquency, injurious occupations, accidents and diseases of children, legislation affecting children in the several state and such other facts as have a bearing upon the health, efficiency, character and training of children.

It is a great privilege to be a part of a great organization co-operating with our government to secure an adequate national health service, and it is a great honor to have a member of the Georgia federation our representative.

WOMAN'S CLUB GIVES LIBERALLY TO POOR

The Woman's club, one of the most energetic and patriotic organizations in Griffin, sent a check for $25 to the Salvation Army for the purpose of purchasing Christmas gifts for the poor.

The officer in charge of the army accepted the gift gladly and it will aid him greatly in his work of sending useful presents to the poor throughout the community.

There are many worthy, needy people in Griffin who would probably have had a sad Christmas had it not been for the charitable citizens.

CORRESPONDENT.

GEORGIA BRANCH
National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher Associations

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Eighth Vice President—Mrs. S. S. Brewer, Elberton, Ga.
Eleventh District—Mrs. C. B. Gowan, Brunswick, Ga.
Twelfth District—Mrs. D. E. Duggan, Cochran, Ga.

The work of the Parent-Teacher associations throughout the state of Georgia has been most gratifying during the past year. Not only in the larger cities, but in the smaller towns, and even in the country districts, the movement to interest mothers in the work of the teacher has been crowned with success. The result is that teachers in all schools are beginning to feel that the work of the schoolroom is more and more but an extension of the work of the home, and vice versa. This is one of the most important steps in education. Unless parents and teachers work in harmony, in intelligent understanding of the needs of the child and with unceasing effort for that child's best good, then education must always fall short of its intention, which is to prepare the child for life in the world.

Our president, Mrs. Payne, has traveled considerably in the interest of our parent-teacher work, and she has always been welcomed by educational boards, by individual teachers and by parents. In the city of Atlanta the majority of our best schools have active parent-teacher clubs, and these schools show marked benefits from the work of the mothers. Grounds have been improved, rooms beautified, sanitary conditions enforced and general betterment noted. New interests have been created, and it is safe to assert that the entire educational system of Georgia has been benefited by the intelligent interest of the parents in the work, the aims and the efforts of the teachers. We hope for even greater results in the year to come, and these results can only be secured by the instant affiliation of every mother with a child of school age with the nearest parent-teacher club that she can reach.

The New Year for Mothers.

There are many angles at which we view the new year, but each one is tinted with a rosy vision of hopefulness that things in the year to come may be better than any of us have had in the year which is past. When this vision carries with it a special message of hope for women and for mothers, it also carries a promise of improved conditions for children and for the race.

There is so much that women must learn, so much that can be acquired only by the concerted effort of all women banded together for the common good that the members of the Mothers' congress are most fortunate in being in touch with master minds of the world as directed toward the betterment of women.

We hear much of the "feminist movement," and there are many interpretations of the exact meaning of this term, but it is helpful to think that the mothers of the world who are seeking advanced methods of child-raising, modern habits of mind and body for themselves and better conditions for the home and the family, represent at least one part of the feminist movement and a part that must result in the very highest ideals of spiritual and mental development.

It is well, therefore, at this season of good resolutions for every woman and every mother in Georgia to determine to inform herself on all the subjects that must touch her own development; that she determine to watch her own health, to conserve her own nervous forces, to direct her household along lines of modern comfort and modern efficiency, and to so order her own life and the lives of those dearest to her that they shall bring to each individual the maximum amount of health, happiness and peace.

It Is Simple Enough.

This seems like a gigantic undertaking to plan for the new year, but as a matter of fact it is simple enough. There are many sources through which women may inform themselves as to efficiency in housekeeping; as to approved methods of child culture and as to careful management of sanitary conditions. No town is too small, no community too obscure to be reached by the omnipresent and beneficient touch of the mails, and our government has countless methods of helping our women. Be your problems what they may, whether of food, of health, of drainage, of disease, of gardening, or of civic welfare of any sort, it is more than likely that a line to your representative or your congressman at Washington will bring you the desired information.

But if this means should seem difficult, then the National Congress of Mothers stands ready to help the individual mother everywhere, at all times and on all subjects. Hence there is one blessing for which the women of Georgia may be grateful in the year just past, and to which they may also pledge themselves to use in the year to come, and that blessing is a membership in the greatest organized body of women in all the world—the Congress of Mothers—whose sole object is the help, the advancement and the development of women and of the race.

Ira Street Parent-Teacher Club.

The Parent-Teacher-Neighborhood club of Ira street school held its final meeting for the year on December 17. The feature of the meeting was a talk on hygiene by Dr. Theodore Toepel, the director of physical culture in the city schools. His lecture embraced the three important branches of exercise, recreation and diet. It was, in part, as follows:

"The value of exercise as a curative agent is becoming more and more to be recognized, in the hands of the layman, it is being exercised wrongly into a cure-all. Advertisements are appearing everywhere offering for ten, fifteen or perhaps twenty-five dollars to make you, by a few minutes' exercise in your own room daily, whatever you especially desire to be—beautiful, thin, stout, strong, graceful and vigorous.

"Are you too stout? Exercise will quickly reduce you. Are you too thin? Exercise will make you gain. Do you wish to remain just as you are? Again—exercise! Doctors are giving less and less drugs. Instead they are assisting nature to regain her lost poise by suggesting as to hygiene, proper exercise, rest and diet.

"The professions—all of which consume much energy—the teachers, the physicians, the artists, the writers, all these are using up much nervous energy without taking the means to rebuild it.

"The very improvements of modern life which we think save us so much and make life so easy are not really helpful to physical living, but quite the reverse. They tend constantly to concentrate, to lessen physical activity and increase mental strain.

"A lady is saved much trouble and fatigue by the telephone. Let us consider how she is saved. She goes to the phone and orders her day's supplies and is thus left free to engage instantly in some other mental effort. She is 'saved' from a refreshing walk in the air, when the ozone she breathes, the change of surroundings, the brisk muscular effort would all tend to restore her poise and relax tired nerves. She steps into her auto or it may be into a street car where the same air is breathed over and over all day long, and is whirled away to a crowded store, there to breathe again for hours, perhaps, an atmosphere that is depleted of all oxygen. Then she wonders why shopping makes her so tired! By these so-called improvements, she is 'saved' all physical exercise, all acquaintance with muscular effort and fresh air, and she is hurried from one mental activity to another.

"The business man has all these things to 'save' him, also. In the great competition of all lines of business, his activities are almost entirely mental at the cost of great nervous energy. He must meet and outdo the shrewd schemes of his competitors; his family must be comfortable, they must live as well, make as good a show as their neighbors. He does not realize that he is inviting an early death because of these demands he is making on his energy without any recuperative measures.

"The family physician is advising instead of medicine that the patient get out of doors, rest, play and sleep. There are many sanitariums where these are the only means of treatment.

"But we must not forget, in our zeal for exercise, that its complement, rest, is quite as important.

"Again, exercise, forced, taken mechanically and alone as a duty, is seldom beneficial. It should come in the form of recreation, with others to invigorate and refresh our minds as well as our bodies.

"In regard to diet, it is impossible to lay down any hard and fast rules. Each person must study himself and determine the kind, quantity best for his own individual needs. Good palatable, nourishing food that is good for a great majority of people may be wrong for some. Indeed, the keynote of all our efforts toward physical improvement is individuality. Each person is a law unto himself, and he must ascertain what this is for himself."

REPORT OF SEVENTH DISTRICT

There are now sixteen clubs in the seventh district, Austell Civic league, Cave Spring Woman's club and Music Lovers, of Rome, having joined us since our last report. This makes a working force of nearly a thousand women who have shown themselves especially interested in the subject of health during the past year. This works in so with civics that the two cannot be separated.

The sixth annual meeting was held with the Women's History club, of Kingston. It was largely attended, representatives from almost every club being present. Addresses were made on Health, by Dr. Francis Bradley; Peace, by Miss Bell Bayless; federation work, by Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson. These, with reports of clubs and chairmen, filled the time most pleasantly. Several new elected clubs also sent delegates and made good reports. The luncheon was a demonstration of what these ladies have learned of domestic science. The local paper printed a special edition for the meeting that was a nice compliment to the club women.

Most of the clubs in the seventh district are situated along the N., C. & St. L. railway, and to the fact that the superintendent, Major J. L. McCollum, is interested in civic improvement do the clubs owe their having parks for the ground on which they are made is railroad property, the use of which was granted by Major McCollum. His interest did not stop there, for he lent aid in labor, plants, fencing and money, and is always glad to see the bare spaces about the depots turned into flower beds or grass plats. As the railroad usually divides these towns, one can readily see how erstwhile unsightly places have become spots of beauty.

Financially, I believe the seventh has done as well as could be expected. Reports show treasuries in good condition. The Carrie Dyar Reading club, of Acworth, has made the last payment on its clubhouse, in which the free library is situated. The Cherokee club, of Cartersville, has taken up more park work. Kingston's History club has added more flower beds to its park, also adopted a fatherless child whom it is not only educating, but clothing. Calhoun, as usual, has a fine report to its credit, as has also the Woman's club, of Rome, which has departments to take care of every branch of club work. I noticed a fine conservation program it had this fall. Rockmart's "Tea Room" was a social and financial success which others plan to copy. At its urgent request, the annual meeting of the seventh district will be held there next spring. The Pine Grove girls will leave their mark, and the neighborhood will reap the harvest they are sowing. I have received your yearbook of these clubs, and they are most creditable; have helped me greatly in keeping in touch with the work.

The seventh district has chairmen to correspond with state chairmen, and as far as possible the work is done through them. They have greatly assisted me the past year, and I feel have broadened their own vision as to the work our federation is doing.

I cannot help but say how very proud I am of all these sixteen clubs, of the great good they have accomplished in the past, and that planned for the future. They labored well for the legislative bills fostered by our president, and will always be found working to further all branches of the work brought before them by our state federation. MRS. CLAUDE IRBY,
President.

EIGHTH DISTRICT REPORT

There are twenty-eight federated clubs in the eighth district. Four of these clubs, Bostwick, Godfrey, Bethany and Bishop, having joined the federation since the last state convention. The twenty-eight clubs in the district consist of twelve, eighty members. Every club is doing sanitary work, and interesting people in the importance of clean and sanitary buildings and premises. Domestic science is taught in many of our schools. A number of clubs are devoting several programs to the study of home economics. The canning club work is being successfully conducted in six counties in the district, and the club women co-operate most heartily with the superintendent and assist the girls in disposing of their canned goods. The district has given generously to Tallulah Falls and other federation schools, also to the Student Aid fund. Secured scholarships, worked for libraries, the general observation of peace and Arbor day, planting flowers and otherwise beautifying schoolgrounds and houses, and the placing of dinking fountains in same. A number of the clubs of this district are establishing well-appointed playgrounds and parks. The report of the Athens Woman's club is unusual. This club has handled this year, in cash, $2,681.47; in gift scholarships, $838.49; Ella F. White memorial, $117, making in all $3,486.96. It was the first gift of this club of $2,000 that made possible the beginning of the Crawford Long infirmary at the State university, Athens, Ga. The third district meeting was held at Lavonia, May 30. There the delegates were most delightfully entertained by the Woman's club. The reports were the most interesting feature. Our state president, Mrs. Fitzpatrick, was with us, and urged upon all the clubs the necessity of co-operation of the club women with the teachers of our rural schools, as a means of bettering our educational advantages and bring a better understanding of conditions before the public. The social features of the meeting were very elaborate and delightful, luncheon being served by the hostesses at 1:30 o'clock, and tea at 5 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. A. B. Vickery.

The Monroe Civic league has extended an invitation for the next district meeting, which will be held in the spring. This club is one of the oldest and most influential in the district, but only joined the federation one year ago. MRS. W. E. SHEPHERD,
President Eighth District Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs.

DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

State Editor—MISS RUBIE FELDER RAY, 84 West 14th St., Atlanta, Ga.
Assistant Editor—MRS. WALTER SCOTT WILSON, 221 E. Jones St., Savannah, Ga.
State Regent—MRS. T. C. PARKER, Macon, Ga. First State Vice Regent—MRS. A. O. HARPER, Athens, Ga. Second State Vice Regent—MRS. W. A. WINBURN, Savannah, Ga. State Recording Secretary—MRS. HOWARD M'CALL, Atlanta, Ga. State Corresponding Secretary—MRS. CHARLES C. HOLT, Macon, Ga. State Treasurer—MRS. WILLIAM M. BENTON, Augusta, Ga. State Historian—MRS. J. S. LOWERY, Dawson, Ga.

She Writes Interesting Book On Historic Wilkes County

Miss Ann M. Lane, of Washington, regent of the Kettle Creek chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, state chairman of committee on real daughters and a well known and gifted writer on historic subjects, is getting out a book which will be of great interest to the D. A. R. of Georgia. Through the inspiration of the state historian, Mrs. J. L. Lowry, the effort among the D. A. R., begun years ago, to have local histories written of all interesting cities and counties, has been revived, fresh interest has been created and much work along this line is now going forward. Miss Lane's book will be a valuable addition to historical books of Georgia, and will deal mainly with the historical old homes in and about Washington and Wilkes county.

No place is richer in historic data than Washington. It was the gateway through which came the early settlers from Virginia.

Some of the old homes, account of which will appear in Miss Lane's book, are still owned by descendants of the first proprietors. Some have been remodled, but they still contain the original "post-sawed" hewn timber, put together with long iron pins and taps, and the nails were wrought in the blacksmith shops. The old home of Timothy Matthews, near Holton, now owned by Mr. Bowman, is of this workmanship.

Among those having an interesting history is Heywood, the home of Judge Garnett Andrews, with its historic grove where Toombs and Stephens and Hill used to speak to great crowds from surrounding counties. This home is now the property of Mrs. Metta Andrews Green. The home of General Robert Toombs, owned by Colonel Frank H. Colley, whose wife is a niece of General Toombs. The old home of Albert Semmes, which is tragic in its history, and the pathetic story connected with its seclusion and suicide of young Semmes. The captain of the Alabama was of this stock. The old home is now owned by Colonel Pitner.

The old home of Merrell Price Callaway, now owned by Judge William Toombs, the original built many years ago, and the home of Miss Mollie Minton, the old maid who taught the bad boys and flogged them like a man who disdained "moral suasion" and honored the rod.

There is to appear also the history of the Alexander home with its historic poplar—the largest poplar in the state. One hundred and twenty-five years ago the first ministerial organization of a Presbyterian minister west of the Savannah river took place under this huge poplar. Rev. John Springer was ordained. He was an erudite man, for years a college professor in Virginia. Jesse Mercer, the founder of Mercer university, took lessons in Latin and Greek from Mr. Springer. His school was at Walnut Hill, 3 miles from Washington, and students gathered there from all parts of Georgia. In later years the Washington Female seminary was in the Alexander grove. The old Alexander home was of brick, the oldest brick dwelling house north of Augusta. The oldest of the dormitories at Athens was the only brick house older than the Alexander home. It was built in 1808 by P. H. Gilbert, grandfather of Adam Alexander. Mr. Gilbert was an educated Virginian.

Another home—that of Rev. Francis R. Goulding, author of "Young Marooners." The old Goulding home is in perfect state of preservation and is now owned by C. H. Smith. This same Goulding invented the first sewing machine. He was living in Darien in 1862 and when the federals burned the town Dr. Goulding lost his home and valuable library. He then moved to Macon and opened a select school for young ladies.

Miss Lane's book will have a sketch of the home of Dr. Thomas Holley Chivers. The holly tree which he planted over sixty years ago is one of the prettiest and largest of its kind. Dr. Chivers indulged in the poetic vein and he said Poe based his "Raven" on the doctor's poem, "Isadore." When Dr. Chivers met Poe in New York when he was editing The Broadway Journal, and Chivers submitted his volume of poems to Poe, concerning which Poe wrote an excellent review. The poem "Isadore" was written in 1839 and the "Raven" appeared in 1842. There is a sad note in all of Chivers' poems—as Poe so expressed it, "the air of rapt soliloquy." There is similarity in some of the two poems, and Poe probably caught his idea. It will interest the reader to compare "Isadore" and the "Raven."

A GEORGIA DAY APPEAL

My Dear Madam Regent: As the nearness of Georgia day approaches, we turn our thoughts to the observance of this patriotic anniversary as the perpetuation of Georgia history. Mrs. John M. Graham, as regent of the Joseph Habersham chapter, and Miss Nina Hornady, as chairman of Georgia committee, worked untiringly to have a bill passed making the 12th of February a memorial day for all of Georgia's great men and notable events in Georgia history. This bill was first introduced by Hon. Madison Bell in 1905, and again in 1907, but it was not passed until 1909, when Governor John M. Slaton, then president of the senate, at the request of the committee, reintroduced the bill, and it was one of the few general bills passed at that session. Thus the 12th of February became a legal holiday in Georgia, through the efforts of the D. A. R. of this state. The bill provides that "It shall be the duty of the state commissioners, through the county school commissioners, annually to cause teachers of the schools under their supervision to conduct on that day exercises in which the pupils shall take part—readings, recitations, addresses or in any other exercises, relative to this state, its history and the lives of distinguished Georgians."

As chairman of this commission, I beg your co-operation in promoting this law, by offering prizes in schools for compositions, or in other ways striving to increase interest. Cordially yours,

MRS W. H. LUCY DILLON DeVOE,
State Chairman Georgia Day Commission.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Attention of chapter regents and treasurers is called to the notice that the books of the state treasurer will close January 27. This is done in order that they be properly audited before conference.

Save your delegates and the credentials committee much time and confusion by having state dues and pledges in the hands of the treasurer before January 27.

MARTHA BROWN BENTON,
State Treasurer D. A. R.

BIG CHORUS SINGS AT TODAY'S CONCERT

Mrs. Elsas Will Also Be Heard at Auditorium This Afternoon.

Patrons of the better class of music will find much to interest them in the free weekly concert this afternoon at the auditorium-Armory. The program which has been outlined is undoubtedly one of the very best ever given in connection with these popular Sunday afternoon recitals.

The concert will be under the auspices of the Atlanta Music Festival association, of which Colonel William Lawson Peel is president. In addition to the regular organ recital by Dr. Edwin Arthur Kraft, city organist, there will be several solos and choral renditions by the festival chorus of 2000 voices. The chorus will sing several Christmas carols.

The soloist will be Mrs. Benjamin Elsas, soprano; Miss Eda E. Bartholomew, accompanist; George F. Linder, violinist, and Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., will act as accompanist to the festival chorus. A feature of the solos will be the rendition by Mrs. Elsas of "Ave Maria," with a violin obligato by the composer, Mr. Linder. The program for today's concert follows:

1. Prelude to "Die Meistersinger," Richard Wagner.
2. Scherzo, Gaston M. Dethier.
3. "Spring Time," Ralph Kinder.
4. "Ave Maria," Mrs. Elsas and Mr. Linder.
5. Overture to "Tannhauser," Richard Wagner.
6. Christmas Carols—"The First Noel," "Good King Wenceslas" and "Silent Night."
7. "Faithful Love" (Brahms), Mrs. Elsas.
8. "Ride of the Valkyries," Richard Wagner.

The Music Festival association announces that Atlantans anxious to become affiliated with the festival chorus may do so on Monday evening in Cable hall, at 7:30 o'clock. There will be no organ recital on Sunday, January 10, in view of the Anti-Saloon league conference at the Auditorium. On January 17 Dr. Kraft will be assisted by F. C. Bonawitz, baritone.

GENEALOGICAL

Conducted by Mrs. Walter Scott Wilson, No. 117 West Jones Street, Savannah, Ga.

Correspondents will please: 1. Write plainly, especially names. 2. Give dates or approximate dates, localities or clew to the state in which ancestors lived. 3. Write queries on separate slip from letter, or one side of paper, and inclose stamp for each query. 4. Give full name and address, which will not be published unless so desired.

DAY-KENDRICK.

who were the parents of Rebeckah Day, born about 1767, married John Kendrick in Richmond county in 1787. Their children were Sara, Adaline, John Day, Theodate, William O. and Sylvanus. Will be glad to correspond with anyone interested in tracing this line.

A. P. H.

MOORE.

George Walton Moore. Lived and died in Macon, Bibb county, Georgia, about year 1844.

SOLOMON WOOD.

who was a colonel in the revolutionary war and a general in war of 1812.

ALLEN.

I want to get in touch with descendants of Elizabeth J. Allen, 1826 living in Morgan county, whose first husband was named Head; her children were James Head, Sophia Allen (who married Jenkins), Patsey and Elizabeth Allen. The former married John Lewis and the latter White. Mary Allen had the following grandchildren: Sally, Lucy, Nancy, Patsey, Hetty, Mary, Thomas J. Allen and Eliza Allen. Any information about this family will be appreciated.

A. P. H.

HANNAH CLARKE CHAPTER ISSUES BOOK

The state editor recently received a copy of the year book of the Hannah Clarke chapter, D. A. R., of Quitman. This chapter each year gets out an attractive year book, and the book for 1914 and 1915 is fully up to the high standard they have set for themselves. The topics are on Georgia and Brooks county, and are arranged to cover all the meetings throughout the year, under the following headings: "Things Georgia Was First to Do," "Sketch of Capitals of Georgia," "Dead Towns of Georgia," "Georgia's Old Trails and Roads," "Old-Time School Books," "Old-field Schools," "My Favorite Teachers and Why," "Sketch of Villages and Towns of Brooks County," "First Churches and Cemeteries of the County," "Pioneer Settlers of Brooks County," "Sketch of Section Before Brooks County Was Formed," "Old Stage Roads in Brooks County," "Story of Bethesda." Especially good is the idea of having so many topics given to county history of which all should be familiar. There is also an exceptionally good program for Flag day.

Wanted.

For the shelves of the Emily H. Park

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BUILD NOW!

The Atlantan who spends money on old or new property now not only saves about 20 per cent in cost of construction, but gives employment when it is needed and helps set money in swift circulation to his own benefit.

That is the argument of the chamber of commerce in its "build now" campaign.

Experts have decided, after investigation, that in all probability construction will never again be as cheap by 20 per cent as it is at present. Materials are reasonable in price, and conditions are such that orders can be filled promptly.

There is an abundant supply of skilled labor on hand that needs employment. Every man given a job, from day laborer to brick mason, becomes a producer who sends money through every channel of trade.

The Atlantan, therefore, who builds or improves now, **not only saves money, but by helping himself helps others.**

The Constitution urges that all who have contemplated building study the facts and figures set forth, with proof, by the chamber of commerce.

BUILD NOW!

The arguments that apply to private building enterprises now apply with the same or greater force to public works of construction, of whatever nature, to any enterprise that involves the purchase of material and the employment of labor.

This principle is emphasized in a communication to The Constitution from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, published on this page, in which he says, "This is the time to spend—to spend wisely and humanely."

In every American city, notably in Atlanta, there are certain municipal improvements that must be made and the advantage of executing them now at a saving and with a lessening to the problem of unemployment is obvious.

In Atlanta municipal needs are more imperative than in many cities, because our mistaken policy of building only for a day has piled up arrearages. There is work to be done on streets. New buildings to be constructed. Many other projects which should have been materialized long ago now press for attention, and attention can be given them at a minimum cost.

Other cities, north and south, are pursuing the plan of putting in now the municipal construction that has long been postponed. Houston, Texas, practically in the same classification with Atlanta, is spending $3,000,000 in a lump sum in permanent improvements from a bond issue. Macon, Ga., not as large as Atlanta, is preparing to vote on a substantial bond issue for the same purpose. The tendency is widespread and increasing, and there is no time better than the present to encourage it.

The city of Chicago is lessening unemployment and taking advantage of the low price of material by keeping employees on various public works three or four months longer than usual. She is also doing extra park development work, extra street widening and extra school construction. This work was scheduled for next spring, but is being put under way now.

New York city is preparing to inaugurate a similar plan of extensive public improvements. Pittsburg is spending a large amount in public construction which had been set for a later date. Baltimore is pursuing a like course. Minneapolis is doing now new sewer and park improvement work which had been planned for the spring.

The municipality and the individual that builds or improves or rebuilds now is following a sound business maxim old as the hills, and that is—

Buying on a low market!

They are, also—

Providing employment where employment is needed!

They are, also—

Benefiting themselves doubly, since the money thus turned loose lubricates every channel of business and comes back to help the investor.

The Constitution strongly urges these facts upon every property-owner in Atlanta and upon Atlanta itself.

GO TO CHURCH TODAY.

Appropriately, this, the first Sunday of the New Year, is "Go to Church Sunday" throughout America. The Evangelical Ministers' Association of Atlanta has indorsed the national movement and its members will preach sermons fitting to the occasion.

The invitation goes out to men and women and children of all creeds and denominations and of no creeds and denominations.

The church-goer who is regular will need no urging. The church-goer who is infrequent will find something uniquely appealing in the movement. Those without the church habit at all can profit by allying themselves, if for one day only, with the uplifting and purifying influences that radiate from church and pulpit.

The churches of Atlanta are singularly fortunate in the possession of a brilliant ministry. Wherever you go today you will find a man with a message and it is a message that will be lasting in its beneficial effect even if this one Sunday is your only visit to a church for the whole year. Fate works in strange ways and God is fate. Your attendance upon church this morning may work a turning point in your own life and in the lives of those with whom you come in contact.

The New Year is a time for looking forward as well as backward, for taking spiritual as well as material stock, for adding to lives such influences as will not only ease life in the personal sense, but make for better citizenship. An excellent means to these various ends is to start the New Year by paying homage to religion. From such homage one will receive far more than he gives.

Go to church today!

MARKETS FOR LABOR.

At the conference for the consideration of unemployment, held in Philadelphia the other day, the suggestion was made that a national employment bureau would go a long way toward solving the difficulties of the situation in normal as well as abnormal times.

Unusual conditions of the past few months have caused the average man to forget that even in the most flush of times unemployment is a problem always with us. In some instances, it is due to lack of training; in others to lack of disposition; in the vast majority of cases to absolute lack of organization of the labor market, considering labor in its broadest sense.

By whatever term we define labor, whether or not a commodity, the same general rule applies to it as Adam Smith applied to trade: "The transportation of goods from places where they are plentiful to places where they are scarce." That law, which is axiomatic and immutable, has been consistently violated with regard to labor, because it was nobody's business to see that it was observed.

We have, therefore, had the spectacle of an abundance of labor in one section of the country and a famine of it elsewhere, with no apparent way to remedy the difficulty because of sheer lack of knowledge. We have had, too, individuals and small groups of individuals, tied up helpless and dependent in one community, while in some community a day's ride thence the demand was pressing.

A national bureau of information would mitigate this problem. It would weed out unscrupulous private employment agencies and keep exact data on display in different cities accessible both to employer and employee. In that the bureau would check an obvious economic waste and drain, congress might well give it consideration.

STUDENT LOAN FUNDS.

A vista of possibilities in the extension of the principle of self-help to boys anxious for a college education is opened up in a letter, published today, from George M. Scheer. Mr. Scheer describes the manner in which the modus operandi of the Joseph E. Brown loan fund, in force at the university, was converted into a students' co-operative loan fund and applied at the First District Agricultural School at Statesboro. The first harvest of the fund was the sending of four boys through the last spring term of the college. Each student who feels able contributes a nominal sum. The principal is then, as in the case of the Brown fund, kept intact. The income from the principal, as with the Brown fund, is loaned to help deserving boys through college. When these boys become self-supporting they return the loan, with interest.

Let us see how the system has worked with the Brown loan fund at the university. The fund was established in 1882. It originally was $50,000. Since then it has helped to educate more than 600 young men, many of whom have become prominent in the life of this and other states. The boys thus educated have religiously fulfilled their obligation to the fund, and returned the loan with interest. The result is that today the principal amounts to $160,000. Four boys were enabled to take advantage of the fund in 1882. Today forty-five boys are being helped to an education through its assistance. These phenomenal increases are easily explainable. As the interest on loans is returned to the intact principal, the latter expands. Like a snowball going down hill, the process at first is slow. It gathers speed. Finally, the increases become geometrical. In course of time, and not many years at that, the fund will amount to several hundred thousand dollars, and the interest will be expanding all the time.

The adaptation of the idea to the students' loan fund is an excellent plan. It is good not only for every branch of the state university, but for every educational institution. It lays a nominal, an almost imperceptible tax upon the contributor. The fund itself increases automatically. In course of years such plans, applied universally, and they should be, could be made the means of equipping for life hundreds of thousands of boys and girls, too, who otherwise would go with educational ambitions unfulfilled.

GEORGIA'S NAME NOT THERE.

The department of agriculture announces that the apple yield of the past year was the largest in the history of this country, estimated at 259,000,000 bushels.

The department gives a list of the states that contributed most prominently to this bumper crop, and it includes the southern states of North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee.

The name of the state of Georgia in no way figures in the report sent out by the Associated Press, when, so far as natural resources in the southern states go, it should head the list.

In the mountainous sections of this state there are conditions favorable to the production of a yield of the finest apples, sufficient in quantity to supply not alone Georgia but many other states as well. Georgia apples have frequently won over Washington apples at the National Apple Show at Spokane. At eastern shows they have made a display comparing favorably with those from any other state. We make no invidious criticisms, when we say that the Georgia apple has all the size, the color and the form of the Pacific slope apple, and possesses, in addition, a flavor which the latter lacks.

The year just ended brought a record yield of apples in north Georgia as well as in other parts of the country. And development in this direction is just beginning. In a few years the apple industry will be one of the best revenue producers of the state, or we mistake the energy of the leaders of action in north Georgia and the business acumen of the outside investor.

SO FAR A DRAW.

The beginning of 1915 cannot be said to have produced anything approaching a decisive result in the European war. The contending nations are still in the field, and the final verdict from the court of arms gives yet no indication of its exact nature.

While in the larger essentials the status may today be defined as a draw, accuracy compels the statement that there are several points distinctly in favor of the allies.

In the first place, the original German plan of crushing France, then turning on Russia before the latter could mobilize, has been defeated. The delay created by the heroic defense of the Belgians was one factor. The surprisingly quick mobilization of Russia another, and the necessity on part of Germany of diverting troops to protect her eastern frontier against the invading Muscovites a third. The role played by the handful of English in the great drama of checking the Germans and turning them back must not be forgotten. Had Germany not miscalculated, it is not unlikely that the war would even now have been ended, whether for better or worse is another question.

On sea the honors are about evenly divided, with the odds a shade in favor of Germany. The courage and enterprise of her marauding cruisers, far from their base and terrorizing allied commerce; the descent of the German fleet on the British coast, and the brilliant work of German submarines must be borne in mind. The English navy has thus far lived up to its traditions, but the British admiralty has shown a stiffness in resource and anticipation that is one of the surprises of the war.

The outcome, and the date at which it may be set, are matters sheerly for conjecture. Unbiased experts believe the allies eventually must win, since theirs is the advantage of weight of numbers and resources. The allies also control the seas, and Germany's claims as to her possession of provisions for a year's campaign are legitimately open to conjecture. It is within the possibilities, indeed within the probabilities, that the opening year will witness an end to the conflict. Practical as well as humanitarian reasons will strengthen hope to that end.

The submarine is doing its best to give ground for the belief that the bottom of the sea is paved with good battleship intentions.

No bells or whistles welcomed the New Year in Grouchtown, where the citizens adjourned to the cemetery to review the sorrows of the old departing.

SO-CALLED FASHIONABLE BOARDING SCHOOLS DISAPPEARING.

By Iama Dooly.

Rather sadly a lady announced to a group of her friends recently that four of the best known boarding schools in Washington city had closed; that another was to close early in January, and that a proportionate number had closed in New York city—all because times were hard and the amount of money required to send a young woman to one of these schools was more than many parents could afford.

Said one woman who heard the news: "That is the first good result I have heard of arising from the present wave of hard times traced directly to the war. I consider that many of the so-called boarding schools in the larger cities of the north and east are largely responsible for the laxity of manners which has made many an American girl a target for the severest criticisms. I hope that there will be a sort of educational revival that will bring the American girl back home for the directing during the last years of her school life, and some of the training which a young woman needs not merely to equip her for the drawing room in the narrow sense, but for social life in the broader sense."

No institution of American make has more deteriorated than a certain type of the so-called fashionable boarding school for girls which must be distinguished from the many good ones where women have to attain a standard of scholarship in order to remain, and the convents many young women attend during the school term lasting from September until June, cut off from social pastimes, not permitted to visit cabarets, restaurants, or tawdry places of amusement.

The failing boarding school which at one time maintained a standard of dignity and discipline will argue now that to meet the change of the times, curriculum, method and general atmosphere have had to change. That may be true, but it would destroy our faith in education as the carrying force of civilization if the girls' school failed to maintain the brightest standards, in order to meet the demands of the element of people who do not represent the highest ideals.

To the failure of the boarding schools may be traced a great deal of the satire heaped upon American social life—that satire finding expression in the favorite society drama in England. The theme has too often centered in the young American girl with her bad English, her bad voice and her bad manners.

The scion of the noble British family wishes to marry her, but is humiliated by her bad conduct, hesitates about the step he will take, until "pa"—generous "pa," called the "governor"—comes to save the situation and names the amount of the dowery.

Things Are Different Now.

These plays were overdrawn, but surely the product of many fashionable American boarding schools have warranted any amount of satire. The old custom of teaching the girls the arts of social life in directing their studies, their reading and their polite conversation, changed to subscriptions in the schools for regular evenings at the theater, the matinee and the movies. Every girl had her favorite actor or actress whose autographed pictures adorned her dressing table. She boasted of the methods of deceit practised by which she got out from the schools and chaperons, while an important compartment in many a vanity box was that for cigarettes. The tea dances in New York hotels last year had among their most fashionably gowned young women attendants, large groups of girls from boarding schools, who knew well the arts of rouging and other tricks of the limelight learned from their theater idols.

Is it remarkable, with the last three years at such finishing schools, young women have returned to their homes ready for their social introduction, not knowing the meaning of the legitimate drama or the glory of grand opera, but "crazy about vaudeville" and "rag-time music"? Is it surprising they openly apply rouge sticks to their lips in public, greet their men friends with a "Hello, there!" and threw their grandmothers into paroxysms of sighs with slang of the "sure Mike" type? What were their accomplishments?

One of them is the "broad a" misused; another is the temerity to wear what they pleased at any time; to wear street gowns to formal functions in the evening; to ignore entirely the conventions of seeing or speaking to older people, and to disguise any real training or knowledge they had.

Education and Society.

In fact, these boarding schools, despite the good colleges and convents and those few boarding schools which did maintain the conventional standards, had so far reached out and demoralized the standard of what a young woman's training should be, an American woman was recently quoted in a public print as saying that "education was not necessary in the social career of a young lady; that she often noticed young women having brilliant social careers were not at all well educated." This mother was measuring social life by the narrow confines of the small town in which she lived, and not by the world and what life may bring the young woman who is trained to meet it.

Though one must feel a sympathy for the promoters of many of these schools, who were answering the call of their patrons, it cannot but be the better for many a young woman that, instead of going off for her finishing touches this year, she is to be guided at home a little more and trained by the loving care of a mother and protecting care of a father, and that in the school nearer home.

Despite the standard entertained by the mother who did not think education was necessary, that is not the standard yet in the south, call it "old" or "new" as people choose. The art of entertaining for which the south has ever been famed has been due to its essential social leaders—the women of the south. They were and still are—the better element of them—the best educated and most cultured of women, and to them may still be entrusted the mother guidance that is necessary for the girl, and there are many school near home where she will not lose by studying.

There need be no tears shed, therefore, by the hard-luck story being told of all the "fashionable boarding schools" which have had to be closed. It would have been better for many a young American girl if many of them had closed before this period of world complexity.

A Poem With the Socks.

(From The Kansas City Star.)

All the women in Scotland are now knitting socks for the soldiers at the front. The author of the following poem knits socks and includes one of the poems with each pair. She is 75 years old. Her poem has become very popular all over Scotland. It reads:

Dear stranger frien', whae'er ye be,
That gets this pair o' socks frae me,
May they be neither big nor wee,
But fit ye fair,
An' should your puir feet comfy be,
I'll send ye mair.

Through war's alarms, bloodshed an' woe,
Frae shot an' shell an' treacherous foe,
An' cruel tortures, base an' low,
God keep ye free,
An' gird your airm tae strike a blow
For liberty.

It's comin' yet, you're dasin' fine
Tae bring aboot that glorious time,
Ye ken 'twas prophesied lang syne
That wars wad cease
An' men o' ever race an' clime
Wad live in peace.

Hoo favored we wi' sic a trust?
An' at them lad, it's no for lust,
But bring the oppressor tae the dust,
That he may see
Oor empire, true, humane and just,
Can never dee.

—(Mrs.) Jennie B. Malcolm.

Earth to Her Children

(As the New Year Dawns on the World-War.)

By FRANK L. STANTON.

I.

YE have darkened the brow of the skies that bend
Over you still, to Creation's end;
Ye have shattered the temples of Faith; and Doubt
Hath driven the sorrowing Angels out;—
Doubt that my awful Creator reigns
Over my blood-washed battle plains;
But though ye make my seas run red,—
My bosom a tomb for a world struck dead,
Ye are my children, and Love still lives,
Or smiles with the dying kiss it gives.

II.

YEA, though my pillars be rocked and riven
Till their thunder-fall is heard in Heaven,
And the blood that flows and the swords that gleam
Darken my bright Millennial dream;
Still on my sorrow of sea and sod
Falleth the light of the Living God.
And ye are His children, as ye are mine,
And Love on your foreheads hath set the sign
That never the shadow of Hate can hide,—
Sign of a Cross where a Christ hath died.

III.

PEACE to the anger that rends my breast!
Your bleeding swords have need of rest,
While Love descends on star-lit wings
From the heaven-high throne of the King of Kings.
Peace in the New Year light that seems
The shadow of an Angel's dreams.
Where the brute-wild battle-thunder raves
I need my flowers to hide my graves.
My famished children cry for bread;
My Winds wail anthems o'er my dead.
Must I bear to the Judgment this chastening rod
And fall in flame at the Feet of God?

* * * * *

YE are my children, of Love a part:
A weeping mother, with wounded heart,
Would lift her children to God's own light,
And shrive their souls, and kiss them white,
Till from sea beneath and heights above
Waves only that banner whose name is Love
Where the storms and strifes of the battle cease,
With God in the everlasting Peace.

Building Done Now Is Wise Investment, Gompers Tells Country

Editor Constitution: You are right!

Now is the time to build!

The currents of influence and the tides of opportunity in present-day business affairs are abnormal. The inexperienced and those who lack confidence become fearful and look about them for a "safe" course. But a "safe" course means contraction, displacement, depression—conditions which result in hard times. Business interests are bound together by delicate, cobweb-like threads of confidence which make of the whole a vigorous, vivifying thing that serves the daily needs of industry and commerce. Stop the movement in a single part and the threads of confidence are sundered—business reaction follows.

In these days of new and untried elements, complicating industrial affairs, labor protests against policies of false economy under consideration by certain municipal authorities and governmental officials; against unwise economy in withholding and postponing public contracts, curtailing plans for public works or improvements, or delaying for a future time necessary work that could and should be done now. Every economy of this nature means the breaking of more bounds of confidence, cumulative impetus given to unrest, industrial depression and unemployment.

Now is the time of all times when governmental representatives should continue and extend the necessary, beneficial work of the people, that the people themselves and the country may profit thereby. It is false and unwise economy and a lack of statesmanship to retrench public expenditures and improvements when such a course means suffering, misery, hunger.

Labor does not advocate extravagant, ill-considered use of public moneys, but insists that public funds shall not be hoarded at such a time as this, but spent in accord with good business sense. As President Wilson said in his last message, "It is not expenditure but extravagance we should fear being criticised for."

There is a time to save and a time to spend. This is the time to spend—to spend wisely as well as humanely. From all over this land of ours come reports of need. There are great numbers of unemployed, the unknown men and women in the bread lines of our cities. These people want work; they have hunted desperately for work, but work has been denied them. Through no fault of theirs, shall others be forced to turn, ashamed, beaten, to ask charity? If we value independent citizenship, we as a nation will denounce policies of false public economy in postponing to some future time work necessary to our country's progress, to our commerce and safety; work which can just as advantageously be done now; work which, if postponed, will take from men and women the means of earning a livelihood.

False Economy.

It is worse than false economy to waste the manhood and womanhood of our country in order to retrench economically and unwisely in public expenditures for necessary public work.

In former days, when financial crises came upon us, employers and captains of industry declared reductions in wages as their first step in economizing and the workers bore the consequent brunt of the hard times made harder. When the workers grew strong enough in economic organization they stood like free men, self-respecting citizens, and said, "We will accept no reductions in wages." And no reductions were made. Thus the workers put an end to one vicious industrial policy which had a cumulative force in bringing about disorganization of industry and consequent lower standards of living and of unemployment.

In the present stress of industrial affairs that affects the whole world-wide organization of commerce and industry the workers are threatened with stoppage of many industries and public improvements. Against that menace they will again stand in their might and say to the representatives who threaten their welfare, "We will hold you responsible for such false economy."

Everywhere excited individuals and certain interests are demanding millions for defense, millions for the army, millions for the navy. This hysterical flurry must not be allowed to override industrial statesmanship and permanent national welfare. On the other hand, we have municipal committees considering unemployment, civic organizations waiting upon municipal authorities to protest against stoppage of public improvements, the National Rivers and Harbors congress considering plans for improvements that will be of permanent commercial, and necessarily industrial, value to the nation, and yet considering the question of economy at this time.

As between the policy of retrenchment in public improvements and the policy of now spending the people's money for necessary public work, there can be no question but the latter is the wise course. Public works and improvements which can be well undertaken at the present time should not be delayed. Such a policy means work for those who are in need and would bring hope to discouraged hearts. Such a policy would infuse a new spirit of confidence into the industrial and financial world, and would do much to solve the serious problem of unemployment. SAMUEL GOMPERS,
President American Federation of Labor.

How Georgia Boys May Operate Students' Loan Fund

Editor Constitution: A students' loan fund, organized at the First District Agricultural School of Statesboro, Ga., becomes unique in view of the fact that it has a scholarship fund created by the students themselves.

The fund was the result of the efforts of three boys of the student body who were alive to the needs of their classmates and knew of worthy young men and women who were hungering for an education, but because of limited means could not grasp the opportunities offered by the above school.

The plan followed in making up this fund was the voluntary contribution by each student of a small stipulated amount, say a dollar. In this way no one person was heavily taxed, yet quite an appreciable sum was collected. All who were directly interested in any way in the organization of these scholarships were ruled ineligible as possible recipients of any benefits thereof.

When the money was collected, a committee, composed of students and members of the faculty, was appointed to name the winners of these scholarships.

The money was well placed and because of this fund four students were sent through the spring term of school. One boy was taken from the "flatwoods" of Liberty and is now one of the strongest students, morally and mentally, in the school. Because of this help he was able to help himself.

A great good and a greater problem would be more nearly solved if this plan were adopted at the University of Georgia. With its student body of nearly 700 men it is easy to see that with an annual contribution of a dollar per man much good may be done. The present loan fund at the university is far too small to meet the demands on it, and its need has never been so great before.

Professor Parks, of the university, before whom this plan was laid, suggests that the annual contributions be loaned to worthy students at a low rate of interest for three to five years. When this money is repaid it is to go into a permanent fund, which will then be invested and handled similarly to the Brown Memorial Fund.

Chancellor Barrow, prominent members of the Alumni association and members of the university faculty who have looked into this matter believe the plan a good one and see no reason why such a fund could not be organized at the university and thus solve the problem of many needy students.

Efforts are now being made to effect the adoption of such a plan at "Georgia."

GEO. M. SCHEER, '18.

This Week in the Playhouses



(1) May Herbert as Mrs. Garland in "To-Day," at the Atlanta, January 11, 12, 13. (2) Elsie and George St. Leon with "Polly of the Circus," at the Atlanta, January 4, 5 and 6. (3) Arthur Prince at the Forsyth.

"Bought and Paid For."

(At the Atlanta.)

"Bought and Paid For" will be the attraction at the Atlanta Saturday matinee and night. This play is a sensational drama which has been seen here one time. The Enid, Okla., Eagle has this to say of the performance there a few nights ago:

"'Bought and Paid For' is one of the strongest plays on the stage. It is the kind of a play patrons are willing to see a second time. Mr. Stout and Miss Wayne could not have appeared to better advantage than they did last night. A fairly large-sized audience witnessed the production. The extreme cold kept many persons away. The story is clean, forceful and full of heart interest.

"The story deals with the marriage of a wealthy man to a telephone operator. She is of humble origin and into her new life of luxury she lifts her sister and brother-in-law. In accepting the proposal of the millionaire she made no pretense of anything more than admiring and respecting her husband, but in two years this feeling develops into love, which battles with pride, when, in a moment of drunken debauch, he tells her he has bought and paid for her. In her resentment, she leaves her husband and goes to live with her sister and brother-in-law, whom her husband had elevated to prosperity, but her action in leaving her husband also reduces this pair to poverty again. The brother-in-law, a ne'er-do-well, driven to extremities by the loss of his comfortable salary, and knowing that the husband loves his wife, makes one of his characteristic blunders and thus brings them together again.

"The play was produced last night by a splendid interpreting company. Mr. Stout in his representation of a rich, generous, romantic and tipsy husband was one of the best characters ever seen here. His interpretation of his part was excellent throughout. Miss Wayne as his wife won the hearts of the audience by her presentation of the principal character in the play. She is young, pretty and an actress of much merit. Alfred Beaumont as Jimmy Gilly and Nellie Kennedy as his wife Fanny, gave excellent support and kept the audience convulsed with their fine interpretation of the characters of ne'er-do-well kin depending upon the goodness of the big-hearted railroad president for their own prosperity."

"Polly of the Circus."

(At the Atlanta.)

Miss Elsie St. Leon, as dainty as she is petite, is making her third tour in the title role of "Polly of the Circus." Her success in this role last season was country-wide, the reviewers heaping encomiums upon her for the daintiness of her interpretation. One southern reviewer was so smitten with the art of this lovable little woman that he sought an interview. When the interview reached the press room, however, it had been transformed into an eloquent and enthusiastic eulogy of the pretty and talented actress. The interviewer had discovered what all her intimates know—that Miss St Leon is a most interesting and attractive personality. Although her success in "Polly of the Circus" has been tremendous, she is not in the least affected, retaining the simple girlish ways that are irresistible. As everyone who has seen her knows, she is prettier than the proverbial picture and her personality, charming and magnetic from the start, grows steadily on the admirer. She is, quite naturally, proud and happy over her splendid success as an actress, but she is not of the kind that develop conceited whims and humors because she is the center of admiration. The naturalness and the girlishness of Miss St. Leon are largely responsible for the hold she has on the theater-going public. She is ardently devoted to her profession and she is a conscientious worker at all times, but she does not permit her stage popularity to interfere in the least with her womanliness or her personality. She wants to succeed and in striving to achieve the pinnacle she is choosing to remain her own delightful self in the face of many temptations that come to the actress who achieves more than ordinary popularity. "Polly of the Circus" with Miss St. Leon in the title role will be the attraction at the Atlanta Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday with popular price matinees Tuesday and Wednesday. Manager George is confident that patrons will be delighted with the performance in every particular. The circus features are announced to be better than ever before, including, as they do, George St. Leon, the famous bareback rider.

"To-Day."

(At the Atlanta.)

Woman's love of luxury and personal adornment and the craze for vulgar display and outdoing one's neighbors from the foundation upon which is built "To-Day," the vital and vivid drama of New York life by George Broadhurst and Abraham Schomer, which will open its engagement at the Atlanta January 11, 12 and 13.

"To-Day" has to do with the fortunes and misfortunes of a young married couple after the husband has suddenly been stripped of his possessions by business reverses. The wife's failure, or inability, to adapt herself to their reduced circumstances results in the development of a story that is best described as an intensely human document as true as it is human and one which commanded the attention and aroused the interest of hundreds of thousands of theatergoers during the long engagement on Broadway.

The company which Manager Harry von Tilzer has selected is one of superb strength, including George MacQuarrie, Helen McKeller, Helen Judson, Amelia Mayborn, May Herbert, Charles Greene, Jane Wallace and Frank Kimball.

"To-Day" comes here enjoying the enviable distinction of having been the drama longest on the boards in New York during the theatrical year 1913-14. It is not a white slave play, nor is it a "red light" drama, but it does discuss graphically and dramatically the feminine desire for finery and its acquisition and discloses in no uncertain way the dangers attendant thereto.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

One of the cleverest bills ever offered Atlanta vaudeville patrons will be put on at the Forsyth by Manager Hugh Cardoza for the week beginning Monday night.

Among the clever numbers is Harry Jolson, brother of Al Jolson, of the Winter Garden in New York, who presents a side-splitting comedy sketch as a black-face comedian. Jolson has had an unusually successful season thus far, and his appearance here is being eagerly awaited.

Paul Gordon and Ame Rica combine wonderful wheelmanship with their ability as singers, dancers, conversationalists and comedians. Their versatility has proven one of the hits of the season in the vaudeville world.

Ethel Kirk and Billy Fogarty will be heard in songs that are not only catchy, but positively new. They set a conversational pace that is hard to equal. A feature of this act is the exquisite costumes of Miss Kirk, who was in "The Heart Breakers" before going into vaudeville.

How his ability to sink his voice deep down in his epiglottis caused him to be passed over the German border by the Russian authorities will be told by Arthur Prince, of England, who has an international reputation as a ventriloquist.

LeRoy, Lytton & Co. will be seen in a funny sketch. The Trans-Atlantic Trio in a musical number and Eddie Howard, the "Crazy-Tumbling Clown," complete the bill.

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$500,000 ASKED FOR TWO NEW CITY PUMPS

Amount of Water Pumped Greatly Increased During the Past Year.

Half million dollars for two new pumps is asked by General Manager W. Zode Smith and the water commission in the annual report of the water department, which was completed Saturday.

Members of the commission realize that it is impossible to obtain the necessary money from the current revenue of the city, and look forward to a bond issue next year to supply the demand.

According to the report, there has been a big increase during the year in the amount of water pumped. The increase in consumption for 1914 over 1913 amounted to 370,144,109 gallons, or more than 1,000,000 a day. The total consumption for the year was 6,324,559,462 gallons.

The income of the department, not including the tremendous amount of water supplied to the various departments of the city free, was $508,643.47, a gai nof $23,868.54 for the year.

Twenty-three miles and 305 feet of water mains were laid. Of the small service pipe, 30 miles and 890 feet were laid.

There were 1,623 more connections made this year than last year.

The total number of services in use are 23,758.

ANNUAL MEETING OF HOME SOCIETY

The Children's Home society will hold its annual meeting at the Ansley hotel Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock. All members and officials are requested to be present, as there will be read the report of the state superintendent and the election of officers for the coming year held. The meeting will be held in parlors D, E and F of the hotel.

Had Lung Trouble and Expected to Die

The many recoveries brought about by Eckman's Alterative are attracting wide attention. Read about this case:

33 B St., Keyser, W. Va.

"Gentlemen—I was taken sick in November, 1908. I grew steadily worse. Had two consultations. The verdict was the fever had affected my lungs and that my case was hopeless; only gave me two months to live. My physician had tried most all kinds of treatment and none did me any good, so he asked my husband if he objected to him trying a proprietary medicine. I began your Alterative. I was in bed from November 30, 1908, until February 25, 1909, and was thought dying several times. Today I am healthier and stronger than ever." (Abbreviated.)

(Signed) MRS. H. K. BRILEY.

Eckman's Alterative is most efficacious in bronchial catarrh and severe throat and lung affections and upbuilding the system. Contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Accept no substitutes. Small size, $1; regular size, $2. Sold by leading druggists. Write for booklet of recoveries.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.
All Jacobs' Drug Stores in Atlanta.

To Name Successor.

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—The executive committee of Thomasville will meet in a few days to name a successor to the late A. Bennett, member of the aldermanic board of the city council. Mr. Bennett died a few days ago in Savannah as the result of a serious operation, and it is necessary that a successor to him be named as soon as possible.

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M'FARLAND TOURIST AGENCY
20 Walton Street Atlanta, Georgia

VETERAN DESIRES PROOF OF SERVICE

L. B. Dean, an old confederate veteran of Millport, Lamar county, Alabama, desires to obtain a pension and would like to communicate with any old soldiers who can vouch for him.

Mr. Dean states that he is 77 years old and joined the confederate army from Elmore county. He was assigned to company C of the Thirteenth Alabama regiment. He was shot through the body during the second day's fighting around Richmond, Va. Mr. Dean desires to hear from any old comrade who can vouch for his enlistment and service in the army.

SPECIAL REDUCTION SALE OF FINE SUITS and OVERCOATS

$18.00 Values	$13.50
20.00 Values	15.00
22.50 Values	16.90
25.00 Values	18.75
30.00 Values	22.50
35.00 Values	26.25
40.00 Values	30.00
45.00 Values	33.75

Odd Trousers

$5.00 Values	$3.75
6.00 Values	4.50
6.50 Values	4.90
7.00 Values	5.25
7.50 Values	5.65
8.00 Values	6.00

Balmacaans

All $18.00, $20.00 and $22.50 Balmacaans, $12.50.

All $25.00, $27.50 and $30.00 Balmacaans, $16.50.

Fancy Vests

$3.50 Values	$2.50
4.00 Values	2.75
5.00 Values	3.50
6.00 Values	4.50
6.50 Values	4.75
8.50 Values	6.00

Good Reduction on Men's and Boys' Shoes

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick COMPANY
37-39 Peachtree Atlanta, Ga.

SAN FRANCISCO EXPO. OPENS BUREAU HERE

Atlanta has been recognized by President Charles C. Moore and the board of directors of the Panama-Pacific International exposition as the touring center of the southeast by the official appointment of the McFarland tourist agency as the tour agents for the exposition in 1915.

This appointment will enable the public to secure authentic and specific information regarding hotels, side trips, transportation, Pullmans, where to stop, what to see, costs, making reservations in advance, etc. In fact, the exposition officials, through their agents here, fully offer their services to those contemplating this trip.

An information bureau has been opened at 20 Walton street, Grant building, where handsomely illustrated literature will be furnished.

Buying Auto Licenses.

The automobile owners of Georgia are rapidly complying with the state automobile license law. The office of secretary of state has been crowded for the last week with car owners who are seeking their licenses for the year of 1915.

AUCTION SALE!

UNCLAIMED FREIGHT

GEORGIA RAILROAD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW, AT 9 O'CLOCK ON

Tuesday Morning, January 26, 1915

At the local freight station of the above mentioned line (fourth floor), located at the corner of Central Ave. and Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga., I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay freight, storage and other charges, 241 packages, more or less, unclaimed and refused freight and baggage.

M. J. BRADLEY, Agent, Unclaimed Warehouse.

ATLANTA MATINEES Tues. and Wed. At Popular Prices

MONDAY, TUESDAY, AND WEDNESDAY

Annual Tour of the Popular Play

POLLY OF THE CIRCUS

WITH ELSIE ST. LEON As POLLY

A Real Circus on the Stage

Special Prices for the Matinees Tuesday and Wednesday: Lower Floor, Adults, 50c and 75c; Children, 50c. Balcony, Adults, 50c; Children, 25c. All Reserved. Night Prices, 25c to $1.50.

Saturday

The Sensational Drama

Bought and Paid For

By George Broadhurst

A Thrilling Play by a Capable Company

SPECIAL PRICES: Matinee, 25c and 50c; Nights, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

NOTICE

I cheerfully announce the return of that great play, "TO-DAY," to the Atlanta Theater on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, January 11, 12, 13. Ladies' Matinee Wednesday.

HOMER C. GEORGE, Manager.

ATLANTA'S BUSIEST AND MOST POPULAR THEATER

FORSYTH ENTIRE WEEK JANUARY 4th DAILY MATINEE AND NIGHT

First Atlanta Appearance Vaudeville's Highest Salaried Man

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Next Week **CLAIRE ROCHESTER** The Atlanta Girl

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THE CONSTITUTION'S MOVING PICTURE PAGE

FIFTH INSTALLMENT OF "THE MASTER KEY" FULL OF INTEREST

Each Succeeding Reel Gains in Dramatic Intensity and Thrilling Escapades.

In the fifth installment of John Fleming Wilson's dramatic photoplay of love and adventure, "The Master Key," presented tomorrow at the Savoy and Alpha, the action of the drama is transfered to San Francisco. The gay hotel life of the far western metropolis figures in the latest episode of the serial, while a visit to Chinatown gives one a glimpse into the Oriental colony which has grown up in the coast city since the memorable fire of 1906.

The catastrophe which eight years ago laid waste the metropolis of the Pacific coast bared dozens of long tunnels leading from one dive to another in the old Chinatown. These tunnels served to recall the many mysterious "disappearances" and murders which had taken place in years past in the yellow light district.

It is now reported that the Chinese, who have reconstructed their resorts since the quake, have again built similar underground tunnels to facilitate their escape in case of pursuit by the police. It is in one of these resorts, well known now to the San Francisco police, that the concluding phase of the fifth episode of "The Master Key" is laid.

Mr. Wilson, the author of "The Master Key," has surpassed himself in the dramatic construction of the Universal serial photoplay. His admirers, who have read "The Land Claimers," "The Man Who Came Back," "Across the Latitude" and "Princess of Sorry Valley," are unanimous in their opinion that "The Master Key," for virile, dramatic value far surpasses his previous works.

The Universal has given Mr. Wilson carte blanche in the construction of his drama. No matter what feat the scenario calls for, the Universal is prepared to fulfill the demands of the author. True, the ingenuity of the company's Pacific coast directors and actors is being taxed to the utmost in the staging of sensational feats never tried before, but to the bright lexicon of the Universal there is no such phrase as "it can't be done."

"Stop Thief."

It is officially announced that the week starting Monday, February 8, has been set as the release date for George Kleine's five-part comedy, "Stop Thief." This production will be the second of Kleine American-made attractions and features several well-known Broadway thespians, including Mary Ryan and Harry Mestayer. Miss Ryan, who is now playing the lead in the latest Broadway hit, "On Trial," at the Candler theater, New York, is handling the role of the maid, her original creation. Harry Mestayer, now playing the lead in "On Trial" at Cohan's Grand opera house, Chicago, who played the thief in the original stage production, will be seen in his familiar part in the film version. "Stop Thief" is from the play by Carlyle Moore and, under the Cohan & Harris management, proved one of the most successful farces of recent years.

The Montgomery Secures Hearst-Selig War Films

Special Production in Five Reels—Also "The Pit," to Be Shown This Week.

In these days of war talk and an unprecedented activity on the part of motion picture manufacturers, who endeavor to present the news features of the world in films, a most unusual production has been released through the General Film company, by the Selig Polyscope company, and will be presented at the Montgomery Monday and Tuesday, January 4 and 5.

It is entitled "A History of the World's Greatest War Told in Five Reels of Motion Pictures."

Although coming from the same source as the Hearst-Selig news pictorial, this five-reel special production is not to be identified with the twice-a-week Hearst-Selig news pictorial service.

The five reels are of particular interest and show actual battle scenes with shot and shell, and all the carnage of war. These pictures were taken by Selig camera men, assisted by newspaper correspondents who worked together to obtain them. These intrepid news-picture gatherers photographed the scenes from dangerous positions, along the battle lines of Belgium, East Prussia and other places. Many of the scenes were photographed in the fighting trenches with the allies and with the Germans.

Taking this great five-reel war picture in its entirety, it illustrates the intrepidity and fearlessness of the men who have produced these most remarkable results in order to show motion picture theater patrons just what real war is like.

Scores of scenes were eliminated from the pictures when finally released owing to their gruesome character. There were hundreds of feet of film showing the dead and dying, which were realistically horrible, but these were cut out in order to avoid appealing to the morbid sensitiveness of the public. Enough of the horrors remain to give examples of the terrible ferocity of the opposing forces and the frightful results.

While there have been other releases of pictures said to have been taken on European battlefields, the Selig publicity department declares that this one is the only authentic and genuine picture actually taken on the European battlefields while the fighting was going on.

On Wednesday and Thursday the management will present Wilton Lackaye in "The Pit," supported by Gail Kane and Milton Sills. The Moving Picture World comments upon this picture as follows:

"It is a big production—a good one. It is elaborately staged, well directed and finely played. In the cast is abundant leading material for several pictures. There are Wilton Lackaye, Gail Kane, Alec B. Francis, Milton Sills, Julia Stuart and Chester Barnett among others. There are two interiors of pictorial and spectacular value uncommon even in these days of big productions. These are the scenes of the opera house and of the operators in the pit of the Chicago Board of Trade.

"The story is well and convincingly told. The interest is cumulative. Mr. Lackaye has the role of Jadwin, the speculator. Miss Gail plays the wife. Mr. Sills is the former lover. The work of each is just what we would expect. Mr. Sills plays the villain without being villainous. There are no tempestuous love scenes leading up to the proposed elopement. It is done in cold blood—each with a full understanding of the gravity of the proposed step. But this is only an incident in a story of a business battle, for the relation of which all tracks are cleared—with the exception of perhaps one other, that of a subsidiary theme, which is lost.

"Mr. Francis is the broker who induces Jadwin to join him in a big clean-up. Chester Barnett is his clerk. These, with Miss Stuart, are among the better known of the screen players in the cast; their work is of their best."

ALICE JOYCE MONDAY AT THE ALAMO NO. 2

A special two-part drama, with Alice Joyce, the popular Kalem actress, in the leading part, is the bill for Monday at Alamo No. 2.

Meeting Ruth Adams, daughter of a millionaire, on an ocean liner, Lockwood, a professional gambler, falls in love with her. He finds a rival in Count Dupont, a fortune hunter. The latter informs Ruth and her father as to Lockwood's profession. When the gambler calls upon Ruth at her home, he is requested to leave. Ruth and Dupont are married. A few days after the wedding, the girl's father is ruined. Lockwood chances to see Dupont when the news is broken to the nobleman. The man's attitude causes the gambler to fear for Ruth's safety. When the Dupoints sail for abroad, Lockwood follows.

A collision sends the liner to the bottom, Ruth, her husband and the gambler being the sole survivors. The three are washed ashore on an island. In the months which follow, Ruth comes to find Lockwood gentle and courageous. Dupont, on the other hand, is a monument of selfishness. Lockwood constructs a raft just big enough to carry two. Weary of her husband's brutality, Ruth consents to leave the island with the gambler. Dupont, attempting to board the raft, is knocked unconscious.

As Lockwood paddles out to sea, a bundle falls from Ruth's hands and opens. A tiny garment made by Ruth during her stay on the island informs the gambler that it is Dupont who should have the chances of being rescued with Ruth. The man paddles back to shore. The realization of his own unworthiness is forced upon Dupont for the first time, when he learns Lockwood's reason for returning. He vows to turn over a new leaf. Heartbroken, the gambler watches the tiny craft until it disappears from view.

On Tuesday Alamo No. 2 will present a three-part Vitagraph Broadway star feature entitled "Two Women." It is a powerful drama of life and has a strong cast, which includes Earle Williams, Anita Stewart and Julia Swayne Gordon.

"King Baggot."

King Baggot's versatility as a screen actor is once more evidenced by his work in "The Five-Pound Note," a two reel Universal-Imp, directed by George Lessey. King is a British aristocrat who has never done a day's work in his life. He falls in love with an English coster girl, and during the action he is forced to disguise himself as a costermonger, peddling vegetables in the Whitechapel district of London. The metamorphosis is accomplished so well as to deceive even his friends.

H. E. STAHLER



Mr. Stahler, who recently was appointed manager for this territory for the World Film corporation, is very well known throughout the south, and has spent a great deal of time in this section of the country, although he is originally from New York. He was formerly manager in this city for the Warner Film company, and was also located for some time at Dallas, Texas. He will direct all of the affairs for the World Film corporation in this territory, and in so doing he will be benefited by many years of experience in the motion picture business.

While speaking of the wonderful growth of the motion picture industry and especially the features, Mr. Stahler stated that he was actually amazed upon his return to this city to find what a vast interest was being taken by the people here in the big features which are being produced by his company and others producing the same class of pictures. Every day finds inquiries coming to him from all over the south regarding the big features. At times the demands are so great that nearly every film at his command is out of the office and being shown somewhere in the territory. Particularly does this apply to The Pit, which has just been released the past week, and will be shown at the Montgomery next Wednesday and Thursday. Also Beatriz Michelena, in the great stage success, "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," and Clara Kimball Young, in the big Liebler feature, "The Deep Purple," by Paul Armstrong and Wilson Mizner, both of which will shortly be released.

ATLANTA FILM MAN JOINS ENGLISH ARMY

The great battle lines so tightly drawn in the Old World will continue to call upon the subjects of the respective countries now engaged in this deadly combat, and their "call to arms" was particularly and vividly illustrated last week in Atlanta when the ranks of the Motion Picture Trades club were depleted owing to the hurried withdrawal from peaceful business pursuits in southern territory of William F. Clarke, manager of the Anima Photoplay library, who is hurrying to England's shores, there to resume his captain's commission in one of his majesty's regiments of dare-devils, who passed through the Boer war and other scrimmages and emerged with high honors even though it was necessary to leave behind on the field of glory over half their pals that they started out with.

Mr. Clarke, although an Englishman by birth, has roamed the world over and occupied prominent positions in the civic and commercial bodies of many prominent cities, his last affiliation being with the house of Pathe, in Johannesburg, South Africa, and it will likely be the irony of fate that as his armored cruiser steams away outside the three-mile limits of New York harbor, Pathe's Weekly, the up-to-the-minute silent screen news periodical, will minutely follow its course sufficiently long to secure an animated pictorial of his parting from these shores and will recall to him vividly his own distribution to theaters of this favorite screen film in far-off Africa several years ago, and were it possible for the camera men to follow his individual footsteps after landing on his shores at home, it is highly probable that wherever he is assigned with his loyal body of units in the great fighting machine that England stands possessed of, Captain Clarke would be found in the foreground ready and willing to assume any dangerous position to gain a point of vantage for the country he loves.

Mr. Clarke has, by a kind and generous bearing that is second nature to him, won for himself a warm spot in the affections of all those with whom he associated, and many hearts will silently voice a prayer to Him to who is the Great Commander-in-Chief of all nations that He will return him safely to those he was forced to leave behind.

New Detective Stories.

Raymond K. Schrock, of the Eastern Universal scenario staff, is working on a new series of detective stories, title, "The Strange Exploits of Xavier Queer." The first exploit is "The Mystery of the Man Who Slept," to be followed by "The Jade Diadem." Ben Wilson will play the role of Xavier Queer. The series promises to be something new in photo-play detective stories. The chief character is human, and his solving of the many mysteries is accomplished not by supernatural deduction, etc., but by methods actually employed in life.

"Should a Woman Divorce?" Sensation in New York

A Spectacular Photo-Play Touching Big Problem Is Booked by Grand for This Week.

The management of the Grand theater has booked a motion picture attraction for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week which is conceded to be one of the most sensational and spectacular films ever shown in this country touching a big problem.

"Should a Woman Divorce?" is the title of the film. There is much interest apparent in this picture in view of the publicity which the eternal question, "Should a Woman Divorce?" has received in Atlanta in the last ten days. It is a topic that nearly everyone is talking about, and the production is one that nearly every person, especially every woman, will want to see.

The picture is replete with interesting situations, among which is a spectacular cabaret scene, where the wife exposes the dual life of the husband, who is located dining with two strange women. His loose morals and then his exposure in the cabaret cap the climax, and the wife, determined that there shall be no more of that sort of thing, does the worst thing possible in the circumstances—elopes with her childhood sweetheart.

Possibly her youth and inexperience might excuse her in the minds of many persons, but there are others who will apparently take the stand that no matter how strong the persecution by her husband, she should have put up with it for the sake of her child. But that's a matter that can be decided only when one sees the entire film and takes into consideration the attending circumstances.

"Should a Woman Divorce?" is showing at Weber's theater, in New York, at 25 to 75 cents each night. It is creating a big furore there, and the "standing-room-only" sign goes out in front of the house each night. At the Grand patrons of the motion picture drama get the same films at Grand prices—5 cents for all seats at the matinees, and 10 cents in the evenings.

ANSWERS TO MOVIE FANS

Owing to the number of queries received and the somewhat limited space allowed for answers, it is not always possible to print information as rapidly as the writers desire it, as the letters must be answered in turn. All, however, receive careful attention.

Address all queries to Moving Picture Editor.

Questions considered as ridiculous will not be answered.

Questions regarding relationship will be answered to the best of our knowledge, but we are not responsible if mistakes are made.

Constant Reader: No, J. Warren Kerrigan is not married. How do I know? A friend of his told a friend of mine and I got it that way.

J. J. S.: The Million Dollar Mystery has not yet appeared in book form. It was written by Harold McGrath, and produced by the Thanhouser Co.

Nell: James Morrison is with the Vitagraph company. He is 26 years old and not married.

J. L. H.: Charley Chaplin is now with the Essanay company. He will take up his work at once and will soon be seen on the Essanay screen.

School Girl: Grace Cunard and Francis Ford are not married. Write Pearl White, care of the Pathe company, 1 Congress street, Jersey City Heights, Jersey City, N. J.

Ella W.: Thomas Santschi was recently sued for divorce. Warren Kerrigan has a number of brothers. He is not married.

J. L. R.: Robert Leonard takes the lead in "The Master Key," and Ella Hall plays the opposite part. It is in fifteen installments. The story appears every Sunday in another part of this paper and can be seen every Monday at the Savoy and Alpha.

John W.: Mary Pickford pictures are released by the Paramount Pictures company. Yes, she is married. Owen Moore is her husband.

Helen.: I do not know the name of Carlyle Blackwell's wife, but think that she is a non-professional.

Louise: Anna Little is not married. The Thanhouser kidlet belongs to James Cruse and Marguerite Snow. Winnifred Greenwood is not married. Don't worry, I never tire answering questions and hope the "Maybe" you mention comes true. Write again.

BIG SERIAL, "ZUDORA," GROWS IN INTEREST

Many additions and improvements have been made in the production of "Zudora," the great Thanhouser mystery serial, and a decided improvement has been made to the already famous screen serial.

The Thanhouser "kidlet" has been added, which will appeal to all who have seen this clever child actor.

The Strand has first choice on the entire output of the Mutual Film corporation, which means a great deal to the movie fans of Atlanta. These pictures are the best to be had, and from the increase in patronage, they are what the people want.

A complete change of program daily has been inaugurated by the new management, so there will be no repeaters. Something new every day in the week, and the best to be had.

Mary Fuller.

At the Motion Picture Exhibitors' ball, held several days ago in the Grand Central Palace, New York, Mary Fuller, Eastern Universal star, donated a beautiful crayon picture of herself in an artistic pose, size 30 inches by 30 inches, which was raffled off and the proceeds donated to the New York school children's penny lunch fund. Approximately $100 was realized from the raffle. The picture was won by a Universal exhibitor in Brooklyn. He will frame the picture and put it out in front of his theater.

DOUBLE BILL MONDAY AT ALPHA THEATER

Mary Fuller in "Virtuoso," and Also "The Master Key," to Be Presented.

The double bill given at the Alpha on last Monday was such a success that Manager Al Fowler has arranged for another similar bill for tomorrow. In addition to presenting the fifth installment of the thrilling serial, "The Master Key," he has secured for his patrons Mary Fuller and Charles Ogle, in a serial comedy entitled "Virtuoso." The story tells of the trials of an earnest young music student and the daily tragic experiences of an unprotected booking agent.

The manager is looking for a man to play the lead in one of his productions. He is pestered by all sorts of types: song and dance men, an old opera singer, an old tragedian, who still thinks he can play a juvenile; the manager is almost mad with the pests. There comes into his office a beautiful girl with her violin; he would drive her out as he has the others, but she will not go; instead she plays to him.

He is enchanted by the music; they fade from the office into a wonderful glade; he is sleeping at the base of a great oak tree. Suddenly the tree opens and out dances a nymph; she inhales the fresh air, dusts off the flowers, plays with the rabbits, awakens the sleeping knight, then runs away. With Sir Knight in pursuit across the fields and dale, up deep slopes, she romps with him in hot chase. Then back to the office. She finishes her selection; he falls to his knees enchanted.

The story ends by the manager offering his heart, his hand and everything he possesses to this beautiful young musician.

Reeves and Doyle.

Al Reeves and William Doyle, the famous burlesque comedians, are now being directed in a Universal comedy by Director Hamburger. Closest secrecy is maintained concerning the idea, but Director Hamburger promises something that will be a riot. Reeves' and Doyle's reputations as burlesque artists are enough to assure the "photo-play phans" that the picture will be something worth while.

The Alpha

DOUBLE BILL TOMORROW (Monday)

(Episode Five)

THE MASTER KEY

The Great Universal Serial With Robert Leonard and Ella Hall

AND

"VIRTUOSO" SERIO COMEDY

With Mary Fuller and Chas. Ogle in Leading Parts

5c-ALWAYS-5c

"SHOULD A WOMAN DIVORCE?"

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION

Mon., Tues., Wed.

Continuous Noon Till 11 p. m.

THE GRAND

Matinee 5c

Night 10c

Note.—"Should a Woman Divorce?" is now playing at Weber's Theater, New York, at 25c, 50c and 75c admission. You see the same show at the Grand for 5c and 10c.

THE MONTGOMERY

MONDAY and TUESDAY, JANUARY 4 and 5,

The Selig Polyscope Company Present

"The World's Greatest War"

In Five Reels of Motion Pictures

A tremendously thrilling, vividly sensational and entirely authentic history of the gigantic war now raging in Europe.

Battle Scenes, Cavalry Charges Bombardments, Ruined Cities, Etc.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, JANUARY 6 and 7,

WILTON LACKAYE

—IN—

"THE PIT" His Greatest Stage Triumph

Supported by

GAIL KANE and MILTON SILLS

5c—Admission Always—10c

TO EVERY EXHIBITOR IN THE SOUTH

—THE—

WORLD FILM CORPORATION

IS NOW ARRANGING BOOKINGS ON THE FOLLOWING BROADWAY PRODUCTIONS. IF YOU HAVE NOT BOOKED THESE ATTRACTIONS DO SO AT ONCE BEFORE TOO LATE.



WILTON LACKAYE in "THE PIT"

BEATRIZ MICHELENA in "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch"

— and —

LILLIAN RUSSELL in "WILDFIRE"

$2.00 Attractions

FORSYTH BLDG.

H. E. STAHLER, Mgr.

ALAMO No. 2

"The House With the Clean Policy"

Monday, January 4th

ALICE JOYCE

—IN—

"CAST UP BY THE SEA."

Tuesday, January 5th

"TWO WOMEN" Featuring ANITA STEWART, EARL WILLIAMS and JULIA SWAYNE GORDON.

ALL WEEK—STEINWAY COMEDY FOUR

MONDAY

"ZUDORA"

Greater features have been added to the big Thanhouser serial that are more mystifying, thrilling and entertaining.

Monday, Thursday, Saturday—KEYSTONE COMEDY

Mutual Movies are used at this theater, and we have the first choice. You know what this means.

THE STRAND

ADMISSION 5c and 10c.

Don't Fail to See This Great Picture

"The Master Key"

A Thrilling Story of Love, Mystery and Romance

The Hand of Death Lurks Behind This Key

Speedily, mysteriously, it takes its toll of human life. Men—even Women—long for this key, dream for it, battle for it, kill for it.

All Fail in Attaining It Save One!

Who Was This Person?

The Picture Tells It All.

See It Tomorrow (Monday) at

5c THE SAVOY 5c

ADMISSION

SPECIAL COLOR SECTION

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

SPECIAL COLOR SECTION

FIVE CENTS — ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1915 — FIVE CENTS

For Evening Wear



THE figure on the left wears a small evening coat of gold and white brocade with collar, cuffs and wide band around the bottom of white fox.

Purple velvet is the central coat, which hangs straight and full from the shoulders, caught in about the waist with a belt of white fox fur. White fox also trims the collar, cuffs and bottom of the coat.

An evening wrap of white satin is worn by the figure on the right. It has a circular flounce of scalloped black velvet attached to the lower edge of the satin. A similar flounce finishes the sleeves. The collar is also of black velvet.

SEE.

THE EMPIRE AT THE TURNING POINT

IN THE PATH OF NAPOLEON

A Journey of 20,000 Miles

100 Years After His Downfall

By JAMES MORGAN

THE FIRST STUMBLE

Dates and Events—Age 36-39.

May 16, 1806—British order in council blockading Napoleonic coast.

November 21, 1806—Napoleon's Berlin decree excluding British products and all ships coming from British ports.

January 7, 1807—British order in council forbidding neutral ships to trade between Napoleonic ports.

September 7, 1807—British bombarded Copenhagen and seized Danish navy.

October 27, 1807—Czar joined Napoleon's continental union against British trade.

November 11, 1807—British order in council requiring neutral ships to pay tribute.

December 17, 1807—Napoleon's Milan decree against neutral ships submitting to British regulations.

December 23, 1807—The United States adopted embargo act.

February 20, 1808—Murat appointed to command in Spain.

March 19, 1808—Charles IV. surrendered crown of Spain to his son Ferdinand.

April 2, 1808—Napoleon seized Papal ports.

April 17, 1808—Napoleon condemned all American ships.

May 2, 1808—Spanish revolution began.

May 5, 1808—Charles and Ferdinand surrendered crown of Spain to Napoleon.

July 4, 1808—England formed alliance with Spanish revolutionists.

July 19, 1808—French army surrendered at Baylen.

July 21, 1808—French defeated by Wellesley in Portugal.

July 28, 1808—King Joseph fled from Madrid.

September 27, 1808—Czar and Napoleon met at Erfurt.

December 4, 1808—Napoleon entered Madrid.

December 22, 1808—Started in pursuit of Sir John Moore.

January 16, 1809—Death of Sir John Moore.

January 17, 1809—Napoleon left for Paris.

While he was fighting his way to the peace of Tilsit across the plains of Poland and Prussia, Napoleon expressed the belief that he would have to war no more. Returning to Paris on a midsummer morning in 1807, after an absence of ten months in Germany, he confidently announced, "Now begins the finest epoch of my reign." To his ministers he declared, "I have had enough of the trade of general. Let us enjoy our greatness and turn merchants and manufacturers."

He stood on the summit of power and looked down upon a continent obedient to his will. As he walked the giddy heights, however, he saw distant peaks that seemed to rise above him and challenge his restless spirit to climb higher still. But all the roads he saw opening before him, whether their finger posts invited him to Spain, or to Rome, to Divorce or to Moscow, inevitably ran down hill, since he was in fact at the top.

AMERICAN TRADE RUINED.

He was at peace with all the world save a little island that lay off in the fog of the north Atlantic, like "a wart on the nose of Europe," as he contemptuously described it. But he was confident he could conquer England in a bloodless campaign without firing another gun and without leaving his capital.

Since the day England and France went to war in 1803, the British navy had been gunning for the French flag at sea, while Napoleon had been tirelessly marching and battling to seal the harbors of Europe against British trade. With the flags of France and her allied nations thus swept from the ocean and English vessels excluded from the harbors of the continent, the American flag became the favorite refuge and protector of a great commerce.

To prevent the infant republic of the west taking from them the lead in the carrying trade, the British ministers adopted the watchword, "No trade except through England," and forbade neutral ships to enter any port of Napoleon's empire unless they first visited an English port, and paid a heavy tribute to the British treasury. Napoleon thereupon retorted with a decree which condemned to seizure any vessel submitting to that exaction. With that stroke the doom of the commerce of the seas was complete. The great waters all but reverted to the trackless wastes they were before the voyage of Columbus, Gama and Magellan, while Napoleon undertook to reopen the ancient overland routes to the east.

The new world was now involved with the old in a universal conflict. It was estimated that only one in eight American vessels crossing the Atlantic escaped capture at the hands of France or England.

The United States, seeking at once to protect its ships and retaliate on both of the belligerent powers, adopted the embargo act, which forbade American vessels to clear for European ports and which cut off Europe from American supplies. But Europe was not then dependent on American cereals and indeed had yet hardly begun to draw on the new world for foodstuffs. English manufacturers, therefore, became the principal sufferers from the embargo, and in Manchester alone thirty-one mills were reduced to half time for lack of American cotton, and forty-four were closed entirely. Meanwhile the masts of idle ships rose like forests in front of the wharves of New York, Boston and Salem.

Nevertheless the Stars and Stripes continued to appear in European waters, many American ships eluding the embargo act by staying away from home and engaging in the carrying trade between foreign ports. But by a further decree Napoleon condemned all vessels of the United States entering his harbors, since they had no right under American law to be absent from their own ports. Obedient to this last decree 134 American ships were seized in a year, and their cargoes, aggregating in value $10,000,000, were confiscated.

A BARBED-WIRE FENCE.

When England saw the bayonets of Napoleon, like a barbed wire fence, inclosing the shores of the Atlantic and the Baltic, the Mediterranean and the Adriatic, she sought to keep the port of Copenhagen open to her trade by bombarding that city and carrying off the Danish navy. Napoleon at the same time was menacing a feeble nation at the other extremity of Europe and demanding that Lisbon, the only southern port where the British flag still found a welcome, should be closed. "If Portugal does not do as I wish," he stormed at the Portuguese ambassador, "the house of Braganza will cease to reign in two months. I will no longer tolerate an English ambassador in Europe, but will declare war against any power that receives one at its court."

He was determined to plant his guns at every harbor mouth on the continent and bar England from the land as effectually as she was barring France from the sea. The few poor little ports of the papal states did not escape his attention. Pope Pius VII. being sternly commanded to close them to British trade and join the continental alliance against Great Britain. In a letter to Prince Eugene, viceroy of Italy, which he was instructed to read to the pontiff, the emperor addressed these rough threats to the heir of St. Peter:

"There were kings before there were popes. Any pope who denounced me to Christendom would cease to be pope in my eyes; I would look upon him as anti-Christ. I would cut my people off from all communication with Rome. Does the pope take me for Louis the Pious? I will not fear to gather the Galician, Italian, German and Polish churches in a council without any pope and protect my peoples against the priests of Rome. This is the last time I will enter into any discussion with the Roman priest rabble."



THE EMPEROR IN THE SADDLE
by Charlet
(ROPES COLL. MASS. MIL. HIST. SOC.)



DUROC,
GRAND MARSHAL OF THE PALACE
(ROPES COLL. MASS. MIL. HIST. SOC.)



NAPOLEON BY HIS BIVOUAC FIRE
by Charlet



CHARLES IV. CEDING TO NAPOLEON AT BAYONNE SPANISH DOMINIONS IN TWO WORLDS.



The IBERIAN PENINSULA



THE SURRENDER OF MADRID

While Pius VII. discreetly yielded to the commander-in-chief of an army of 800,000 soldiers so far as to consent to the exclusion of British trade from his dominions, he refused to declare war against England and become a militant ally of France. Thereupon an imperial army suddenly entered Rome, arrested and deporting the papal secretary of state and various members of the cardinalate, until only twenty-one cardinals remained in the city, which now lay beneath the sword of Napoleon.

The little kingdom of Portugal, torn between the master of the land and the sea, also failed to meet the emperor's demands in full, and he hurled upon it a French army of invasion, under the command of Junot. Sir Sidney Smith, the ubiquitous rover of the sea, who had baffled Napoleon at Acre, was in Lisbon harbor as the invaders approached the city, and he induced the poor mad queen and her prince regent to board one of his ships. When, therefore, Junot arrived at the palace he found that Smith had removed the Portuguese crown beyond his reach and that the royal family had flown to their Brazilian colony, where the fugitive Braganzas set up a throne for the first time in the western hemisphere and ultimately founded the empire of Brazil.

TURNING UPON SPAIN.

While France bore with patience and even appeared to flourish in the midst of the great trade war, there were subject and allied states which groaned beneath the burdens it imposed upon them. The tidal rivers of Europe, once thronged with a rich commerce, flowed idly to the hostile sea, and the minions of the empire hunting down trade as a crime grew increasingly hateful to the subjugated peoples. As Napoleon felt his throne rock on the rising waves of discontent he announced to his council, "I must be the master of all the capitals of Europe." With Paris, Lisbon, Rome, Naples, Turin, Berne, Munich, Berlin and The Hague under his control he determined that Madrid should next be added to his group of captive capitals.

Although the king of Spain belonged to the Bourbon family he had purchased peace by becoming an ally of the French revolution the year after it had cut off the head of his cousin, Louis XVI., and he had remained an ally of Napoleon. But while Prussia was marching on France in the inglorious campaign of 1806 the Spanish court resolved to break the French alliance, and it made ready to strike Napoleon in the back. When, however, he crushed the Prussians at Jena he crushed at the same blow the cowardly crowd that loafed about the throne at Madrid.

The incident served to alarm him. "The Bourbons will never let me alone," he said. He had removed one branch from the throne of Naples and now he determined to remove the only other reigning branch from the throne of Spain. His own family he determined should take the place of the Bourbons in the monarchical world and, like them, the Bonapartes should possess all the crowns of Latin Europe.

Taking advantage of the Portuguese situation, he contrived to gain a firm foothold on Spanish soil. Claiming and receiving the consent of Spain to dispatch his Portuguese expedition across her territory, he returned the favor by conferring on the king of Spain the empty title of emperor of the Two Americas, while he held before the royal family at Madrid alluring promises of more substantial rewards in a partition of Portugal. Under cover of that arrangement, French troops were gradually introduced into Spain until 50,000 were garrisoned in the kingdom.

SNATCHING A CROWN.

A squalid brawl in the wretched royal family at Madrid arose in a most timely manner to give Napoleon a fair chance to take their throne away from them. Ferdinand, the prince of the Asturias and heir to the crown, a narrow, dark souled young man of 23, rebelled against the reign of his mother's lover, Godoy, who ruled both his mistress, the queen, and her husband, the 60-year-old king, the weak spirited and feeble-minded Charles IV. Both father and son in their ugly quarrel turned to the mighty emperor, and each appealed for his protection against the other. Ferdinand cravenly begging him for the hand of a Bonaparte princess.

Napoleon replied to their petitions by sending Prince Murat to Madrid and appointing him to the command of the French forces in Spain. The king and queen and Godoy realized too late that they had put their heads in the lion's mouth, and they would have emulated the Braganzas, had not the French prevented, and taken flight to Spanish America. Meanwhile Ferdinand aroused the people, a roaring mob surged about the palace; the terrified king surrendered his crown to his rebellious son, and Godoy was hunted into a loft, where he rolled himself up in a rug and hid from the rage of the populace for twenty-four hours without food or water.

When Charles was over his terror he tried to recall his abdication and sought the assistance of Napoleon to reclaim the throne, while his son continued to solicit a matrimonial alliance with the imperial Corsican. The emperor left Paris as if to pay a visit to the distracted family and be a peacemaker among them. Murat, thereupon, thoughtfully suggested that the youthful usurper of the crown should go forth to meet him at Burgos.

Ferdinand's well-chosen companion on that journey was Savary, he who escorted the Duke d'Enghein to the moat at Vincennes. As they drove along, their guard of French soldiers grew in strength, and Ferdinand soon found that his escorts really were his kidnapers. The helpless prince, instead of meeting the emperor at Burgos or at any other point in Spanish territory, was hurried to the frontier and spirited into France, where Napoleon awaited him at the border town of Bayonne and received him not as king of Spain, but as still the Prince of the Asturias.

The old king, with the queen and her Godoy, hastened on to Bayonne to have the emperor restore the crown to his unworthy head; but son and father were plainly told that neither should have it. The ignominious pair were not long in resigning themselves to their imperious master and signing away their dominion in two worlds, accepting in return large pensions and gilded prison cells in French chateaux.

As coolly as if he were appointing prefects to govern French departments, Napoleon assigned Joseph to be king of Spain and emperor of the Two Americas and ordered Murat to mount the throne of Naples. At the same time, as always when incorporating a new country in his empire, he gave Spain the boon of a liberal constitution and sound guarantees of a government infinitely better than it ever had known. But to his astonishment he found that the Spanish people cared much more for their pride than for any progress he could offer them, that they much preferred their own antiquated, oppressive and corrupt governmnet to any modern improvements introduced by a foreigner.

SPAIN IN REVOLUTION.

Instantly rising in a frenzy of indignation at the insult to their nation, the Spaniards drew their knives and cut every French throat that lay bare to their murderous hands. This was a wholly new experience for Napoleon. In Italy and Egypt and Poland he had battled only with the alien oppressors of the population, to whom he presented himself as a liberator. In Austria and Prussia he had not fought the people, but only a stupid and selfish aristocracy. In emphasizing the difference between Napoleon's earlier and later campaigns, Napier, the foremost English military historian, points out that until his invasion of Spain he and France had been engaged solely in a deadly conflict to determine whether aristocracy or democracy should predominate, whether equality or privilege should henceforth be the principle of European governments."

When Napoleon accepted the challenge of the popular revolt in Spain and undertook to crush a people, he ceased to be the champion and became the enemy of democracy. Apparently he himself did not appreciate the full and fatal significance of the step he was taking nor realize that he was putting his feet in a new and untried path. Indeed, he seems to have become the victim of a self-delusion such as he had so often scornfully censured in his generals. He was "making a picture," as he called the fault in others and binding himself to the real situation.

In the picture that he was contemplating, he saw himself a second Charlemagne uniting Europe in a new empire of the west. But in the ten centuries since the Carlovingian empire was founded, nations had risen and the sentiment of patriotism had become a mighty force among men.

Napoleon himself had no nation and had grown up a stranger to patriotism. His country had died when he was born, as he bitterly said in his youth. By a strange stroke of poetic justice he had left his subjugated Corsica, had conquered its conquerors and brought the continent under the rule of an islander. His army was a medley of nations and races; his camp a babel of tongues. Italians guarded his eagles on the dykes of the North sea; Poles bore them through the passes of the Pyrenees, and Spaniards patrolled the sandy bounds of his dominion by the Baltic.

FIRST BLOW OF FATE.

He viewed with contempt the savage fury of the undisciplined rabble that had set all Spain ablaze. To suppress their revolt was "child's play," he lightly said, and he calculated that the conquest would not cost him more than 12,000 men. "Be gay," he commanded King Joseph, "and do not yet yourself be troubled." But poor Joseph could not fairly be expected to display much gaiety as he found himself elevated on the point of a bayonet and enthroned on a keg of gunpowder. Within nine days of his entry into his new capital, the imported king was in flight northward from the hordes that overran his kingdom.

Had that misfortune come singly it would have been bad enough, but it was accompanied by a disaster that stunned the emperor and left him speechless with grief and rage. A French army under General Dupont had been caught between two fires at Baylen, in Andalusia, and nearly 20,000 Frenchmen had laid down their arms to the mere mobs that hemmed them in.

The emperor was in southern France when he was struck by that "blow of fate," as he called it. Through three hours of silent agony he held the direful news in his breast, without lisping a hint of it, until plaintive cries at last escaped his lips.

An army of Napoleon had surrendered for the first time, and for the first time his imperial eagles, bestowed on his battalions by his own hands, were captives in the hands of an enemy. As if promptly to point the prophecy which that event held, another of his armies surrendered in the following month to Sir Arthur Wellesley, in the first battle between a French force and the destined victor of Waterloo. The future duke of Wellington, having landed an English army on the Portuguese coast to reopen the harbor of Lisbon and drive the French from the country, Junot marched out from Lisbon to repel him with an inferior force. For the first time since Yorktown an English and a French army faced each other in battle and the English won. The French capitulated and agreed to abandon their occupation of Portugal.

WITH THE CZAR AGAIN.

While the Spaniards were placing the captured eagles of Napoleon among the treasures in the cathedral of Seville, the amazing report of their victory and the English victory in Portugal ran throughout Europe and awakened a new hope in the foes of the empire everywhere. Austria grew bolder and more urgent in the war preparations which she had been making ever since Austerlitz. Napoleon knew well enough that only a short time when she would seek to retrieve her losses, and while he was marshaling a great force to smite the Spanish in the south he had to be careful not to impair his defenses against the foe in the north. Nor dared he throw himself into Spain until well assured that this inevitable war with the Austrians would not burst upon him in his absence.

To eclipse the thoughts of his recent defeats and revive the memories of his victories, to invite his ally, the czar, to meet him in Germany, strengthen their alliance and convince the Hapsburgs and all other restless elements that the compact of Tilsit still united the two greatest powers of Europe. This second meeting of the emperors took place in the autumn of 1808, at Erfurt, where Napoleon and Alexander played Damon and Pythias before a retinue of four kings, a score of princes and a dozen dukes, who humbly waited upon their imperial majesties.

With his unfailing attention to theatrical effects, Napoleon assembled the gilded company one morning on the battlefield of Jena, where a breakfast was spread on the Napoleonstein. There from the site of his bivouac he explained to his guests how he had crushed the kingdom of Frederick the Great against the garden walls of the village of Vierzehnheiligen and then he led a rabbit hunt over the field where two years before he had bagged the Prussians.

The czar met Napoleon's wishes. Perhaps to speed his ally on his downward path, he approved the invasion of Spain and promised to come to the aid of France if Austria should attack her. But when the French diplomats at Erfurt sounded him as to a marriage between one of his sisters and the emperor, should the latter decide to put away Josephine, Alexander grew crafty and evasive.

HOW NAPOLEON WENT TO WAR.

Having fortified the Franco-Russian alliance, Napoleon turned to face the Spanish mobs. Leaving Paris in the imperial state that now marked his going to war, fresh horses, sent on ahead, awaited him at each 9 or 10-mile stage of the journey. Berthier sat beside him in the great lumbering coach, with iron tires almost as broad as an automobile's. In front of the emperor's seat, which at night was converted into a bed on which he could lie at full length, was a door that could be let down and employed as a table, while behind it were the drawers and pigeon holes of a complete office desk.

Duroc, grand marshal of the palace in charge of all the traveling arrangements, galloped on one side of the carriage, while on the other side rode Caulincourt, master of the horse, with the maps which must always be at the emperor's call. The horses of a score of aids-de-camp and orderlies pranced about the vehicle, with four pages mounted behind and on top of it. At the rear right wheel Roustan, the mameluke, always rode, with a luncheon ever ready to be served, and beside the opposite wheel rode two mounted chasseurs carrying portfolios filled with papers, while equerries and grooms and the emperor's personal stud of eight or ten led horses followed. The escort consisted of a detachment of chasseurs of the guard and whenever and wherever the emperor set foot four of them with drawn sabers surrounded him in a square, nimbly jumping this way and that before and behind him as he walked about.

On a melancholy day early in November, this cavalcade passed into the somber land of the Spaniards and Napoleon took command of a superb army of more than 200,000 troops to confront 170,000 Spaniards and British, for England had now made common cause with the revolting Spanish. Many of Napoleon's men were veterans of Austerlitz, Jena and Friedland, whom he had marched across France without permitting them to turn aside to see the homes for which they had longed through three hard years of campaigning.

"Soldiers," he conjured them, "after having triumphed on the borders of the Danube and the Vistula, you have traversed Germany by forced marches. I make you now traverse France without giving you a moment for repose. Soldiers! I need you! The hideous presence of the leopard"—the Napoleonic equivalent for the British lion—"soils the territory of Spain and Portugal. Let him flee terrified at your aspect, while we carry our triumphant eagles to the pillars of Hercules."

But the heartsick and footworn legion murmured and the old cry of "Vive l'Empereur!" died in their throats. Napoleon could not mistake their sulky spirit. Once he was so exasperated by their ugliness that he seized the first grenadier of the guard in reach and grabbing his gun turned it upon him as if he meant to shoot him. When he saw a general who had surrendered at Baylen, he cried, "You are a bold man to show yourself to me!" Then, gripping the man's right wrist, he fairly shrieked, "Why did not this hand wither?"

NAPOLEON IN MADRID.

As the emperor sped toward Madrid he drove a wedge between the wings of the enemy's army, but he left the wings unwounded and in condition to unite and flap together again. Meanwhile no serious resistance was offered to his advance. "It is not an army we have to meet," Marshal Ney informed the emperor; "we must fight a whole nation." The nation parted, to let the invader pass, as a sea parts at the prow of a ship, but only to close in when he was gone, and leave no trace of his passage.

Entering the Spanish capital in less than four weeks from the opening of the campaign, he patted the mane of one of the white marble lions that guard the grand stairway in the royal palace and exulted, "I possess you at last, the Spain I desire!" But all his possessions in Spain were limited to mere symbols of power, like those lions of the stairway. He had conquered roads and castles and palaces, but he had not subdued the people anywhere.

At the fall of their city the inhabitants of Madrid haughtily drew their cloaks about them and received the conqueror in silent disdain. In vain Napoleon proffered his unwilling subjects the solid advantages of modern institutions and laws. Abolishing the outrageous feudal rights and monopolies that had limited the benefits of industry to the privileged classes and fettered the masses, he proclaimed that "all persons may now establish inns, mills, ovens, weirs and fisheries and give free play to their enterprises." Sweeping away the vexatious and burdensome taxes on trade between the provinces, he left it to flow freely all over Spain.

But when he undertook to deal with the church, with its orders and its revenues and with its great body of ecclesiastics, he found himself on treacherous ground. Although he forbore to establish freedom of worship, as elsewhere in his empire, and to repeal the old law prohibiting any other than the rites of the state religion, his abolition of the inquisition, his suppression of two-thirds of the convents and his confiscation of much of the church property deepened the enmity of priests and parishioners against his entire revolutionary program.

The Spanish people would accept nothing from his hand. He opened the theaters in order to reawaken the gayety of Madrid, but the Spaniards would not enter them. For days hardly a woman appeared in the streets and the gallant invaders sighed in vain even for a glimpse of a pair of black eyes, behind the grilled gates of the houses. Although Napoleon heralded abroad his appearance at grand reviews, pride overcame curiosity and the people refused to come out to see the most extraordinary personage of modern times.

The emperor threatened the obdurate race that if they persisted in their hostility toward the king he had given them he would put the crown on his own head. They were commanded, therefore, to assemble in their churches and swear on their altars fealty to King Joseph.

RETREAT OF SIR JOHN MOORE.

Napoleon was organizing at Madrid an expedition to drive the English out of Portugal, when 30,000 British, under Sir John Moore, crossed the Portuguese frontier to drive him out of Spain, and thereby moved straight toward his communications. This threat diverted him from his Lisbon campaign, and, leaving Madrid in mid-winter, after a stay of three weeks in that capital, he began the pursuit of Moore. Afoot in a storm of hail and sleet he led his army over the Sierra de Guadarrama, whose peaks divide Old Castile from New. But in spite of his swift marches the English had escaped him and already were well along in their retreat to Corunna. There the haggard and ragged Britons made their last stand, at the very water's edge and fought their way to the ships waiting to carry them home. But they left Sir John Moore lying in his narrow bed on the ramparts of Corunna

. . . like a warror taking his test,
With his martial cloak around him,

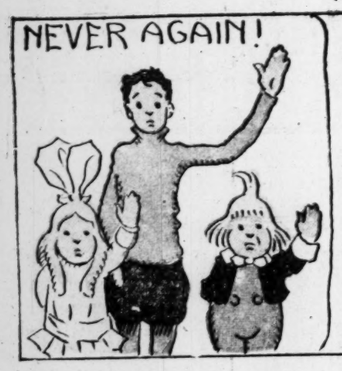
Where

Slowly and sadly we laid him down,
From the field of his fame fresh and gory;
We carved not a line, we raised not a stone,
But we left him alone in his glory.

A fresh alarm had already recalled Napoleon from Spain and he had turned from his dreams of "planting his eagles on the towers of Lisbon," to hurl himself against the walls of Vienna, 1,800 miles away. Abandoning the war on the peninsula to his marshals, he covered on horseback the first stage of his flight between Valladolid and Burgos, a distance of 80 miles, in 5½ hours. General Savary with difficulty kept ahead of his master, but Duroc and Roustam lagged in the dust, while the emperor, lashing and spurring with a solitary aide-de-camp at his side, flew on from relay to relay of horses in his race to Paris.

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Next Week—How Napoleon, After Fighting Under the Walls of Vienna the First Losing Battle in a Dozen Years, Saved His Army and Gained the Famous Victory of Wagram—and Won a Bride!



COMIC SECTION

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER.

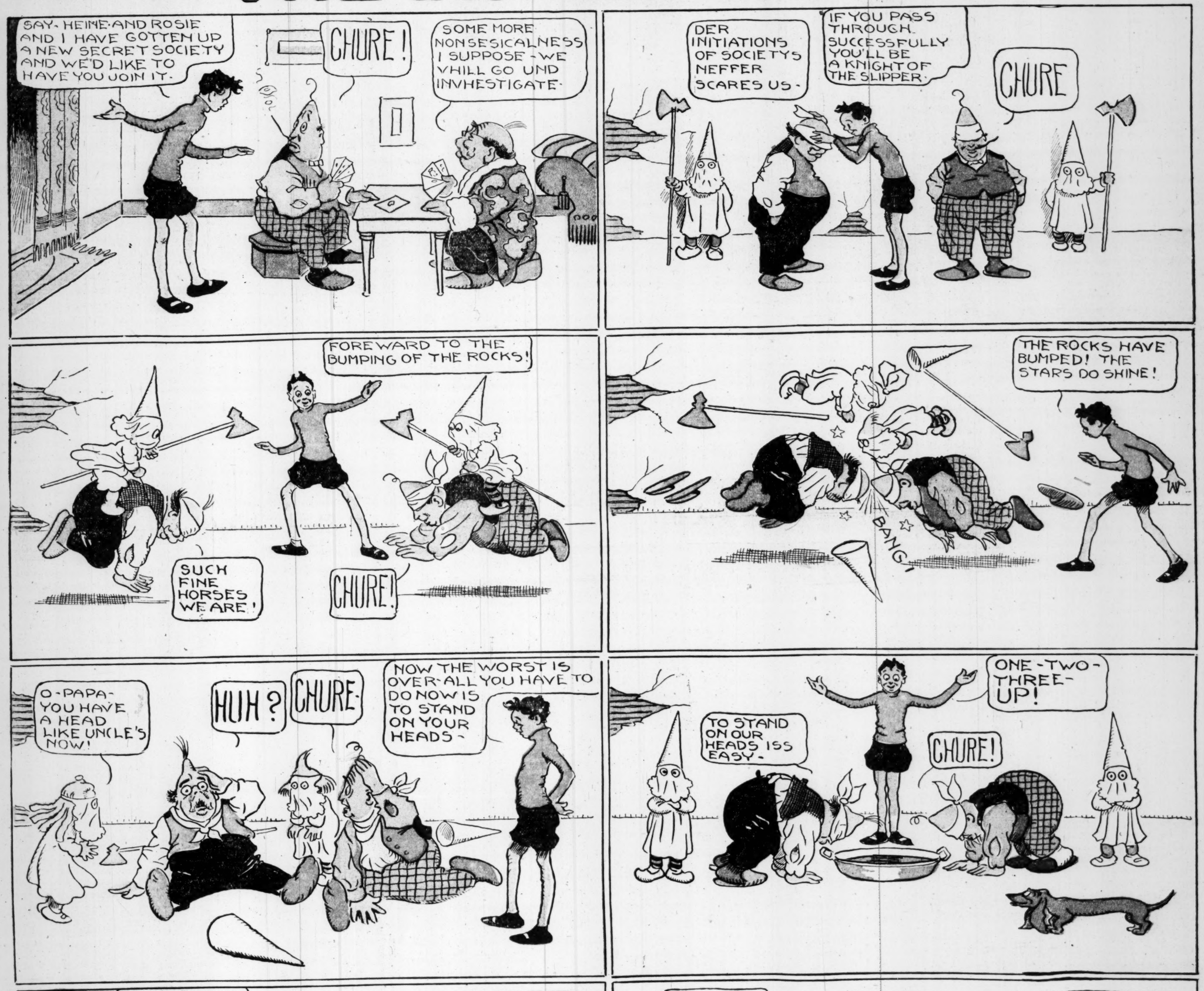
SUNDAY, JANUARY 3, 1915.

LOOIE ORGANIZES A SECRET SOCIETY AND SOME OF THE MEMBERS REVOLT.

WRITTEN BY GEORGE V. HOBART.

THE DINKELSPIELS

STAGED BY ED CAREY.

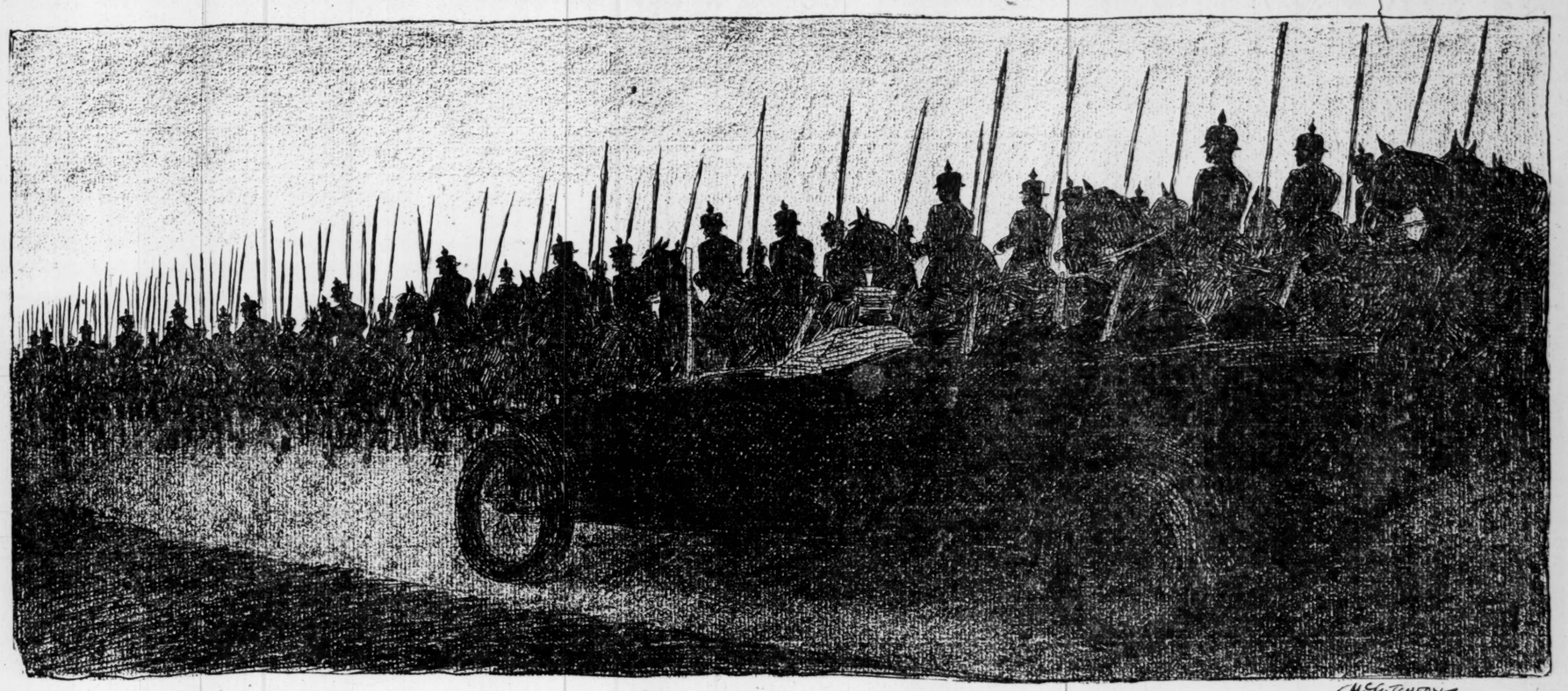


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SOME VIVID WAR IMPRESSIONS

Sketches and Story by John T. McCutcheon.

"The whole tragedy of war is a series of spectacles that strike the senses and the emotions in every key—somber, joyous, sad, triumphant, glorious, strident, and even at times humorous. Humor goes hand in hand with pathos and often as the safety valve when the heart is tried to the breaking point, just as tears often give relief to the intensest sorrow."



German Cavalry on the Road from Reims to the Right Flank.

[Copyright, 1914, By John T. McCutcheon.]

ONE who sees anything of the great armies in times of war will have etched upon his memory certain vivid pictures or impressions that will remain as long as he lives. Upon all sides he sees things which remind him of the paintings of De Neuville and Detaille, and he will wish as earnestly as I did that many of these wonderfully striking pictures will be adequately preserved by men who will do their work as well as the two great French masters.

The whole tragedy of war is a series of spectacles that strike the senses and the emotions in every key—somber, joyous, sad, triumphant, glorious, strident, and even at times humorous. Humor goes hand in hand with pathos and often as the safety valve when the heart is tried to the breaking point, just as tears oftentimes give relief to the intensest sorrow. Soldiers surrounded by suffering and death, nerve racked with the overwhelming tragedy of battle, or shadowed with constant danger, will still find things to laugh at and joke about. Otherwise they would go mad.

Soldiers crouching in the trenches, with bursting shells scattering death about them, will smile grimly as a huge black cloud of smoke suddenly expands above them in an ear splitting crash. "There goes another Jack Johnson," they mutter, or "they're beginning with their coal buckets again."

In a certain battle two of the officers posted their calling cards on some of the shells they shot at the enemy.

On a German motor truck carrying ammunition to the front and wounded men back, there was a dummy figure stuffed with straw and wearing a French uniform, sitting jauntily astride the hood of the engine motor.

Men become hardened or accustomed to the grim horror of their surroundings and soon achieve an attitude of mind that is half fatalistic and half indifferent. They see so much suffering and so much death that it all is taken as part of the game and quite to be expected. Lives are being snuffed out on every side and if it comes their turn all right.

At the station in Maubeuge, while the trains of wounded men were coming back, there were soldiers drawing humorous pictures in chalk on the sides of the cars that carried fresh men to the front.

Perhaps it is the strange jumble of experiences, both comic and tragic, that makes soldiers dread the battle when they are in it and ache for it when they are out of it. Each man who goes to war probably knows that it is to be the one great period of his life, the days that he will look back upon most eagerly, and the days about which he will talk when he is an old man with his grandchildren about him. Every day he spends in such stirring times is giving him a choice store of memories upon which he may draw when his life settles down to the even tenor of normal times.

One cannot go to war without coming away, if he comes at all, with his memory far richer in impressions and vivid pictures.

I don't think I shall ever forget certain pictures that were engraved upon my memory and my emotions while I was with the German army.

I shall never forget the first two German soldiers I saw in Louvain, or the hundreds of thousands who followed them, flowing through the streets of the city until the mind fairly reeled under the magnitude of the spectacle. It seemed like something superhuman, something elemental, like the roar and movement of a Niagara.

I'm sure I shall never forget the gray desolation of the little Belgian town of Battice, every house shattered and not a human being remaining in the town, or what was the town. I think I then realized to the fullest that this was to be a war that was a war, and that it was not to be a kid glove affair.

Nations, empires, dynasties, destinies, and continents were hanging upon the issue, and it was to be a desperate, as well as a gigantic struggle.

And I shall never forget the ride along the beautiful Meuse, in the late afternoon, when the valley and hills were an ever changing panorama of loveliness that delighted the senses, or the end of the ride as we rolled into the battered streets of Dinant, where the heavy hand of war had fallen so terribly. The contrast was shocking.

Or the silence that hung over the street that fronts the field hospital in Hirson, as, one day, we stood waiting on them to carry out the dead. Across the street was posted a half company of soldiers, standing at rigid attention. A horse and truck stood at the curb, just outside the entrance to the hospital. A little group of soldiers, doctors, and nurses was gathered at the gate leading into the hospital, all silent and tense. In the atmosphere there was an inexpressible sadness and expectancy.

Presently there was a movement at the entrance of the hospital and a few soldiers carried out a heavy casket of plain, unpainted wood. This they placed upon the truck. Another followed, and still another and another, until there were five laid in an even row upon the truck. Then came a low command and the half company of soldiers swung out into the street and formed in columns of fours ahead of the extemporary hearse.

The procession began to move. Several church functionaries and officers fell in behind the truck, and following them were many nurses in their gray gowns and black headdresses.

The silence was heavy. We all bared our heads as the strange appearing funeral car passed by, and for many minutes after it had slowly rumbled out of sight we were a subdued and sober lot.

It was a picture that I shall always remember.

Another vivid impression, one that appealed more to my pictorial instinct, rather than to my emotions, was the sight of a great cavalry and artillery column that was being moved by night along a road leading from Reims to the westward.

In the afternoon we had motored from Laon, in France, across to Reims. It was after 1 o'clock when our machine was halted at Brimont, one of the hills outside of Reims. We were told that it would be dangerous to expose ourselves or our car beyond the fringe of trees at the edge of the hill.

Upon all sides were evidences of the destruction and deadly fire of the French artillery. The walls of the fort on the heights of Brimont were battered, the big gateway leading across the moat into the fort was damaged by a shell, and at many places all about us were huge gashes made in the earth by exploding shells.

It was evident that the French gunners not only had the exact range, but that the position was one which was exposed at all time to artillery fire.

A young German officer came out of the fort and volunteered to lead us forward a couple of hundred yards to a point from which we could see the city and the cathedral. The French at this time, the 20th of September, were in possession of the city of Reims, with the Germans occupying the hills to the northward, northwestward, and northeastward. Some of the forward German trenches were at the edge of the town itself.

I was eager to see the cathedral of Reims, which has played such an important part in the news of the war.

Along the edge of the hill at Brimont a series of heavy earthworks were built, and it was possible to approach these without exposing ourselves to the view of the French gunners. There was no firing at the time. We walked along a sunken road that flanked the earthworks until we reached a spot from which the city lay spread, clear and distinct, on the great flat plain bounded by its vineclad hills.

A straight, tree lined road stretched from Brimont to the city and other tree lined roads crisscrossed the plain in other directions. The advanced trenches of the Germans were said to be close in to the edge of the city, screened by the trees which probably flanked the River Vesle or one of the canals.

I could see soldiers moving leisurely back and forth along this road leading into Reims from Brimont and I saw a little detachment of cavalry riding across the plain toward the advanced German positions. The fact that they were not at the moment being fired on and the fact that their movements were leisurely convinced me that we might easily have gone on into the edge of the city itself without much danger.

From the earthworks on Brimont I studied the plain and the city and the cathedral with my glasses. The distance to the cathedral was about five miles, and of course I could not see how seriously the sculptured detail of the building had been injured by the German shell fire. The roof of the nave was gone but the towers and walls of the cathedral had not suffered any change in their structural form. I thought the top of one of the towers showed signs of damage but it was too far away and too indistinct to be certain.

The Germans with whom I talked about the damage done to this cathedral claim that the French were using the towers for signal and observation purposes. A request was made under a flag of truce that the French cease using the towers. Two German officers sent as parliamentaries were taken prisoners, and as a final warning the Germans blew down a smoke stack near this cathedral. Then shrapnel was fired against the towers so as to injure them as little as possible but to drive away the men who were signalling. The roof of the nave had been burned as a result of brands flying from houses nearby. Those brands had caught in the wooden scaffolding erected for the purpose of carrying on repairs and had ignited the roof. The houses had caught fire from the exploding shells from German batteries.

This is the German version. Whether it is the true version I have no personal means of knowing. I am convinced, however, that if the Germans had meant to destroy the cathedral they could have done a much more thorough and complete job.



Rounded Up in the Square at Beaumont.

The picture of that beautiful plain, with the city of Reims in the center and with the rim of hills ranged in a wide circle about the edges, is one that I shall never forget. As we stood and gazed at the panorama spread before us the afternoon shadows deepened, twilight followed, and the first stars in the luminous evening sky looked down upon a picture which outwardly at least was one of peace and quiet. One could not see the thousands of alert men huddled in trenches or mark where the hidden batteries lurked in readiness to resume their deadly work. All that one could see as he looked out across the plains of Betheny and the immense Camp de Châlons, 30,000 acres of level plain, was a beautiful French landscape whose scars were hidden by darkness and distance.

I vividly recalled my first visit to Reims, when, with thousands of others, I watched the first great aviation meet that was held on the Plains of Betheny in 1909. Most of the world's most famous flyers were there and records were being broken daily. Hubert Latham was the most theatrical of the flyers, for he flew high, sometimes rising to a height of 400 feet. Curtiss won the speed race and Paulhan broke the world's endurance record by an amazing flight of two hours and forty-two minutes. He was carried about on the shoulders of an admiring crowd when he finally came down. Lefevre fell and was hurt, another flyer had his machine knocked to pieces, and there were many minor mishaps to the flying machines. The Wright machines, captained by Count de Lesseps, if I remember correctly, were launched on a runway and Blériot rose from the ground in his trim looking monoplane.

Reims has been as famous in the last few years for its identification with aviation as it has been for centuries as the greatest champagne center and the seat of one of the world's most beautiful cathedrals.

It was becoming dark when we started back to Laon. We carried no lights, for lights might be seen by night flyers from the allies' camps. When we crossed the line it was quite dark, except that the sky in the west was still luminous in its after glow. Farther on we struck the rear guard of a column of cavalry and artillery that was moving slowly toward the west. We asked them where they were going and they said they were being sent across to the right flank. For a mile or more we passed the supply wagons and the artillery, hundreds of guns, I judged. Then we caught up with the cavalry and it was here that I saw a picture that is photographed on my memory.

Outlined in cameo clearness against the evening sky was this black silhouette of thousands of horsemen, their helmets and lances in bold relief and their splendid horses massed together in orderly columns of fours.

As our motor approached there were signals blown and the cavalry swung off to the side to let us pass. For over half an hour we passed along the side of this impressive and strikingly imposing column. There was no talking and except for the regular clatter of horses' hoofs and the faint purring of our motor, there was no noise.

It was a movement of considerable magnitude, cavalry and artillery being hurried by night, to screen their movements from the eyes of the evening's aviators, and on the way to reinforce the German lines in the fierce battle that then was raging near Chauny and Loyon. Nowadays, in consequence of the wonderful reconnoissance work of the flyers, most movements of troops must be made at night.

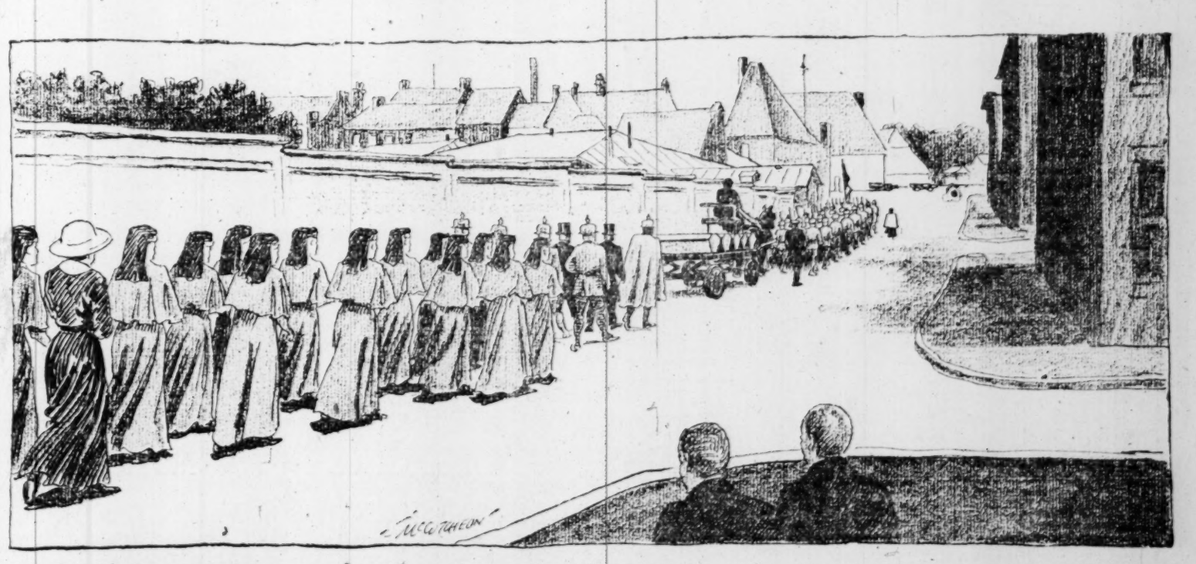
From the headdress of the troopers we saw that there were several regiments of Hussars, with their spike topped helmets; then we caught up with other troopers wearing the headdress of the Death's Head Brunswickers.

Against the sky, and standing out crisp and bold, were the bobbing heads and lances as the great columns moved along through the night. It made a picture that I shall never forget.

Another vivid memory, which stands out strongly among those that I have of the eventful eight weeks with the Germans, was one that concerns my vicissitudes in Beaumont, on the French border.

With four other correspondents we had been stopped by the German staff and ordered sent back. After a so-called detention, which was in reality an imprisonment under armed guards, we were told that we would go on a certain night.

At 10 o'clock we were marched out into the darkened square of Beaumont and given our places in the ranks of a considerable number of French, Belgian, and British prisoners. The picture as we stood there was one of the most vivid I have and one that I certainly shall never forget.



The Funeral in Hirson.

The Master Key By John Fleming Wilson

A Thrilling Story of Mystery and Romance

By special arrangement for this paper, a photo-drama, corresponding to the installments of "The Master Key," may be seen at the Savoy and Alpha theaters tomorrow. By arrangement made with the Universal Film Co., it is not only possible to read "The Master Key" each week, but also afterwards to see moving pictures illustrating our story.

5TH INSTALLMENT

(Copyright, 1914, by John Fleming Wilson.)

SYNOPSIS—Doors open upon strange things. How many locked doors are there in this world? How many people are there trying to find "The Master Key?" **Thomas Gallon** found gold. He thought of two things: his daughter **Ruth**, and gold for her. **Gallon** died because his partner, **Wilkerson**, whom he thought he had killed in the desert, came back and demanded a share of his find. **Wilkerson** is seeking gold for the sake of a woman. **John Dorr**, the mining engineer in whose charge **Ruth** was left, is also fighting to find the secret which **Thomas Gallon** apparently took with him to his grave.

When Ruth Gallon did not call upon him and he found himself unable to locate her, Charles Everett was at a loss what to do. He had wired Dorr of his anxiety about her and had received word in reply that the young engineer had received conflicting messages.

Unhappily for the girl, Everett was called out of town. And so when he found himself forced to make a hurried trip to San Francisco, her predicament became the more pronounced.

The false Everett, George Drake, took it upon himself to call at the Ritz for her mail and returning with word that there was none for her, Ruth felt a strange premonition that matters were not progressing as they should.

Mrs. Darnell found her gazing out of the drawing room window, huddled in a pathetic little heap, dejection stamped on features and form.

"Dearie," purred the hostess, "you look as if you had lost your last friend on earth. Do cheer up. What is the trouble?"

Ruth turned her head but remained in the same queer little attitude, replying in a plaintive voice:

"I do not understand why Mr. Dorr has not written or wired me. Really, Mrs. Darnell, I am beginning to fear that something has happened to him."

Mrs. Darnell looked at her searchingly, but recovered quickly under the questioning return gaze.

"Do not worry, Ruth. Everything will come out all right. Supposing we take a drive. The air and sunshine will do you a world of good."

Every minute was one of delight to the unsophisticated girl and each new sight and vista opened a new world to her inexperienced mind. After a stop at Grant's tomb they speeded downtown, reaching Columbus circle after a run through Central park. A blowout of one of the tires caused a delay. Ruth tired of sitting in the car and jumping out she spied a florist's window. Before Mrs. Darnell could think of the possibility of a miscarriage of her well-laid plans, the girl was inside. She purchased violets for both and was on her way out when she saw a telephone. Intuitively, rather than from any other motive, she hastily called up Mr. Everett's office. To her amazement she learned that he had gone West.

Her news was even more startling to Mrs. Darnell than it had been to Ruth. Quick action was needed, and leaving Ruth in the car with a prevaricated excuse, the older woman was soon phoning to Drake, telling him to go West at once and instructing him to meet them in San Francisco, where he was to pose as Everett and continue carrying out the plot to secure possession of Ruth's mining property.

And thus it came about that five days later found them in the metropolis of the Pacific coast, where they were met by Drake, still posing as Everett.

The greatest difficulty lay in reconciling Ruth's mind to the mystery of Everett's sudden departure, after she had seen him at Mrs. Darnell's the night before. But the cleverness of the schemer counterbalanced all doubts and the girl was therefore persuaded to hasten to San Francisco to carry out her plans.

Accordingly she wired Dorr, but again "the wires crossed," for although he learned that she was going to the western city, he again learned that Everett had failed to connect with her.

Ruth had been gone many days when John Dorr received another telegram from Everett that made his heart stop its regular beat. Alone in his cabin he pored over it as if there must be some hidden meaning beneath the words. It was unbelievable. After all his pain and his careful forethought for her comfort and safety something had gone wrong. Everett was brief:

"San Francisco, 2nd April ——

"John Dorr, Silent Valley, Cal.:

"Have been unable to find Miss Gallon.

"EVERETT."

For a while his mind refused to work logically. All that he could think of was little Ruth Gallon, she of the slender hands and pure eyes, lost in the great city and piteously seeking a familiar face. But he pulled himself vigorously together and called up the agent at the station.

"Bill," he said over the telephone. "This is Dorr. I want to get a wire through to San Francisco."

"All right, John; what is it?"

John thought a moment and then dictated this message:

"Charles Everett, Call Building, San Francisco:

"Miss Gallon was to have gone to the St. Francis, as I wired you before. DORR."

After moiling over the problem he felt that he must confide in someone: of all the men in the mine he trusted only Tom Kane. He strode down the hill to the cook shanty and found the old man engaged in his task of preparing the noonday meal.

"Look here, Tom," John said abruptly, holding out the telegram. "I haven't said anything before, but Ruth is lost in San Francisco. I've wired Everett before; he can't find her."

Without a word the cook reached for the yellow slip and read it slowly. He glanced up and said with the utmost simplicity: "I reckon you'd better catch this evening's express."

"But my work here—somebody has got to look after the mine and Wilkerson—"

Tom Kane glanced at him and then at the bit of paper. "I know how you feel," he muttered. "But I've cooked years enough to know that if you leave things on the fire they'll burn. This business won't wait." He smiled magnificently. "And you just leave this to me. I've been here since the mine started and I guess I can attend to it from cook shanty to Wilkerson. The main thing is to find Ruth. I know she's safe, for nobody would hurt that little girl. But you've got to go to 'Frisco and help her. Likely she's found herself pretty much a stranger. I got lost in New Orleans once and I reckon 'Frisco is bigger."

"I'll go," said Dorr, promptly. "I'll leave my papers and my new plans in your charge, Tom."

The old man laid his warm hand on John's arm. "New plans?" he whispered. "Have you found the mother lode? Don't say anything to Wilkerson."

"But he is the superintendent!"

"Not of this shanty. I never trust an egg until I've broken it."

In Harry Wilkerson's dark heart there was what he might, in his twisted vocabulary, have termed happiness. His plans were working out to perfection. Jean Darnell had wired again that all was well and that she would have news for him in a few days. This meant that she and George Drake had done their part. But he wondered why it was that John Dorr, who must certainly be anxiously awaiting word from Ruth, neither said anything nor displayed a sign of impatience.

It did not escape him that Tom Kane and the young engineer were in consultation several times. What were they planning? He determined to probe boldly. When Dorr came into the office in the afternoon and began to clear up his desk Wilkerson asked quietly, "What's the news from San Francisco? Has Ruth wired?"

John had been expecting this perfectly natural question and was ready with his answer.

"Everything seems to be all right."

"Good!" said the superintendent dryly. "I'd like to get started on that new lead pretty soon." He could not repress a sour smile. "Since the old rate of wages has been restored I guess you and I may have to do without our salaries for a while."

John looked up and caught himself. He was in no position to quarrel with this man. "Pay the men first, of course," he said. He proceeded to get into a package of blueprints and memoranda.

"Going to move?" suggested Wilkerson.

"I'm going for a trip and I thought I'd look over my notes in the meanwhile," was the response.

Wilkerson said no more; he went on the alert. From Bill Tubbs he learned that Dorr was going to run into either Valle Vista or Silent Valley with the motor truck.

The superintendent of the Master Key belonged to the type that is catlike in its quickness of action, based on intuition rather than on reason. While Ruth Gallon was carefully concealed, it was more than possible that Dorr would so stir things up with the aid of Everett that all plans to seize control of the mine's stock would be futile. He must not be allowed to go to San Francisco.

But how to prevent him? Wilkerson pondered this problem till his dark face was suffused with angry blood. There was no way but the way of violence. Among his sensuous appetites was none for blood. But he nerved himself to his task and shortly after midday called for his horse and rode out, stating that he was going across the divide to see about a fresh supply of wood. In the saddle scabbard he carried a short saw.

Spanning an arroyo between two hills half-way to Silent Valley was a short bridge of considerable height. It was mid-afternoon when Harry Wilkerson threw the bridle rein over his pony's head and climbed down the hill slope till he was directly under the bridge. Then he pulled the little saw out of his shirt bosom and began work. Fifteen minutes later he climbed up to the road, broke the saw in two, flung the pieces into the brush and rode away. He did not go far.

From his place of vantage half way up the hill he waited. The hour that elapsed before he heard the coughing of the motor seemed an endless succession of deadly seconds, each marked by a stabbing breath. Then he saw the truck emerge from the cut and commence to rumble heavily down the slope. John Dorr was driving. With him was one of the hands.

The heavy truck bumped upon the bridge and in the desert silence the man on the hill saw it quietly sway to one side and then plunge downward to the rocks below. Before the sound of that crash could reach his listening ears he saw a sudden burst of flame shoot up, a dense swirl of smoke. Then, like the faraway crackling of a fire came the noise of the yielding timbers, followed by a dull boom.

"My God!" whispered Wilkerson to himself. "The gasoline tank exploded and the car is on fire." He crouched in the brush, waiting to see whether anyone emerged from the gulch. No one did. The bridge burned fiercely. At least no one would ever know the cause of this catastrophe and John Dorr would not go to San Francisco.

Instinct told him to flee the scene; but a stronger passion overcame him; he must see for himself what had happened. He mounted his horse and rode swiftly down the slope.

The truck had turned completely over and lay broken and smoldering across the waterworn bowlders. Wilkerson could not see two forms; all he discerned through the eddying smoke was the body of John Dorr, flung some distance from the truck, his pallid face turned to the blazing sky.

"Dead!" muttered Wilkerson, chilled with the horror of the thing he had done. It bit into his very soul, that scene, until he could not stand it longer and rode furiously away toward the other side of the divide. He must go on his supposed errand about the wood and know nothing of this.

On the crest of the mountain he halted and looked back. Far below him a thin curl of gray smoke marked the site of the murder. Knowing that he was safe, Wilkerson experienced a tremendous reaction.

He raised himself exultantly in his stirrups. He was now master of the Master Key mine.



With quick decision he turned his horse toward Valle Vista. He felt in his pockets to see how much money he had. He discovered that through an oversight he had put into his pocket before leaving the office the last San Francisco mint check for something like three thousand dollars. There was besides this a couple of hundred dollars.

He pulled this out, stared at it, laughed and went on. "'Frisco for mine," said he.

The evening sun was pouring a pale blue light through a high Pacific fog when John Dorr came to his senses.

John Dorr Regains Consciousness.

Twenty feet away the machine was smoldering and the smell of oil and varnish lay like a miasma in the gulch. He could hardly breathe. He struggled painfully up the slope toward the road and then lost consciousness again. It was only for a moment, for Tom Kane, desert-wise, traveling in the cool of the evening, stopped his burros at the top of the declivity, wondering what the fire was. He saw that the bridge was gone; this might be due to tramps camped in the dry bed of the creek, not attending to their blaze. He led the burros off the road and down the slope, only to stop with an exclamation such as he had not used in years. John Dorr lay there with his fingers clutched into the gray marl.

He stooped over and saw that the body, bulking heavily in the misty light, still held its vital spark.

"Where is Hickman, the driver?" The cook peered around and then once more bent over the motionless form of the young engineer. With great exertion he managed to lift him up and place him across one of the pack-saddles, John's arm automatically clasping the little animal's neck. Seeing him secure, and coming to his senses, Kane went down to the smoldering remains of the machine to search for his companion. One glance was sufficient; he quietly went back and started his journey toward the mine. His old hands, seared by years of cooking, patted the almost inanimate form of Dorr.

They were almost to the Master Key mine when Dorr came to himself, slipped off the pack-saddle and stood up weakly.

"What happened?" he muttered.

"Nothing much," said Kane, putting his arm about him; "you had a bad fall; that bridge never was any too strong."

"Bridge!" said Dorr; "the bridge is gone?"

"Sure," said old Tom Kane, easily, whistling to his burros again; "you just come along with me."

"But I haven't got my coat!"

The cook looked at him with swift understanding. His coat had been in the seat of the machine and was burned. "I'll get you another coat when we get back to camp," he said comfortingly. So they progressed the long and dusty road back to the Master Key. It was dark when they arrived and Kane was unable to take his dazed and much-bruised charge into the cook shanty without being observed by any of the miners. Dorr was still but half conscious and willingly submitted to being put to bed, though he still protested that he wanted his coat.

"What do you want your coat for?" demanded Kane.

John opened his eyes widely, for the first time cognizant of his surroundings. Then he leaped from the bed. "All my money is in it!"

Tom Kane sat on the chair beside him, dish towel in hand, as a sort of emblem of authority, and demanded in his careful tones, "There wasn't anything else in the coat, John?" He bent his white head, as if to catch a whisper; instead, Dorr gave a raucous shout:

"There was that check from the mint—"

"I saw you myself give that check to Wilkerson," said the cook soothingly. "But that doesn't change matters any. You've got to get to San Francisco and you're busted." Tom Kane pulled out an old deerskin poke and from it spilled on the table a few hundred dollars.

"Just as soon as you get able, John," he said huskily, "you take this money and get to 'Frisco. Find Ruth. That's all that matters; find that little girl.

"Hurry!" he whispered. "Wilkerson is gone. He's been gone since mid-afternoon."

"But I am badly hurt," said John Dorr, stupidly. Then Kane understood that he must take desperate measures.

Fifteen minutes later Dorr was pounding down the road toward Silent Valley. His head was roughly bandaged, his chest had been tightly strapped with the ripped woolen blanket and in his nostrils was the pungent odor of ammonia. He was at last awake and knew that in his pocket was a thousand dollars in gold. An hour later he boarded the Sunset express and automatically paid his fare, bought his Pullman ticket, and notwithstanding the porter's earnest inquiry as to his injuries, went to bed as silently as he arrived in San Francisco a day later.

Exultant in his triumph, Wilkerson stifled the small voice of his conscience and strode on. One thought now mastered his every action. He must reach San Francisco and Jean Darnell!

Jean Darnell! The woman who stirred him to the depths of his innermost soul.

Jean Darnell and the Master Key!

Arrived at the station he sent her a wire telling of his coming. Two minutes later he was aboard the train. As he gazed backward a bend of the rails drew a curtain to his musings and he turned and entered the car.

Upon their arrival in San Francisco Mrs. Darnell acted upon her decision made during the journey—that they would stop at a less pretentious hotel than the St. Francis, where the chances of her plans being spoiled by chance meetings with the real Everett, or perhaps John Dorr, were too great. And so they took a taxi to the Manx.

A word with Drake and the older woman stepped to the desk and in a firm, bold hand wrote:

"Mrs. Darnell and daughter, New York."

Quickly she turned to Ruth and following the lead of the bellboy escorted her toward the elevators.

No sooner had they removed their wraps in the luxurious apartments than a rap at the door interrupted their talk.

"See who it is," commanded Mrs. Darnell to her maid.

The latter returned with a telegram from Harry Wilkerson saying that he was on his way and would join them soon.

Wearied by the long trip across the continent, Ruth was glad to retire early and shortly after the dinner hour she was tucked in her bed and sleeping soundly.

Drake hastened to the depot and met Wilkerson, driving him to the Manx with all haste.

"I'm awfully glad to see you, Harry," was the effusive greeting he received from Jean.

His heart pounded with the joy of it!

After all, his scheming and plotting was worth while. He would win the mine and the woman also.

The mine! The Master Key!

The thought brought him back like the snapping of a whip.

"Where is the girl?" he asked almost brusquely.

"In there," and Mrs. Darnell pointed to the curtains dividing Ruth's room from the other.

Wilkerson started toward the archway.

"Harry!"

He turned.

"You mustn't go in there."

"Why not?"

"She's sleeping—you'll awaken her."

"Oh, all right." He paused and looked from Drake to Mrs. Darnell. "Well, let's get down to business. Where are the papers? Have you gotten them yet?"

"Sssh! Not so loud—" and Mrs. Darnell looked apprehensively toward the heavy plush hangings.

"Oh, that's all right, Jean. But we must hurry this thing up."

In her bed Ruth stirred. The murmur of voices came to her as in a troubled dream. Whose were they? Where had she heard that voice before? The heavy one? She turned on her side and the moonlight shone on her in a white light.

"I tell you, Jean, you must do as I say! If we want to get possession of those papers and secure the mine, we must act!"

"Will you be quiet!" Mrs. Darnell's eyes blazed in angered resentment.

What were the voices saying? Ruth sat up—listened—slipped from the bed and tiptoed to the curtains—

"You'll do as I say or—"

"Harry!"

"Oh, come, old man. What's the use of all this argument?" and Drake laid his hand on Wilkerson's arm restrainingly. Their eyes met. Wilkerson calmed himself.

"Oh, all right. As you say," and he stepped to Jean and turned her around to him.

Slam! Bang!

"Hello! Hello!"

With one rush the trio were upon her. Mrs. Darnell seized the affrighted girl and dragged her from the phone. She screamed!

"Stop her yelling! Stop her!" commanded Wilkerson.

"George! For God's sake, do something!"

With her hand over the girl's mouth, Mrs. Darnell held her by sheer strength, while the always cowardly Wilkerson screamed his commands in a louder tone than those of the girl had been.

Her head fell backward and her body became limp.

"She's fainted! Call a taxi at once! We must get her out of this hotel!"

In less than five minutes they were shooting down in the elevator. Another quarter minute and Wilkerson, with the unconscious form of the girl in his arms, her face covered by the cape of the maid, was rushing across the lobby preceded by Drake. Mrs. Darnell stopped at the desk long enough to throw down a twenty-dollar bill.

"The girl is sick and we must hurry her to a hospital," she managed to gasp.

Before the dumfounded clerk or the amazed guests could stop to act, they were out of the hotel and in a taxi.

The house detective sprang from almost out of nowhere and in a second was speeding after the fleeing ones, accompanied by another plain clothes man.

They sighted the first taxi as it rounded the corner of Powell and Eddy streets.

"Keep that car in sight and catch it if you can!"

The chauffeur made answer with his foot.

As the detectives saw the course the other car was taking they both murmured "Chinatown!"

Into the realm of the yellow man shot the auto. Before a doorway they stopped.

Rap! Pause—Rap! Rap! Pause—Rap!

A face appeared as the door creaked open—the face of a Chinaman—deeply lined—the almond-shaped eyes scarcely visible through the nearly closed lids.

A signal and a whispered word from Wilkerson and the door widened the opening and all passed through.

With a whisk it closed.

Around bends and corners and down steps—another bend and another flight of stairs. Then along a long corridor where scarcely a ray of light was visible. All the time the shuffling feet of the little yellow man could be heard in the advance.

Then a door stopped the procession. Another series of signals. Another long wait. The door opened with a peculiar rumbling sound. They entered a queerly arranged room. At first glance it seemed very small, but as the eye traveled around its walls its strange shape gave one a feeling of fearsome apprehension. It was completely cylindrical.

Wilkerson at a sign from the Chinaman, laid Ruth on the floor and a Chinese woman shuffled to her at the beck of the yellow man. Leaving her in the charge of the Oriental, the others returned the way they had come.

Dorr Arrives in San Francisco.

On the arrival of Dorr in San Francisco he was met by Everett at the ferry and together they started the search for Ruth. First they began a round of the hotels. Failing to locate her at any of the smaller hotels, first inquiring at the St. Francis, where she was supposed to stop—they arrived at the Manx.

Weary and sore from his narrow escape of the night before, Dorr was ready to retire to his room, intending to purchase wearing apparel the next day.

Desiring to put some of his personal effects away he tried to open the dresser drawers and discovered them to be locked. He sent for a key and to his amazement on opening one of the drawers he discovered Ruth's papers to the mine.

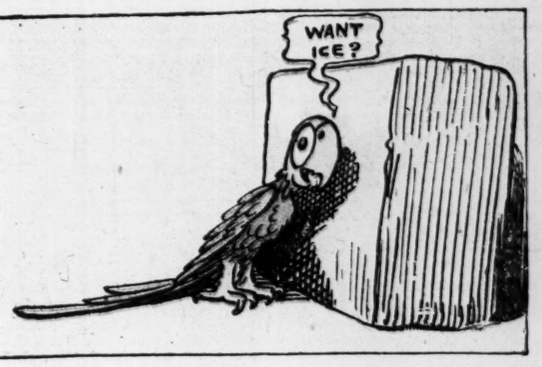
He made speedy inquiry at the office and from the clerk and the detective learned of the getaway of Mrs. Darnell and her party.

Drake in the interim secured quarters for the quartet, and still leaving Ruth in the secure hiding, guarded by the watchful Wah Sing, a former smuggling partner of Wilkerson in the days of the "opium ring"—they walked to the lodging house and settled themselves to await further developments.

(To be continued.)



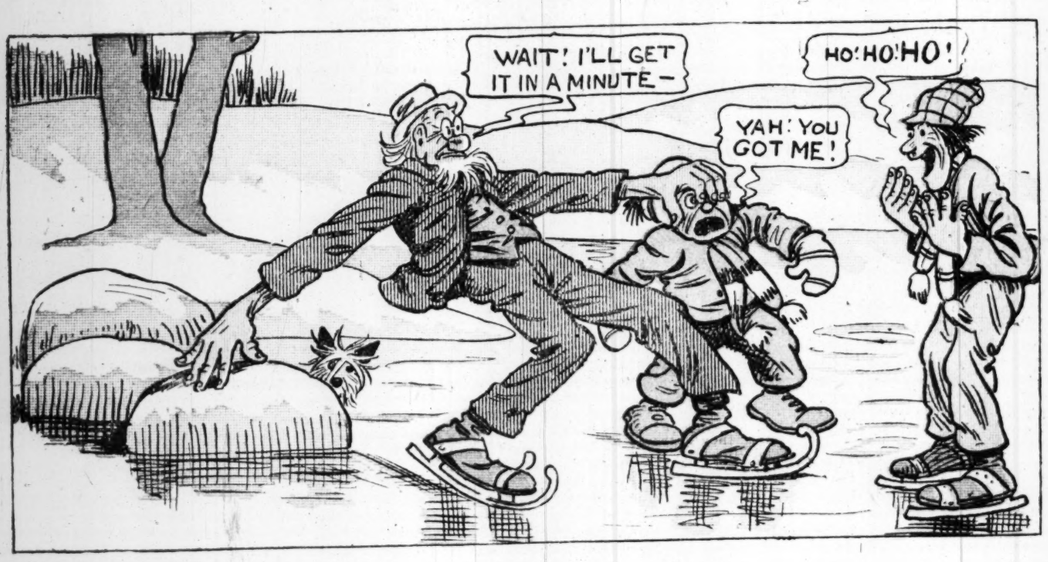


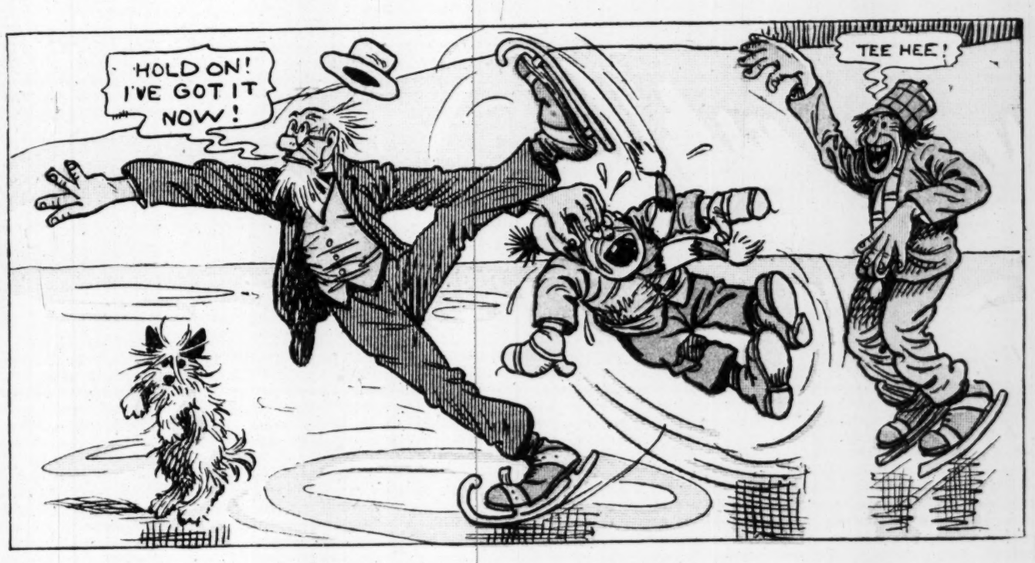


HANK: AND HIS ANIMAL FRIENDS By Walt McDougall



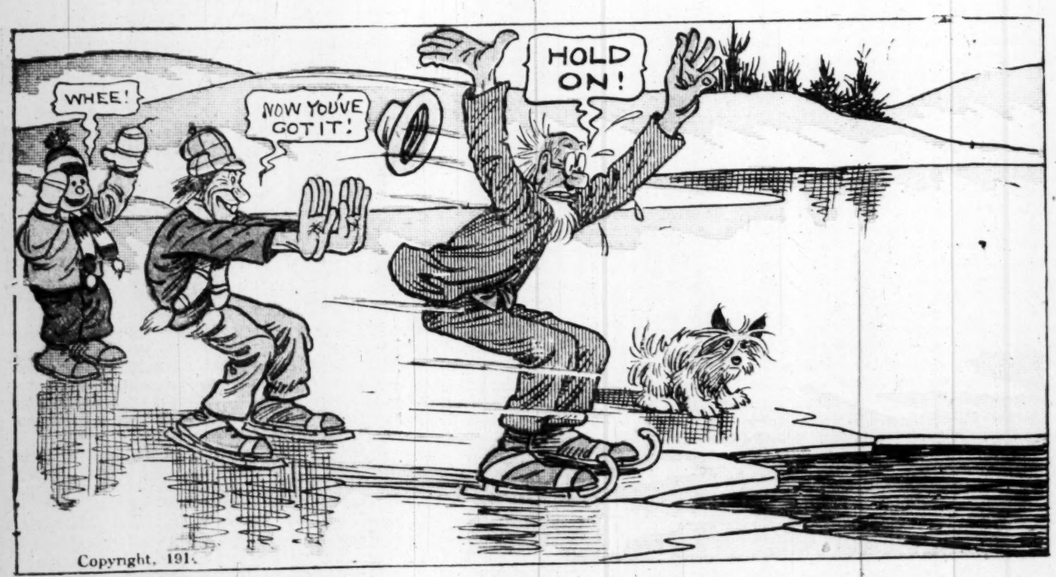












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THROUGH THE BRAZILIAN WILDERNESS

BY THEODORE ROOSEVELT

DOWN THE WIDENING RIVER

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THE mightiest river in the world is the Amazon. It runs from west to east, from the sunset to the sunrise, from the Andes to the Atlantic. The main stream flows almost along the equator, while the basin which contains its affluents extends many degrees north and south of the equator. This gigantic equatorial river basin is filled with an immense forest, the largest in the world, with which no other forests can be compared save those of Western Africa and Malaysia. We were within the southern boundary of this great equatorial forest, on a river which was not merely unknown, but unguessed at, no geographer having ever suspected its existence. This river flowed northward toward the equator, but whither it would go, whether it would turn one way or another, the length of its course, where it would come out, the character of the stream itself, and the character of the dwellers along its banks—all these things were yet to be discovered.

One morning while the canoes were being built Kermit and I walked a few kilometers down the river and surveyed the next rapids below. The vast still forest was almost empty of life. We found old Indian signs. There were very few birds, and these in the tops of the tall trees. We saw a recent tapir track; and under a cajazeira tree by the bank there were the tracks of capybaras which had been eating the fallen fruit. This fruit is delicious and would make a valuable addition to our orchards. The tree, although tropical, is hardy, thrives when domesticated, and propagates rapidly for shoots. The department of agriculture should try whether it would not grow in southern California and Florida. This was the tree from which our doctor's family name (Cajazeira) was taken. His paternal grandfather, although of Portuguese blood, was an intensely patriotic Brazilian. He was a very young man when the independence of Brazil was declared, and did not wish to keep the Portuguese family name; so he changed it to that of the fine Brazilian tree in question. Such change of family names is common in Brazil. Dr. Vital Brazil, the student of poisonous serpents, was given his name by his father, whose own family name was entirely different, and his brother's name was again different.

There were tremendous downpours of rain, lasting for a couple of hours and accompanied by thunder and lightning. But on the whole, it seemed as if the rains were less heavy and continuous than they had been. We all of us had to help with the building canoes now and then. Kermit, accompanied by Antonio the Parecis and Joao, crossed the river and walked back to the little river that had entered from the seat, so as to bring back a report of it to Colonel Rondon. Lyra took observations, by the sun and by the stars. We were in about latitude 11 degrees 27 minutes south, and due north of where we had started. The river had wound so that we had gone two miles for every one we made northward. Our progress had been very slow; and until we got out of the region of incessant rapids, with their attendant labor and hazard, it was not likely that we should go much faster.

Shooting the Rapids.

On the morning of March 22 we started in our six canoes. We made ten kilometers. Twenty minutes after starting we came to the first rapids. There everyone walked except the best three paddlers, who took the canoes down in succession—an hour's job. Soon after this we struck a bee's nest in the top of a tree overhanging the river; our steerman climbed out and robbed it, but, alas! lost the honey on the way back. We came to a small steep fall which we did not dare run in our overladen, clumsy and cranky dugouts. Fortunately, we were able to follow a deep canal which led off for a kilometer returning just below the falls, fifty yards from where it had started. Then, having been in the boats and in motion only one hour and a half, we came to a long stretch of rapids which it took us six hours to descend, and we camped at the foot. Everything was taken out of the canoes, and they were run down in succession. At one difficult and perilous place they were let down by ropes; and even thus we almost lost one.

We went down the right bank. On the opposite bank was an Indian village, evidently inhabited only during the dry season. The marks on the stumps of trees showed that these Indians had axes and knives; and there were old fields in which maize, beans and cotton had been grown. The forest dripped and steamed. Rubber trees were plentiful. At one point the tops of a group of tall trees were covered with yellow-white blossoms. Others bore red blossoms. Many of the big trees, of different kinds, were buttressed at the base with great thin walls of wood. Others, including both palms and ordinary trees, showed an even stranger peculiarity. The trunk, near the base, but sometimes six or eight feet from the ground, was split into a dozen or twenty branches or small trunks, which sloped outward in tent-like shape, each becoming a root. The larger trees of this type looked as if their trunks were seated on the tops of the pole frames of Indian tepees. At one point in the stream, to our great surprise, we saw a flying fish. It skimmed the water like a swallow for over twenty yards.

Although we made only ten kilometers we worked hard all day. The last canoes were brought down and moored to the bank at nightfall. Our tents were pitched in the darkness.

Next day we made thirteen kilometers. We ran, all told, a little over an hour and three-quarters. Seven hours were spent in getting past a series of rapids at which the portage, over rocky and difficult ground, was a kilometer long. The canoes were run down empty—a hazardous run; in which one of them upset.

Yet while we were actually on the river, paddling and floating down stream along the reaches of swift, smooth water, it was very lovely. When we started in the morning the day was overcast and the air was heavy with vapor. Ahead of us the shrouded river stretched between dim walls of forest, half seen in the mist. Then the sun burned up the fog, and loomed through it in red splendor that changed first to gold and then to molten white. In the dazzling light, under the brilliant blue of the sky, every detail of the magnificent forest was vivid to the eye; the great trees, the network of bush ropes, the caverns of greenery, where thick-leaved vines covered all things else. Wherever there was a hidden bowlder the surface of the current was broken by waves. In one place, in mid-stream, a pyramidal rock thrust itself six feet above the surface of the river. On the banks we found fresh Indian sign.

A Vermont Home.

At home in Vermont Cherrie is a farmer, with a farm of 600 acres, most of it woodland. As we sat at the foot of the rapids, watching for the last dugouts with their naked paddlers to swing into sight, round the bend, through the white water, we talked of the northern spring that was just beginning. He sells cream, eggs, poultry, potatoes, honey, occasionally pork and veal; but at this season it was the time for the maple sugar crop. He has a sugar orchard, where he taps 1,200 trees and hopes soon to tap as many more in addition. Said Cherrie: "It's a busy time now for Fred Rice"—Fred Rice is the hired man, and in sugar time the Cherrie boys help him with enthusiasm, and, moreover, are paid with exact justice for the work they do. There is much wild life about the farm, although it is near Brattleboro. One night in early spring a bear left his tracks near the sugar house, and now and then in summer Cherrie has had to sleep in the garden to keep the deer away from the beans, cabbages and beets.

There was not much bird life in the forest, but Cherrie kept getting species new to the collection. At this camp he shot an interesting little ant-thrush. It was the size of a warbler, jet black, with white under surfaces of the wings and tail, white on the tail feathers and a large spot of white on the back, normally almost concealed, the feathers on the back being long and fluffy. When he shot the bird, a male, it was showing off before a dull-colored little bird, doubtless the female, and the chief feature of the display was this white spot on the back. The white feathers were raised and displayed so that the spot flashed like the "chrysanthemum" on a prongbuck whose curiosity has been aroused. In the gloom of the forest the bird was hard to see, but the flashing of this patch of white feathers revealed it at once, attracting immediate attention. It was an excellent example of a coloration mark which served a purely advertising purpose; apparently it was part of a courtship display. The bird was about thirty feet up in the branches.

In the morning just before leaving this camp, a tapir swam across stream a little way above us; but unfortunately we could not get a shot at it. An ample supply of tapir beef would have meant much to us. We had started with fifty days' rations; but this by no means meant full rations, in the sense of giving every man all he wanted to eat. We had two meals a day, and were on rather short commons—both our mess and the camaradas—except when we got plenty of palm-tops. For our mess we had the boxes chosen by Fiala, each containing a day's rations for six men, our number. But we made each box last a day and a half, or at times two days, and in addition we gave some of the food to the camaradas. It was only on the rare occasions when we had killed some monkeys or curassows, or caught some fish, that everybody had enough. We would have welcomed that tapir. So far the game, fish and fruit had been too scarce to be an element of weight in our food supply. In an exploring trip like ours, through a difficult and utterly unknown country, especially if densely forested, there is little time to halt and game cannot be counted on. It is only in lands like our own west thirty years ago, like South Africa in the middle of the last century, like East Africa today, that game can be made the chief food supply. On this trip our only substantial food supply from the country hitherto had been that furnished by the palm-tops. Two men were detailed every day to cut down palms for food.

A kilometer and a half after leaving this camp we came on a stretch of big rapids. The river here twists in loops, and we had heard the roaring of these rapids the previous afternoon. Then we passed out of earshot of them; but Antonio Correa, our best waterman, insisted all along that the roaring meant rapids worse than any we had encountered for some days. "I was brought up in the water, and I know it like a fish, and all its sounds," said he. He was right. We had to carry the loads nearly a kilometer that afternoon, and the canoes were pulled out on the bank, so that they might be in readiness to be dragged overland next day. Rondon, Lyra, Kermit and Antonio Correa explored both sides of the river. On the opposite or left bank they found the mouth of a considerable river, bigger than the Rio Kermit, flowing in from the west, and making its entrance in the middle of the rapids. This river was christened the Taunay, in honor of a distinguished Brazilian, an explorer, a soldier, a senator, who was also a writer of note. Kermit had with him two of his novels, and I had read one of his books, dealing with a disastrous retreat during the Paraguayan war.

A Serious Matter.

Next morning, the 25th, the canoes were brought down. A path was chopped for them, and rollers laid; and half-way down the rapids Lyra and Kermit, who were overseeing the work as well as doing their share of the pushing and hauling, got them into a canal of smooth water, which saved much severe labor. As our food supply lowered we were constantly more desirous of economizing the strength of the men. One day more would complete a month since we had embarked on the Duvida—as we had started in February, the lunar and calendar months coincided. We had used up over half our provisions. We had gone only a trifle over 160 kilometers, thanks to the character and number of the rapids. We believed we had three or four times the distance yet to go, before coming to a part of the river where we might hope to meet assistance, either Indian gatherers, or from Pyrineu, if he were really coming up the river which we were going down. If the rapids continued to be as they had been it could not be much more than three weeks before we were in straits for food, aside from the ever-present danger of accident in the rapids; and if our progress were no faster than it had been—and we were straining to do our best—we would in such event still have several hundreds of kilometers of unknown river before us. We could not even hazard a guess at what was in front. The river was now a really big river, and it seemed impossible that it could flow either into the Gy-Parana or the Tapajos. It was possible that it went into the Canuma, a big affluent of the Madeira low down, and next to the Tapajos. It was more probable that it was the headwaters of the Aripuanan, a river which, as I have said, was not even named on the excellent English map of Brazil I carried. Nothing but the mouth had been known to any geographer; but the lower course had long been known to rubber gatherers, and recently a commission from the government of Amazonas had part-way ascended one branch of it—not as far as the rubber gatherers had gone, and, as it turned out, not the branch we came down.

Two of our men were down with fever. Another man, Julio, a fellow of powerful frame, was utterly worthless, being an inborn lazy shirk, with the heart of a ferocious cur in the body of a bullock. The others were good men, some of them very good indeed. They were under the immediate supervision of Pedrinho Cravelro, who was first-class in every way.

This camp was very lovely. It was on the edge of a bay, into which the river broadened immediately below the rapids. There was a beach of white sand, where we bathed and washed our clothes. All around us, and across the bay, and on both sides of the long water street made by the river, rose the splendid forest. There were flocks of parakeets colored green, blue and red. Big toucans called overhead, lustrous green-black in color, with white throats, red gorgets, red-and-yellow tail coverts, and huge blackand-yellow bills. Here the soil was fertile; it will be a fine site for a coffee plantation when this region is open to settlement. Surely such a rich and fertile land cannot be permitted to remain idle, to lie as a tenantless wilderness, while there are such teeming swarms of human beings in the overcrowded, over-peopled countries of the old world. The very rapids and waterfalls which now make the navigation of the river so difficult and dangerous would drive electric trolleys up and down the whole length and far out on either side, and run mills and factories, and lighten the labor on farms. With the incoming of settlement and with the steady growth of knowledge how to fight and control tropical diseases, fear of danger to health would vanish. Bland lies the whole is a hard land for the first explorers, and perhaps for their immediate followers, but not for the people who come after them.

In mid-afternoon we were once more in the canoes; but we had paddled with the current only a few minutes, we had gone only a kilometer, when the roar of rapids in front again forced us to haul up to the bank. As usual, Rondon, Dyra and Kermit, with Antonio Correa, explored both sides, while camp was being pitched. The rapids were longer and of steeper descent than the last, but on the opposite or western side there was a passage down which we thought we could get the empty dugouts at the cost of dragging them only a few yards at one spot. The loads were to be carried down the hither bank, for a kilometer, to the smooth water. The river foamed between great rounded masses of rock, and at one point there was a sheer fall of six or eight feet. We found and ate wild pineapples. Wild beans were in flower. At dinner we had a toucan and a couple of parrots, which were very good.

All next day was spent by Lyra in superintending our three best watermen as they took the canoes down the west side of the rapids, to the foot, at the spot to which the camp had meantime been shifted. In the forest some of the huge sipas, or rope vines, which were as big as cabels, bore clusters of fragrant flowers. The men found several honey trees, and of various kinds, and small cocoanuts; they chopped down an ample number of palms, for the palm cabbage; and, most important of all, they gathered a quantity of big Brazil nuts, which, when roasted, tasted like the best of chestnuts and were nutritious; and they caught a number of big piranhas, which were good eating. So we all had a feast, and everybody had enough to eat and was happy.

Mysterious Symbols.

By these rapids, at the fall, Cherrie found some strange carvings on a bare mass of rock. They were evidently made by men a long time ago. As far as is known the Indians thereabouts make no such figures now. They were in two groups, one on the surface of the rock facing the land, the other on that facing the water. The latter were nearly obliterated. The former were in good preservation, the figures sharply cut into the rock. They consisted upon the upper flat part of the rock of four multiple circles with a dot in the middle, very accurately made and about a foot and a half in diameter; and below them, on the side of the rock, four multiple m's or inverted w's. What these curious symbols represented, or who made them, we could not of course, form the slightest idea. It may be that in a very remote past some Indian tribes of comparatively advanced culture had penetrated to this lovely river, just as we had now come to it. Before white men came to South America there had already existed therein various semi-civilizations, some rude, others fairly advanced, which rose, flourished, and persisted through immemorial ages, and then vanished: the vicissitudes in the history of humanity during its stay on this southern continent have been as strange, varied, and inexplicable as palaeontology shows to have been the case, on the same continent, in the history of the higher forms of animal life during the age of mammals. Colonel Rondon stated that such figures as these are not found anywhere else in Matto Grosso where he has been, and therefore it was all the more strange to find them in this one place on the unknown river, never before visited by white men, which we were descending.

Next morning we went about three kilometers before coming to some steep hills, beautiful to look upon, clad as they were in dense, tall, tropical forest, but ominous of new rapids. Sure enough, at their foot we had to haul up and prepare for a long portage. The canoes we ran down empty. Even so, we were within an ace of losing two, the lashed couple in which I ordinarily journeyed. In a sharp bend of the rapids, between two big curls, they were swept among the bowlders and under the matted branches which stretched out from the bank. They filled, and the racing current pinned them where they were, one partly on the other. All of us had to help get them clear. Their fastenings were chopped asunder with axes. Kermit and half a dozen of the men, stripped to the skin, made their way to a small rock island in the little falls just above the canoes, and let down a rope which we tied to the outermost canoe. The rest of us, up to our arm-pits and barely able to keep our footing as we slipped and stumbled among the bowlers in the swift current, lifted and shoved while Kermit and his men pulled the rope and fastened the slack to a half-submerged tree. Each canoe in succession was hauled up the little rock island, baled, and then taken down in safety by two paddlers. It was nearly 4 o'clock before we were again ready to start, having been delayed by a rainstorm so heavy that we could not see across the river. Ten minutes' run took up to the head of another series of rapids; the exploring party returned with the news that we had an all day's job ahead of us, and we made camp in the rain, which did not matter much, as we were already drenched through. It was impossible, with the wet wood, to make a fire sufficiently hot to dry all our soggy things, for the rain was still falling. A tapir was seen from our boat, but as at the moment we were being whisked round in a complete circle by a whirlpool, I did not myself see it in time to shoot.

Next morning we went down a kilometer, and then landed on the other side of the river. The canoes were run down, and the loads carried to the other side of a little river coming in from the west, which Colonel Rondon christened Cherrie river. Across this we went on a bridge consisting of a huge tree felled by Macario, one of our best men. Here we camped, while Rondon, Lyra, Kermit and Antonio Correa explored what was ahead. They were absent until mid-afternoon. Then they returned with the news that we were among ranges of low mountains, utterly different in formation from the high plateau region to which the first rapids, those we had come to on the 2d of March, belonged. Through the first range of these mountains the river ran in a gorge, some three kilometers long, immediately ahead of us. In view of the length and character of the portage, and of all the unpleasant possibilities that were ahead, and of the need of keeping every pound of food, it was necessary to reduce weight in every possible way and to throw away everything except the barest necessities.

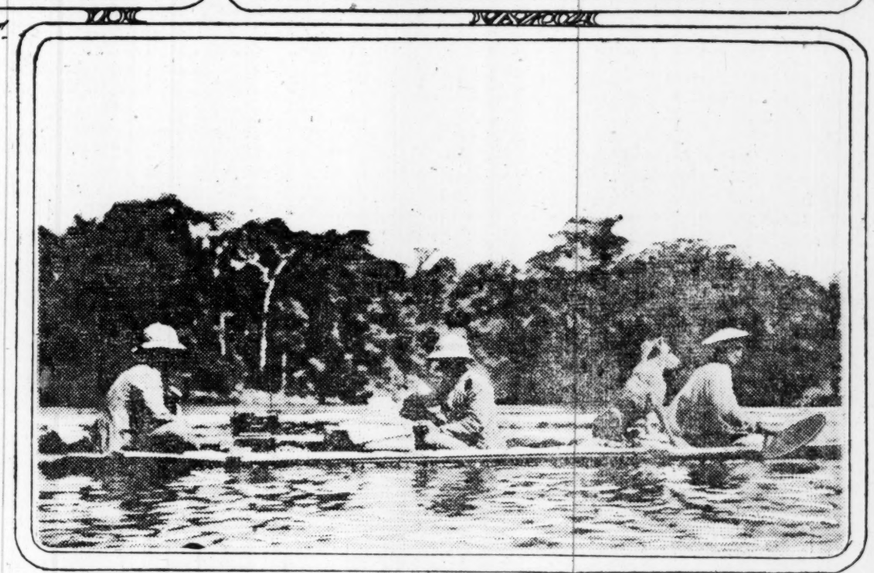
We thought we had reduced our baggage before; but now we cut to the bone. We kept the fly for all six of us to sleep under. Kermit's shoes had gone, thanks to the amount of work in the water which he had been doing; and he took the pair I had been wearing, while I put on my spare pair. In addition to the clothes I wore, I kept one set of pajamas, a spare pair of drawers, a spare pair of socks, half a dozen handkerchiefs, my wash-kit, my pocket medicine case, and a little bag containing my spare spectacles, gun grease, some adhesive plaster, some needles and thread, the "fly dope," and my purse and letter of credit, to be used at Manaos. All of these went into the bag containing my cot, blanket and mosquito net. I also carried a cartridge bag containing my cartridges, headnet and gauntlets. Kermit cut down even closer; and the others about as close.

In the next article Colonel Roosevelt will tell of a tragedy which added to the seriousness of an already difficult situation and cast a gloom over the last days of the expedition.



The Christening of the RIVER ROOSEVELT.





Col. RONDON and LIEUT. LYRA

Book Reviews in Tabloid

MISCELLANEOUS.

Once to Every Man. By Larry Evans. Have you read this 1914 book by one of the most human-interest writers of the day? It is worth reading; it is worth sending to your friends the world over. It will take you back to the happy days of the past—to the simple and lovable things of life. There is very little to say of the book or the author that has not already been said during the holiday season, for it has been one of the most popular of the season's gifts.

The question has been asked, "Do you know Larry Evans?" Have you read his short magazine stories of the hill country that made your heart beat in sympathy?" While the author is only 25 years old, he has been writing many wonderful short stories, stories with an undercurrent that truly appeal to all readers. It has been said that Larry Evans, in "his short life, has suffered more, has learned more and has given more to the world than usually is the lot of any six men."

One of his friends said of him: "Larry Evans' own life reads like a romance that he himself might have created. Too much concentration—too much nervous energy—snapped the silver cords of health and his life was many times despaired of. They sent him far up into the mountains—to a camp in the Adirondacks—where, with dogs and books for company, he has lived many years of his life and written stories that are real. In the loneliness of the Adirondack wilds, among the mountains and the pines, he has learned to know the stars and glory of the universe and the whole sublime scheme of things—learned, indeed, to know God. Left absolutely alone day after day, night after night, month after month, out in the open, in an invalid's chair, thinking thoughts that brought hope and encouragement to all who have known his genius, Larry Evans wrote "Once to Every Man."

There are a number of unique characters in this popular book who seem so real that you are glad to meet them. The hero of this beautiful human story is Denny Bolton, and you will be glad to call him your friend; of John Anderson, whose life since the going of the fair young girl-wife has been so sad; of Old Jerry, who not only carries Uncle Sam's daily budget, but is a special edition of The Weekly News himself. There is the Judge, who is no stranger, and "Chub," the newspaper reporter, whose humorous style makes him likable, and, as described by Larry Evans, he becomes the most humorous reporter in existence, and last of all, there is Dryad Anderson—"far back in the hills he left her—this golden-haired girl—without a word—without a sign—because he loved her. He went to find a fortune for her. He knew—this big-hearted boy, Denny Bolton, with his wistful eyes and his grave face of a Pilgrim father—that this girl was different." In language so appealing that perhaps an unknown chord will thrill once more, Larry Evans tells you what she did and how the young hero won his bride in a strange way. (The H. K. Fly company, publishers, New York.)

United Colonies and Dependencies. Attractively illustrated. By William D. Boyce, Publisher of "The Saturday Blade," "Chicago Ledger," "The Advertising Business," and the "Indiana Daily Times." The book is the result of "The Travels and Investigations of a Chicago Publisher in the Colonial Possessions and Dependencies of the United States," with 600 photographs of interesting people and scenes. An extensive review will be given this book later by the managing editor of The Constitution, who was one of the party with Mr. Boyce during his trip through Alaska. (Rand McNally & Co., Chicago and New York.)

The Story of Wendell Phillips. Soldier of the common good. By Charles Edward Russell. Author of "Stories of the Great Railroads," etc. (Charles H. Kerr & Co., Chicago.)

The Naked Truth of Jesuism. From oriental manuscripts. By Lyman F. George. (The George Book Publishing company, Pittsburg, Pa.)

The Evolution of Sex in Plants. By John Merle Coulter. Head of the department of botany, of the University of Chicago. (The University of Chicago Press.)

Child Training. As an exact science. A treatise based upon the principles of modern psychology, normal and abnormal. By Dr. George W. Jacoby. With fifteen full-page illustrations. (Funk & Wagnalls company, New York and London.)

The International Cotton Buyer and Cotton Seller and Reference Book. In the preface the publishers write: "We cannot claim a perfect European directory in our first issue, but we have been able to gather most of the best firms of Europe and our readers will find our lists of buying and selling agencies, commission merchants, etc., in Liverpool, Bremen, Havre, Milan, Genoa, Robaix, Barcelona and other continental cities complete enough to give them all the outlet necessary to get the best possible prices for their cotton, etc." This book, which has been off the press for some time, has not been extensively circulated on account of conditions abroad. The price of the book is $5.00. It is a very valuable directory of American cotton shippers and exporters, European and oriental cotton buying and selling agents and commission merchants—southeastern and New England selling agents, cotton mills and mill buyers and commission merchants. There are also summaries of laws governing cotton transactions and banking in all cotton states. Lists of cotton mills and other important and interesting information for the shipper, buyer, seller and spinner. (Published by the Cotton and Cotton Oil News, Dallas, Texas.)

POPULAR FICTION.

The Son of the Prefect. A Story of the Reign of Tiberius. By Edmund Hamilton Sears. This romance has for its setting the thrilling days of the Emperor Tiberius, an age characterized by brutality and insatiate love of pleasure, but which still retained the pride and ambition which had made the Romans the greatest and most brilliant nation upon the earth. The son of the prefect, Marcus, is a new and convincing type of a hero of fiction. One of the most thrilling scenes in the whole story is the gladiatorial contests; and especially charming is the story of the love of the young Roman youth for a beautiful Hebrew girl, which is told with the earnestness and simplicity of the great Russian writers.

The Globe-Democrat says: "The plot of the story is well constructed, the historical details true to the times, the character studies clear and convincing, but above all, from the literary point of view, it is the simplicity of the style and the purity of English that will attract attention. There is no affectation of Roman speech and what each person says is according to modern standards. Having to bring the people who lived during the reign of Tiberius in close touch with the people of today." (Richard G. Badger company, Boston.)

The Pastor's Wife. By the author of "Elizabeth and Her German Garden." (Review later.) Illustrated by Arthur Litle. The other books by this popular author are "Adventures of Elizabeth in Rugen," "Fraulein Schmidt and Mr. Anstruther," "Princess Priscilla's Fortnight," "The Solitary Summer" and "The Caravaners." (Doubleday, Page & Co., Garden City, N. Y.)

Those of His Own Household. By Rene Bazin (Madame Corentine.) Translated from the French by L. M. Leggatt. This book is the work of one of the most famous of living French novelists, a member of the French academy, and it deals with a phase of French life which American readers will enjoy, as it is written along true and noble lines, and the reader will fully realize that a French story can be written that will appeal to Americans. (The Devin-Adair company, New York city.)

Persons Unknown. By Virginia Tracy. The plot is laid in the city of New York, not only in the twentieth century, but in 1914. The setting gives glimpses of all sorts of places—a bachelor suite in one of the expensive new apartment houses, a lonely spot in Central park, a reception on Fifth avenue, a cheap table d'hote in the Italian quarter, the gardens and the music rooms of a princely country house on the Hudson, a first night at a Broadway theater, the loft of a deserted garage on the East Side, a roadhouse, where automobilists dance the tango, the interior of a celebrated dramatic club and the darkness of a moving picture show.

The hero of the love story is Bryce Herrick, a young novelist; the heroine is Christina Hope, a young actress. This, of course, is not only a detective story, but a real thriller and mystery worth unraveling. Illustrated. (The Century company, New York.)

THE HARVARD UNIVERSITY PRESS

The following books have been announced for publication this winter:

Essays on Chaucer. By George Lyman Kittredge.

The History of Allegory in Spain. By Chandler Rathfon Post.

Poems of Giacoma da Lentino. Edited by E. F. Langley.

The Supernatural in Tragedy. By Charles Edward Whitmore.

The Power of the War Lord. President Lowell's volume on "The Governments of France, Italy and Germany," which has just been published, gives an explicit and interesting picture of the powers of the German emperor.

The Life of St. Severinus. The patron saint of Austria, has been translated by Mr. G. W. Robinson, secretary of the Harvard Graduate School of Arts and Sciences.

IRVIN COBB DENIES ATROCITIES.

"While the biggest reporter of the great war, and author of "Europe Revised" and several other very interesting and humorous books, has fought shy of interviewers since his return, he has at last consented to be interviewed by The New York Evening Post, of which the following is a part.

"Irvin Cobb, war correspondent and humorist, has brought back with him from the battlefields the chief impression that it is hopeless for any man to attempt to describe the war. The English language cannot do it, he says, nor any other language, and it is interesting to hear Cobb, who is one of the best reporters who ever covered a story, tell why this cannot be written.

"We have used up all our adjectives on five-alarm fires, gang-murderers, Slocum disasters, political conventions, Cobb said today. 'We haven't got anything left for such a war, and it seems pitifully inadequate to fall back on the stock phrases. It's too big to comprehend. You start out in the morning with the best intentions of grasping the facts of events and writing a bully story, and you come home in the evening dazed and brow-beaten. There never has been anything like it. Here you get a Gettysburg for breakfast, a Chancellorsville for lunch, Waterloo for supper, and, to make a good measure, they throw in a Sedan around tea time.

"'One thing impressed me was the way in which you become habituated to the terrible side of war. The first time I saw Germans enter a captured town I thrilled all over; the first time I saw a dead soldier I felt that I could write a whole story around that one fact. But after a little time I found that the most distressing scenes of ruin, death and desolation made very little concrete impression upon me.

"'The party of newspaper correspondents I was with made a careful investigation of every atrocity story that reached us,' he said. 'They were almost invariably false, and in the few cases that were true, exaggeration was the rule. This applies to the stories told by the Belgians of the Germans and by the Germans of the Belgians and French. We have atrocities in New York, so far as that is concerned. I am convinced that there has been nothing unusually brutal about the conduct of this war—at least in the way of atrocities. War, itself, is absolutely brutal. There is no picturesqueness about it.

"'I have relegated the atrocity story to the limbo that contains the bayonet charge story. I saw several hundred thousand German soldiers, many of them wounded, and thousands of Belgians and French and English prisoners, many of them also wounded; and besides this I talked to doctors who, themselves, had attended to thousands of wounded. I did not see a single bayonet wound, and I did not hear of any men who had been wounded by bayonets.'"

BOOKS AND AUTHORS.

Dr. William Elliot Griffis is lecturing this season on "The Great World War of 1914." Dr. Griffis has traveled extensively, and is familiar with the countries involved or interested in the struggle. He has written an excellent volume on Belgium, the land of art, also much of Holland and Japan.

The first performance of the new dramatized version of Kate Douglas Wiggin's "The Birds' Christmas Carol" was given in Boston the other day by the senior class of Miss Wheelock's Normal Kindergarten Training school for the benefit of the Hale settlement. A large audience was present, including Mrs. Wiggins, who autographed a number of copies of "The Carol" which had been placed on sale at the door to aid the settlement fund.

Eleanor H. Porter's "Pollyanna, the Glad Book," has proven itself a popular 1914 Christmas gift. This is Pollyanna's "second year out," and the sales reported from all over the country exceed the 170,000 reached during the first year. It is reported that a few days before Christmas Eve the stock of "The Glad Book" at the Page company's headquarters had been exhausted. The bindery at Cambridge (the home of the author) closed at noon on Saturday for the usual half holiday, but Pollyanna recalled them with a rush order and then another obstacle appeared in lack of teams for the shipment. When Mr. L. C. Page, president of the Page company, had to come to the rescue with his chauffeur and limousine to carry Pollyanna from Cambridge to the trains leaving Boston and by 4 o'clock the day before Christmas Pollyanna was on her triumphant way to the four corners of the United States with her message to "be glad."

Prof. Henry E. Bourne's new book, "The Revolutionary Period in Europe, 1763-1815," will be published this month. The author aims to show that the persistent aim of this period, in spite of its years of war, was reform, social and government, with the French revolution as the great central event.

"The Rise of the American People," by Prof. Usher, author of "Pan-Germanism," has been adopted by the Indiana Teachers' Reading Circle board.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley's new book, "The Lure of the Land," is announced for January. It is intended especially for the city man and woman who are inclined to believe that a farm offers the safe and happy solution of their special problems.

In recognition of her achievements in Canadian literature and general welfare work, Janey Canuck, author of "Seeds of Pine," "Open Trails," etc., has been made a Lady of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem by King George. In private life she is Mrs. Arthur Murphy, of Edmonton, Canada.

"The Open Shutters," by Clara Louise Burnham, has been made into a moving picture play. It made its debut first at the Hyde Park theater, Chicago.

A prophet may be without honor in his own country, but Hoosier certainly is not. For instance, Meredith Nicholson's novel, "The Poet," is first on the list of fiction most in demand in Indianapolis.

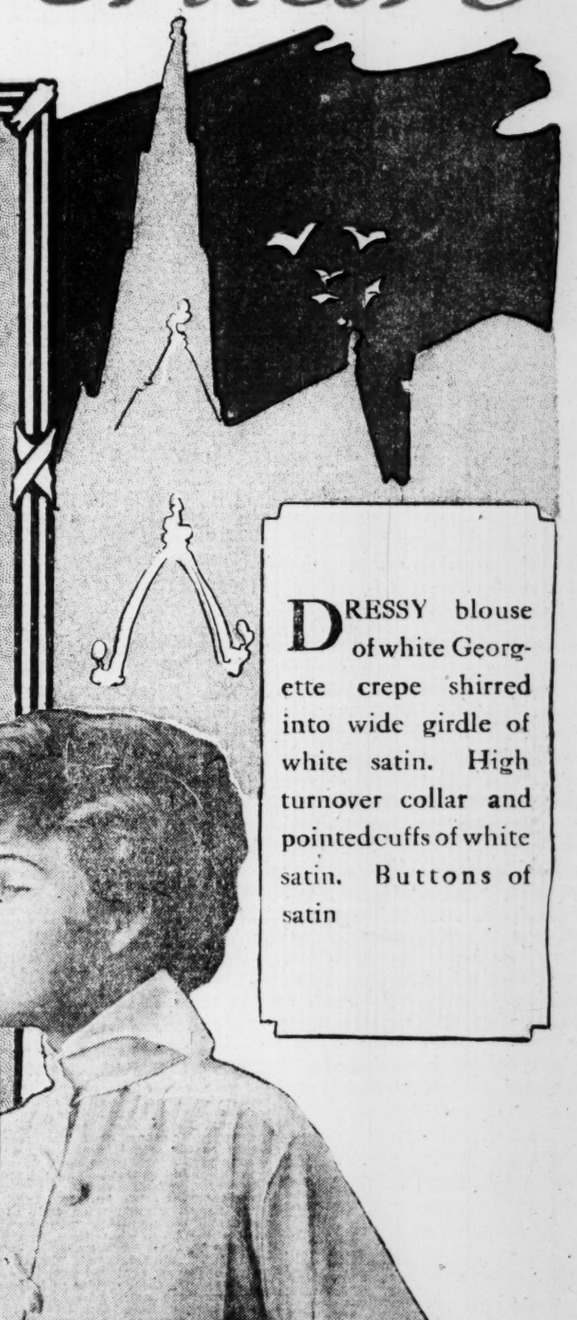
St. John G. Ervine's new book, "Mrs. Martin's Man," is described as an exceedingly interesting Irish domestic story, and will be among the new January books.

A Hat, a Blouse, and a Gown for the Womanly Woman



TOQUE of brown dyed squirrel, with soft brown velvet crown. Small ostrich plume of black curls softly over the front of the hat.





DRESSY blouse of white Georgette crepe shirred into wide girdle of white satin. High turnover collar and pointed cuffs of white satin. Buttons of satin



DANCING frock of black satin and black shadow lace. Foundation skirt of satin veiled in double tunics of lace which, in turn, are held in at the sides and back by a deep tunic of satin, adjusted at the hips. Bodice of lace with satin vest and collar. Garniture of deep red roses.